

ACN 149 219 974

ANNUAL REPORT

for the six months ended 31 December 2014

CONTENTS

CORPORATE INFORMATION	1
DIRECTORS' REPORT	2
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT	21
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION	25
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	26
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	27
CONSOLIIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	28
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION	58
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	59
ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	61
SCHEDULE OF MINERAL TENEMENTS	65

This Annual Report covers Orinoco Gold Limited ("Orinoco" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries. The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

Orinoco is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Orinoco Gold Limited Ground Floor, 16 Ord Street West Perth WA 6005

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Directors

Mr John Hannaford Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Mark Papendieck Managing Director

Mr Brian Thomas
Non-Executive Director

Mr Ian Finch
Non-Executive Director

Dr Klaus Petersen Technical Executive & Alternate Director to Mr Papendieck and Mr Finch

Company Secretary Mr Phillip Wingate

Home Securities Exchange: Australian Securities Exchange Limited Level 40, Central Park

152 – 158 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

ASX Code: OGX, OGXO

Share Registry
Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd
770 Canning Highway
APPLECROSS WA 6153

Telephone: (08) 9315 2333

Registered Office

Ground Floor, 16 Ord Street WEST PERTH WA 6005

Telephone: (08) 9482 0540 Facsimile: (08) 9482 0505

Email: info@orinocogold.com Website: www.orinocogold.com

Postal Address

P.O. Box 902 WEST PERTH WA 6872

Solicitors

Steinepreis Paganin Level 4, The Read Buildings 16 Milligan Street PERTH WA 6000

Auditor

HLB Mann Judd Level 4 130 Stirling Street PERTH WA 6000

Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation 108 Stirling Highway NEDLANDS WA 6009

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the financial statements of the Group consisting of Orinoco Gold Limited and the entities it controlled during the period for the six months ended 31 December 2014.

The Company has changed its financial year end date from 30 June to 31 December and this has necessitated the presentation of an "annual report" for the six month transitional financial period ended 31 December 2014.

In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors report as follows:

DIRECTORS

The names and details of Directors in office at any time during the financial period are:

Mr John Hannaford – B.Com (UWA), CA, F.Fin.

Non-Executive Chairman – (Appointed 9 February 2011)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Hannaford has broad financial experience from several corporate roles in Australia, Asia and Europe with resources companies. Mr Hannaford is principal and director of Corporate Advisory firms Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd and Ventnor Securities Pty Ltd, which specialise in the provision of corporate and financial advice to junior resource companies. Mr Hannaford has also been involved with several ASX listings and has acted as Director, Company Secretary and Financial Controller to several of these companies.

Mr Hannaford graduated from the University of Western Australia with a Bachelor of Commerce degree in 1986 majoring in Finance and Economics. He qualified as a Chartered Accountant in 1990, gaining experience with the Arthur Andersen audit division in Perth and in Hong Kong. He completed a Diploma of Applied Finance and Investment with the Securities Institute of Australia and was admitted as an Associate of the Institute in 2003.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Director - Bone Medical Limited

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Non-Executive Director – Emerald Oil & Gas NL (appointed on 14 June 2006, resigned on 16 July 2012) Non-Executive Director – Jaguar Minerals Ltd (appointed on 20 November 2011, resigned on 19 August 2013)

Non-Executive Chairman – Monteray Mining Group Limited (appointed 21 December 2010, resigned 20 January 2015)

Mr Mark Papendieck - Dip. Law, NSW, LPAB

Managing Director – (Appointed 31 October 2012)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Papendieck has held a range of senior executive roles in Australia and overseas in both the Mining and the financial services industry. He has experience with gold, copper, iron ore and manganese exploration companies at both management and board level and has spent the past six years focusing predominantly on Brazilian resource companies.

Mr Papendieck was the founding Chairman of Centaurus Resources Limited from 2006 and was appointed as the Managing Director in 2008 to oversee the Company's emerging operations in Brazil. A successful merger of Centaurus Resources Limited and Glengarry Resources Limited was completed in early 2010 and Mr Papendieck held the position of General Manager, Commercial for the combined group, which was renamed Centaurus Metals Limited, until August 2011.

Mr Papendieck brings to his directorship a solid understanding of the resources industry gained through his involvement in both the resources and financial services industries and a detailed knowledge of conducting an exploration business in Brazil. In addition to his expertise in iron ore, Mr Papendieck has been involved in the identification, assessment, structuring and management of gold and copper projects in Australia and South America.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Mr Papendieck holds a Diploma of Law from the NSW Legal Practitioners Admission Board (Dip. Law, NSW LPAB). He is also a Non-Executive Director of the listed company Southern Crown Resources Ltd and the unlisted Supergene Resources Limited.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Director - Southern Crown Resources Ltd

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Nil

THO BSM IBUOSIBO

Mr Brian Thomas - BSc, MBA, SAFin, MAusIMM, MAICD

Non-Executive Director – (Appointed 31 March 2011)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Thomas is a geologist and mineral economist with more than 20 years of mining and exploration industry experience in a broad range of commodities from precious and base metals, bulk and industrial minerals, diamonds plus oil and gas. This is complemented by 12 years in the Australian financial services sector working in corporate stock broking, investment banking, funds management and with an Australian commercial bank, sourcing mining finance opportunities.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Chairman - Parker Resources NL

Non-Executive Chairman - Solco Ltd

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Condoto Platinum NL (appointed 21 May 2008, resigned 23 November 2012)
Noble Mineral Resources Limited (appointed 6 April 2010, resigned 20 December 2013)
Potash Minerals Limited (appointed 9 June 2010, resigned 30 June 2014)

Mr Ian Finch - BSc (Hons), AUSIMM, MAICD

Non-Executive Director – (Appointed 31 October 2012)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Finch's career spans 42 years of mining and exploration. He worked extensively throughout Southern Africa between 1970 and 1981 – from the Zambian Copper Belt and Zimbabwean Nickel and Chrome fields to the Witwatersrand Gold Mines in South Africa.

In 1981 he joined CRA Exploration as a Principal Geologist before joining Bond Gold as its Chief Geologist in 1987. In these roles he was instrumental in the discovery and development of several new gold and copper/gold resources in Australia.

In 1993 Mr Finch established Taipan Resources Ltd, a company which successfully pioneered the exploration for large gold deposits in the Ashburton District of Western Australia – when it discovered a resource of approximately 1.0 million ounces at the Paulsen's Project.

In 1999 Mr Finch founded Templar Resources Limited, now a 100% owned subsidiary of Canadian Listed company Goldminco Corporation. As President/CEO for Goldminco until May 2005, Mr Finch established an extensive exploration portfolio in New South Wales where the Company is actively exploring for large porphyry copper / gold deposits. During his presidency, Mr Finch forged strong strategic ties with major mining houses and financial institutions in Vancouver, Toronto and London.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Managing Director – Trafford Resources Limited Non-Executive Director – IronClad Mining Limited

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Nil

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Dr Klaus Petersen – M.Sc (Mineralogy & Petrology), PhD (Minerology & Petrology,) AuslMM, CREA Alternate Director to Mr Papendieck and Mr Finch – (Appointed 31 October 2012)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Dr Petersen is a Brazilian national who has over 20 years' experience in the Brazilian resources industry. Dr Petersen has spent the last eight years in management roles at ASX-listed, Brazilian-focused companies, where he was responsible for project generation and exploration.

This has included the last six years in Chief Geologist roles at Centaurus Resources (now Centaurus Metals) where he was one of the co-founders. Before this, Dr Petersen worked with Vale's exploration division on gold targets in Brazil's Iron Quadrangle and later completed his PhD on Anglo Gold Ashantis' Crixas mine in Goiás State, Brazil. In 2003 he moved to Australia to work with the University of Western Australia on the gold mineralisation of complex hydrothermal systems in the Western Australian Goldfields.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Nil

OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Nil

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Phillip Wingate - B.Com (Curtin), CA

Company Secretary - (Appointed 9 February 2011)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Wingate holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree from Curtin University Australia and is an Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. After graduating from University, he started his career in commercial and management accounting with a large private construction group.

Since 2008 Mr Wingate has been involved in a number of company secretarial positions and ASX junior transactions. Mr Wingate has been closely involved with the mining sector in Western Australia and has a strong financial and management reporting background. Mr Wingate is also Company Secretary of ASX listed Potash Minerals Limited and Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary of Bone Medical Limited.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Orinoco Gold Limited is an Australian company conducting exploration activities on projects located on the Faina Greenstone Belt in central Brazil, South America.

RESULTS

The net loss attributable to owners of the parent entity for the six months ended 31 December 2014 is \$1,719,246 (twelve months to 30 June 2014: \$4,789,464). The net loss includes exploration expenditure written off as incurred (in accordance with the Group's accounting policy) of \$1,180,182 (twelve months to 30 June 2014: \$3,296,438).

DIVIDENDS

There were no dividends paid or declared during the period.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Faina Goldfields Project

Orinoco's Faina Goldfields Project is located in the central Brazilian state of Goiás, approximately 120km southwest of AngloGold's world-class Serra Grande mine and Yamana Gold's Pilar mine. The Project consists of a large tenement package of approximately 200km² that encompasses numerous areas of interest including the Company's key Cascavel, Sertão and Tinteiro Projects.

As part of the broader Faina Goldfields Project Orinoco Gold is initially advancing two sites that host highgrade gold, Cascavel and Sertão, which are located in close proximity to each other.

In November 2014 Orinoco outlined a development strategy aimed at bringing a low-cost, standalone mining and processing operation into production. The Company plans to develop the high grade Cascavel Project into an operating mine, with all material mined at Cascavel to be processed on site at Sertão in a gravity only circuit. Capital costs for the development of the initial mine and gravity circuit were estimated to be US\$6.6. It should be noted that all development costs will be incurred in Brazilian Reals and that with the significant depreciation of the Brazilian Real against both the US and the Australian dollar since November 2014 will mean that actual costs can be expected to have reduced over this time. Additionally, the appreciation of the US dollar, and consequent depreciation of the Brazilian Real, has seen the gold price quoted in Reals climb to all-time highs in March 2015.

In February 2015 the Company announced that it had secured a funding package that would enable it to develop the mine at Cascavel, build the gravity circuit at Sertão and commence mining. The financing package comprises a A\$1 million share placement, a non-renounceable rights issue to raise up to an additional A\$2.7 million, and a gold sharing arrangement of up to US\$8 million with a private Singaporean mining investment company, Chancery Asset Management who specialise in emerging markets and precious metals mining projects.

Gold Sharing Arrangement

Under the gold sharing arrangement, Chancery will participate in a share of gold production from Cascavel for a period of three years from the start of commercial production or such longer time until the Company has delivered a minimum of 16,000oz of gold from the Cascavel Gold Project.

The Terms Sheet is conditional upon the satisfaction of the following conditions precedent:

- Completion of technical due diligence by Chancery on the Cascavel Gold Project to its satisfaction by 25 March; and
- The Company advising Chancery that it has obtained all Australian statutory approvals to enable it to perform its obligations under the Terms Sheet.

The parties will enter into a full form agreement further detailing the terms and conditions of the gold sharing arrangement, however the key commercial terms of the gold sharing arrangement as set out in the Terms Sheet are as follows:

- Chancery has agreed to provide project finance to Orinoco of between US\$6-8 million with the ability for Orinoco shareholders and associates participate in the gold sharing arrangement;
- Orinoco has agreed to repay this amount by entering into a gold sharing arrangement for 20% of the
 gold produced, or an amount to the value thereof, for the first three years of commercial production
 from Cascavel. If a minimum amount of 16,000oz of gold has not been delivered during this threeyear period, then the Gold Sharing Arrangement will continue until a total of 16,000oz has been
 delivered. Gold deliverable under the agreement is capped at 24,000oz.
- The production percentage and minimum number of ounces deliverable under the Gold Sharing Arrangement is based on a consideration amount of US\$8 million, and will be reduced proportionally should the consideration amount be less than this.
- An establishment fee of 1.5% of the consideration amount will be payable by Orinoco to Chancery
 following completion of due diligence with the funding to be drawn down within 30 days of the
 completion of Due Diligence. In addition, Chancery will receive 2 million shares and attaching options
 as pursuant to the Placement and Entitlement Issue.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

In March 2015 Chancery Asset Management advised Orinoco that its Due Diligence had successfully completed and that funding would be received by Orinoco by the end of April 2015.

Finalisation of planning is now well underway to allow Orinoco to commence mine development and the ordering of plant and equipment immediately upon completion of the project financing package. Orinoco currently expects that the gravity circuit will be commissioned in the fourth quarter of 2015.

CASCAVEL

Cascavel is best characterised as an Archean shear hosted Orogenic gold system. The structurally controlled mineralised quartz vein/s, veinlets and related sericite alteration evident in the decline and from drilling are continuous both along strike and down-plunge with some minor off-sets caused by later E-W and N-W striking faults (associated with the Tinteiro mineralisation). Visible offsets are no greater than 1m in the walls of the Company's exploration decline. These late faults also cause a slight rotation between the blocks, slightly altering the dip of the veins.

The mineralised structure has been intercepted in wide spaced drilling over 1.5km of strike and over 700m down dip (approximately 300m vertical depth below surface) while the observed thickness of the mineralised zone varies from 0.5 metres to over 5 metres. The system remains open along strike and down dip, and additional gold lodes parallel to (above and below) the main zone have been evidenced in drilling. As is the case with the Sertão gold mine, the majority of the gold in the system appears to be contained in numerous high grade shoots.

With over 8,000m of drilling having been completed at Cascavel and several hundred metres of underground workings having been sampled, the Company has an extensive data set regarding the area of initial mining operations at Cascavel. The structurally controlled and geologically continuous nature of the gold system combined with the amount and breadth of drilling and underground sampling completed at Cascavel would ordinarily allow a JORC Mineral Resource to be calculated. However the coarse nature of the gold at Cascavel prevents an accurate grade estimation being made for JORC purposes without very closely spaced data points.

While the coarse nature of the gold offers many advantages in terms of low-cost processing and recovery, it does make the task of grade estimation within the JORC code prohibitively expensive. This is due to the very coarse nature of the gold (80% > 100microns) and the small volume of sample that can be collected through diamond drilling (approximately 8kg/m HQ core). Drilling provides a highly effective measure of the geological continuity of the Cascavel system but is not particularly useful for grade estimation in such high-grade, coarse gold systems. Given the difficulty and expense of defining JORC compliant resources through drilling in systems such as Cascavel the Company is of the view that establishing a low-cost gold operation is the best way to create shareholder value.

The outstanding results received from the exploration decline during the second half of 2014 have given the Company sufficient information and confidence in the geology of the mineralisation at Cascavel to conclude that an underground mine feeding a simple gravity gold extraction plant located nearby is the most efficient way to unlock the value of the deposit in the short-term. The most recent assay results have extended this high-grade contiguous zone to 15m at an average grade of 88g/t Au.

Initial mine plan to focus on small portion of Cascavel and Mestre areas - ~120m x 250m

The initial mine plan will encompass only a small portion of the Cascavel and Mestre areas, where limited historical mining and the Company's exploration decline has opened up access to high grade shoots Figure 1. Importantly, this area has been well tested by diamond drilling and also contains the current Cascavel exploration decline, which enables accurate location of the vein system (Figure 1).

Bulk sampling and the ongoing exploration decline at Cascavel have shown that most of the gold mineralisation at Cascavel is contained in high-grade gold shoots (e.g. 15m @ 88g/t gold – see ASX Announcement, 21/10/14). Other bulk samples from the Cuca winze (350m north) and the nearby Mestre winze (90m south) have recorded grades of 27g/t (2.8tonnes) and 39g/t (500kgs) gold respectively.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Drilling and sampling along strike from Cascavel indicates that the gold-bearing structures have considerable continuity, with the structurally controlled gold mineralisation shown to be occurring at multiple points over more than 4km immediately along strike from Cascavel. The same generation of mineralised shear zones continue 18km to the South where they host the ore at the Sertão Gold Mine (previously operated by Troy Resources but now 100% owned by OGX). The shear zones have similar features at each locality where a central quartz \pm carbonate veinset is found within a well-developed muscovite – biotite alteration envelope. Importantly the high-grade gold shoots in each location are developed parallel to a very strong penetrative mineral stretching lineation spatially related to these shear zones.

Similarly, the down-plunge continuity of the gold-bearing structures has been demonstrated in drilling at both Cascavel and Sertão to over 600m down-dip – and remains open.

Regionally, this high level of continuity is a common feature of the shear zone hosted gold deposits in the State, with both Anglo Gold Ashanti and Yamana Gold having multi-million ounce resources in similar structures.

The evidence for mineralisation in and around the Cascavel area gives the Company great confidence that it can rapidly grow the potential of the Faina Goldfields Project.



Figure 1. Showing a plan view of the intial area of underground mining in the Cascavel area.

Metallurgical test work indicates gold recoveries of between 80 - 94% from a simple gravity circuit - CAPEX costings for gravity plant with name plate capacity of ~14 tonnes per hour and mine establishment estimated at US\$6.6m

The low capital cost is largely attributable to the fact that gold recoveries of more than 80% (and up to 94%) have been achieved in metallurgical testing from Cascavel ore using a simple gravity circuit with no cyanide involved.

Project timings will be able to be provided at the completion of the announced funding, however mine development is expected to be able to commence in Q2 2015 with the plant expected to be commissioned in Q4 2015.

The Company's current extraction permit allows underground mining activities, enabling it to proceed with underground mine development at any point.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

-OL PELSONAI USE ONIM

The proposed development pathway will utilise the Company's existing underground extraction licence at Cascavel to selectively mine the currently identified high-grade shoots. Installation of plant and equipment at Sertão is expected to able to commence in Q3 2015, and administrative work is currently being completed to return the environmental and mining licences at the Sertão Gold Mine to operational status during Q3 2015.

Cascavel Mining Lease application submitted in November 2014 to facilitate future open pit mining and the ability to locate a plant at Cascavel in the future.

An application for a full Mining Lease at Cascavel was lodged in November 2014. The Cascavel Mining Lease application will include plans for the installation at Cascavel of a larger capacity gravity circuit with an associated CIL circuit which metallurgical testing has shown should allow recovery of over 98% of the gold in ore at Cascavel.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)



Figures 2a and 2b – Show coarse visible gold up to 5mm strongly elongated parallel to the stretching lineation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)



Figure 3. Cleaning the face of the exploration decline ahead of sampling.



Figure 4. Free gold from a hand crushed sample of Cascavel material.

During the second half of 2014, Orinoco announced that it has materially increased the size of the Cascavel Gold Project after securing a highly prospective nearby tenement with known gold mineralization (the Garimpo target).

The Cascavel partnership (OGX 70%) was the successful bidder for the tenement, which is situated immediately to the north of both the Cascavel gold and the Central Tinteiro polymetallic Projects (see Figure 1).

The new tenement contains significant north-west extensions of both the Cascavel and Tinteiro geological trends, extending the known Cascavel structure by 60% to approximately 4km of strike.

Significantly, the tenement contains a well-known "Garimpo" (artisanal mine) that produced gold from approximately 2010-2012, when Orinoco's 30% partner at Cascavel purchased the farm-land and removed the artisanal miners.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

The previous artisanal mining activities targeted gold mineralisation hosted by a low angle thrust fault immediately above and parallel to the structures that host the mineralisation at Cascavel and Orinoco's 100%-owned Sertão gold project.

The artisanal workings are located approximately 1.5km further north-west along strike from the most northerly results reported previously by Orinoco where a 2.5-tonne bulk sample from the Cuca winze returned an average grade of 27.2 g/t gold.

The artisanal workings consist of a series of winzes developed along approximately 200m of strike. As with Cascavel, the mineralised horizon is composed of a set of quartz veins and associated biotite alteration halo, which also carries gold grades.

A limited chip sampling program was conducted over the mineralised horizon with positive gold grades in all samples and 9 of the 10 samples returning grades of over 1g/t of gold, with a maximum result of 9.9 g/t of gold (for full details refer to ASX Announcement 7 October 2014).

The addition of this tenement not only significantly extends the strike of the Cascavel structure and confirms the repetition of mineralised horizons almost 1.4km to the north-west but also highlights the prospectivity of the shear zones along (and beyond) the underexplored 20km long Sertão — Cascavel corridor.

The new tenement will now become an Exploration Application prior to being gazetted as an Exploration Lease. No payment for the tenement (other than the usual Department of Mines annual fees) is required and the Exploration Lease will form part of Orinoco's 70:30 partnership at Cascavel.



Figure 5- Outcropping mineralised zone at the Garimpo target, 1.5kms from Cascavel

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Corporate Activities

The Company raised a total of \$2,126,650 before costs during the six months ended 31 December 2014. \$1,000,000 was raised in August 2014 and \$1,126,650 in December 2014 through Placements. The Company also issued free attaching options for subscribers in the August 2014 Placement on a 1 for 1 basis, exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 1 March 2016. Free attaching options for subscribers in the December 2014 Placement on a 1 for 1 basis, exercisable at 11 cents each are subject to shareholder approval.

As part of the Sertão acquisition, a total of 7,000,000 unlisted options were issued during the six months ended 31 December 2014 to Troy Resources Limited (ASX: TRY) and its Brazilian partner.

The Group's cash balance at 31 December 2014 was \$1,219,722.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial period not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

The Company subsequently agreed to terms for a financing package of up to AUD\$14 million to finance the construction and development of its flagship Cascavel Gold Project in Brazil and for working capital purposes. The financing package comprises of a AUD\$1 million share placement, a non-renounceable rights issue to raise up to an additional AUD\$2.7 million and a gold sharing arrangement of up to USD\$8 million with Chancery Asset Management, a private Singaporean mining investment Company. Refer to Note 23: Subsequent Events for further details of this subsequent financing event.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

AIUO BSM | BUOSJBQ J

The Directors believe that the Company has, in all material respects, complied with all particular and significant environmental regulations relevant to its operations.

The Company's operations are subject to various environmental regulations under the Federal and State Laws of Australia and environmental laws of Brazil. The majority of the Company's activities involve low level disturbance associated with exploration drilling programs. Approvals, licences and hearings and other regulatory requirements are performed as required by the management of Orinoco for each permit or lease in which the Company has an interest.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the transitional financial period, the Company has paid a premium of \$11,346 (financial year ended 30 June 2014: \$11,484) to insure the Directors and Secretary of the Company.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY

As at the date of this report, the interests of the Directors in ordinary shares and unlisted options of the Company were:

	Shares		Performance Shares		Options	
	Held	Held	Held	Held Held		Held
	Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly
Director						
J. Hannaford	66,667	5,698,281	-	-	16,667	3,298,714
M. Papendieck	1,880,000	1,853,500	1,484,211	378,948	1,880,000	740,000
B. Thomas	10,000	370,000	-	-	3,334	755,834
I. Finch	-	500,000	-	394,737	-	500,000
K. Petersen	2,095,000	-	1,484,211	-	1,980,000	-
TOTAL	4,051,667	8,421,781	2,968,422	773,685	3,880,001	5,294,548

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

During the transitional financial period, there were 5 meetings of Directors, held with the following attendances:

Directors	Meetings Attended	Meetings Eligible to Attend
	Attended	Eligible to Attella
J. Hannaford	5	5
M. Papendieck	5	5
B. Thomas	5	5
I. Finch	5	5
K. Petersen	4	5

One meeting was held by the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee during the six months ended 31 December 2014.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and key management personnel of the Company for the six months ended 31 December 2014. The information contained in this report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The information provided includes remuneration disclosures that are required under Accounting Standard AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures". These disclosures have been transferred from the financial report.

This remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel ("KMP") who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company, and includes the following executives in the Company:

Key Management Personnel

Directors:

Mr John Hannaford (Non-Executive Chairman)

Mr Mark Papendieck (Managing Director)

Mr Brian Thomas (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Ian Finch (Non-Executive Director)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Executives:

Dr Klaus Petersen (Technical Executive & Alternate Director to Mr Papendieck and Mr Finch)

Remuneration Policy

The Company's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel. The Company has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align Director and Executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

Executive reward is linked to shareholder value by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's financial results. The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain high calibre management personnel and Directors to run and manage the Company.

Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-Executive Director and Executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the Non-Executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees per annum that can be paid to non-executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$250,000).

Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Company. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in employee incentive option plans that may exist from time to time.

Executive Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been designed to align Executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing fixed remuneration, in line with market rates, and variable remuneration. The Board of Orinoco believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives to run and manage the Group, as well as create goal congruence between Executives and Shareholders.

Fixed Remuneration

In setting competitive remuneration, the Board compares industry standard and remuneration packages of comparable companies. The Board reviews KMP packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

All Executives receive a base salary (which is based on length of service and experience), and superannuation. The proportion of an executive's total fixed salary package that is paid as superannuation is at the discretion of the Executive, subject to compliance with relevant superannuation guarantee legislation.

The fixed remuneration of the Company's KMP is detailed in the table below.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Variable Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders and Directors and key management personnel. Currently, this is facilitated through the payment cash bonuses upon specific performance criteria in line with increases in the enterprise value of the Company and the issue of options to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of variable remuneration: relationship between remuneration and company performance

The overall level of Executive reward takes into account the performance of the Company over a number of years, with greater emphasis given to the current and prior year. The main performance criteria used in determining the executive reward remuneration is increasing shareholder value through aligning the Company with high quality exploration assets. Due to the nature of the Company's principal activities, the Directors assess the performance of the Company with regard to the price of the Company's ordinary shares listed on the ASX and the market capitalisation of the Company.

Cash bonuses paid to Executives are based on growth in the enterprise value of the Company. Directors and executives are also issued options to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. Options issued to Directors may be subject to market based price hurdles and vesting conditions, and the exercise price of options is set at a level that encourages the Directors to focus on share price appreciation. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. Key Management Personnel are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

On the resignation of Directors any vested options issued as remuneration are retained by the relevant party.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives such as options. The policy is designed to reward key management personnel for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder value.

The Company does not currently have a policy pertaining to Directors hedging their exposure to risks associated to the Company's securities they receive as compensation.

During the period the Board completed a self-performance evaluation at a Director and Board level.

Service Contracts

Remuneration and other terms of employment for Executives are formalised in executive service agreements. Major provisions of the agreements existing at balance date relating to remuneration are set out below.

Mark Papendieck - Managing Director

- Term of Agreement ongoing subject to annual review.
- Fixed Remuneration \$200,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation.
- Variable Remuneration The Company will pay the Executive a performance based bonus of \$100,000, upon the enterprise value of the Company exceeding \$30 million for 20 consecutive trading days.
- Termination Provisions The Executive may terminate the agreement without cause by giving 3
 months written notice. The Company may terminate the agreement without cause by giving 6 months
 written notice.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Dr Klaus Petersen - Technical Executive

- Term of Agreement ongoing subject to annual review.
- Fixed Remuneration \$200,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation.
- Variable Remuneration The Company will pay the Executive a performance based bonus of \$100,000, upon the enterprise value of the Company exceeding \$30 million for 20 consecutive trading days.
- Termination Provisions The Executive may terminate the agreement without cause by giving 3 months written notice. The Company may terminate the agreement without cause by giving 6 months written notice.

Non-Executive Directors

Upon appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the office of Director.

The key terms of the Non-Executive Director service agreements are as follows:

- Term of Agreement ongoing subject to annual review.
- Directors' Fees of \$30,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation.
- There is no notice period stipulated to terminate the contract by either party.

Remuneration of Key Management Personnel

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the key management personnel (as defined in AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*) of Orinoco Gold Limited are set out in the following table.

Key Management Personnel of Orinoco Gold Limited

Remuneration for the six months ended 31 December 2014

	Short Terr	m Benefits	Post- Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments		
Key Management Personnel	Salary and Fees	Non- Monetary	Super- annuation \$	Options	Total \$	% of remuneration performance related
Directors		•				
J. Hannaford	15,000	-	1,425	-	16,425	-
M. Papendieck	100,000	-	9,500	-	109,500	-
B. Thomas	15,000	-	1,425	-	16,425	-
I. Finch	15,000	-	1,425	-	16,425	-
Total Directors	145,000	-	13,775	-	158,775	-
Executives						
K. Petersen	100,000	-	9,500	-	109,500	-
Total	245,000	-	23,275	-	268,275	-

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Remuneration for the twelve months ended 30 June 2014

	Short Terr	m Benefits	Post- Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments		
Key Management Personnel	Salary and Fees	Non- Monetary	Super- annuation \$	Options	Total	% of remuneration performance related
Directors						
J. Hannaford	30,000	-	2,775	-	32,775	-
M. Papendieck	200,000	-	18,500	-	218,500	-
B. Thomas	30,000	-	2,775	-	32,775	-
I. Finch	30,000	-	2,775	-	32,775	-
Total Directors	290,000	-	26,825	-	316,825	-
Executives						
K. Petersen	200,000	-	18,500	-	218,500	-
Total	490,000	-	45,325	-	535,325	-

Share-based compensation

There was no share-based compensation for the Directors in either the current period or prior year.

Share Holdings of Key Management Personnel

The number of ordinary shares of Orinoco Gold Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Director and key management personnel, including their personally-related entities for the six months ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

Directors	Held at 1 July 2014	Movement during the period	Options Exercised	Held at 31 December 2014
J. Hannaford	5,764,948	-	-	5,764,948
M. Papendieck	3,733,500	-	-	3,733,500
B. Thomas	380,000	-	-	380,000
I. Finch	500,000	-	-	500,000
K. Petersen	2,095,000	-	-	2,095,000
Total	12,473,448	-	-	12,473,448

Option Holdings of Key Management Personnel

The number of options over ordinary shares in Orinoco Gold Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Director and key management personnel, including their personally-related entities for the six months ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

Directors	Held at 1 July 2014	Movement during the period	Options Exercised	Held at 31 December 2014	Vested and exercisable at 31 December 2014
J. Hannaford	3,315,381	-	-	3,315,381	3,315,381
M. Papendieck	2,620,000	-	-	2,620,000	2,620,000
B. Thomas	759,168	-	-	759,168	759,168
I. Finch	500,000	-	-	500,000	500,000
K. Petersen	1,980,000	-	-	1,980,000	1,980,000
Total	9,174,549	-	-	9,174,549	9,174,549

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Other Related Party Transactions

Transactions with other related parties are made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd, a company of which Mr John Hannaford is a Director, provides the Group with company secretarial services, office accommodation and corporate services in relation to the administration of the Group on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

A summary of the total fees paid to Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd for the period ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Serviced office, company secretarial & CFO services, bookkeeping services, IT support, corporate advisory, general administration and registered office	84,000	132,000	
Financial accounting and corporate advisory services	13,825	18,688	
Total	97,825	150,688	

The total amount of fees due to Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd as at 31 December 2014 was \$12,789 (30 June 2014: \$25,347).

*****END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT*******

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this report, there are no likely developments in the operations of the Group that were not finalised at the date of this report.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the six months ended 31 December 2014 has been received and can be found on page 25.

AUDITOR

HLB Mann Judd continues in office in accordance with Section 327 of the Corporation Act 2001.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the six months ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

During the period, the auditors did not provide any non-audit services to the Group.

SHARE OPTIONS

Shares under Option

At the date of this report there are 62,242,756 unissued shares under option outstanding.

		Exercise	Number of shares
Date Granted	Expiry Date	Price	under option
11 February 2011	31 May 2015	\$0.25	1,500,000
30 March 2011*	31 May 2015	\$0.25	3,000,000
30 August 2011*	31 May 2015	\$0.25	1,000,000
30 August 2011	31 May 2015	\$0.25	3,000,000
23 January 2012	31 May 2015	\$0.25	5,201,500
30 January 2012	31 May 2015	\$0.25	2,798,500
5 April 2012*	31 May 2015	\$0.25	100,000
5 April 2012*	30 November 2015	\$0.35	100,000
31 October 2012*	31 October 2017	\$0.25	11,000,000
31 July 2013*	31 July 2015	\$0.30	1,000,000
31 July 2013*	31 July 2016	\$0.30	1,700,000
19 March 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	4,877,281
24 March 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	7,237,500
24 March 2014*	31 May 2015	\$0.25	1,500,000
2 April 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	1,561,308
23 April 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	500,000
15 May 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	666,667
12 June 2014	31 May 2015	\$0.25	500,000
11 August 2014*	31 May 2017	\$0.25	7,000,000
11 August 2014*	1 March 2016	\$0.20	4,000,000
22 August 2014*	1 March 2016	\$0.20	4,000,000
Total			62,242,756

^{*} Unlisted options

These options do not entitle the holders to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to Section 306(3) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Mr John Hannaford

Chairman

Perth

31 March 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Competent Person's Statement: The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Dr Klaus Petersen who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and CREA and Dr. Marcelo Juliano de Carvalho who is member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Dr Klaus Petersen and Dr. Marcelo Juliano de Carvalho are employees of Orinoco Gold Limited and have sufficient experience, which is relevant to the style of mineralisation under consideration and to the activity that they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Dr Klaus Petersen and Dr. Marcelo Juliano de Carvalho consent to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Previous Reported Results: There is information in this report relating to Exploration Results at Cascavel. Full details of the Results were included in the following ASX Release and are available to view on the Company's website www.orinocogold.com:

- 1. 28 November 2014 Low Cost Development & Exploration Upside Highlight Cascavel Opportunity
- 2. 23 October 2013 Cascavel: More Bonanza Results Extend Current High Grade Zone to 15m @ 88g/t Au
- 14 May 2014 "Outstanding Gold Grade from Latest Cascavel Bulk Sample"
- 4. 7 July 2014 Bonanza Gold Results up to 27 oz/tonne from Cascavel Exploration Decline
- 5. 14 May 2014 Outstanding Gold Grade from Latest Cascavel Bulk Sample
- 6. 20 January 2014 Successful Bulk Sampling Highlights the Opportunity for High Grade Development at Cascavel Gold Project.
- 7. 8 October 2012 High-Grade Gold Results Returned From Curral De Pedra Project, Brazil
- 8. 12 December 2012 Hits of up to 193gpt Au confirm mineralisation over 620m down dip

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Exploration Results in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Forward-Looking Statements:

This Report includes "forward-looking statements" as that term within the meaning of securities laws of applicable jurisdictions. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are in some cases beyond Orinoco Gold Limited's control. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, all statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including, without limitation, those regarding Orinoco Gold Limited's future expectations. Readers can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "aim," "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "risk," "should," "will" or "would" and other similar expressions. Risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause Orinoco Gold Limited's actual results, performance, production or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements (and from past results, performance or achievements). These factors include, but are not limited to, the failure to complete and commission the mine facilities, processing plant and related infrastructure in the time frame and within estimated costs currently planned; variations in global demand and price for coal and base metal materials; fluctuations in exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar, the Brazilian Real and the Australian dollar; the failure of Orinoco Gold Limited's suppliers, service providers and partners to fulfil their obligations under construction, supply and other agreements; unforeseen geological, physical or meteorological conditions, natural disasters or cyclones; changes in the regulatory environment, industrial disputes, labour shortages, political and other factors; the inability to obtain additional financing, if required, on commercially suitable terms; and global and regional economic conditions. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The information concerning possible production in this announcement is not intended to be a forecast. They are internally generated goals set by the board of directors of Orinoco Gold Limited. The ability of the company to achieve any targets will be largely determined by the company's ability to secure adequate funding, implement mining plans, resolve logistical issues associated with mining and enter into any necessary off take arrangements with reputable third parties. Although Orinoco Gold Limited believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

It is common practice for a company to comment on and discuss its exploration in terms of target size and type. Any information relating to the exploration target should not be misunderstood or misconstrued as an estimate of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves. Hence the terms Resource(s) or Reserve(s) have not been used in this context. The potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature, since there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Orinoco Gold Limited and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. The Company has adopted systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance.

The Board is committed to administering the policies and procedures with openness and integrity, pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Company's needs. The Corporate Governance Statement has been structured with reference to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2010 Amendments 2nd edition to the extent that they are applicable to the Company.

Information about the Company's corporate governance practices at 31 December 2014 is set out below.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company's Constitution provides that the number of Directors shall not be less than three. There is no requirement for any shareholding qualification.

If the Company's activities increase in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board will be reviewed periodically and the optimum number of Directors required to adequately supervise the Company's activities will be determined within the limitations imposed by the Constitution and as circumstances demand.

The membership of the Board, its activities and composition is subject to periodic review. The criteria for determining the identification and application of a suitable candidate for the Board shall include quality of the individual, background of experience and achievement, compatibility with other Board members, credibility within the Company's scope of activities, intellectual ability to contribute to Board duties and physical ability to undertake Board duties and responsibilities.

Directors are initially appointed by the full Board, subject to election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting. Under the Company's Constitution the tenure of a Director (other than Managing Director, and only one Managing Director where the position is jointly held) is subject to reappointment by shareholders not later than the third anniversary following his or her last appointment. Subject to the requirements of the Corporations Act, the Board does not subscribe to the principle of retirement age and there is no maximum period of service as a Director. A Managing Director may be appointed for the year and on any terms the Directors think fit and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into, the appointment may be revoked on notice.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has established an Audit Committee which consists of only Non-Executive Directors, being Brian Thomas, Ian Finch and John Hannaford. Brian Thomas acts as Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The role of the Audit Committee is to:

- (a) Monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Company, reviewing significant financial reporting judgements;
- (b) Review the Company's internal financial control systems and, unless expressly addressed by a separate risk committee or by the Board itself, risk management systems;
- (c) Monitor and review the external audit function including matters concerning appointment and remuneration, independence and non-audit services; and
- (d) Perform such other functions as assigned by law, the Company's constitution, or the Board.

The Board has established a framework for the management of the Group including a system of internal controls, a business risk management process and the establishment of appropriate ethical standards.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

The Board has also established a Remuneration Committee. The members of this Committee are Brian Thomas, Ian Finch and John Hannaford. The Remuneration Committee may obtain independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages.

INDEPENDENCE

Given the Company's present size and scope, it is currently not Company's policy to have a majority of independent Directors. Directors have been selected to bring specific skills and industry experience to the Company. The Board has an expansive range of relevant industry experience, financial, legal and other skills and expertise to meet its objectives. All current board members are independent Directors.

When determining the independent status of each Director the board has considered whether the Director:

- Is a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- Is employed, or has previously been employed in an executive capacity by the Company, and there
 has not been a period of at least three years between ceasing such an employment and serving on
 the board.
- Has within the last three years been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company, or an employee materially associated with the services provided.
- Is a material supplier or customer of the Company, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer.
- Has a material contractual relationship with the Company other than as a Director.

APPOINTMENTS TO OTHER BOARDS

Directors are required to take into consideration any potential conflicts of interest when accepting appointments to other boards.

INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONAL ADVICE

The Board has determined that individual Directors have the right in connection with their duties and responsibilities as Directors, to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. With the exception of expenses for legal advice in relation to Directors' rights and duties, the engagement of an outside adviser is subject to prior approval of the Chairman and this will not be withheld unreasonably.

GENDER DIVERSITY

The Company has not adopted an express policy specifically addressing the achievement of gender diversity. Due to the current limited size of the Board, the Board does not consider it necessary to have a gender diversity policy, but will consider adopting a policy in the future. Furthermore, the Company has not set any objectives for achieving gender diversity. Should a gender diversity policy be considered appropriate for the Company in the future due to increases in size of the organisation, the policy will specifically deal with the objectives for achieving diversity.

The Company's corporate code of conduct provides a framework for undertaking ethical conduct in employment. Under the corporate code of conduct, the Company will not tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment in the workplace.

The Group currently has no female board members or senior executives.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

CONTINUOUS REVIEW OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors consider, on an ongoing basis, how management information is presented to them and whether such information is sufficient to enable them to discharge their duties as Directors of the Company. Such information must be sufficient to enable the Directors to determine appropriate operating and financial strategies from time to time in light of changing circumstances and economic conditions. The Directors recognise that gold exploration is a business with inherent risks and that operational strategies adopted should, notwithstanding, be directed towards improving or maintaining the net worth of the Company.

CODE OF CONDUCT

| OL DELSOUAI | MSE OUI

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Company executives that promote the highest standards of ethics and integrity in carrying out their duties to the Company.

The Code of Conduct can be found on the Company's website at www.orinocogold.com.

RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

The identification and management of risk, including calculated risk-taking activity is viewed by management as an essential component in creating shareholder value.

Management is responsible for developing, maintaining and improving the Company's risk management and internal control system. Management provides the board with periodic reports identifying areas of potential risks and the safeguards in place to efficiently manage material business risks. These risk management and internal control systems are in place to protect the financial statements of the entity from potential misstatement, and the Board is responsible for satisfying itself annually, or more frequently as required, that management has developed a sound system of risk management and internal control.

Strategic and operational risks are reviewed at least annually as part of the forecasting and budgeting process. The Company has identified and actively monitors risks inherent in the industry in which the Company operates.

The Board also receives a written assurance from the Chairman and Company Secretary that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the declaration provided to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control, and that the system is operating effectively in relation to financial reporting risks. The Board notes that due to its nature, internal control assurance from the Chairman and Company Secretary can only be reasonable rather than absolute. This is due to such factors as the need for judgement, the use of testing on a sample basis, the inherent limitations in internal control and because much of the evidence is persuasive rather than conclusive and therefore is not and cannot be designed to detect all weaknesses in internal control procedures.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

ASX PRINCIPLES OF GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board has reviewed its current practices in light of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2010 Amendments 2nd edition with a view to making amendments where applicable after considering the Company's size and the resources it has available.

As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of any additional formal corporate governance committees will be given further consideration.

The following table sets out the ASX Corporate Governance Guidelines with which the Company does not comply:

comply:	,	• •
	ASX Principle	Reference/comment
Principle	2: Structure the Board to add value	e
2.4	The Board should establish a nomination committee	The Board has no formal nomination committee. Acting in its ordinary capacity from time to time as required, the Board carries out the process of determining the need for, screening of and appointing of new Directors. In view of the size and resources available to the Company, it is not considered that a separate nomination committee would add any substance to this process.
Principle	3: Promote ethical and responsible	e decision-making
3.2 – 3.3	The Board should establish a policy concerning diversity	The Company does not have an express policy specifically addressing the achievement of gender diversity. Due to the current limited size of the Board, the Board does not consider it necessary to have a gender diversity policy, but will consider adopting a policy in the future.
		The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a corporate code of conduct, which provides a framework for undertaking ethical conduct in employment. Under the corporate code of conduct, the Company will not tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment in the workplace.
Principle	8: Remunerate fairly and responsil	bly
8.3	Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive Directors' remuneration from that of executive Directors and senior executives	The Board acknowledges the grant of options to Directors is contrary to Recommendation 8.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. However, the Board considers the grant of Director Options to be reasonable in the circumstances, given the necessity to attract and retain the highest calibre of professionals to

the Company, whilst maintaining the Company's cash reserves.







AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of Orinoco Gold Limited for the period ended 31 December 2014, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth, Western Australia 31 March 2015

L Di Giallonardo **Partner**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOMEFor the six months ended 31 December 2014

		Consolidated			
	Note	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$		
		•	•		
Revenue					
Finance income	4	14,531	62,796		
Total Revenue		14,531	62,796		
Financial administration, insurance and compliance costs		(387,648)	(837,728)		
Exploration expenditure written off as incurred	5	(1,180,182)	(3,296,438)		
Write off of capitalised exploration expenditure	10	-	(848,741)		
Employee expenses	5	(279,355)	(576,699)		
Depreciation	11	(18,022)	(11,263)		
Other expenses		(130,610)	(342,779)		
Total Expenses		(1,995,817)	(5,913,648)		
Loss before income tax expense		(1,981,286)	(5,850,852)		
Income tax (expense) / benefit	7	-	-		
Loss after income tax		(1,981,286)	(5,850,852)		
Other Comprehensive Income:					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(36,575)	(86,292)		
Total Other Comprehensive Loss, net of tax		(36,575)	(86,292)		
Total Comprehensive Loss		(2,017,861)	(5,937,144)		
Loss attributable to:					
Owners of the parent entity		(1,719,246)	(4,789,464)		
Non-controlling interest		(262,040)	(1,061,388)		
-		(1,981,286)	(5,850,852)		
Total Comprehensive Loss attributable to:					
Owners of the parent entity		(1,755,821)	(4,875,756)		
Non-controlling interest		(262,040)	(1,061,388)		
-		(2,017,861)	(5,937,144)		
Basic and Diluted Loss per share – cents per share	6	(1.41)	(5.48)		

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2014

	Consolidated			
	31 Note	December 2014 \$	30 June 2014 \$	
ASSETS	Note	Φ	Φ	
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	8	1,219,722	1,179,783	
Other receivables	9	299,300	142,134	
Total Current Assets	_	1,519,022	1,321,917	
Non-Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment	11	172,027	89,770	
Investments		14,564	15,476	
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	10	14,768,153	13,921,883	
Total Non-Current Assets	_	14,954,744	14,027,129	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	16,473,766	15,349,046	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	12	722,965	412,070	
Other current liabilities	13	582,483	477,707	
Total Current Liabilities	_	1,305,448	889,777	
Non-Current Liabilities				
Other Non-current liabilities	13	29,312	_	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	29,312	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	1,334,760	889,777	
	_			
NET ASSETS		15,139,006	14,459,269	
EQUITY				
Issued capital	14	20,665,007	18,557,960	
Reserves	14	2,719,061	2,182,336	
Accumulated losses		(10,322,155)	(8,602,909)	
Parent interest		13,061,913	12,137,387	
Non-controlling interest		2,077,093	2,321,882	
TOTAL EQUITY	_	15,139,006	14,459,269	

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

>>> ==================================	Consolidated 6 months ended 31 December 2014	Note	Issued Capital \$	Options Reserve \$	Foreign Exchange Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Non- Controlling Interest \$	Total Equity \$
	Total equity at 1 July 2014		18,557,960	2,218,232	(35,896)	(8,602,909)	2,321,882	14,459,269
	Total comprehensive loss for the 6 months							
15)	Loss for the six months ended 31 December 2014		-	-	-	(1,719,246)	(262,040)	(1,981,286)
	Total other comprehensive loss		-	-	(36,575)	-	-	(36,575)
ス マ	Total comprehensive loss for the 6 months	_	-	-	(36,575)	(1,719,246)	(262,040)	(2,017,861)
2	Transactions with equity holders:							
	Non-controlling share of exploration and evaluation expenditure acquired	10	-	-	-	-	17,251	17,251
9	Issue of shares	14	2,126,650	-	-	-	-	2,126,650
	Capital raising costs	14	(19,603)	-	-	-	-	(19,603)
	Issue of options – project acquisition consideration	10	-	573,300	-	-	-	573,300
(2)	Total equity at 31 December 2014		20,665,007	2,791,532	(72,471)	(10,322,155)	2,077,093	15,139,006

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTNUED)

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

Consolidated 12 months ended 30 June 2014	Note	Issued Capital \$	Options Reserve \$	Foreign Exchange Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Non- Controlling Interest \$	Total Equity \$
Total equity at 1 July 2013		14,611,900	1,949,322	50,396	(3,813,445)	2,356,099	15,154,272
Total comprehensive loss for the year							
Loss for the year		-	-	-	(4,789,464)	(1,061,388)	(5,850,852)
Total other comprehensive loss	_	-	-	(86,292)			(86,292)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(86,292)	(4,789,464)	(1,061,388)	(5,937,144)
Transactions with equity holders:							
Non-controlling share of exploration and evaluation exp	penditure 10	-	-	-	-	1,027,171	1,027,171
acquired Issue of shares	14	4,149,148	-	-	-	-	4,149,148
Capital raising costs	14	(203,088)	-	-	-	-	(203,088)
Issue of options – share based payments	14	-	268,910	-	-	-	268,910
Total equity at 30 June 2014		18,557,960	2,218,232	(35,896)	(8,602,909)	2,321,882	14,459,269

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

Consolidated

	Note	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		44.504	00.700
Interest received		14,531	62,796
Payments to suppliers and employees		(683,240)	(1,319,643)
Exploration expenditure		(1,152,317)	(3,355,375)
Net cash used in operating activities	15	(1,821,026)	(4,612,222)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash paid on acquisition of prospects		(213,155)	(538,421)
Cash paid on potential acquisition of prospects		-	(62,653)
Cash paid on acquisition of property, plant & equipment		(20,679)	(20,917)
Net cash used in investing activities		(233,834)	(621,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issues of shares and options	14	2,126,650	2,768,543
Capital raising costs		(7,047)	(86,837)
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,119,603	2,681,706
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		64,743	(2,552,507)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1,179,783	3,822,255
Effects of foreign exchange		(24,804)	(89,965)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	8	1,219,722	1,179,783

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY

Orinoco Gold Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the six months ended 31 December 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

The Company has changed its financial year end date from 30 June to 31 December and this has necessitated the presentation of an "annual report" for the six month transitional financial period ended 31 December 2014.

A description of the nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities is included in the Directors' Report which does not form part of this financial report.

NOTE 2: BASIS OF PREPARATION

This General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (including Australian Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The Financial Statements and Notes of the Company comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the Financial Statements and Notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Orinoco Gold Limited is a company limited by shares. The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

This Financial Report was approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2015.

Going Concern

The loss of the second second

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group generated a comprehensive loss after tax for the six months ended 31 December 2014 of \$2,017,861 (twelve months to 30 June 2014: \$5,937,144), had a net working capital surplus of \$213,574 at 31 December 2014 (30 June 2014: \$432,140) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities for the six months to 31 December 2014 of \$1,821,026 (twelve months to 30 June 2014: \$4,612,222). The Group had a cash balance of \$1,219,722 at 31 December 2014 (30 June 2014: \$1,179,783).

Subsequent to the financial period end, the Company agreed to terms for a financing package of up to AUD\$14million to finance the construction and development of its flagship Cascavel Gold Project and for working capital purposes. The package includes a gold sharing arrangement of up to USD\$8million with a private Singaporean mining investment group, a share placement of \$1,015,000 and a non-renounceable entitlements issue to raise approximately \$2,700,000

The Directors believe that its existing cash reserves, together with the subsequent capital raisings and gold sharing arrangement, will be sufficient to meet the Group's working capital requirements and exploration commitments for a period of at least 12 months from the date of this financial report. Accordingly, the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

Should the Group not be successful in raising funds from the above sources or from other sources sufficient to meet the Group's working capital requirements and exploration and development commitments for a period of at least 12 months from the date this financial report is signed, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern and, therefore, whether it will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Historical Cost Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are:

A. Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Orinoco Gold Limited ("Company") as at 31 December 2014 and the results of all subsidiaries for the six months then ended. Orinoco Gold Limited and its subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as the Group.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-Group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Control exists where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing when the Group controls another entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting involves recognising at acquisition date, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at their acquisition date fair values.

Unrealised gains or transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held by the Group and are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. Losses are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to owners of Orinoco Gold Limited.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Basis of Consolidation (continued)

When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the relevant assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable Standards).

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly controlled entity.

B. Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

This includes start-up operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the board of directors.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision maker – being the Board of Directors.

The Group aggregates two or more operating segments when they have similar economic characteristics, and the segments are similar in the nature of the minerals targeted.

Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria as prescribed by AASB 8 are reported separately. However, an operating segment that does not meet the quantitative criteria is still reported separately where information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Information about other business activities and operating segments that are below the quantitative criteria are combined and disclosed in a separate category for "all other segments".

C. Foreign Currency Translation

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

As at the balance date the assets and liabilities of the Brazilian subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of Orinoco Gold Limited (being Australian Dollars) at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date and items in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are translated at the weighted average exchange rate for the period.

The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to a separate component of equity, being the foreign currency translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign entity, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in equity relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

E. Goods and Services Tax & Value Added Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST") and/or Value Added Tax (VAT), except where the amount of tax incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which case the amount of tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense item as applicable. Receivables and Payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of the tax amount.

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the tax component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

F. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of selling the receivables. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

G. Exploration, Evaluation and Development Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure is written off as incurred. Costs of acquisition of prospects are capitalised and only carried forward to the extent that rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and at least one of the following conditions is met:

- a) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploration of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; or
- b) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the balance date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the areas of interest are continuing.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit/loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous periods.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

When a decision has been made to proceed with development in respect to a particular area of interest, the relevant exploration and evaluation asset is tested for impairment and the balance is then reclassified to development.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

H. Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the items. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the reporting period in which they were incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate asset costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Computer Equipment 3 years
 Software 3 years
 Plant & Equipment 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

I. Impairment of Assets

Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount the asset or cash generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value less costs to sell and it does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (group of assets) to which the asset belongs.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

J. Share-Based Payments

The Group has provided payments to related parties in the form of share-based compensation, whereby related parties render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the shares or rights at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black & Scholes methodology.

The Black & Scholes option pricing model takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions, but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the year end in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant parties become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

L. Finance Income and Expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on disposal of financial assets and changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

Finance expenses comprise changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

M. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

N. Earnings per Share

i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at balance date.

ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

O. Trade and other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

P. Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions (continued)

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure (costs of acquisition of prospects)

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Group decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is determined not to be recoverable in the future, results and net assets will be reduced in the year in which this determination is made.

In addition, exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised if activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. To the extent it is determined in the future that this capitalised expenditure should be written off, results and net assets will be reduced in the period in which this determination is made.

ii) Recoverability of potential deferred tax assets

The Group recognises deferred income tax assets in respect of tax losses to the extent that it is probable that the future utilisation of these losses is considered probable. Assessing the future utilisation of these losses requires the Group to make significant estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, this could result in significant changes to the deferred income tax assets recognised, which would in turn impact the financial results.

iii) Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with management and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors using the Black & Scholes valuation method, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the equity instruments were granted. The assumptions in relation to the valuation of the equity instruments are detailed in Note 17: Share Based Payments. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact expenses and equity.

Q. Parent Entity Financial Information

The financial information for the parent entity, Orinoco Gold Limited, disclosed in Note 21 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except as set out below.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the parent entity's financial statements. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity's profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Years

In the six months ended 31 December 2014, the Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the current reporting period.

It has been determined by the Directors that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of any new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change is necessary to the Group's accounting policies.

The Directors have also reviewed all new Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective for the six months ended 31 December 2014. As a result of this review the Directors have determined that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change necessary to the Group's accounting policies.

NOTE 4: FINANCE REVENUE

	Conso	lidated
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Finance Revenue		
Interest revenue	14,531	62,796
Total Finance Revenue	14,531	62,796

NOTE 5: LOSS

Loss before income tax has been determined after charging the following expenses:

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Exploration expenditure written off as incurred	1,180,182	3,296,438	
Employee benefit expense:			
Wage & Consulting fees	279,355	424,039	
Equity settled share based payments	-	152,660	
	279,355	576,699	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 6: LOSS PER SHARE

	Consolidated			
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$		
Basic and diluted loss per share - cents	(1.41)	(5.48)		
Loss used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	(1,719,246)	(4,789,464)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in calculation of basic loss per share	121,434,757	87,413,201		
Weighted average number of options outstanding Less: anti-dilutive options	58,641,663 (58,641,663)	34,566,128 (34,566,128)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in calculation of diluted loss per share	121,434,757	87,413,201		

Options outstanding during the period have not been taken into account in the calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares as they are considered anti-dilutive.

NOTE 7: INCOME TAX

	Conso	lidated
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
(a) Income tax expense		
The major components of income tax expense are:		
Current Income Tax		
Current income tax charge	-	-
Deferred income tax		
Relating to movements in temporary differences	-	-
Income tax benefit reported in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	-	-

(b) Amounts charged directly to equity

There were no amounts charged directly to equity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 7: INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

(c) Numerical reconciliation between aggregate tax expense recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and tax expense calculated per the statutory income tax rate

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit/(loss) before income tax multiplied by the Company's applicable income tax rate is as follows:

	Consc	olidated
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Accounting loss before income tax	(1,981,286)	(5,850,852)
Income tax / (benefit) at the statutory income tax rate of 30%	(594,386)	(1,755,256)
Tax effect of expenditure not allowable for tax purposes		
Accruals	39,746	48,835
Share based payments	-	45,798
Write off of capitalised exploration expenditure	-	254,622
Other	(36,607)	(45,230)
Unrecognised tax losses	591,247	1,451,231
Movements in deferred tax balances	-	-
Income tax expense / (benefit)	-	-

Orinoco Gold Limited has unrecognised tax losses arising in Australia which are available indefinitely to offset against future profits of the Company providing the tests for deductibility against future profits are met.

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Unrecognised Deferred Tax Assets in relation to:			
Australian Tax Losses	1,308,729	1,061,212	
Temporary Differences	70,146	54,254	

NOTE 8: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Conso	lidated
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Reconciliation to Statement of Financial Position		
Cash at bank	1,219,722	1,179,783
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents (1)	1,219,722	1,179,783

⁽¹⁾ Cash at bank is subject to floating interest rates at an effective interest rate of 2.06% (30 June 2014: 2.40%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 9: OTHER RECEIVABLES

	n Taxes (Brazil) 182,055 111,755	
		30 June 2014
Current:		
Other receivables – GST (Australia)	15,912	12,316
Other receivables - Contribution Taxes (Brazil)	182,055	111,755
Prepaid expenses	101,333	18,063
Total Other Receivables	299,300	142,134

The above amounts do not bear interest and their carrying amount is equivalent to their fair value.

NOTE 10: EXPLORATION & EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	Consc	lidated
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Costs carried forward in respect of areas of interest in the following phases: Exploration and evaluation		
Prospect acquisition costs	14,768,153	13,921,883
Reconciliation: A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation expenditure is set out below:		
Balance at beginning of the year	13,921,883	11,346,721
Acquisition costs incurred during the year	788,767 ⁽¹⁾	3,423,903
Foreign exchange differences on retention payments made during the period Foreign exchange differences on outstanding retention	1,202	-
payments at period end	56,301	-
Write off of capitalised exploration expenditure		(848,741)
Total Deferred Exploration Expenditure	14,768,153	13,921,883

The recoupment of costs carried forward in relation to areas of interest in the exploration and evaluation phase is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas.

(1) Acquisition of Sertão Mineração Ltda (SML)

On the 18th February 2014, Orinoco announced it had reached an agreement with ASX Listed Troy Resources Limited and Amazonia Mineração Ltda to acquire the leases encompassing the former Sertão gold mine in Brazil which are held by Sertão Mineração Ltda (SML).

In consideration for the purchase of 100% of the issued capital of SML, Orinoco committed to:

 Issue Troy (70%) and Amazônia Mineração Ltda (30%) a total of 7,000,000 unlisted options with a three-year term from the date of issue and an exercise price of \$0.25;

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 10: EXPLORATION & EVALUATION EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)

- Pay an amount of BR\$495,000 to the Brazilian taxation office representing a disputed item from SML's 2008 tax return. This payment will fall due at an undetermined future date;
- Share equally with the vendors the future benefit of tax credits that currently exist within SML. Existing
 tax credits are estimated to be in the order of BR\$7.5 million;
- Pay the following royalties to the Vendors in relation to gold produced from the Mining Leases currently owned by SML:
 - o a 2% Net Smelter Return on the first 90,000oz of gold produced from the Mining Leases; and
 - o a 0.75% Net Smelter Return on the next 90,000oz of gold produced from the Mining Leases.

The agreement was subject to several conditions precedent including:

- The signing of the Binding Terms Sheet by Amazônia;
- The affirmation of the Sertão Mining Lease by the National Department of Mineral Production Brazil following the recent submission by SML of a (non JORC compliant) Reserve calculation at Sertão; and
- Orinoco shareholder approval of the option issue.

Shareholder approval for the issue of 7,000,000 unlisted options expiring on 31 May 2017 with an exercise price of 25 cents each was received on 19 May 2014. The unlisted options were subsequently allotted on 12 August 2014 following satisfaction of the above conditions.

The acquisition of the subsidiary has been accounted for as an asset acquisition rather than a business combination as the Directors do not consider that the subsidiary's operations constitute a business under AASB 3.

The fair value consideration recognised for the acquisition of Sertão Mineração Ltda (SML) during the period comprised of:

Consideration	AUD\$
Issue of 7,000,000 unlisted options	573,300 ⁽¹⁾
Brazilian taxation office disputed claim (BR\$495,000)	227,429
Cash received from Sertão Mineração Ltda (SML) upon acquisition	(11,962)
Total consideration	788,767

⁽¹⁾ Details of the option valuation are set out below.

Fair Value of Sertão Acqusition Options

The options issued to Troy Resources Limited and Amazônia Mineração Ltda were issued on the following terms and conditions:

 Date Granted	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Options Issued
11 August 2014	31 May 2017	\$0.25	7,000,000

There are no voting rights attached, the options are not transferable and they may be exercised at any time until 31 May 2017 and are not subject to an escrow period or vesting conditions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 10: EXPLORATION & EVALUATION EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)

The details of the options issued as part of the acquisition consideration are as follows:

2014			Torms 9	Conditions			Vosto	٨
Granted			i ei iiis a	Conditions	•		Vested	
#	Grant Date	Fair Value at Grant Date	Exercise Price per Option	Expiry Date	First Exercise Date	Last Exercise Date	Yes	%
7,000,000	12/08/14	\$0.0819	\$0.25	31/05/14	12/08/14	31/05/17	7,000,000	100%

The fair value of options issued has been determined using a Black & Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the options, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the options, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying shares, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the options.

The table below summarises the model inputs for options granted during the period:

Model Inputs	
Options granted as part of acquisition consideration	7,000,000
2. Exercise price (cents):	25
3. Valuation date:	12 August 2014
4. Expiry date:	31 May 2017
5. Underlying security spot price at grant date (cents):	12.5
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares:	135%
7. Expected dividend yield:	0%
8. Risk-free interest rate:	2.88%
Black & Scholes Valuation per Option (cents)	8.19

NOTE 11: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Discrete 0	Computer	
	Plant & Equipment	Equipment & Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2013	58,061	19,105	77,166
Additions	18,986	4,881	23,867
Depreciation for the year	(6,515)	(4,748)	(11,263)
Balance at 30 June 2014	70,532	19,238	89,770
Additions	100,279	-	100,279
Depreciation for the six months	(15,488)	(2,534)	(18,022)
Balance at 31 December 2014	155,323	16,704	172,027
At 31 December 2014			
Cost	177,326	23,680	201,006
Accumulated depreciation	(22,003)	(6,976)	(28,979)
Net book value	155,323	16,704	172,027
At 30 June 2014			
Cost	77,047	23,680	100,727
Accumulated depreciation	(6,515)	(4,442)	(10,957)
Net book value	70,532	19,238	89,770

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 12: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Current:			
Trade payables (1)	403,490	197,926	
Accruals	65,481	68,036	
Other payables (2)	253,993	146,108	
Total Trade and Other Payables	722,964	412,070	

⁽¹⁾ Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms.

NOTE 13: OTHER LIABILITIES

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Current:			
Retention Payments ⁽¹⁾	304,804	477,707	
Acquisition Payments ⁽²⁾	227,429	-	
Lease Payments ⁽³⁾	50,250	-	
Total Other Current Liabilities	582,483	477,707	
Non-Current:			
Lease Payments ⁽³⁾	29,312	-	
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	29,312	-	

- (1) A final retention payment of USD\$250,000 (AUD\$304,804 at the 31 December 2014 USD/AUD exchange rate) in cash is payable upon the completion of a significant capital raising to the vendors of the Curral de Pedra tenement package in order for the Company to maintain its 70% ownership of the Project.
- (2) As part of the acquisition of Sertão Mineração Ltda (SML), an amount of BR\$495,000 000 (AUD\$227,429 at the 31 December 2014 BR/AUD exchange rate) is owed to the Brazilian taxation office representing a disputed item from SML's 2008 tax return. This payment will fall due at an undetermined future date.
- (3) In August 2014, the Company signed a 24 month lease to purchase contract for a Vulcan GeoStatModeller field equipment. A carrying amount of \$100,500 was initially recognised for the field equipment representing the value of the 24 month contract.

⁽²⁾ Other payables are non-trade payables, are non-interest bearing and have an average term of 3 months.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 14: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES

(a) Issued and Paid Up Capital Fully paid ordinary shares 138,507,134 20,665,007 (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2014 114,412,134 18,557,960 Issue of shares © \$0.125 each via Placement 8,000,000 1,000,000 Issue of shares © \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,650 Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months Balance at 31 December 2014 (36,575) Balance at 31 December 2014	Consolidated as at and for the 6 months ending 31 December 201	4 #	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares 138,507,134 20,665,007 (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2014 114,412,134 18,557,960 Issue of shares @ \$0.125 each via Placement 8,000,000 1,000,000 Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,653 Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: 2 Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896)	_	Ordinary	·
(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2014 114,412,134 18,557,960 Issue of shares @ \$0.125 each via Placement 8,000,000 1,000,000 Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,650 Capital Raising Costs	(a) Issued and Paid Up Capital		
Balance as at 1 July 2014 114,412,134 18,557,960 Issue of shares @ \$0.125 each via Placement 8,000,000 1,000,000 Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,650 Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896)	Fully paid ordinary shares	138,507,134	20,665,007
Issue of shares @ \$0.125 each via Placement 8,000,000 1,000,000 Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,650 Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896)	(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue		
Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement 16,095,000 1,126,650 Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 8 Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Balance as at 1 July 2014	114,412,134	18,557,960
Capital Raising Costs - (19,603) Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Issue of shares @ \$0.125 each via Placement	8,000,000	1,000,000
Balance at 31 December 2014 138,507,134 20,665,007 (c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 80,000,000 - Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Issue of shares @ \$0.07 each via Placement	16,095,000	1,126,650
(c) Options Reserves Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Capital Raising Costs	-	(19,603)
Share Based Payments Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 80,150 2,791,532 Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Balance at 31 December 2014	138,507,134	20,665,007
Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,900,000 2,138,082 Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1) 7,000,000 573,300 Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 80,150 (35,896) Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	(c) Options Reserves		
Salance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382	Share Based Payments Reserve:		
Balance at 31 December 2014 30,900,000 2,711,382 Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 80,150 (35,896) Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Balance as at 1 July 2014	23,900,000	2,138,082
Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2014 Issue of free attaching Placement Options Balance at 31 December 2014 Total (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 Currency translation differences arising during the six months 23,342,756 80,150	Issue of Sertao acquisition options (1)	7,000,000	573,300
Balance as at 1 July 2014 23,342,756 80,150 Issue of free attaching Placement Options 8,000,000 - Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve 80,150 31,342,756 31,342,756 Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) 31,342,756 31,342,756 31,342,756 Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896) 31,342,756	Balance at 31 December 2014	30,900,000	2,711,382
Issue of free attaching Placement Options Balance at 31 December 2014 Total (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 Currency translation differences arising during the six months 8,000,000 - 31,342,756 80,150 2,791,532 (35,896) (35,896)	Options Proceeds Reserve:		
Balance at 31 December 2014 31,342,756 80,150 Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Salance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Balance as at 1 July 2014	23,342,756	80,150
Total 62,242,756 2,791,532 (d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 (35,896) Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)	Issue of free attaching Placement Options	8,000,000	-
(d) Foreign Exchange Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2014 Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896) (36,575)	Balance at 31 December 2014	31,342,756	80,150
Balance as at 1 July 2014 Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896) (36,575)	Total	62,242,756	2,791,532
Balance as at 1 July 2014 Currency translation differences arising during the six months (35,896) (36,575)	(d) Foreign Exchange Reserve		
Currency translation differences arising during the six months (36,575)			(35,896)
	•		• • •
	,		

⁽¹⁾ The valuation of the issue of these securities is disclosed in Note 10: Exploration & Evaluation Expenditure.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 14: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES (CONTINUED)

Consolidated as at and for the 12 months ending 30 June 2014	#	\$
, and the second se	Ordinary	т
(a) Issued and Paid Up Capital		
Fully paid ordinary shares	114,412,134	18,557,960
(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue		
Balance as at 1 July 2013	76,500,001	14,611,900
Issue of shares @ \$0.10 each via Placement	11,475,000	1,147,500
Issue of shares @ \$0.10 each via Non-Renounceable Entitlements Issue	16,210,429	1,621,043
Issue of shares @ \$0.135 each for Acquisition of Interests in Subsidiaries	10,226,704	1,380,605
Capital Raising Costs	-	(203,088)
Balance at 30 June 2014	114,412,134	18,557,960
(c) Options Reserves		
Share Based Payments Reserve:		
Balance as at 1 July 2013	18,200,000	1,869,172
Issue of Advisor Options ⁽¹⁾	1,000,000	70,800
Issue of ESOP Options ⁽¹⁾	1,700,000	152,660
Issue of Lead Manager Options(1)	3,000,000	45,450
Balance at 30 June 2014	23,900,000	2,138,082
Ontions Proceeds Posserva		
Options Proceeds Reserve: Balance as at 1 July 2013	9,500,000	80,150
Issue of free attaching Placement Options	5,737,500	-
Issue of free attaching Non-Renounceable Entitlements Issue Options	8,105,256	_
Balance at 31 December 2015	23,342,756	80,150
Balance at 31 December 2013	23,342,730	60,150
Total	47,242,756	2,218,232
(d) Foreign Exchange Reserve		
Balance as at 1 July 2013		50,396
Currency translation differences arising during the year		(86,292)
Balance at 30 June 2014		(35,896)

⁽¹⁾ The valuation of the issue of these securities is disclosed in Note 18: Share Based Payments.

At shareholders' meetings, each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called; otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

As at the period end the Company had a total of 62,242,756 (30 June 2014: 47,242,756) unissued ordinary shares on which options are outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of 25 cents (30 June 2014: 25 cents). The weighted average remaining contractual life of all share options outstanding at the end of the financial period is 1 year (30 June 2014: 2 years).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 14: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES (CONTINUED)

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

1) Share Based Payments Reserve

The share based payment reserve is used to recognise the fair value of all options issued (but not yet exercised) to executives; consultants; and third parties for acquisition of tenements, including any proceeds received on the issue of these options.

2) Option Proceeds Reserve

The option proceeds reserve is used to recognise the proceeds received from the issue of options for consideration or as part of a placement or entitlements issue, other than options issued as share based payments.

3) Foreign Exchange Reserve

The foreign exchange reserve is used to record exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign controlled entity, which are recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed of.

NOTE 15: OPERATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consolidated 6 months ended 12 months en 31 December 2014 30 June 2014 \$	
Reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities with loss after income tax		
Loss for the year Less – Non-cash items:	(1,981,286)	(5,850,852)
Share based payments	_	152,660
Depreciation	18,022	11,263
Reclassification of potential acquisition costs from operating activities	-	63,396
Write off of capitalised exploration expenditure	-	848,741
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Movement in trade creditors and accruals	298,338	62,347
Movement in other debtors	(156,100)	100,223
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(1,821,026)	(4,612,222)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 16: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) Related Party Compensation

Information on remuneration of Directors and other Key Management Personnel is contained in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report.

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Total remuneration paid to key management personnel during the period is as follows:			
Short-term employee benefits	245,000	490,000	
Post-employment benefits	23,275	45,325	
Total	268,275	535,325	

b) Other Related Party Transactions

Transactions with other related parties are made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd, a company of which Mr John Hannaford is a Director, provides the Group with company secretarial services, office accommodation and corporate services in relation to the administration of the Group on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

A summary of the total fees paid to Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd for the period ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$	
Serviced office, company secretarial & CFO services, bookkeeping services, IT support, corporate advisory, general administration and registered office	84,000	132,000	
Financial accounting and corporate advisory services	13,825	18,688	
Total	97,825	150,688	

The total amount of fees due to Ventnor Capital Pty Ltd as at 31 December 2014 was \$12,789 (30 June 2014: \$25,347).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 17: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Share-based Payment Transactions

Share-based payment transactions recognised during the period were as follows:

	Consolidated	
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Share-based payments:		
7,000,000 Options issued for Sertao acquisition (i)	573,300	-
1,000,000 Options issued for Lead Manager Services	-	70,800
1,700,000 Options issued to employees under ESOP	-	152,660
3,000,000 Options issued for Lead Manager Services	-	45,450
	573,300	268,910

⁽¹⁾ The valuation of the issue of these securities is disclosed in Note 10: Exploration & Evaluation Expenditure.

NOTE 18: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of Orinoco Gold Limited is HLB Mann Judd.

	Consolidated	
	6 months ended 31 December 2014 \$	12 months ended 30 June 2014 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by HLB Mann Judd for:		·
An audit or review of the financial report of the Company	27,500	32,750
Other services in relation to the Company	-	-
	27,500	32,750
Amounts received or due and receivable by a network firm of HLB Mann Judd for:		
An audit or review of the financial report of the overseas subsidiary	12,000	12,000
	12,000	12,000

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that includes market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

Risk management is carried out by Company Management under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as mitigating foreign exchange and interest rate and credit risks.

a) Market Risk Price Risk

The Group is not directly exposed to any price risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk on cash balances held in interest bearing accounts. The Board regularly monitors its interest rate exposure and attempts to maximise interest income by using a mixture of fixed and variable interest rates, whilst ensuring sufficient funds are available for the Group's operating activities. The Group's net exposure to interest rate risk at 31 December 2014 approximates the value of cash and cash equivalents.

Foreign Currency Risk

As a result of significant operations in Brazil, the Group's undertakes certain transactions in foreign currencies, hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The carrying value of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities as at balance date are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	31 December 2014 AUD\$	30 June 2014 AUD\$	31 December 2014 AUD\$	30 June 2014 AUD\$
Brazilian Real	488,728	253,226	427,952	190,232
Total	488,728	253,226	427,952	190,232

Foreign Currency Sensitivity

The Group is exposed to Brazilian Real (BRL) currency fluctuations.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% change in the Australian Dollar against the BRL. 5% is the sensitivity calculated based on the analysis of the change of the exchange rate over the six months ended 31 December 2014 as compared to the average exchange rate across the period and the rate in effect at the balance date and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated items and adjusts their translation at year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates.

A positive number indicates an increase in profit or loss and other equity where the Australian Dollar strengthens against the BRL, and for a weakening Australian Dollar there is an equal and opposite impact on the profit and other equity, shown as a negative number.

Compolidated		Effect On: Results 6 months ended	Effect On: Equity	Effect On: Results 12 months ended	Effect On: Equity
Consolidated		31 December 2014	31 December 2014	30 June 2014	30 June 2014
Risk Variable	Sensitivity*	\$	\$	\$	\$
BRL Balances	+ 5%	3,039	3,039	3,150	3,150
	- 5%	(3,039)	(3,039)	(3,150)	(3,150)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

b) Credit Risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

c) Liquidity Risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate working capital is maintained for the coming months. Upcoming capital needs and the timing of raisings are assessed by the Board at each Meeting of Directors.

The maturity of the Company's payables is disclosed in Note 12.

(a) Cash Flow and Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in Note 8. Only cash is affected by interest rate risk as cash is the Group's only financial asset exposed to fluctuating interest rates.

In accordance with AASB 7 the following sensitivity analysis has been performed for the Group's Interest Rate risk:

		Effect On: Results 6 months ended	Effect On: Equity
Consolidated		31 December 2014	31 December 2014
Risk Variable	Sensitivity*	\$	\$
Interest Rate	+ 1.00%	12,197	12,197
	- 1.00%	(12,197)	(12,197)
On a distant		Effect On: Results 12 months ended	Effect On: Equity
Consolidated		30 June	30 June

Consolidated		ended 30 June 2014	30 June 2014
Risk Variable	Sensitivity*	\$	\$
Interest Rate	+ 1.00%	11,798	11,798
	- 1.00%	(11,798)	(11,798)

^{*} It is considered that 100 basis points is a 'reasonably possible' estimate of potential variations in the interest rate.

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities of the Group approximate their carrying values.

Capital Management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Group's capital includes ordinary share capital and convertible performance shares, supported by financial assets.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the period.

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 20: SEGMENT REPORTING

Identification of Reportable Segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (the chief operating decision maker) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

The operating segments are identified by the Board based on the nature of the mineral being targeted and the country of origin. Discrete financial information about each of these operating businesses is reported to the executive management team on at least a monthly basis.

Reportable segments requiring disclosure are operating segments that meet either of the following thresholds:

- Segment loss greater than 10% of combined loss of loss making operating segments; and
- Segment assets greater than 10% of combined assets of all operating segments.

In accordance with AASB 8, the reportable segments are based on aggregated operating segments determined by the similarity of the minerals targeted, as these are the sources of the Group's major risks and have the most effect on the rates of return.

Once reportable segments have been identified, all remaining segments that do not satisfy the thresholds are to be aggregated together to form an all other segments reporting segment. In accordance with AASB 8 Segment Reporting corporate and administration activities are to be included in the all other segments reporting segment.

Description of Operating Segments

Mineral Exploration

Orinoco Gold Limited has acquired a 70% interest in the Curral de Pedra Project, which is located in Goiás State in Central Brazil. The Curral de Pedra Project is the most advanced of the Group's Brazilian prospects. These tenements are prospective for gold mineralisation.

Orinoco Gold Limited also acquired a 100% interest in the Sertao Project which is also a gold project in Brazil. The details of these tenements can be found in the Schedule of Mining Tenements.

Accounting Policies and Inter-Segment Transactions

The accounting policies used by the Group in reporting segments internally is the same as those contained in Note 3 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 20: SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Information about Reportable Segments

CONSOLIDATED	Mineral Exploration Segment \$	All Other Segments \$	Total \$
Six months ended 31 December 2014	·	·	·
Segment Revenue		14,531	14,531
Segment Loss after Tax	(1,186,114)	(795,172)	(1,981,286)
Interest revenue Other non-cash expenses	- 5,933	14,531 12,089	14,531 18,022
Segment Assets Segment Liabilities	14,899,603 (644,558)	1,574,163 (690,202)	16,473,766 (1,334,760)
Cash Flow Information Net cash flow from operating activities Net cash flow from investing activities Net cash flow from financing activities	(1,152,317) (213,155) -	(668,709) (20,679) 2,119,603	(1,821,026) (233,834) 2,119,603
CONSOLIDATED Year ended 30 June 2014	Mineral Exploration Segment \$	All Other Segments \$	Total \$
Segment Revenue		62,796	62,796
Segment Loss after Tax	(4,154,976)	(1,695,876)	(5,850,852)
Interest revenue Other non-cash expenses	- 858,538	62,796 154,127	62,796 1,012,665
Segment Assets Segment Liabilities	13,963,908 (569,072)	1,385,138 (320,705)	15,349,046 (889,777)
Cash Flow Information Net cash flow from operating activities Net cash flow from investing activities Net cash flow from financing activities	(3,355,375) (538,421)	(1,256,847) (83,570) 2,681,706	(4,612,222) (621,991) 2,681,706

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 20: SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Geographical Information

The following table presents the geographical information from the Group's two geographical locations, Brazil and Australia.

	Brazil	Australia	Total
CONSOLIDATED	\$	\$	\$
31 December 2014			
Revenue from external customers	-	-	-
Non-current assets	14,864,176	90,568	14,954,744
CONSOLIDATED			
30 June 2014			
Revenue from external customers	-	-	-
Non-current assets	14,024,969	2,160	14,027,129

NOTE 21: PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

Financial Position	31 December 2014	30 June 2014
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current Assets	1,018,219	1,054,289
Non-Current Assets	9,184,222	8,657,903
Total Assets	10,202,441	9,712,192
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	876,622	221,511
Non-Current Liabilities	29,313	477,707
Total Liabilities	905,935	699,218
Equity		
Issued Capital	20,665,007	18,557,960
Options Reserve	2,617,232	2,218,232
Accumulated Losses	(13,985,733)	(11,763,218)
Total Equity	9,296,506	9,012,974
Financial Performance		
	6 months ended 31 December 2014	12 months ended 30 June 2014
	\$	\$
Loss for the period	(2,222,515)	(4,888,612)
Other comprehensive income	_	-
Total Comprehensive Loss	(2,222,515)	(4,888,612)

The parent entity had no commitments or contingent liabilities at balance date

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 22: INTERESTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The Company has the following subsidiaries:

			Percentage	e Held
Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Class of Shares	31 December 2014	30 June 2014
Orinoco Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100%	100%
Orinoco Brasil Mineração Ltda (1)	Brazil	Ordinary	100%	100%
Curral de Pedra Mineração Ltda (2)	Brazil	Ordinary	70%	70%
Rio do Ouro Mineração Ltda (2)	Brazil	Ordinary	60%	60%
Sertão Mineração Ltda (2)	Brazil	Ordinary	100%	-%

⁽¹⁾ Investment in this subsidiary is held by Orinoco Resources Pty Ltd.

NOTE 23: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to 31 December 2014, the Company agreed to terms for a financing package of up to AUD\$14 million to finance the construction and development of its flagship Cascavel Gold Project in Brazil. The financing package comprises of a AUD\$1 million share placement, a non-renounceable rights issue to raise up to an additional AUD\$2.7 million and a gold sharing arrangement of up to USD\$8 million with Chancery Asset Management, a private Singaporean mining investment Company.

1. Share Placement

As part of the Placement, a total of 14.5 million ordinary shares at 7 cents each shall be issued raising \$1,015,000. Participants in the Placement will also receive one free option for every share subscribed for which are subject to shareholder approval. The free attaching options are exercisable at 11 cents each and will expire 18 months from the issue date. These Placement shares were subsequently allotted on 25 February 2015 while shareholder approval for the issue of the free attaching options had not yet been received at the date of this report.

2. Non-Renounceable Rights Issue

Up to \$2.7 million shall also be raised through a non-renounceable entitlements offer to existing shareholders for every 4 shares held on the Record Date at an issue price of 7 cents per share. Shareholders will also be entitled to receive one free option for every one share subscribed for under the entitlements issue on the same terms as the free attaching Placement options. The Entitlements Offer is to be distributed to shareholders in the coming weeks.

3. Gold Streaming Arrangement

The Company entered into a binding conditional Term Sheet with Chancery Asset Management encompassing a gold sharing arrangement over the Cascavel Gold Project.

Under this arrangement, Chancery will participate in a share of gold production from Cascavel for a period of three years from the start of commercial production or such longer time until the Company has delivered a minimum of 16,000oz of gold from the Cascavel Gold Project.

⁽²⁾ Investment in this subsidiary is held by Orinoco Brasil Mineração Ltda.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 December 2014

NOTE 23: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

The Terms Sheet is conditional upon the satisfaction of the following conditions precedent:

- Completion of technical due diligence by Chancery on the Cascavel Gold Project to its satisfaction within 45 days of the date of the Terms Sheet; and
- The Company advising Chancery that it has obtained all approvals to enable it to perform its obligations under the Terms Sheet.

As at the date of this report, Chancery completed its technical due diligence on 25 March 2015 and the Company will hold a meeting of shareholders to approve the issue of shares under the establishment fee.

The key commercial terms of the gold sharing arrangement as set out in the Terms Sheet are as follows:

- Chancery has agreed to provide project finance to Orinoco of between US\$6-8 million;
- Orinoco has agreed to repay this amount by entering into a gold sharing arrangement for 20% of the gold produced, or an amount to the value thereof, for the first three years of commercial production from Cascavel. If a minimum amount of 16,000oz of gold has not been delivered during this three-year period, then the Gold Sharing Arrangement will continue until a total of 16,000oz has been delivered. Gold deliverable under the agreement is capped at 24,000oz.
- The production percentage and minimum number of ounces deliverable under the Gold Sharing Arrangement is based on a consideration amount of US\$8 million, and will be reduced proportionally should the consideration amount be less than this.
- An establishment fee of 1.5% of the consideration amount will be payable by Orinoco to Chancery
 following completion of due diligence with the funding to be drawn down within 30 days of the
 completion of Due Diligence. In addition, Chancery will receive 2 million shares and attaching
 options on the same terms as pursuant to the Placement and Entitlement Issue.

Other than disclosed above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

NOTE 24: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As part of the Edem Project acquisition in Brazil, Orinoco was required to pay an amount of USD\$250,000 to hold a 60% interest in the Project after an in ground spend of US\$1,125,000 on the Project. The payment was originally due in September 2014 however the Company has deferred the payment with the Edem project vendors.

The Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities that may arise from the Company's operations as at 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the Directors' opinion:

a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 26 to 57 and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2014 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations, changes in equity and its cash flows, for the six months ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- c) the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the six months ended 31 December 2014.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

On behalf of the Board

Mr John Hannaford

Chairman

Perth

31 March 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Orinoco Gold Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Orinoco Gold Limited ("the company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration for the Group. The Group comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the period's end or from time to time during the financial period.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In Note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101: *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

MIUO BSD [BUOSJBQ JO-

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Group's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Orinoco Gold Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2014 and of its performance for the period ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001: and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2 in the financial report, which indicates that the Group will need to seek additional funding in the coming year in order to meet its working capital requirements and exploration commitments for a period of at least 12 months from the date this financial report is signed. Should the Group not be able to raise these additional funds, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to whether the Group will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the period ended 31 December 2014. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

THO BSIN IBUOSIBO I

In our opinion the remuneration report of Orinoco Gold Limited for the six months ended 31 December 2014 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

HLB Mann Judd

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants L Di Giallonardo Partner

vallounds.

Perth, Western Australia 31 March 2015

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by the ASX Listing Rules not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report is set out below.

SHAREHOLDINGS

The issue capital of the Company at 27 March 2015 is 153,007,134 ordinary fully paid shares. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share.

TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 27 MARCH 2015

		No. of Shares Held	% Held
1	ADMARK INV PL <pinto a="" c="" f="" s=""></pinto>	18,000,000	11.76%
2	TRAFFORD RES LTD	12,362,876	8.08%
3	KHAOULE WALID	7,158,692	4.68%
4	HANNAFORD JOHN ANDREW	4,764,948	3.11%
5	KAS INV & DVLMT PL <kas a="" c="" f="" inv="" s=""></kas>	3,849,658	2.52%
6	WESTORIA RESOURCE INV LTD	3,825,000	2.50%
7	PAPENDIECK MARK JOHN	3,733,500	2.44%
8	HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD	3,690,292	2.41%
9	GREGORACH PL	3,495,815	2.28%
10	JANELIN INV PL <janelin a="" c="" inv=""></janelin>	3,115,638	2.04%
11	FILHO DIMAS MARTINS	3,068,012	2.01%
12	TAYLOR PETER W + M J < GOOD OIL S/F A/C>	2,750,000	1.80%
13	PALASOVSKI TONY	2,636,928	1.72%
14	KAS DVLMTS PL	2,225,286	1.45%
15	PETERSEN KLAUS	2,095,000	1.37%
16	WOODROFFE INV VIC PL	1,946,033	1.27%
17	LIFESAVER INV PL < CHRISTENSEN S/F A/C>	1,669,286	1.09%
18	IMPULZIVE PL	1,666,667	1.09%
19	HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD	1,660,000	1.08%
20	TAYLOR ARTHUR RICHARD	1,480,953	0.97%
		85,194,584	55.67%

^{*} Denotes merged holders

Shares Range	No. of Holders	No. of Shares
1 – 1,000	15	3,884
1,001 – 5,000	80	281,810
5,001 – 10,000	129	1,153,983
10,001 – 100,000	419	15,887,412
100,001 and over	168	135,680,045
- -	811	153,007,134
Number holding less than a marketable parcel at \$0.08 per share	106	343,890
Shareholders by Location	No. of Holders	No. of Shares
Australian holders	793	151,705,463
Overseas holders	18	1,301,671
	811	153,007,134

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

VOTING RIGHTS

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, on a show of hands every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative of a shareholder has one vote and on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative of a shareholder has in respect of fully paid shares, one vote for every share held. No class of option holder has a right to vote, however the shares issued upon exercise of options will rank pari passu with the then existing issued fully paid ordinary shares.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 27 MARCH 2015

		No. of Shares Held	% Held
1	ADMARK INV PL <pinto a="" c="" f="" s=""></pinto>	18,000,000	11.76%
2	TRAFFORD RES LTD	12,362,876	8.08%

^{*} Denotes merged holders

OPTION HOLDINGS

The Company has the following classes of options on issue at 27 March 2015 as detailed below. Options do not carry any rights to vote.

Class	Terms	No. of Options
OGXO	Exercisable at 25 cents each, expiring on or before 31 May 2015	29,342,756
Α	Exercisable at 25 cents each, expiring on or before 31 May 2015	4,100,000
В	Exercisable at 35 cents each, expiring on or before 30 November 2015	100,000
С	Exercisable at 25 cents each, expiring on or before 31 October 2017	11,000,000
D	Exercisable at 30 cents each, expiring on or before 31 July 2015	1,000,000
Е	Exercisable at 30 cents each, expiring on or before 31 July 2016	1,700,000
F	Exercisable at 25 cents each, expiring on or before 31 May 2017	7,000,000
G	Exercisable at 20 cents each, expiring on or before 1 March 2016	8,000,000
		62 242 756

LISTED OPTIONS

As at 27 March 2015 the Company has 29,342,756 listed options on issue. Listed Options do not carry any voting rights.

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

TOP 20 OGXO HOLDERS AS AT 27 MARCH 2015

		No. of Options Held	% Held
1	CG NOM AUST PL	3,223,334	10.99%
2	ADMARK INV PL	2,550,000	8.69%
3	LIFESAVER INV PL	1,988,181	6.78%
4	JAEK HLDGS PL	1,352,213	4.61%
5	HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD	800,000	2.73%
6	DREAMLINER PL	774,673	2.64%
7	GREGORACH PL	683,334	2.33%
8	RIVERVIEW CORP PL	679,834	2.32%
9	KAS DVLMTS PL	666,570	2.27%
10	PROSPERO CAP PL	652,634	2.22%
11	SKYE EQUITY PL	639,200	2.18%
12	TAYLOR PETER W + M J	616,667	2.10%
13	VALDEZATE ROSEMARY	500,000	1.70%
14	PAPENDIECK ANNETTE MARY	500,000	1.70%
15	GREGORACH PL	491,121	1.67%
16	IMPULZIVE PL	483,334	1.65%
17	BENATAR RONNIE	417,702	1.42%
18	MERRIWEE PL	411,667	1.40%
19	BARON LELITA	400,450	1.36%
20	ALL INV PL	400,000	1.36%
		18,230,914	62.12%
* Den	otes merged holders		
	ons Range		o. of Options
1 – 1	1,000	23	13,957

Options Range	No. of Holders	No. of Options
1 – 1,000	23	13,957
1,001 – 5,000	117	357,296
5,001 – 10,000	48	355,083
10,001 – 100,000	104	3,860,498
100,001 and over	49	24,755,922
	341	29,342,756
Option holders by Location	No. of Holders	No. of Options
Australian holders	337	29,160,198
Overseas holders	4	182,558
	341	29,342,756

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

UNLISTED OPTIONS

Options Range	Unlisted	Unlisted Options		
	No. of Holders	No. of Options		
1 – 1,000	-	-		
1,001 – 5,000	-	-		
5,001 – 10,000	-	-		
10,001 – 100,000	14	1,110,000		
100,001 and over	36	31,790,000		
	50	32,900,000		
Option holders by Location				
Australian holders	44	28,150,000		
Overseas holders	6	4,750,000		
	50	32,900,000		

The following Option holders hold more than 20% of a particular class of the Company's Unlisted Options.

Holder	Unlisted Options Class A	Unlisted Options Class B	Unlisted Options Class D	Unlisted Options Class E
JAEK HOLDINGS PTY LTD	1,250,000	-	-	-
CANACCORD AUSTRALIA LIMITED	1,500,000	-	-	-
SIMON OMOTOSHO	-	100,000	-	-
CG NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	-	-	1,000,000	-
MARCELO DE CARVALHO	-	-	-	1,000,000
THIAGO VAZ ANDRADE	-	-	-	500,000

	Unlisted Options	Unlisted Options
Holder	Class F	Class G
TROY RESOURCES LIMITED	4,900,000	-
AMAZONIA MINERACAO LTDA	2,100,000	-
GREGORACH PTY LTD	-	1,600,000
ADMARK INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	-	1,800,000

No single Option holder holds more than 20% of Class C Unlisted Options.

SCHEDULE OF MINERAL TENEMENTS

As at the date of this report, Orinoco Gold Limited has an interest in the following tenements:

Brazil

	Project	Tenement	Location	Interest Held	Granted / Application
9	Cascavel	860.167/2007	Faina	70%	Trial Mining / Exploration
		860.480/2009	Faina	70%	Exploration
		861.586/2009	Faina	70%	Exploration
	Faina	860,284/2010	Faina	*	Exploration
	Goldfields	860.968/2010	Faina	*	Exploration
	Project	860.434/2010	Faina	*	Exploration
	i ioject	860.435/2010	Faina	*	Exploration
		861.288/2009	Faina	*	Exploration / Application for Extension
		860.436/2010	Faina	*	Exploration / Application for Extension
		861.277/2010	Faina	70%	Exploration
		860.600/2011	Faina	70%	Exploration
		862.520/2011	Faina	*	Exploration
		860.185/2012	Faina	*	Exploration
		861.347/2012	Faina	*	Exploration
		860.157/2013	Faina	*	Exploration
		860.051/2012	Faina	70%	Exploration Application
		860.188/2012	Faina	70%	Exploration Application
		860.856/2012	Faina	70%	Exploration Application
		860.404/2013	Faina	70%	Exploration
		860.699/2013	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.340/2008	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.590/2009	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.341/2008	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.229/2005	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.258/2003	Faina	*	Tender Application
		861.445/2010	Faina	*	Tender Application
		860.336/1990	Faina	70%	Tender Application
		860.337/1990	Faina	70%	Tender Application
		861.796/2007	Faina	70%	Tender Application
		861.918/2013	Faina	70%	Exploration Application
		861.917/2013	Faina	70%	Exploration Application
		860.699/2013	Faina	*	Exploration
		860.368/1995	Sertão	100%	Mining Lease
		860.096/1986	Sertão	100%	Mining Lease
		760.742/1996	Sertão	100%	Mining Lease Application

Orinoco is farming in to the tenements to earn 60% through exploration over 30 months and making milestone payments after 18 and 30 months. An additional 15% can be purchased by Orinoco at an agreed rate based upon agreed metrics.