Gantas Air 1H15 Results 26 February 2015 **Qantas Airways Limited**

Overview A Strong Foundation for Sustainable Growth

- Delivering against strategy to drive earnings recovery, build long-term shareholder value
- All operating segments profitable¹ with Qantas Transformation well advanced
- Turnaround of Qantas International
- Strong momentum into 2H15
- Qantas Transformation delivering ahead of targets
- \$374m benefits realised in 1H15
- FY15 forecast benefits raised to \$675m
- Stabilised operating environment supporting revenue recovery
- Strong cash generated from operations of \$1b
- Increasing Return On Invested Capital
- Deleveraging balance sheet with continued focus on improving credit metrics

1H15 Financial Results

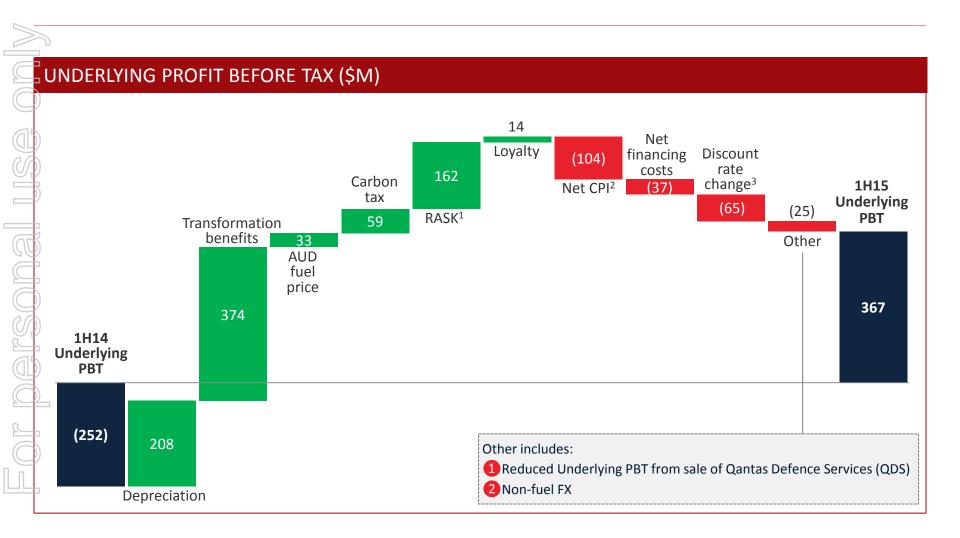
² 1H15 Underlying PBT¹ of \$367m; Statutory Profit After Tax \$206m

- Revenue up 2.1% on yield and load improvement across the Group
- Comparable unit cost² improvement 4.8% on flat capacity
- Total liquidity \$3.6b³ including \$2.9b cash
- Net free cash flow⁴ of \$194m

No interim dividend declared

KEY GROUP FINANCIAL METRICS	1H15	1H14	VLY ⁵
Revenue (\$M)	8,071	7,903	↑ 2.1%
Yield ⁶ excluding FX (c/RPK)	10.33	10.21	1.2%
Comparable Unit Cost ² (c/ASK)	4.77	5.01	4.8%
Net free cash flow ⁴ (\$M)	194	(358)	↑ >100%
Earnings per share ⁷ (c)	9.2	(10.6)	↑ >100%

1. Underlying Profit Before Tax (PBT) is a non-statutory measure and is the primary reporting measure used by the Qantas Group's chief operating decision-making bodies, being the Chief Executive Officer, Group Management Committee and the Board of Directors, for the purpose of assessing the performance of the Group. All line items in the 1H15 Results Presentation are reported on an Underlying basis. Refer to Supplementary Slide 4 for a reconciliation of Underlying to Statutory PBT. 2. If adjusted for the impact of the carbon tax repeal, comparable unit cost improved 3.4%. The 4.8% improvement in comparable unit cost is calculated as Underlying PBT less passenger revenue and fuel, adjusted for the impact of the Qantas International fleet write-down, impact of fleet restructuring announced February 2014, changes in bond rates, changes in change rates, share of net loss of investments accounted for under the equity method and movements in average sector length per ASK. 3. Includes cash and cash equivalents and \$720m undrawn facilities at 31 December 2014. 4. Net free cash flow is operating cash flows less investing cash flows. Net free cash flow is a measure of the day of payments to shareholders. 5. Variance to last year. Favourable variances are reported in green. 6. Yield (excluding FX) is calculated as passenger revenue excluding FX divided by RPKs. 7. Attributable to the members of Qantas.



1. Revenue per available seat kilometres. Calculated as ticketed passenger revenue per available seat kilometre. 2. Company estimate including wage and other cost inflation, less CPI offset measures.

3. Includes the impact of bond rate fluctuations on the valuation of employee benefit provisions

Underlying Income Statement Summary

\geq	⇒ ₽\$M	1H15 ¹	1H14 ¹	VLY %	
C	Net passenger revenue	6,960	6,786	2.6	Improved yields and loads driven by network optimisation and capacity moderation in domestic and international markets
ď	Net freight revenue	485	500	(3.0)	Reduced freighter capacity following removal of B747 freighter aircraft in January 2014
	Other revenue	626	617	1.5	Increased codeshare revenue from partner airlines and growth in Loyalty billings offset by a reduction in contract work revenue following the sale of Qantas Defence Services
65	□Revenue	8,071	7,903	2.1	
	Operating expenses (excluding fuel)	4,628	4,797	3.5	Cost base inflation more than offset by benefits delivered through Qantas Transformation, carbon tax repeal
C	Fuel	2,164	2,255	4.0	Fuel savings of \$91m driven by a reduction in the average AUD fuel price (\$33m benefit) and fuel efficiency ² initiatives in the Qantas Transformation program
Ľ	Depreciation and amortisation	538	746	27.9	1H15 benefit from FY14 Qantas International fleet impairment \$100m, half-year impact of February 2014 fleet restructure and other fleet retirements
Ć	Non-cancellable aircraft operating lease rentals	241	261	7.7	Reduction in leased aircraft offset by impact of weakening AUD on USD leases
	[→] Underlying EBIT	500	(156)	>100	
	Net finance costs	(133)	(96)	(38.5)	Extension to the debt maturity profile and downgrade to Ba2/BB+
	Underlying PBT ¹	367	(252)	>100	

1. All line items presented on an Underlying basis. Refer to Supplementary Slide 4 for a reconciliation of Underlying PBT to Statutory PBT. 2. Fuel efficiency measured as litres per Available Seat Kilometre (ASK).

Other Items Not Included in Underlying PBT¹

⇒ \$M	1H15	1H14	
AASB 9 mark-to-market movements relating to other reporting periods	31	(54)	
Redundancies, restructuring and other transformation costs	42	59	Redundancy and restructuring costs relating to workforce chang as part of the accelerated Qantas Transformation program
Fleet restructuring costs	-	23	
Net gain on sale of investments	(12)	-	Gain on sale of Tour East
B787-8 introduction costs	-	9	
Other	17	16	
Total items not included in Underlying PBT	78	53	

1. Items which are identified by Management and reported to the chief operating decision-making bodies as not representing the underlying performance of the business are not included in Underlying PBT. The determination of these items is made after consideration of their nature and materiality and is applied consistently from period to period. Items not included in Underlying PBT primarily result from major transformational/restructuring initiatives, transactions involving investments and impairments of assets outside the ordinary course of business.

Cash Flow

	SUMMARISED CASH FLOW				
	Ĵ\$M	1H15	1H14	VLY %	
	Underlying EBITDA ¹	1,038	590	75.9	Cash earnings improved rapidly with yield and load improvement, benefits delivered through Qantas Transformation
	Non-cash items and working capital movements	(36)	102	>(100)	
	Cash generated from operations	1,002	692	44.8	
A	Other operating cash flows ²	(299)	(111)	>(100)	Cash costs primarily due to redundancy payments associated with the Qantas Transformation program and higher interest repayments on new debt
	Investing cash flows	(509)	(939)	45.8	Investment in replacement fleet (B787, B738) and product offset by proceeds from associates for A320 aircraft
	⊂Free cash flow (Net Operating & Investing)	194	(358)	>100	
	Financing cash flows	(320)	(82)	>(100)	Debt paid down as part of Qantas Transformation debt reduction target
	Net change in cash held	(126)	(440)	71.4	
	Effects of FX on cash	17	6	>100	Depreciation in the AUD exchange rate
	□ Cash at end of period	2,892	2,395	20.8	

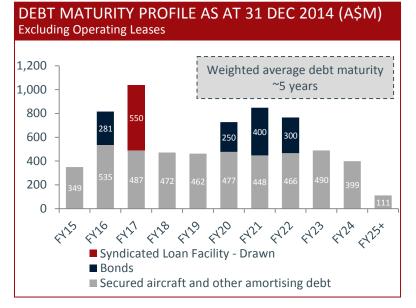
1. Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation. 2. Includes total of cash payments to employees for redundancies, interest received, interest paid, dividends received from investments in entitles accounted for using the equity method, and income taxes paid.

Capital Management and Treasury Robust liquidity; significant unencumbered aircraft pool

- [SONA]
 - Cash \$2.9b¹ plus \$720m undrawn facilities
 - Including new unsecured 5 year \$90m RCF²
 - Approximately ¹∕₃ of Group fleet debt free³
 - Average age of narrowbody unencumbered fleet is <7 years⁴
 - 5 new B737-800 cash funded in 1H15
 - 17 mid-life aircraft became debt free in 1H15
 with 4 to become debt free in 2H15⁵

Record low average fleet age of 7.2 years⁶

Consistent with Qantas' long-term approach to hedging, FY15 and FY16 fuel hedging profile allows for significant participation to lower fuel prices whilst protecting against adverse spikes



AVERAGE GROUP FLEET AGE⁶ (YRS)



^{1.} Includes cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2014. 2. Revolving Credit Facility. 3. Based on number of aircraft as at 31 December 2014. 4. Based on Group's scheduled passenger fleet, excluding Freighter aircraft and Network Aviation. 5. Excludes any early prepayments of debt expected to occur in 2H15 as part of the Qantas Transformation Debt Reduction target. 6. Average fleet age of the Group's scheduled passenger fleet based on manufacturing date, as at 31 December 2014. Youngest average fleet age since privatisation.

Group Capex Outlook Supporting strong positive free cash flow from 1H15 onward

Modest FY15, FY16 capex pipeline supporting strong net free cash flow¹ generation FY15-FY16 NET CAPEX² AND LEASE INVESTMENT³ (\$B) FY15 FY16 Mvmt in Lease (0.1)Liabilities³ Mvmt in Lease 0.2 (0.2)Liabilities³ 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.7 0.3 0.3 Net Capex & Lease Investment Net Capex & Lease Investment Net Capex Net Capex Maintenance & Spares Aircraft Non-Aircraft

1. Net free cash flow is operating cash flows less investing cash flows. Net free cash flow is a measure of the amount of operating cash flows that are available (i.e. after investing activities) to fund reductions in net debt or payments to shareholders. 2. Equal to investing cash flows. 3. Movement in on and off balance sheet lease debt including the movement in operating lease liabilities (calculated as the present value of minimum lease payments for aircraft operating leases which, in accordance with AASB 117: Leases, is not recognised on balance sheet) and non-cash investing activities.

1H15 Segment Results



Qantas Domestic

Improvement of \$170m delivering Underlying EBIT of \$227m

- Transformation benefits of \$127m
- Increased passenger revenue on reduced capacity (2.5% RASK¹ improvement)
- Total revenue impacted by sale of QDS²
- Stabilised operating environment supporting yield and load recovery

Comparable unit cost improvement of 4.1%³

- Fleet simplification accelerated
- Utilisation focus to continue in 2H15
- Strong position in corporate market with superior network, frequency, reliability⁴ and product
- Ongoing investment in our customers and people
 - Record December quarter customer advocacy (NPS)⁵

1. Calculated as ticketed passenger revenue per available seat kilometre. 2. Qantas Defence Services. 3. If adjusted for the impact of the carbon tax repeal, comparable unit cost improved 1.6%. The	
improvement in comparable unit cost is calculated as Underlying EBIT less passenger revenue and fuel, adjusted for the fleet restructuring announced February 2014, changes in bond rates, change	es in 💶
foreign exchange rates and movement in average sector length per ASK. 4. On time performance and cancellations. 5. Net promoter score vs historical Qantas Domestic quarterly records.	

Γ			1H15	1H14	VLY %
	Revenue	\$M	3,007	3,086	(2.6)
	Underlying EBIT	\$M	227	57	>100
	ASKs	Μ	18,765	19,227	(2.4)
	Seat factor	%	76.0	74.9	1.1pts

Qantas International

Turnaround of \$321m delivering Underlying EBIT of \$59m

- Transformation benefits of \$159m
- 4.8% revenue growth on reduced capacity
- \$100m reduction in depreciation from FY14 non-cash fleet impairment
- Comparable unit cost¹ improvement of 3.8%

_	Addressing	legacy cost bas	e, continuec	l improvement	in asset utilisation ²
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New revenue opportunities from enhanced operational efficiency

- Additional services added to LAX, HKG, SCL, YVR, HNL, AKL³
- Ongoing investment in customer experience and our people
 - A330 reconfiguration, LA First Lounge, new Economy dining
- Enhanced connectivity with partner airlines benefiting QF-operated services
 - Expanded partnerships in North America, South East Asia and Greater China

		1H15	1H14	VLY %
Revenue	\$M	2,748	2,621	4.8
Underlying EBIT	\$M	59	(262)	>100
ASKs	М	29,580	29,863	(0.9)
Seat factor	%	82.4	80.8	1.6pts

^{1.} Comparable unit cost is calculated as Underlying EBIT less passenger revenue and fuel, adjusted for the impact of the Qantas International fleet write-down, impact of fleet restructuring announced February 2014, changes in bond rates, changes in foreign exchange rates, and movements in average sector length per ASK. 2. Based on average block hours per aircraft vs 1H14. 3. Los Angeles, Hong Kong, Santiago, Vancouver, Honolulu, Auckland.

Jetstar Group

Improvement of \$97m delivering Underlying EBIT of \$81m

- Domestic Australia EBIT of \$63m driven by cost management and RASK improvement
- Strong Jetstar International earnings (LHI, SHI, Tasman, Dom NZ¹) of \$51m
- All Jetstar Group Airlines in Asia² improved vs
 2H14, \$13m reduction in losses
- Jetstar Asia (Singapore) profitable³ in 2Q15 following capacity moderation
- Controllable unit cost improvement of 1.1%⁴
- Continuing to set the standard in low fares travel
- B787 rollout delivering lower operating costs and enhanced customer experience
- Increasing network connectivity with more international routes from affiliates in Asia⁵
- Best Low Cost Carrier in Australia/Pacific and Singapore⁶

1. Long haul international, short haul international, Tasman, Domestic New Zealand. 2. Includes Jetstar Asia, Jetstar Japan, Jetstar Hong Kong and Jetstar Pacific. 3. Underlying EBIT level. 4. If adjusted for the impact of the carbon tax repeal, comparable controllable unit cost was flat. The 1.1% improvement in controllable unit cost is calculated as Underlying expenses less fuel adjusted for the impact of Jetstar branded associates, changes in foreign exchange rates, and movements in average sector length per ASK. 5. Jetstar Japan, Jetstar Hong Kong and Jetstar Pacific. 6. Jetstar Airways best low cost carrier in Australia/Pacific; World Airline Awards 2014, Jetstar Asia Airways best low cost carrier of the year; Asia Payload awards 2014.

	1H15	1H14	VLY %
\$M	1,786	1,671	6.9
\$M	81	(16)	>100
М	23,591	22,754	3.7
%	80.3	78.5	1.8pts
	\$M M	\$M 1,786 \$M 81 M 23,591	\$M 1,786 1,671 \$M 81 (16) M 23,591 22,754

Qantas Loyalty

Record Underlying EBIT¹ \$160m

- Continued growth of QFF² members and partners driving engagement
- Billings³ up 6%, external billings up 7%
- Strong first half member acquisition
 - >400,000 new members, 10.5m total

Growth initiatives diversifying customer base and revenue streams

- Gross Profit from adjacent businesses⁴ up 70%
- Red Planet launched Sep-14, leveraging data expertise into media & marketing services
- Qantas Golf Club launched Dec-14 with over 30,000 members⁵
- Qantas Cash card activation up 27% from 2H14, \$0.8b loaded⁵
- Aquire: Over 55,000 SMEs joined, 21 program partners⁵
- 51% controlling stake in Taylor Fry announced a leading analytics & actuarial consultancy firm⁷

		1H15	1H14	VLY %
Underlying EBIT	\$M	160	146	9.6
Billings	\$M	700	662	5.7
Deferred Revenue Growth ⁶	\$M	68	59	15.3
Members	Μ	10.5	9.7	8.2

^{1.} Record Underlying EBIT result compared to prior periods normalised for changes in accounting estimates of the fair value of points and breakage expectations effective 1 January 2009. 2. Qantas Frequent Flyer. 3. Billings represent point sales to partners. 4. New business includes Qantas Cash, Qantas Golf, Qantas epiQure, Red Planet and Accumulate. 5. As at 26 February 2015. 6. Annual deferred **14** revenue growth from 1 July 2014 and 1 July 2013 respectively. 7. Completion subject to closing conditions in transaction documentation.

Qantas Freight

Improvement of \$43m delivering Underlying EBIT of \$54m

- Best half-year result since FY07
- Transformation benefits of \$16m
- Improved yield¹ and load following exit of 1 x B747F

International market driving earnings performance

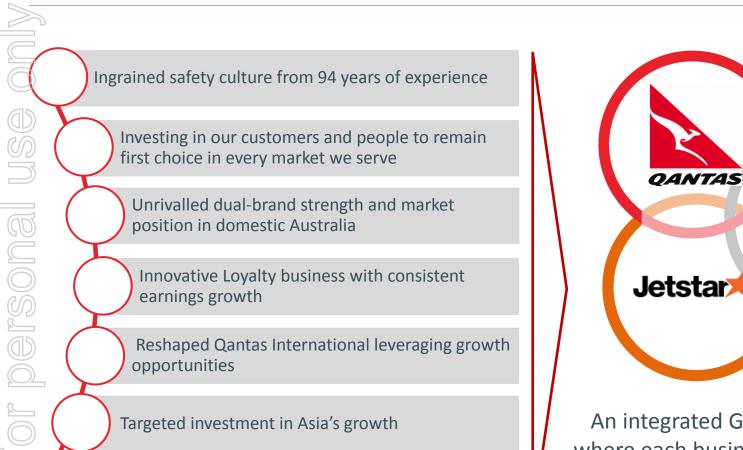
- \$44m Underlying EBIT contribution from International freight operations
- Strong loads on China–US and US–Australia
- Soft domestic performance resulting from mixed economic environment
- State of the art technology rolled out in domestic terminals
 - Self-service kiosks, warehouse technology enabling real-time tracking

		1H15	1H14	VLY %
Revenue	\$M	550	568	(3.2)
Underlying EBIT	\$M	54	11	>100
Capacity (International AFTKs) ²	В	1.6	1.8	(11.1)
Load (International)	%	57.7	53.9	3.8pts

Group Strategy Update & 2H15 Outlook



A Strong Foundation for Sustainable Growth Creating long-term shareholder value



Increasing Return On Invested Capital, strengthening balance sheet through Qantas Transformation

Jetstar An integrated Group portfolio where each business strengthens the other, generating sustainable returns through the cycle

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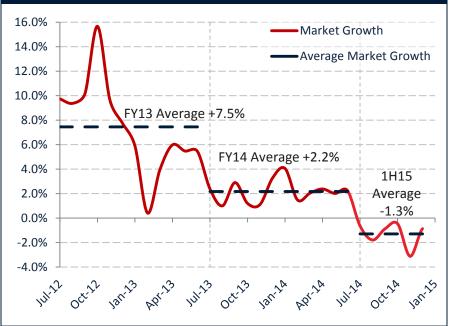
Market Conditions – Domestic

Capacity moderation has improved supply-demand imbalance

 Further market capacity contraction forecast for 2H15¹

Demand environment remains mixed

- Corporate travel impacted by resources slowdown, Government spending and business confidence
- Strength in some business sectors, market-specific improvements, reflecting multi-speed economy



TOTAL MARKET DOMESTIC CAPACITY GROWTH²

- Subdued leisure demand showing early signs of improvement
- Qantas Group domestic capacity forecast to remain moderate in line with market conditions, maintaining flexibility to adjust as conditions require

Market Conditions – International

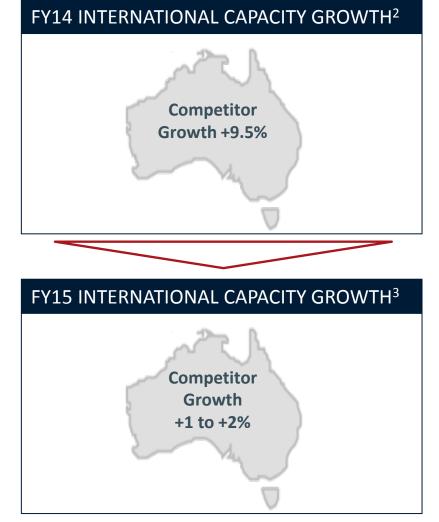
Competitor growth moderated significantly from CAGR¹ of 7% in 5 yrs to FY14

- Economic factors including lower AUD and excess market capacity have led to a reduction in pace of competitor growth
- 1H15 competitor growth of 2.0%², market contraction forecast for 2H15

Lower AUD positively impacts revenue from offshore, spurs inbound tourism

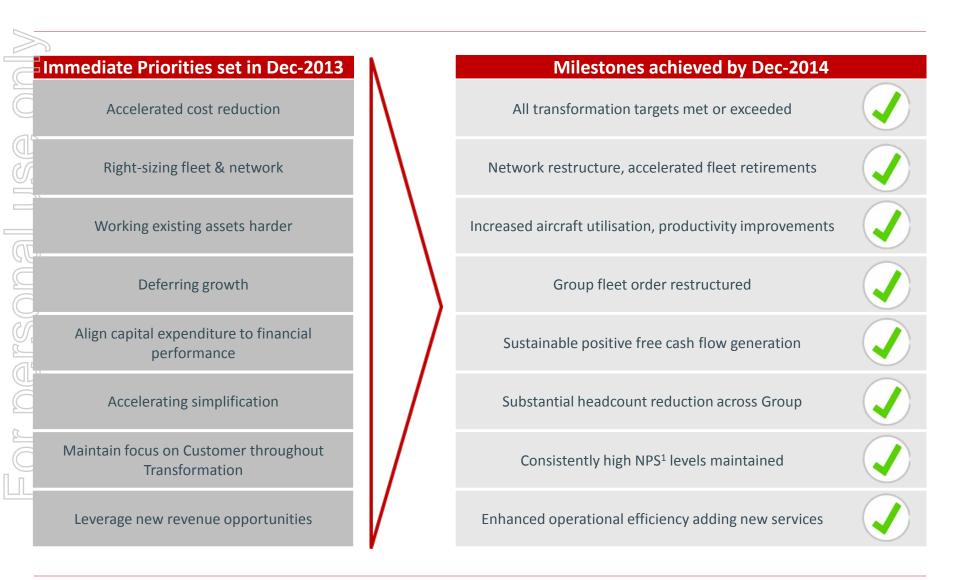
Business and premium leisure demand trending positively

- Strength in Asia and North America
- LCC market capacity growth continuing with underlying demand improving in some markets



^{1.} Compound Average Growth Rate. 2. BITRE (excl. Qantas Group; Qantas modelled for December 2014) vs 1H14. 3. Based on BITRE and IATA Carrier Tracker data for industry ASK growth (excl. Qantas Group).

Qantas Transformation Immediate Strategic Priorities Being Delivered



Qantas Transformation Targets Driving earnings recovery, deleveraging the balance sheet

\$2B BENEFITS REALISED BY FY17

- \$374m benefits realised in 1H15¹
- Operating expense, fuel efficiency, and revenue initiatives all delivering benefits
- Progress closing Qantas Domestic unit cost gap to competitor
- On track to achieve >10% reduction in ex-fuel expenditure by end of FY17²

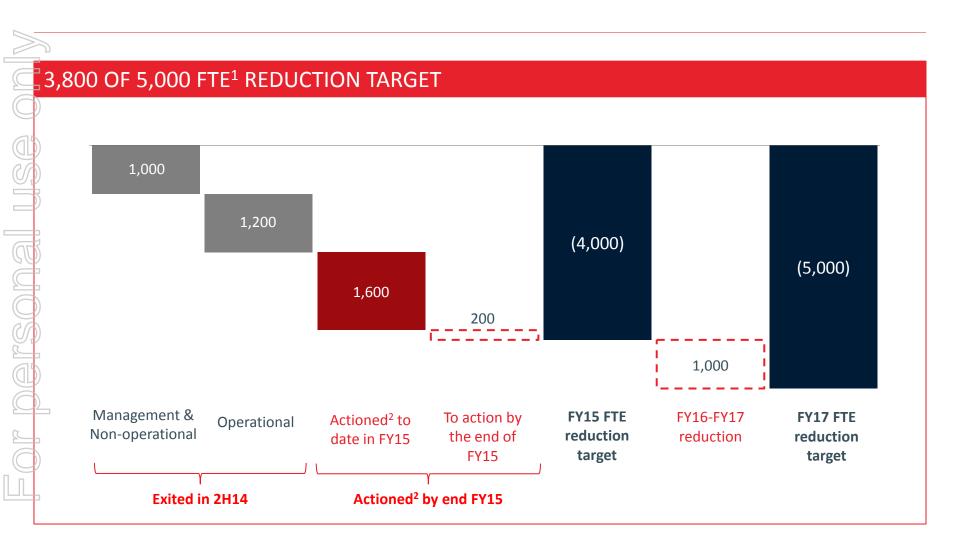
>\$1B DEBT REDUCTION BY FY15

- Net debt reduced by further \$306m in 1H15³
 - Incremental to \$79m reduction³ in FY14
- 76% improvement in underlying cash generation of the business⁴
- Debt pay down weighted to 2H15

IMPROVING CREDIT PROFILE TOWARDS TARGET OF DEBT/EBITDA⁵ <4.0

1. From accelerated Qantas Transformation program which commenced on 1 Jan 2014. 2. Assumes steady FX rates and capacity. 3. Net debt including operating lease liabilities on a constant currency basis. 4. Based on earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation vs 1H14. 5. Metric calculated based on Moody's methodology including cash greater than \$2b.

Qantas Transformation Rapid progress against FTE reduction target



Qantas Transformation Realising benefits ahead of targets

	TARGET: >\$8	375M TOTAL BENEFITS	TO BE REALISED BY END OF FY15
\bigcirc			
(15)		ransformation	
0 S N	Pipe	eline	
	Development phase	Development phase \$600m	 FY15 targeted benefits raised to \$675m from initial target of >\$600m
	\$900m		 Incremental to \$204m benefits realised in FY14
or personal	Implementation phase \$900m	Implementation phase \$850m	 Realised \$578m includes benefits from completed initiatives and phased benefits from initiatives in
	Realised \$204m	Realised \$578m	implementation
·	Jun-14	Dec-14	

Measuring Progress Scorecard to FY17

		Target		PROGRESS TO DATE
		Metric	Timeframe	PROGRESS TO DATE
\bigcirc	ACCELERATED TRANSFORMATION BENEFITS	\$2b gross benefits	FY17	Realised benefits to date = \$578m
ACHIEVING OUR TARGETS		>10% ex-fuel expenditure reduction ¹		Ex-fuel expenditure reduced by 5% ²
		5,000 FTE reduction	FY17	3,800 FTE reduction ³
	DELEVERAGE BALANCE SHEET	>\$1b debt reduction	FY15	\$306m reduction ⁴ in 1H15 \$79m reduction ⁴ in FY14
		Debt / EBITDA ⁵ <4.0x	FY17	Improving credit metrics
	CASH FLOW	Positive net free cash flow ⁶	FY15 onwards	\$194m net free cash flow ⁶ in 1H15
	FLEET SIMPLIFICATION	11 fleet types to 7	FY16	9 fleet types 3 x non-reconfigured B747 retired ⁷
	CUSTOMER & BRAND	Customer satisfaction (6 month rolling average): Improving / Stable / Declining	Ongoing	'Stable' near record levels
		Most on-time domestic carrier: Qantas Domestic	Ongoing	Long-term OTP ⁸ leader 21 out of 24 months (Jan-13 to Dec-14)

1. Assumes steady FX rates and capacity. 2. Includes Underlying operating expenses (excluding fuel), depreciation and amortisation (excluding depreciation reduction from Qantas International non-cash fleet impairment), non-cancellable aircraft operating lease rentals, and share of net loss of investments accounted for under the equity method. 1H15 vs 1H14, not adjusted for movements in FX rates, capacity or sector length. 3. Actioned FTEs, which includes FTEs that have exited or received notice, as at 26 February 2015. 4. Reduction in Net debt including operating lease liabilities on a constant currency basis. 5. Metric calculated based on Moody's methodology including cash greater than \$2b. 6. Net free cash flow is operating cash flows less investing cash flows. Net free cash flow is a measure of the amount of operating cash flows that are available (i.e. after investing activities) to fund reductions in net debt or payments to shareholders. 7. From December 2013 to 26 February 2015. 8. On time performance.

Delivering for Customers The first choice for our customers in every market we serve

Commitment to our customers through ongoing product enhancements and service innovation

- Fleet reconfigurations with best-in-class A330 Business Suites
- LAX Business & First Lounge opening for premium US market
- Enhanced inflight dining for Domestic and International Economy
- Continued rollout of front-line training to deliver a high standard of personalised service

Record high levels of customer satisfaction for Qantas Domestic¹ and sustained high levels for Qantas International

More destinations with seasonal scheduling (Vancouver) and new airline partners (WestJet, Bangkok Airlines, China Airlines)

- Continued investment in the LCC experience at Jetstar
- Eight B787 aircraft in operation
- New leisure routes in Australia, New Zealand and across Asia



^{1.} Record net promoter score in December 2014 quarter vs historical Qantas Domestic quarterly records.

Our People

Our people were instrumental in Qantas navigating the immediate challenges faced over 2014

- Strong emphasis on collaboration as we transform our business and the way we work
- Our people continue to deliver excellent service for our customers
 - Investment in training delivering results

Stable Industrial Relations climate through period of major business transformation

- No work days lost to industrial action since 2011
- Positive progress implementing 18-month wages freeze with key employee groups and respective unions



Outlook

The Group's 2H15 operating environment outlook has improved:

- Overall demand stable, domestic Australia demand remains mixed
- Domestic and international market capacity moderating
- Yield and load factors stabilised and in early stages of recovery

Current operating expectations:

- Qantas Group capacity to increase by 1.5-2% in 2H15 compared to 2H14
- FY15 underlying fuel costs expected to be no more than \$4.0b¹ at current prices
- FY15 depreciation and amortisation expense expected to be \$1.1b
- All operating segments expected to be profitable² in FY15

No Group profit guidance provided at this time due to the high degree of volatility and uncertainty in global economic conditions, fuel prices and FX rates

^{1.} As at 24 February 2015. 2. At Underlying EBIT level. Assumes no worsening in competitive environment, including global economic conditions, market capacity growth, fuel prices and FX rates, or material adverse external events.

Summary

- All Qantas Transformation milestones being met or exceeded
 Strong momentum into 2H15 with cost and revenue initiatives
 Continuing to invest in our customers and engage our people
 Operating environment stable with market capacity moderating
 2H15 benefit from lower fuel prices
 Strong net free cash flow¹ generation
 Increasing Return On Invested Capital
 - Committed to continued strengthening of the balance sheet
 - Building a sustainable business that delivers for customers, employees and shareholders

^{1.} Net free cash flow is operating cash flows less investing cash flows. Net free cash flow is a measure of the amount of operating cash flows that are available (i.e. after investing activities) to fund reductions in net debt or payments to shareholders.

Disclaimer & ASIC Guidance

This Presentation has been prepared by Qantas Airways Limited (ABN 16 009 661 901) (Qantas).

Summary information

This Presentation contains summary information about Qantas and its subsidiaries (Qantas Group) and their activities current as at 26 February 2015. The information in this Presentation does not purport to be complete. It should be read in conjunction with the Qantas Group's other periodic and continuous disclosure announcements lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange, which are available at www.asx.com.au.

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/ Financial data

-All dollar values are in Australian dollars (A\$) and financial data is presented within the six months ended 31 December 2014 unless otherwise stated.

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Forward looking statements, opinions and estimates provided in this Presentation are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward looking statements including projections, guidance on future earnings and estimates are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as which indication or guarantee of future performance.

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This Presentation is not, and should not be considered, an offer or an invitation to acquire Qantas shares or any other financial products.

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In December 2011 ASIC issued Regulatory Guide 230. To comply with this Guide, Qantas is required to make a clear statement about whether information disclosed in documents other than the financial report has been audited or reviewed in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. In line with previous years, this Presentation is unaudited. Notwithstanding this, the Presentation contains disclosures which are extracted or derived from the Consolidated Interim Financial Report for the half year ended 31 December 2014 which is being reviewed by the Group's Independent Auditor.