

For personal use only

# Blue ENERGY

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR  
ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

BLUE ENERGY LIMITED  
ACN 054 800 378

## CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	3
Corporate Governance Statement	13
Auditor's Independence Declaration	14
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	15
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	16
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	17
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Directors' Declaration	37
Independent Auditor's Report	38
Additional Shareholder Information	40
Corporate Directory	41

## D I R E C T O R S '   R E P O R T

The Directors of Blue Energy Limited (“the Company”, “Blue Energy” or “BUL”) submit herewith their report on the Company and its controlled entities (“the Group” or “the Consolidated Entity”) with respect to the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

### DIRECTORS

The names and particulars of the Directors of the Company in office during or since the end of the financial year are as follows:

Name	Position	Date Appointed	Date Resigned
John Ellice-Flint	Executive Chairman	05/04/2012	
John Phillips	Managing Director (Executive)	28/06/2010	
Karen Johnson	Non-executive Director	30/09/2011	
Rodney Cameron	Non-executive Director	15/11/2011	
Choongho Je	Non-executive Director	07/05/2015	04/05/2016
Seungsoo Han	Non-executive Director	04/05/2016	
Insu Woo	Alternate Non-executive Director	18/11/2015	

#### John Ellice-Flint BSc (Hons) Harvard, AMP

Mr John Ellice-Flint is an Australian-born business man whose foresight and wide-ranging oil and gas industry credentials are recognised internationally. John has over 40 years of exploration, production, operations and commercial experience in the oil and gas industry and has held many senior positions with multinational exploration and production companies. John’s achievements in the oil and gas industry are well-known and highly respected. Following a 26 year international career at Unocal Corporation, serving in a variety of senior executive roles within strategic planning, exploration and technology functions, John became Managing Director and CEO of Santos Limited, Australia’s largest domestic gas producer, from 2000 – 2008. John guided Santos Limited through a major growth period which culminated in the recognition of the potential of coal seam gas development through the Gladstone LNG export project in Queensland.

#### John Phillips BSc (Hons), GAICD

John is a Petroleum Geologist with 30 years experience in the oil and gas industry. John joined Blue Energy as Chief Operating Officer in May 2009, was promoted to CEO in April 2010 and joined the Board of Blue Energy in June 2010. John’s career in industry has involved conventional oil and gas and coal seam gas experience in a variety of petroleum basins both domestically and internationally. John has gained extensive operational experience through his involvement with Delhi Petroleum, Esso, Conoco, Petroz and Novus, culminating in his role as Chief Operating Officer with Sunshine Gas before its takeover by QGC and subsequently by the BG Group.

#### Rodney Cameron BAdmin (Hons), MBA, MFM, FAICD, CPA

Rodney has over 30 years industry experience, particularly in the energy and resources industries. He is a seasoned financial executive having been CFO for an ASX listed multi-national renewable energy company, as well as an executive director and CFO for a US multi-national independent power generation company. Rodney has also worked in various management capacities for National Australia Bank, Rio Tinto, Telstra, and Atlantic Richfield Inc.

#### Karen Johnson BComm, FCA

Over the last 20 years Karen has held senior roles specialising in audit, assurance, technical and corporate governance consulting and financial accounting engagements within Chartered Accounting firms, public sector entities and private companies. Karen brings to the Board strong technical accounting skills through knowledge and application of Australian Accounting and Auditing Standards and an ability to quickly grasp complex business operations and identify the key risk areas for analysis, risk assessment and critical evaluation.

#### Choongho Je MBA

Mr Choongho Je was the nominee of Korea Gas Corporation (KOGAS), the largest LNG importer in the world. Mr Je has over 28 years of experience in municipal gas construction, planning and budgeting, in KOGAS’s welfare and workforce management, and in a variety of other senior positions held with KOGAS, including Natural Gas Sales Director, Planning and PR Director, and Head of the Planning Department. Mr Je holds an MBA from the Korean Foreign University in Seoul, Korea.

#### Seungsoo Han MP Adm

Mr Han is the nominee of Kogas Australia Pty Ltd. Mr Han has also replaced Mr Je, as Managing Director of KOGAS Australia Pty Ltd. Mr Han has nearly 30 years’ experience in working with the KOGAS. Prior to his current role, Mr Han has worked in procurement and accounting and in senior management roles in both KOGAS’ Strategy Planning and Marketing Departments, culminating in being Team Leader of both Departments. Mr Han has a Bachelor’s and Master’s degree in Public Administration from, respectively, Kyung Hee University and the Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, both in Seoul.

#### Insu Woo MGeology&Geophysics, BEng

Mr Woo is the alternate Director for Mr Seungsoo Han, the nominee of KOGAS Australia Pty Ltd. Mr Woo has over 25 years’ experience in working with the KOGAS and is currently the Director for KOGAS Australia Pty Ltd involved in the management of the Gladstone LNG Project. Mr Woo has a Master’s degree in Geology and Geophysics from the University of Missouri and a Bachelors Degree in Civil Engineering from Busan National University.

#### Directorships of other listed companies

No Directorships in other listed companies were held by current directors in the three years up to 30/06/16.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary for the financial year up to 30 June 2016 is Damien Cronin MQLS, MAICD, appointed 1 July 2014. Mr Cronin is a solicitor who has nearly 30 years’ experience in the oil and gas and resources sectors. He has held senior legal and commercial roles with Rio Tinto, Shell, Duke Energy and Incitec Pivot. He is a non-Executive Director and Company Secretary of Global Petroleum Limited and was previously the Company Secretary of Sunshine Gas Limited and Secretary of the Operating Committee of the Sonoma Coal Mine Joint Venture.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### EARNINGS PER SHARE

	2016 (Cents)	2015 (Cents)
Basic loss per share	(0.15)	(0.14)
Diluted loss per share	(0.15)	(0.14)

### DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared by the Company during the financial year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2015: nil).

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Blue Energy Limited is an energy company that undertakes the exploration, evaluation and development of conventional and unconventional oil and gas resources. This activity is carried out in a single significant geographical segment, being Australia, principally in Queensland and the Northern Territory. In Queensland, Blue Energy has 100% equity holding in all its exploration tenements and is the Operator. In the Northern Territory exploration tenements, Blue Energy is earning an interest through funding a farm in work program, but is the Operator. As a result of being the Operator in all of its tenement holdings, Blue Energy is in control of all Capital and Operating expenditures and is the point of contact for the respective State and Territory Regulators regarding work program. There has been no change in the principal activities of the Company from the prior year.

### OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Reserve and Resource Position

During the year the Company achieved a 29% increase in 2P reserves to 71 Petajoules (PJ) and a 50% increase in its 3P reserves to 298 PJ. The reserve increases were assessed across ATP814P in the Bowen Basin, Queensland. 1C, 2C and 3C Contingent resource had declines of 14%, 9% and 10% respectively. The table below sets out the Company's reserves and resources position. All reserves and resources stated in the table are in respect of unconventional gas and are undeveloped reserves.

These reserves remain undeveloped due to market conditions. It is the Company's intention to develop these reserves by further defining their reserve and resource position by facilitating the provision of appropriate infrastructure. The reserves are proximate to existing production but require appropriate infrastructure and commercial arrangements to be brought to market.

The Company's entire reserve and resource position is independently reviewed and certified by Netherland, Sewell and Associates Inc (NSAI) quarterly and reported by the Company directly. The Company continues to work with NSAI on providing any updates on the reserve and resources position.

Permit	Block	1C (PJ)		1P (PJ)		2C (PJ)		2P (PJ)		3C (PJ)		3P (PJ)	
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
ATP854P Bowen Basin Qld		22	22	-	-	47	47	-	-	101	101	-	-
ATP813P Galilee Basin Qld		-	-	-	-	61	61	-	-	830	830	-	-
ATP814P Bowen Basin Qld	Sapphire	66	74	-	-	108	129	59	50	186	229	216	178
	Central	50	65	-	-	99	156	12	-	306	567	75	-
	Monslatt	-	-	-	-	619	632	-	-	2,054	2,115	-	-
	Lancewood	5	7	-	-	23	25	-	5	435	522	1	15
	South	15	15	-	-	27	27	-	-	30	30	6	6
<b>Total (PJ)</b>		<b>158</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>1,077</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>3,942</b>	<b>4,394</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>199</b>
<b>Total (bcf)</b>		<b>158</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>1,077</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>3,942</b>	<b>4,394</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>199</b>

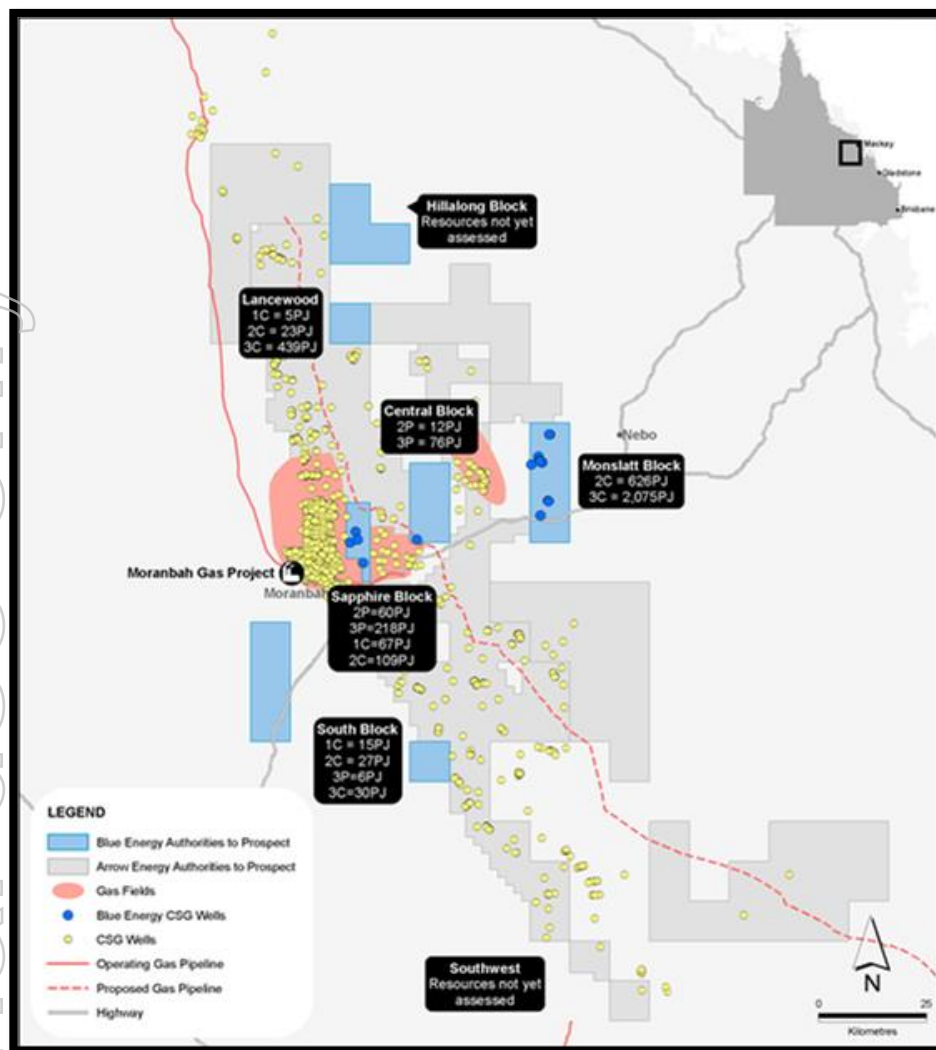
Legend: '-' above indicates a nil or zero value.

### Competent Person Statement

The estimates of Reserves and Contingent Resources have been provided by Mr John Hattner of NSAI. Mr Hattner is a full time employee of NSAI, has over 30 years of industry experience and 20 years experience in reserve estimation, is a licensed geologist, and a member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers (SPE), and has consented to the use of the information presented herein. The estimates in the report by Mr Hattner have been prepared in accordance with the definitions and guidelines set forth in the 2007 Petroleum and Resource Management System (PRMS) approved by the SPE.

### ATP854P – Surat Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)

This permit lies immediately east of the main feed gas supply for both the GLNG and APLNG liquefaction plants in Gladstone (ie to the west of Fairview and Spring Gully Gas Fields). The exploration work done by Blue Energy to date has identified a Contingent Gas resource



of 101 PJ in the Late Permian Bandana Formation Coals. Exploration potential for both oil and gas within the permit is still high, with oil prospectivity identified, together with Early Permian gas potential.

Currently the company is looking to market the Contingent Gas Resource to prospective gas buyers in both the domestic and export LNG sectors.

**ATP814P – Bowen Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)**

This permit is located in the Bowen Basin in central Queensland adjacent to the township of Moranbah and is surrounded by Arrow Energy's Moranbah Gas Project (MGP) production tenements and exploration licences. The MGP currently produces around 30 TJ/day of gas into the local ammonium Nitrate industry in Moranbah and to Industry and power generation in Townsville.

Blue Energy's exploration activity in the permit has to date yielded certified 2P reserves of 71 PJ; 3P Reserves of 298 PJ and Contingent Resources of 3,011 PJ. Blue's Reserves and Resources have been estimated by the independent Dallas based Consultancy, Netherland, Sewell and Associates (NSAI).

Blue Energy has been actively marketing the 2P reserves in the Sapphire Block of ATP814P which, is

in closest proximity to the production facilities of the MGP. Until now, Blue Energy was targeting local potential gas buyers, in and around Moranbah as well as Townsville. Subsequently Blue Energy has now proposed a gas export pipeline route from Moranbah to the Northern Denison Trough (via Emerald) that would ultimately join the pipeline infrastructure connecting both Gladstone and Wullumbilla. This would therefore see the Bowen Gas Province (and Blue Energy's reserves) connected to the southern domestic gas market as well as the export LNG facilities on Curtis Island.

Blue Energy is in discussions with pipeline construction companies to gauge interest in funding and construction of the gas pipeline, and in parallel, is also in discussions with southern market gas users as potential buyers for Blue's gas reserves.

**ATP1114A, 1117A, 1123A – Southern Georgina Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)**

The blocks secured by Blue Energy cover an area of approximately 5,630,000 acres (22,788km<sup>2</sup>). At this stage, award of the blocks requires both Native Title Agreements to be negotiated and Environmental Authorities to be issued by the Queensland Government. Blue Energy continues to negotiate with the representatives of the Bularnu Waluwarra and Wangkayujuru People to secure a Native Title Agreement.

**ATP613P, 674P & 733P – Maryborough Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)**

The Company purchased the remaining 25% of ATP 674P and ATP733P during the FY14 from Beach Energy Ltd and now owns 100% of these permits.

Blue Energy continues to pursue tenure issues with the Queensland Regulator in this Basin, namely, to seek a project based consolidation of the existing 3 permits to allow flexibility of work program and relinquishment obligations across a combined project area. This consolidation will allow the ability to select the optimal geological location and minimise duplication of effort and surface impacts.

Blue Energy's permits in the Maryborough Basin are located only 150km south of the Gladstone LNG complex. The Maryborough Basin is significantly under explored (frontier) but is thought to contain significant gas potential.

**ATP 656, 657, 658, & 660 Cooper Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)**

As announced to the market in June 2014, Blue Energy has been granted 4 large ATP's on the under-explored Northern Flank of the Cooper/Eromanga Basins in Queensland.

The Blue Energy permits encompass an area of 5,200 square kilometres with the Ballera-to-Mt Isa gas pipeline traversing one of the permits, ATP657P.

These permits have had no exploration conducted over them since the mid-1990s, when they were part of the areas required to be relinquished by the Santos/Delhi-led Joint Venture.

Since that time, the Cooper Basin 'flank oil play' has developed beyond the original Jackson-Nacowlah trend in Queensland and is now well understood and seen to occur on all margins of the basin. As evidenced by the exploration/production fairway along the western flank in the South Australian part of the Basin.

The Bridgeport operated Inland oilfield (discovered in the mid 1990's) lies immediately north of Blue's ATP 657P and highlights the proven nature of the Northern Margin oil play. In addition to this Hutton and Namur Sandstone oil play, the Cuisinier Oil Field (Murta Member play) is located immediately adjacent to Blue's ATP656 and The Santos led Joint Venture has recently commenced a 5 well oil development and nearfield oil exploration program, targeting the Murta and Hutton Sandstone targets.

**Greater McArthur Basin Northern Territory ((Wisio sub-basin and Southern Georgina Basin) Blue Energy farming in – and Operator)**

The potential of the McArthur Basin sequences are continuing to be established across a significant portion of the Northern Territory. Origin Energy has recently commenced drilling at its Beetaloo W 1 well in the Beetaloo sub Basin to targeting the Proterozoic Mid Velkerri Formation.

Blue Energy continues to progress Native Title negotiations in the application areas of the acreage to facilitate grant of these permits, whilst undertaking planning work for regional seismic acquisition work in the awarded tenures.

**ATP 813P Galilee Basin Queensland (Blue Energy 100% - and Operator)**

ATP813P is located to the north of the Aramac township in central west Queensland. Blue's exploration work on the permit to date has included the drilling of 5 exploration core holes targeting the Late Permian Betts Creek Beds and Aramac Formation. The principal targets in the Galilee Basin are the coal measure sequences in the Late Permian which are known to be prospective for coal seam gas. Blue Energy's exploratory work to date has resulted in 838 PJ of Contingent Resource as estimated by Netherland, Sewell and Associates (Independent reserve certifier out of Dallas).

Blue Energy is currently testing the market for this gas as other operators are testing pilot wells to the east and west of Blue Energy's acreage. Infrastructure in the basin is yet to be developed, and should Adani's Carmichael Coal project get final approval, a potential market will exist for gas in the local region.

**Funding Arrangements**

The Company continues to hold sufficient cash reserves to enable continued operations. Future capital raising activities will take place if and when the Board deem that such a raising of funds is appropriate. The Directors are mindful of the Company's full exploration expenditure commitments for its various tenements, and as such potential funding options will be considered by the Company to fund these programs. Work programs are subject to change and are at times under negotiation with the regulator.

**Financial Position**

The net assets of the Consolidated Entity have decreased by \$1.427 million from 30 June 2015 to \$68.247 million at 30 June 2016. The decrease has largely resulted from operational costs incurred during the financial year.

The Consolidated Entity incurred a loss after income tax for the year of \$1.7 million (2015: \$1.6 million).

**SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS**

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company and Consolidated Entity during the financial year.

**EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE**

No material events have occurred from balance date up to the release date of this report.

**LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS**

The Company expects to continue to operate as an oil and gas exploration company with specific operational focus on conventional and unconventional exploration within Queensland and the Northern Territory.

**ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE**

The Group holds various licences to regulate its exploration activities in Australia. These licences include conditions and regulations with respect to the rehabilitation of areas disturbed during the course of its exploration activities.

All exploration activities have been undertaken in compliance with all relevant environmental regulations, and authorities granted to it to undertake exploration activities.

**INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND AUDITORS**

The Company has an insurance policy in place to provide Directors' and Officers' liability insurance pursuant to a Deed of Indemnity entered into by the Company with each Director and certain Officers of the Group. The Directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the Directors' and Officers' liability as such disclosures are prohibited under the terms of the contract.

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the financial year.

The Company has not otherwise during or since the end of the financial year indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Company or any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

For personal use only

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited)

The Company's broad remuneration policy is to ensure each remuneration package properly reflects the person's duties and responsibilities and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality.

The objective of the Company's executive reward framework, which currently applies to Mr John Phillips (MD), and Mr John Ellice-Flint (Executive Chairman), is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and conforms to market best practice for delivery of reward.

The Board ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness,
- acceptability to shareholders,
- transparency, and
- capital management.

The Company has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and compliments to the reward strategy of the organisation.

2016	Short-Term			Post Employment		Share-based Payments	Total	Proportion of Remuneration Performance Related	Value of Options/Rights as a Proportion of Remuneration
	Salary & fees	Cash bonus	Other benefits	Super-annuation	Termination benefits	Options/Rights		%	%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
<b>Directors</b>									
K Johnson	60,000	-	-	-	-	5,000	65,000	0%	0%
R Cameron	60,000	-	-	-	-	5,000	65,000	0%	0%
C Je	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S Han	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>120,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>130,000</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Executive Directors</b>									
J Phillips <sup>(1)</sup>	292,238	-	-	27,762	-	174,611	494,611	35%	35%
J Ellice-Flint <sup>(2)</sup>	189,500	-	-	28,502	-	15,588	233,590	7%	7%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>481,738</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56,264</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>190,199</b>	<b>728,201</b>	<b>26%</b>	<b>26%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>601,738</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56,264</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200,199</b>	<b>858,201</b>	<b>22%</b>	<b>22%</b>

- (1) Mr Phillips has been issued 19,200,000 performance rights under the EIRP (subject to AGM approval), of which 6,400,000 performance rights are in recognition of voluntarily deferring 20% of fixed remuneration from 1 April 2015 to 30 June 2016.
- (2) Mr Ellice-Flint has been issued 6,400,000 performance rights under the EIRP (subject to AGM approval), and been granted a new tranche of 41,236,500 options with a vesting date of 30 June 2017 which require a \$300m market capitalisation by that date to vest (subject to AGM approval). The options have an expiry date of 30 June 2019.

2015	Short-Term			Post Employment		Share-based Payments	Total	Proportion of Remuneration Performance Related	Value of Options/Rights as a Proportion of Remuneration
	Salary & fees	Cash bonus	Other benefits	Super-annuation	Termination benefits	Options/Rights		%	%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
<b>Directors</b>									
K Johnson	65,000	-	-	-	-	-	65,000	-	-
R Cameron	65,000	-	-	-	-	-	65,000	-	-
J Maeng	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C Je	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>130,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>130,000</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>
<b>Executive Directors</b>									
J Phillips <sup>(1)</sup>	340,944	1,000	-	32,485	-	58,359	432,788	13%	13%
J Ellice-Flint	200,000	-	-	18,572	-	950,935	1,169,507	81%	81%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>540,944</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>51,057</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,009,294</b>	<b>1,602,295</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>63%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>670,944</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>51,057</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,009,294</b>	<b>1,732,295</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>58%</b>

- (1) Mr Phillips was paid a cash bonus of \$1,000 in accordance with the exercise conditions of the Employee Incentive Rights Plan.



**Details of Remuneration of Directors and Other Key Management Personnel**

**Directors**

On appointment to the Board, all Directors agree to terms of appointment as set out in a letter of appointment. The letter sets out the remuneration applicable and other matters such as general Directors' duties, compliance with the Company's Corporate Governance Policies, access to independent professional advice and confidentiality obligations.

The Chairman, provided they are Non-executive, receives fees of \$85,000 (2015: \$85,000) per annum, Blue Energy currently has an executive Chairman, Mr John Ellice-Flint whose remuneration is detailed below. Directors receive fees of \$60,000 (2015: \$60,000) per annum, inclusive of compulsory superannuation where applicable. Directors who are appointed to committees of the Board receive an additional \$5,000 (2015: \$5,000) per annum per committee position inclusive of compulsory superannuation where applicable. The RAC fees have been voluntarily deferred by the non-executive directors since 1 July 2015. In the July 2016 Board meeting the Company resolved to award 880,000 performance rights in accordance with the EIRP to Mr Rod Cameron and Mrs Karen Johnson in lieu of RAC fees foregone. The performance rights will be subject to AGM approval. There are no termination payments applicable. The terms of appointment also include the reimbursement of reasonable business-related expenses including accommodation and other expenses that a Director or other Executive properly incurs in attending meetings of Directors or any meetings of committees of Directors, in attending any meetings of Members and in connection with the business of the Company. A Director may be paid fees or other amounts as the Directors determine where a Director performs duties or provides services outside the scope of their normal Director's duties. Mr C Je, and Mr S Han in accordance with an agreement with KOGAS, have not been paid Directors Fees by Blue Energy.

Mr John Phillips (MD/CEO) – Mr Phillips current contract commenced 31 March 2014 and runs for two years to 31 March 2016 and incorporates various termination clauses in the event of breaches by either party up to a maximum of six months' total fixed remuneration in lieu of notice or otherwise on three months' notice. Mr Phillips contract in August 2016 was renewed on the same fixed remuneration with the contract term for the current contract running until 1 July 2020, and effective from 1 April 2016. Mr Phillips since 1 April 2015 has voluntarily deferred 20% of his fixed remuneration to assist the Company with cash flow, and as part of the new contract Mr Phillips was awarded 12,800,000 performance rights under the EIRP in June 2016 (subject to AGM approval), in addition to 6,400,000 performance rights using the EIRP rules in lieu of foregone salary (subject to AGM approval).

Mr John Ellice-Flint (Executive Chairman) - On 15 February 2012, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr John Ellice-Flint which was subject to Shareholders approving his appointment as a Director. His appointment as Executive Director and his remuneration package was approved by shareholders at the General Meeting held on 5 April 2012. The employment agreement provides that a termination payment equal to one year's base salary if the Company terminates Mr Ellice-Flint's employment other than in certain circumstances. Mr Ellice-Flint can terminate the agreement by giving one month's notice to the Company. The agreement terminates automatically if he is removed as a Director under Part 2D.6 of the Corporations Act and Mr Ellice-Flint must resign as a director if his employment agreement is terminated for any reason. Mr Ellice-Flint does not receive any additional fees as Chairman. In July 2016 the Board approved the grant of 41,236,500 options to Mr Ellice-Flint with a vesting test date of 30 June 2017, and requires a \$300m market capitalisation and continuation of service by that date for vesting to occur. The expiry date for the options is 30 June 2019. Additionally Mr Ellice-Flint has been awarded 6,400,000 performance rights under the EIRP. Both the options and award of performance rights are subject to AGM approval.

**Other Key Management Personnel**

Key Management Personnel may be employed by the Company under a contract.

At the date of this report, no other employees were considered to be key management personnel.

**Elements of Remuneration Related to Performance**

Mr John Phillips and Mr John Ellice-Flint's remuneration is linked to market based performance conditions such as market capitalisation and total shareholder return (TSR). These performance conditions are in line with industry standards and practice and are also believed to align the interests of directors and executives with those of the Company's shareholders.

No element of the other Director's or Executive's remuneration is currently dependent on the satisfaction of a related individual performance condition.

**Interests in Options and Employee Incentive Rights of the Company**

The movement in the number of options and employee incentive rights over ordinary shares in Blue Energy Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Key Management Person, including their related parties, is as follows:

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

2016	Balance at 30 June 2015 Number	Granted as compensation Number	Exercised Number	Expired Number	Ceased being KMP Number	Balance at 30 June 2016 Number	Vested and Exercisable at 30 June 2016 Number (1)	Expensed during year ended 30 June 2016 \$	Percentage remuneration represented as options/rights %
<b>Directors</b>									
J Phillips	14,059,467	19,200,000	-	(3,200,000)	-	30,059,467	514,467	174,611	35%
J Ellice-Flint	-	47,636,500	-	-	-	47,636,500	-	15,588	7%
R Cameron	-	880,000	-	-	-	880,000	-	5,000	0%
K Johnson	-	880,000	-	-	-	880,000	-	5,000	0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>14,059,467</b>	<b>68,596,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,200,000)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>79,455,967</b>	<b>514,467</b>	<b>200,199</b>	<b>22%</b>

- (1) The fair value (on issue) of vested incentive rights for Mr John Phillips is \$31,841, which were issued in the form of \$1,000 cash during July 2016 and 472,726 shares during August 2016 in accordance with the EIRP rules.

### Value of Employee Incentive Rights issued to Directors and Other Key Management Personnel

During the financial year employee incentive rights were granted as equity compensation benefits under the terms of agreements with key management personnel as disclosed below. The employee incentive rights were granted for \$nil consideration. Each employee incentive right entitles the holder to subscribe for one fully paid ordinary share in Blue Energy at the stated exercise price.

2016		Vested	Granted	Terms and Conditions of Each Grant		
	Rights	Number	Number	Grant Date	Fair Value per right at grant date \$	Exercise price per share \$
<b>Directors</b>						
J Phillips	Retention	267,000	-	15/11/2012	0.059	nil
	Retention	247,467	-	01/07/2011	0.064	nil
	Performance	-	19,200,000	(1)	0.014 <sup>(2)</sup>	nil
J Ellice-Flint	Performance	-	6,400,000	(1)	0.014 <sup>(2)</sup>	nil
R Cameron	Performance	-	880,000	(1)	(3)	nil
K Johnson	Performance	-	880,000	(1)	(3)	nil
		514,467	27,360,000			
<b>Executives</b>						
Nil	Retention	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
	Performance	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
		-	-			

- (1) Grant date is upon AGM approval, however the cost of the award is recognised over the period of service to which it relates. For valuation purposes in order to recognise the expense up to 30/06/2016 a grant date of 30/06/2016 was used.  
(2) Estimate for the purpose of recognising the cost of service in the current financial year.  
(3) Fair value for non-employee rights determined with reference to services rendered.

None of the options or employee incentive rights issued during the financial year by the Company to current Directors or Key Management Personnel are quoted on the Australian Stock Exchange or had been exercised during the financial year or up to the date of this report.

### Interests in Shares of the Company

The movement during the year in the number of ordinary shares in the Company held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

2016	Balance at 30 June 2015 Number	Granted as compensation Number	On exercise of Rights Number	On Market Purchase Number	Net Change Other* Number	Balance at 30 June 2016 Number	Balance held nominally at 30 June 2016
<b>Directors</b>							
J Phillips	714,062	-	-	-	-	714,062	-
R Cameron	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	4,000,000
John Ellice-Flint	52,203,500	-	-	2,591,741	-	54,795,241	54,795,241
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>56,917,562</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,591,741</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>59,509,303</b>	<b>58,795,241</b>

### Unissued Shares for Key Management Personnel at Balance Date

At balance date there were 41,236,500 unissued ordinary shares under option and 37,705,000 unissued ordinary shares under KMP employee incentive rights (41,236,500 and 37,705,000 respectively at the date of this report). Refer to the table below and Note 13 – Issued Capital for details. Note 13 also includes non KMP unissued shares.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### Option Details

Grant Date	Exercise Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date <sup>(2)</sup> \$	Number of options at beginning of period	Options Granted	Options Lapsed	Options Exercised	Number of options at 30 June 2016	Number of options vested and exercisable at 30 June 2016
(1)	30/06/2017	30/06/2019	0.0625	0.00006	-	41,236,500	-	-	41,236,500	-
					-	41,236,500	-	-	41,236,500	-

(1) Upon AGM approval

(2) Estimate for purposes of recognising the cost of service in the current financial year. The share price for the purpose of estimating the cost of service was that as at 30 June 2016, \$0.0022.

None of the options issued by the Company are quoted on the Australian Stock Exchange.

No options over shares lapsed between 30 June 2016 and the date of this report.

The options do not entitle the holder to participate in any dividends or pro-rata share issues of the Company. The options, upon AGM approval, will entitle the holder to one Blue Energy Limited Ordinary Share per option that is exercised. Exercise date and testing date is 30/06/2017 and requires a \$300m market capitalisation of the Company by 30/06/2017 for vesting to occur. The expiry date for the options is 30/06/2019 if they vest at 30/06/2017. The options have a \$0.0625 exercise price. If the options are unvested at 30/06/2017 the options will lapse.

For comparative information, refer to Note 13.

### Rights Details

Effective Grant Date	Exercise Date	Type of Right	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date \$	Number of Rights at beginning of period	Rights Granted	Rights Lapsed <sup>(1)</sup>	Rights Vested <sup>(2)</sup>	Ceased being KMP	Number of Rights at 30 June 2016
01-Jul-11	30-Jun-14	Retention	nil	\$0.064	247,467	-	-	247,467	-	247,467
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-15	Retention	nil	\$0.059	267,000	-	-	267,000	-	267,000
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-15	Performance	nil	\$0.012	3,200,000	-	3,200,000	-	-	-
01-Jul-13	30-Jun-17*	Performance	nil	\$0.019	10,345,000	-	-	-	-	10,345,000
30-Jun-16	30-Jun-18	Performance	nil	\$0.014	-	27,360,000	-	-	-	27,360,000
					14,059,467	27,360,000	3,200,000	514,467	-	38,219,467

(1) Percentage of KMP rights lapsed during the year was 23.6%

(2) Percentage of KMP rights vested during the year was 0%. These rights vested in prior years, and were issued in the form of \$1,000 cash during July 2016 and 472,726 shares during August 2016 in accordance with the EIRP rules.

\* As part of the terms of this tranche of rights if the conditions are not met on the testing date being the 30/06/16, they are re-tested 12 months later being 30/06/17. At which point if the conditions are not met the performance rights lapse.

The fair value of performance rights granted when last granted was calculated using the Monte-Carlo pricing model utilising the following inputs:

	Note
- Vesting Period	3 Years
- Expiration Period	4 Years

None of the employee incentive rights issued by the Company are quoted on the Australian Stock Exchange.

No KMP incentive rights over shares lapsed between 30 June 2016 and the date of this report. During July 2016, the payment of \$1,000 cash in accordance with the Employee Incentive Rights Plan rules occurred relating to the vesting of KMP incentive rights. This payment reduces the number of rights employees are entitled to by the value of the payment accordingly. Additionally during August 2016 472,726 shares were issued to KMP in relation to vested incentive rights.

### Employee Options and Incentive Rights

The Company has an Employee Incentive Rights Plan (EIRP) implemented during 2010/11.

Incentive rights under the EIRP comprise retention rights and performance rights. For retention rights to vest the employee must remain with the Company for a period of 3 years from the effective issue date. The portion of performance rights that vest is determined by Blue Energy's total shareholder return (TSR) as determined by an independent advisor over the 3 year period from the effective issue date. The minimum compound annual TSR for the three years is 15% which results in a 25% vesting rate for the employee. At present, the Board has determined that the issue of performance rights will be limited to those individuals (Key Management Personnel) who have a direct ability to influence the performance of the Company.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

On vesting, the first \$1,000 of shares is paid in cash, and the balance of incentive rights will either be issued as Restricted Shares to the employee or the Company will arrange for them to be acquired for the employee's benefit by the trustee of the Blue Energy Employee Share Trust (Blue Energy EST). When Shares are to be acquired by the Blue Energy EST, the employer or Blue Energy will contribute the market value of the Shares at the time to be acquired to the trustee of the Blue Energy EST and the trustee shall apply those funds to acquire Shares by on-market purchase or subscription to a new issue as directed by the Board of Blue Energy. Restricted Shares means that they may not be sold or otherwise disposed of until first advised by the Company, which the Company shall do at the first opportunity to do so, when Shares may be sold without breaching the insider trading provisions of the Corporations Act 2001 or the Company's securities trading policy. At 30 June 2016, no shares have been issued or are held by the Blue Energy EST.

### Overview of Company Performance

The Company is currently non revenue generating and has had (losses) of (\$1.7m), (\$1.6m), (\$5.4m), (\$13m) and (\$10m), and a closing share price of \$0.022, \$0.026, \$0.053, \$0.047 and \$0.059 for the financial years ended 30/06/2016, 30/06/2015, 30/06/2014, 30/06/2013, 30/06/2012 respectively.

### DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of meetings of Directors (and Committees of Directors) held and number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the financial year was as follows:

	Numbers of meetings of full Board		Risk and Audit Committee	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
J Ellice-Flint	11	11	*	*
J Phillips	11	11	*	*
R Cameron	11	11	4	4
K Johnson	11	11	4	4
C Je	9	1	*	*
S Han	2	2	*	*
I Woo (Alternate for Mr Je and Mr Han)	6	3	*	*

\* Not a member of the relevant Committee.

The Nomination and Environmental Committee functions are currently handled by the full Board of Directors. This is considered appropriate at the current stage of the Company's development but will be reviewed from time to time.

### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

At 30 June 2016 no person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

### LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 14 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

### NON-AUDIT SERVICES

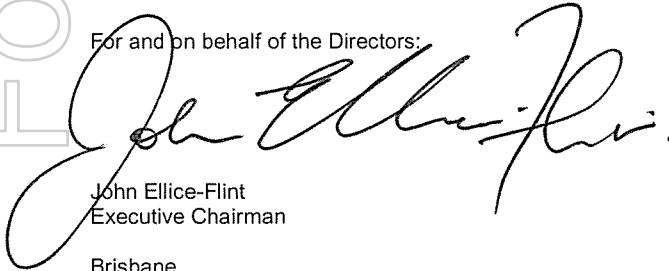
The Group's auditor, Ernst & Young, did not provide any non-audit services during the financial year. Generally, where non-audit services are provided by the Group's auditor, the Directors must be satisfied that the provision of the non-audit service is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided must not compromise the general principles relating to Auditor independence in accordance with APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

### ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the Directors' Report and financial report. Amounts in the Directors' Report and financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in some cases, to the nearest dollar.

This report has been signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to s298 (2) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

For and on behalf of the Directors:

  
John Ellice-Flint  
Executive Chairman

Brisbane  
20 September 2016

**CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

To ensure the Company operates effectively and in the best interests of shareholders, having regard to the nature of the Company's activities and its size, the Board has adopted the revised Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 3rd Edition (as amended at 30 June 2014) issued by the ASX Corporate Governance Council. The Company's Corporate Governance Statement and Appendix 4G are available on the Company's website [www.blueenergy.com.au](http://www.blueenergy.com.au).

- - -

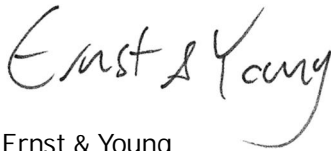
For personal use only

## Auditor's independence declaration to the Directors of Blue Energy Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Blue Energy Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2016, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Blue Energy Limited and the entities it controlled during the financial year.



Ernst & Young



Tom du Preez  
Partner  
20 September 2016

For personal use only

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income  
FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016**

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Revenue	3	152	210
Other income	3	88	-
<b>Total Revenue</b>		<b>240</b>	<b>210</b>
Operating and administration expenses	4a	(1,621)	(1,773)
Asset impairment expense	4b	(47)	(197)
Equity settled share based payments		(200)	(1,009)
<b>Loss from continuing operations before income tax</b>		<b>(1,628)</b>	<b>(2,769)</b>
Income tax benefit/(expense)	5	(80)	1,124
<b>Loss after income tax expense</b>		<b>(1,708)</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>		<b>(1,708)</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>
<b>Loss for the year attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the parent		(1,708)	(1,645)
Non-controlling interests		-	-
<b>Total loss for the year</b>		<b>(1,708)</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:</b>			
Owners of the parent		(1,708)	(1,645)
Non-controlling interests		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>		<b>(1,708)</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>
Loss per share (cents per share):			
- basic	20	(0.15)	(0.14)
- diluted	20	(0.15)	(0.14)

*The above Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	4,595	4,745
Trade and other receivables	7a	62	1,899
Inventories	8	82	184
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>4,739</b>	<b>6,828</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	9	51	39
Trade and other receivables	7b	169	169
Exploration & evaluation expenditure	10	64,412	63,802
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>64,632</b>	<b>64,010</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>69,371</b>	<b>70,838</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	11	369	409
Short term provisions		-	-
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>369</b>	<b>409</b>
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>			
Long term provisions	12a	755	754
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>		<b>755</b>	<b>754</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>1,124</b>	<b>1,163</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<b>68,247</b>	<b>69,675</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Issued capital	13	130,711	130,631
Reserves	14	9,655	9,455
Accumulated losses		(72,119)	(70,411)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>68,247</b>	<b>69,675</b>

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016**

	Issued Capital \$'000	Accumulated Losses \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Total Equity \$'000
<b>Balance at 1 July 2014</b>	<b>130,530</b>	<b>(68,766)</b>	<b>8,446</b>	<b>70,210</b>
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>				
Loss for the year	-	(1,645)	-	(1,645)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,645)</b>
<b>Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners</b>				
Income tax expense reported in equity	101	-	-	101
Option expense – share based payments	-	-	1,009	1,009
Transfer from options reserve to share capital	-	-	-	-
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,009</b>	<b>1,110</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2015</b>	<b>130,631</b>	<b>(70,411)</b>	<b>9,455</b>	<b>69,675</b>
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>				
Loss for the year	-	(1,708)	-	(1,708)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,708)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,708)</b>
<b>Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners</b>				
Income tax expense reported in equity	80	-	-	80
Option expense – share based payments	-	-	200	200
Transfer from options reserve to share capital	-	-	-	-
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>280</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2016</b>	<b>130,711</b>	<b>(72,119)</b>	<b>9,655</b>	<b>68,247</b>

*The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016**

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Receipts of refunds of GST and other tax credits		120	192
Receipt of R&D tax refund		1,837	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,684)	(1,942)
Interest received		154	254
<b>Net cash flows used in operating activities</b>	<b>6a</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>(1,496)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(13)	(17)
Funds provided for exploration and evaluation		(710)	(2,760)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		146	-
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>		<b>(577)</b>	<b>(2,777)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from share issue		-	-
Capital raising costs		-	-
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents held		(150)	(4,273)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	6	4,745	9,018
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4,595</b>	<b>4,745</b>

*The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

For the year ended 30 June 2016

**Notes to the Financial Statements  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016**

**1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

**Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements of Blue Energy Limited and its controlled entities are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical costs basis, modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements of Blue Energy Limited and controlled entities for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 20 September 2016.

Blue Energy Limited is a for-profit company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange.

The Group has one business activity, being the exploration for gas and petroleum resources. This activity is carried out in a single significant geographical segment, being Australia, principally in Queensland.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016 and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

**Statement of compliance**

The financial statements of Blue Energy Limited and controlled entities and Blue Energy Limited as an individual parent entity, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in their entirety.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**(a) Comparatives**

The financial report is for the period 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016. Comparatives between the 2015 and the 2016 year-end balance dates are provided for the Consolidated Entity.

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

**(b) Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2016. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

**(c) Property, plant and equipment**

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value, less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

**For the year ended 30 June 2016**

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis. The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets when the directors consider impairment triggers exist. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

**Depreciation**

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets are depreciated on either a straight-line or diminishing value basis over their useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

<b>Class of Fixed Asset</b>	<b>Depreciation Rate</b>
Furniture and Fittings	30% to 40%
Plant and Equipment	30% to 50%
Computer Software	30% to 40%
Leasehold Improvements	20%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

**(d) Exploration and evaluation expenditure**

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure is accounted for using the successful efforts method of accounting.

*(i) Pre-licence costs:*

Pre-licence costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

*(ii) Licence and property acquisition costs:*

Exploration licence and leasehold property acquisition costs are capitalised in intangible assets.

Licence and property acquisition costs are reviewed at each reporting date to confirm that there is no indication that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. This review includes confirming that exploration drilling is still under way or firmly planned, or that it has been determined, or work is under way to determine that the discovery is economically viable based on a range of technical and commercial considerations and that sufficient progress is being made on establishing development plans and timing. If no future activity is planned or the licence has been relinquished or has expired, the carrying value of the licence and property acquisition costs are written off through the statement of other comprehensive income. Upon recognition of proved reserves and internal approval for development, the relevant expenditure is transferred to oil and gas properties.

*(iii) Exploration and evaluation costs*

Exploration and evaluation activity involves the search for hydrocarbon resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource. Once the legal right to explore has been acquired, costs directly associated with an exploration well are capitalised as exploration and evaluation intangible assets until the drilling of the well is complete and the results have been evaluated. These costs include directly attributable employee remuneration, materials and fuel used, rig costs and payments made to contractors.

If no potentially commercial hydrocarbons are discovered, the exploration asset is written off through the statement of other comprehensive income as a dry hole. If extractable hydrocarbons are found and, subject to further appraisal activity (e.g., the drilling of additional wells), it is probable that they can be commercially developed, the costs continue to be carried as an intangible asset while sufficient/continued progress is made in assessing the commerciality of the hydrocarbons.

When proved reserves of oil and natural gas are identified and development is sanctioned by management, the relevant capitalised expenditure is first assessed for impairment and (if required) any impairment loss is recognised, then the remaining balance is transferred to oil and gas properties. No amortisation is charged during the exploration and evaluation phase.

For exchanges/swaps or parts of exchanges/swaps that involve only exploration and evaluation assets, the exchange is accounted for at the carrying value of the asset given up and no gain or loss is recognised.

*(iv) Farm-outs — in the exploration and evaluation phase*

For the year ended 30 June 2016

The Group does not record any expenditure made by the farmee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements, but redesignates any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained. Any cash consideration received directly from the farmee is credited against costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest with any excess accounted for by the farmor as a gain on disposal.

**(e) Income tax**

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit/(loss) for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the balance date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the statement of comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Consolidated Entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Blue Energy Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed a tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime. Blue Energy Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated group. Each entity in the group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities, except for any deferred tax assets resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits, which are immediately assumed by the head entity. The current tax liability of each group entity is then subsequently assumed by the parent entity. The group has notified the Australian Tax Office that it formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 1 April 2006. The tax consolidated group has entered a tax sharing agreement whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the net profit before tax of the tax consolidated group.

**(f) Government Grants**

Research and Development Grants are accounted for as Government Grants and as such recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as an expense the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. To the extent that the grant relates to capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure, it reduces these related costs.

**(g) Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. All inventories are being held for application to exploration expenditure.

**(h) Revenue**

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Interest revenue is recognised as the interest accrues to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

**(i) Issued Capital**

Issued Capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company.

Any transaction costs arising on the issue of shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

For equity-settled share-based payment transactions for goods or services received, excluding employee services, the Company recognises and measures the increase in equity at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case the Company measures the value of the goods or services received, by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument granted.

The Company has granted options over shares to employees under an employee share option plan. The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity reserves. The fair value is measured at grant date and spread over the life of the option taking into account the probability of the options vesting. The fair value of options granted is measured using the Monte Carlo pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

## For the year ended 30 June 2016

The Company has ceased to grant options over shares to employees under an employee share option plan and has implemented an Employee Incentive Rights Plan in its place. The fair value of rights granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity reserves. The fair value is measured at grant date and spread over the life of the right taking into account the probability of the rights vesting. The fair value of rights granted is measured using the Monte Carlo pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the rights were granted. When grant date is subject to an approval process, grant date is the date when that approval is obtained. In this situation, the grant date fair value of the equity instruments is estimated for the purposes of recognising the services received during the period between service commencement date and grant date.

**(j) Leases**

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and whether the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**(k) Trade and other receivables**

Trade receivables, which generally have 30-90 day terms, are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate of the doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when identified.

**(l) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and short term deposits with an original maturity of six months or less.

**(m) Trade and other payables**

Trade payables and other payables are carried at cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Consolidated Entity prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Consolidated Entity becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

**(n) Financial instruments***Recognition*

Financial assets are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligation exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

*Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss*

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term, or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139 "Recognition and Measurement of financial assets". Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from change in the fair value of these assets are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

*Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

*Financial liabilities*

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

*Fair value*

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

*Impairment*

At each reporting date the Consolidated Entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available for sale instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

**(o) Impairment of Assets**

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Entity reviews the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the

## For the year ended 30 June 2016

higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**(p) Employee benefits**

Provision is made for the Consolidated Entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

**(q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

**(r) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, the Directors make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, the best available current information and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

*Recovery of deferred income tax assets:*

Judgement is required in determining whether deferred income tax assets are recognised in the statement of financial position. Deferred income tax assets, including those arising from un-utilised tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Group will generate sufficient taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilise recognised deferred income tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Group to realise the net deferred income tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Group to obtain tax deductions in future periods.

**Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies**

The following are the critical judgements that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

*Reserve and resource estimates:*

Hydrocarbon reserves are estimates of the amount of hydrocarbons that can be economically and legally extracted from the Group's oil and gas tenements. The Group estimates its commercial reserves and resources based on information compiled by appropriately qualified persons relating to the geological and technical data on the size, depth, shape and grade of the hydrocarbon body and suitable production techniques and recovery rates. Commercial reserves are determined using estimates of oil and gas in place, recovery factors and future commodity prices, the latter having an impact on the total amount of recoverable reserves. Future development costs are estimated using assumptions as to the number of wells required to produce the commercial reserves, the cost of such wells and associated production facilities, and other capital costs. The carrying amount of oil and gas development and production assets at 30 June 2016 is shown in Note 10.

The Group estimates and reports hydrocarbon reserves in line with the principles contained in the SPE Petroleum Resources Management Reporting System (PRMS) framework. As the economic assumptions used may change and as additional geological information is obtained during the operation of a field, estimates of recoverable reserves may change. Such changes may impact the Group's reported financial position and results, which include:

- The carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets may be affected due to changes in estimated future cash flows;
- Depreciation and amortisation charges in the statement comprehensive income may change where such charges are determined using the UOP method, or where the useful life of the related assets change;
- Provisions for decommissioning may change — where changes to the reserve estimates affect expectations about when such activities will occur and the associated cost of these activities;
- The recognition and carrying value of deferred tax assets may change due to changes in the judgements regarding the existence of such assets and in estimates of the likely recovery of such assets.

For the year ended 30 June 2016

*Exploration and evaluation assets*

The Group's policy for exploration and evaluation is outlined in Note 2(d). The application of this policy requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure, management concludes that the capitalised expenditure is unlikely to be recovered by future sale or exploitation, then the relevant capitalised amount will be written off through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

*Fair value measurement:*

The Group measures financial instruments, such as derivatives, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, from time to time the fair values of non-financial assets and liabilities are required to be determined, e.g., when the entity acquires a business, or where an entity measures the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) at fair value less costs of disposal. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. Changes in estimates and assumptions about these inputs could affect the reported fair value.

*Share based payments*

In the determination of share based payment expenses, judgement is involved in the determination of the non-market vesting conditions of share based payments. The non-market vesting condition requiring judgement is the likelihood of service conditions being met. Market based vesting conditions calculations were determined upon the issue of rights or options in question and were performed by external advisors.

*Provision for rehabilitation*

Mine rehabilitation costs will be incurred by the Group either while operating, or at the end of the operating life of, the Group's facilities and oil and gas properties. The Group assesses its oil and gas rehabilitation provision at each reporting date. The Group recognises a rehabilitation provision where it has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. The nature of these restoration activities includes: dismantling and removing structures; rehabilitating well sites and dams or ponds; closing plant and waste sites; and restoring, reclaiming and revegetating affected areas.

**(s) Going concern**

As the Company's assets are in the exploration and evaluation phase, Blue Energy Limited is currently non-revenue generating. As such, a major focus of the Board and management is on ongoing cash flow forecasting and management of cash flows to ensure that the Company has sufficient funds to cover its planned activities and any ongoing obligations.

At 30 June 2016, the Company had \$4.6 million in cash and cash equivalents. The Board is satisfied that the Company's current cash resources and return from cash investments are sufficient to fund the Company's minimum expenditure commitments for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing this report.

However, the Company's cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2016 are not sufficient for it to meet its full exploration expenditure commitments for its various tenements prior to the tenure lapsing or facilitate an expanded exploration program should the Company elect to do so. This being the case, the Company is:

- a) Negotiating with government on revised work programs and extensions of tenure;
- b) Considering Joint Venture partners to enable it to meet required exploration commitments, in exchange for an interest in the tenements, and
- c) Considering other alternative funding options including equity funding options.

In addition to the close management of cash inflows, the Company has significant ability to slow or defer spending on its major activities to ensure it is able to meet its obligations when they fall due, including deferring expenditure on the planned exploration program for the 2017 financial year.

On the basis of the above, the Directors are of the opinion the Company has sufficient funds to meet its debts as and when they fall due and realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, the financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities may be necessary should the Company be unsuccessful in renegotiating or deferring its exploration expenditure commitments, attracting joint venture partners the Company's exploration expenditure commitments and/or raising additional capital.

**(t) Parent entity financial information**

The financial information for the parent entity, Blue Energy Limited, disclosed in Note 26 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements.



For the year ended 30 June 2016

**3. REVENUE**

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Revenue</b>		
Interest received	152	210
<b>Total</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>210</b>
<b>Other Income</b>		
Net Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(3)	(1)
Gain on sale of asset	91	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>210</b>

**4. PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR**

(a) Operating & administration expenses	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Employee benefit expenses	405	472
Superannuation expense	80	87
Legal fees	171	276
Consultants' fees	11	21
Business development costs	232	8
Depreciation expense	2	25
Travel costs	53	73
Directors' fees	120	130
Accounting and compliance fees	147	232
Occupancy costs	207	198
Insurance costs	45	52
Information systems costs	73	98
Communications costs	27	33
Investor relations costs	22	28
Other	26	40
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,621</b>	<b>1,773</b>

(b) Asset impairment expense	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Exploration expenditure written off/(back) (Refer Note 2(r))	-	12
Inventory impairment charge	47	185
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>197</b>

**5. INCOME TAX**

(a) The components of tax expense comprise:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Current income tax</b>		
Current income tax charge	(815)	(582)
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	-	(1,225)
<b>Deferred income tax</b>		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	(74)
Current year tax losses not recognised in the current year	895	757
Income tax (benefit)/expense reported in statement of comprehensive income	<b>80</b>	<b>(1,124)</b>

(b) The prima facie tax on profit / (loss) before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Accounting loss before income tax	(1,628)	(2,769)
Prima facie income tax payable on loss before income tax at 30% (2015: 30%)	(488)	(831)
Sundry non-deductible expenses	60	307
Benefit of tax losses and temporary differences not brought to account	508	621
Benefit of prior year tax losses brought to account in the current year	-	(1,221)
Income Tax (benefit)/expense	<b>80</b>	<b>(1,124)</b>

For personal use only

For the year ended 30 June 2016

(c) **Assets**

Deferred tax assets include:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Temporary differences, excluding benefits of tax losses, attributable to:		
Provisions	362	574
Accruals	6	3
Business related costs	70	27
Other	80	80
<b>Total deferred tax assets</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>684</b>

(d) **Liabilities**

Deferred tax liabilities include:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Temporary differences attributable to:		
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	16,707	16,524
Property plant and equipment	11	23
Interest receivable	3	4
<b>Total deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>16,721</b>	<b>16,551</b>

(e) **Deferred Tax Assets**

Unrecognised Deferred Tax Balances the benefits of which will be realised when conditions in Note 2(e) are realised:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Deferred tax assets - Losses	38,739	33,360
Deferred tax assets - Capital Losses	15	15
Deferred tax assets - Other	518	684
Deferred tax liabilities	(16,721)	(16,551)
<b>Net unrecognised deferred tax assets</b>	<b>22,551</b>	<b>17,508</b>

There are no franking credits available to shareholders of the Company.

**6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Cash at bank and in hand	819	570
Short-term deposits	3,546	3,945
Other restricted deposits	230	230
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,595</b>	<b>4,745</b>

The restricted deposits of \$229,680 are bank guarantees secured by term deposits relating to financial assurances for ATPs held by Blue Energy Limited.

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to six months at a time and earn interest at the short-term deposit rate. Effective interest rate on the short-term deposits was 2.88% (2015: 2.89%).

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents of the Group is \$4.595m (2015: \$4.745m).

(a) **Reconciliation of the loss after tax to the net cash flows from operations**

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Loss after income tax	(1,708)	(1,645)
<i>Adjustments for non-cash items</i>		
Cash flows excluded from profit/(loss) attributable to operating activities:		
Depreciation	2	25
Share options expensed	200	1,009
Asset impairment expense	47	197
(Gain) on sale of assets	(91)	-
R&D accounting non-cash	-	(1,225)
Income tax expense credited to equity	80	101
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i>		
Decrease in trade debtors and receivables	1,837	89
Decrease/(increase) in trade creditors, accruals sundry provisions	64	(62)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions and employee entitlements	(4)	15
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>(1,496)</b>

For the year ended 30 June 2016

**7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

<b>(a) Current:</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Goods and services tax receivable	10	12
Interest receivable	11	13
Rental bonds and deposits	12	12
Prepayments	19	19
R&D receivable	-	1,838
Other receivables	10	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1,899</b>

<b>(b) Non-current:</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Tenement related performance bonds	169	169
<b>Total</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>169</b>

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 day terms. A provision for impairment loss is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. No allowance (2015: nil) for impairment of receivables has been recognised as at 30 June 2016.

**8. INVENTORIES**

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Current at lower of cost and net realisable value	497	1,150
Stores and consumables	(415)	(966)
Less: Allowance for obsolescence	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>184</b>

**9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Furniture and fittings at cost	36	36
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(34)	(33)
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Website at cost	35	35
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	-
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>35</b>
Plant and equipment at cost	1,016	1,027
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,002)	(1,026)
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>
Computer software at cost	466	466
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(466)	(466)
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Leasehold improvements at cost	65	65
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(65)	(65)
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Total Cost	1,618	1,629
Total Accumulated depreciation	(1,567)	(1,590)
<b>Net carrying amount</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>39</b>

**10. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE**

The ultimate recoupment of the expenditure on oil and gas interests is dependent upon successful development and commercial exploitation or alternatively the sale of the respective areas of interest at amounts at least equal to the book value.

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Exploration and evaluation expenditure acquired and recognised on consolidation	13,648	13,648
Other exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised	76,814	76,201
Restoration asset (Note 12a&b)	742	745
Less: Impairment of exploration & evaluation expenditure previously capitalised	(26,792)	(26,792)
<b>Total exploration &amp; evaluation expenditure</b>	<b>64,412</b>	<b>63,802</b>

For personal use only

For the year ended 30 June 2016

Exploration and evaluation costs directly associated with appraisal activity undertaken to determine the size, characteristics and commercial potential of a reservoir following the initial discovery of hydrocarbons, including the costs of appraisal wells where hydrocarbons were not found, are initially capitalised as an intangible asset.

All such capitalised costs are subject to technical, commercial and management review, as well as review for indicators of impairment at least once a year. This is to confirm the continued intent to develop or otherwise extract value from the discovery. When this is no longer the case, the costs are written off through the statement of other comprehensive income.

**11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current:		
Trade payables <sup>(1)</sup>	137	162
Sundry payables and accrued expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	61	86
Employee cost & expenses payable	171	161
<b>Total</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>409</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Trade payables include amounts payable to key management and Directors of \$22,000 at the end of the financial year (2015: nil).

<sup>(2)</sup> Sundry payables and accrued expenses include nil amounts payable to key management and Directors at the end of the financial year (2015: \$6,541).

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.

**12. PROVISIONS**

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Non Current</b>		
Provision for restoration and rehabilitation <sup>(1)</sup>	742	745
Provision for long service leave	13	9
<b>Total Non Current</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>754</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2016</b>	<b>776</b>	<b>754</b>

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>(a) Non Current:</b>		
Provision for restoration and rehabilitation <sup>(1)</sup>		
Opening balance at 1 July 2015	745	786
Additional provisions recognised	-	-
Unused amounts reversed	-	12
Balance transferred from non-current provisions	-	-
Amounts used	-	(12)
Unwinding of discount	(3)	(41)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2016</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>745</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Future estimated costs for the restoration and rehabilitation of areas affected by exploration activities.

**13. ISSUED CAPITAL**

	2016		2015	
	Number of Shares	\$'000	Number of Shares	\$'000
<b>Ordinary Shares:</b>				
Issued & Fully Paid	1,140,993,237	130,711	1,140,993,237	130,631
<b>Movements in ordinary shares on issue:</b>				
Opening balance	1,140,993,237	130,631	1,140,993,237	130,530
Issue on Exercise of Employee Incentive Rights	-	-	-	-
Income tax expense reported in equity (Capital raising costs)	-	80	-	101
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>1,140,993,237</b>	<b>130,711</b>	<b>1,140,993,237</b>	<b>130,631</b>

Ordinary shares have no par value. There is no limit to the authorised share capital of the Company.

At the shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

The Company did not pay a dividend during the year ended 30 June 2016, nor has any dividend been proposed up to the reporting date (2015: nil). Ordinary shares would participate in dividends and the proceeds on any winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

From 30 June 2016 to the date of this report no shares have been issued.

For personal use only

For the year ended 30 June 2016

**Options over shares**

During the year 41,236,500 options were granted to the Executive Chairman subject to AGM approval (2015: nil). The options granted have a vesting date of 30 June 2017 and an expiry date of 30 June 2019, and require a \$300m market capitalisation for the Company by 30 June 2017 date to vest. No options were exercised during the year (2015: nil). None of the options are listed.

From 30 June 2016 to the date of this report no shares have been issued as a result of the exercise of options and no options over shares have lapsed in this period.

The following table lists the unexpired options at balance date:

**2016 Option Details**

Grant Date	Exercise Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date \$	Number of options at beginning of period	Options Granted	Options Lapsed	Options Exercised	Number of options at 30 June 2016	Number of options vested and exercisable at 30 June 2016
30/06/2016(1)		30/06/2019	0.0625	0.00006	-	41,236,500	-	-	41,236,500	-
					-	41,236,500	-	-	41,236,500	-

(1) Actual grant date is the date when approval is obtained (at the AGM). For the purpose of determining the fair value of the equity instruments, an effective grant date of 30 June 2016 has been utilised.

Total expense recognised \$1,063 (2015: \$950,935)

Fair value of options granted during the year was \$2,392 (2015: nil)

Fair value of options lapsed during the year was nil.

**2015 Option Details**

Grant Date	Exercise Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date \$	Number of options at beginning of period	Options Granted	Options Lapsed	Options Exercised	Number of options at 30 June 2015	Number of options vested and exercisable at 30 June 2015
1-May-09(a)	1-May-10	17-Feb-15	0.25	0.17	833,333	-	833,333	-	-	-
1-May-09(a)	1-May-11	17-Feb-15	0.25	0.17	833,333	-	833,333	-	-	-
1-May-09(a)	1-May-12	17-Feb-15	0.25	0.16	833,334	-	833,334	-	-	-
4-Dec-09(a)	4-Dec-10	4-Dec-14	0.25	0.12	3,866,666	-	3,866,666	-	-	-
4-Dec-09(a)	4-Dec-11	4-Dec-14	0.25	0.12	666,667	-	666,667	-	-	-
4-Dec-09(a)	4-Dec-12	4-Dec-14	0.25	0.11	666,667	-	666,667	-	-	-
12-Mar-10(a)	12-Mar-11	11-Mar-15	0.25	0.11	166,666	-	166,666	-	-	-
12-Mar-10(a)	12-Mar-12	11-Mar-15	0.25	0.10	166,667	-	166,667	-	-	-
12-Mar-10(a)	12-Mar-13	11-Mar-15	0.25	0.10	166,667	-	166,667	-	-	-
5-Apr-12	5-Apr-12	14-Feb-17	0.0625	0.05	61,854,750	-	61,854,750	-	-	-
					70,054,750	-	70,054,750	-	-	-

Total expense recognised \$950,935 (2014: \$1,802,275)

Fair value of options granted during the year was nil (none granted)

Fair value of options lapsed during the year was \$4,195,143

(a) Options granted under the Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP)

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company.

Options issued under the Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP no longer in use by the Company) from 12 March 2008 onwards have two vesting conditions. The first of these being an exercise date no earlier than either 1, 2 or 3 years from grant date and secondly the shares of the Company must trade for thirty consecutive days on the Australian Stock Exchange with a weighted average share price greater than certain share price hurdles determined by the Company. All other options vest and are exercisable on grant date up to expiry date.

For the year ended 30 June 2016

Rights over shares

During the year the Company granted (subject to AGM approval) 27,360,000 employee incentive rights (2015: nil). A total of 3,200,000 employee incentive rights (2015: 6,544,000) lapsed. Nil employee incentive rights were exercised during the year (2015: 78,134). Nil employee incentive rights vested on 30 June 2016. None of the employee incentive rights are listed.

From 30 June 2016 to the date of this report the payment of \$3,000 cash in line with the EIRP rules has occurred relating to the vesting of the employee incentive rights which vested at 30 June 2015. No employee incentive rights over shares have lapsed in this period.

The following table lists the unexpired employee incentive rights at reporting date:

2016 Rights Details

Effective Grant Date	Exercise Date	Type of Right	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date \$	Number of Rights at beginning of period	Rights Granted	Rights Lapsed	Number of Rights at reporting date	Rights Exercisable
01-Jul-11	30-Jun-14	Retention	nil	\$0.064	566,866	-	-	566,866	566,866
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-15	Retention	nil	\$0.059	457,000	-	-	457,000	457,000
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-16	Performance	nil	\$0.012	3,200,000	-	(3,200,000)	-	-
01-Jul-13	30-Jun-17*	Performance	nil	\$0.019	10,345,000	-	-	10,345,000	-
30-Jun-16	30-Jun-18	Performance	Nil	\$0.014	-	27,360,000	-	27,360,000	-
					14,568,866	27,360,000	(3,200,000)	38,728,866	1,023,866

Weighted average exercise price – nil

Weighted average remaining contract life is 895 days

Total expense recognised \$200,199 (2015: \$58,226)

Fair value of rights lapsed during the year was \$38,400

Nil rights vested during the 30/06/16 financial year. 1,023,866 rights remain vested but not issued as shares from prior financial years.

\* As part of the terms of this tranche of rights if the conditions are not met on the testing date being the 30/06/16, they are re-tested 12 months later being 30/06/17. At which point if the conditions are not met the performance rights lapse.

2015 Rights Details

Effective Grant Date	Exercise Date	Type of Right	Exercise Price \$	Fair value at Grant Date \$	Number of Rights at beginning of period	Rights Granted	Rights Lapsed	Number of Rights at reporting date	Rights Exercisable
01-Jul-11	30-Jun-14	Retention	nil	\$0.064	566,866	-	-	566,866	566,866
01-Jul-11	30-Jun-15	Performance	nil	\$0.026	4,753,000	-	4,753,000	-	-
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-15	Retention	nil	\$0.059	656,000	-	199,000	457,000	457,000
01-Jul-12	30-Jun-15*	Performance	nil	\$0.012	4,792,000	-	1,592,000	3,200,000	-
01-Jul-13	30-Jun-16	Performance	nil	\$0.019	10,345,000	-	-	10,345,000	-
					21,112,866	-	6,544,000	14,568,866	1,023,866

Weighted average exercise price – nil

Weighted average remaining contract life is 365 days

Total expense recognised \$58,226 (2014: \$161,006)

Fair value of rights lapsed during the year was \$154,423

Fair value of rights exercised during the year was \$26,963. 457,000 rights vested at 30 June 2015.

\* As part of the terms of this tranche of rights if the conditions are not met on the testing date being the 30/06/15, they are re-tested 12 months later being 30/06/16. At which point if the conditions are not met the performance rights lapse.

Incentive rights under the EIRP comprise retention rights and performance rights. For retention rights to vest the employee must remain with the Company for a period of 3 years from the effective issue date. The portion of performance rights that vest is determined by Blue Energy's total shareholder return (TSR) as determined by an independent advisor over the 3 year period from the effective issue date. The minimum compound annual TSR for the three years is 15% which results in a 25% vesting rate for the employee. At present, the Board has determined that the issue of performance rights will be limited to those individuals (Key Management Personnel) who have a direct ability to influence the performance of the Company.

The weighted average fair value of employee incentive rights issued during the year was \$0.014 (2015: nil issued). The value of retention rights granted was calculated based upon the maximum number of retention rights issued multiplied by the prevailing share price as at the date of issue.

For the year ended 30 June 2016

The fair value of performance rights granted was calculated using the Monte-Carlo pricing model utilising the following inputs:

	Note	2016	2015
- Exercise price	1	\$0.0	n/a
- Share Price at 30 June 2016	2	\$0.022	n/a
- Exercise Date		30 June 2018	n/a
- Expiry date		30 June 2019	n/a
- Expiry Period		4 years	n/a
- Expected share price volatility	3	80%	n/a
- Risk free interest rate	4	1.55%	n/a
- Dividend yield	5	0%	n/a

- In substance, the performance rights is an option with a zero exercise price.
- The underlying share price for FY16 is based on the price of the security on the ASX on 30 June 2016.
- The recent volatility of the share price of Blue Energy was calculated using Hoadley's volatility calculator, using data extracted from Bloomberg.
- The risk free rate is the Commonwealth Government securities rate with a maturity date approximating that of the expiration period of the options. (Source: Reserve Bank of Australia)
- The Company's best estimate of dividend yield, representing a discount to long-term dividend policy to reflect build up of dividend payout over the life of the performance rights.

#### 14. RESERVES

##### Option Reserve

The option reserve is used to recognise the fair value of share options and employee incentive rights granted.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Reserves:</b>		
Options Reserve	9,655	9,455
<b>Total Reserves</b>	<b>9,655</b>	<b>9,455</b>

#### 15. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Blue Energy Limited and the subsidiaries listed in the following table.

Name	State/Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%)	
		2016	2015
Blue Energy (Qld) Pty Ltd	New South Wales	100%	100%
Eureka Petroleum Pty Ltd	Queensland	100%	100%
Kompliment Pty Ltd	Western Australia	100%	100%
Everdue Pty Ltd	Western Australia	100%	100%
Energy Investments PNG Pty Ltd	Western Australia	100%	100%
Galilee Pipelines Pty Ltd	Queensland	100%	100%
Blue Energy (Wiso) Pty Ltd	Queensland	100%	100%
Blue Energy (Maryborough) Pty Ltd	Queensland	100%	100%

#### 16. COMMITMENTS

##### (a) Operating Lease Commitments

The Consolidated Entity leases office premises and car parking under a non-cancellable operating lease. The lease commenced April 2014 and runs for 6 years terminating on 31 March 2020 and has an escalation clause of the higher of 2.5% or CPI capped at 4.5% per annum. There are no renewal rights on the leases.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Within 1 year	174	170
After 1 year but no more than 5 years	501	675
After 5 years	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>845</b>

For the year ended 30 June 2016

**Exploration Commitments**

All oil and gas exploration tenements, as a general rule, are granted with attached statutory work obligations. These work obligations can in certain circumstances and from time to time, be varied through negotiation with the respective State Regulator. Funding of these work obligations can be undertaken in several different ways. A company may choose to farm down (reduce) its equity in a respective tenement in return for a free carry of the work program by a farminee; A company could alternatively choose to monetise another existing asset to raise funds to undertake the work program; or a company may decide to issue equity (shares) and raise capital from investors for a specific work program on exploration tenements. In the overarching permit and capital management environment of a company may also, interrogate the seriatim of opportunities the company has, and decide that some assets (tenements) are of higher technical risk, or lower potential economic return in the current macro environment and therefore should be relinquished by the company without committing further capital. This would then eliminate the work program and the tenement from the asset inventory. All these options remain available to Blue Energy in its management of its exploration tenements going forward.

**17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE**

During the financial year the following related party transactions occurred:

**Key Management Personnel**

Director or Consulting fees were paid to or accrued by the following and are related party transactions:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Decambruns Pty Ltd – an entity associated with Rodney Cameron (Director of Blue Energy Limited – November 2011 to present)	65	65
Mojo Enterprises Pty Ltd – an entity associated with Karen Johnson (Director of Blue Energy Limited – September 2011 to present)	65	65

Other than disclosed above there have been no other transactions with related parties during the year. \$5,000 of the \$65,000 fees for each non-executive Director noted above related to Risk and Audit Committee (RAC) fees. The non-executive Directors have voluntarily deferred their RAC fees from 1 July 2015, and the Board has approved the issue of 880,000 performance rights under the EIRP to each non-executive Director in lieu of foregone RAC fees, subject to AGM approval.

*The ultimate parent*

The ultimate parent entity is Blue Energy Limited.

*Subsidiaries*

Blue Energy Limited provides funding for the subsidiaries to continue to develop their respective oil and gas exploration and evaluation activities.

*Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties*

Transactions with related parties are made in arm's length transactions both at normal market prices and on commercial terms.

**18. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL**

**(a) Key Management Personnel Compensation**

Key Management Personnel compensation included in employee benefits is as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Short term employee benefits	602	672
Post-employment benefits	56	51
Termination benefits	-	-
Share based payments	200	1,009
<b>Total</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>1,732</b>

Details of key management persons and remuneration policies are included in the Directors' Report.

**(b) Loans to Key Management Personnel**

No loans have been made by the parent or any subsidiary company to any Key Management Personnel during the period or to the date of this report.



For the year ended 30 June 2016

**19. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Remuneration as auditor of the parent and Consolidated Entity for:		
- auditing the annual financial report	35	34
- review of interim financial report	11	11
<b>Total</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>45</b>

**20. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share amount is calculated by dividing net profit / (loss) for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

*The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic earnings per share computations:*

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Net loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	(1,707)	(1,645)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share	1,140,993,237	1,140,993,237
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for dilutive earnings per share	1,140,993,237	1,140,993,237
Basic EPS	(0.15)	(0.14)
Diluted EPS	(0.15)	(0.14)

A total of 41,236,500 (2015: nil) options and 38,728,866 (2015: 13,545,000) incentive rights outstanding at balance date have not been included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as this result is anti-dilutive in nature.

Since the reporting date the Company has issued 898,645 ordinary shares of the Company in addition to paying \$3,000 cash in relation to vested employee incentive rights.

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares since the reporting date and before the issue of these financial statements.

**21. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

The Directors are not aware of any other material contingent liabilities or contingent assets at 30 June 2016, not otherwise disclosed in this report.

**22. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company operates in a single business segment, being the exploration for gas and petroleum resources. This activity is carried out in a single significant geographical segment, being Australia, principally in Queensland and the Northern Territory, which is consistent with reporting to key decision makers.

**23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

**(a) Financial Risk Management Policies**

The Consolidated Entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Consolidated Entity's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial position of the Consolidated Entity. The Consolidated Entity uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and aging analysis for credit risk.

**(a)(i) Financial Risk Exposures and Management**

The main risks the Consolidated Entity is exposed to through its financial instruments is interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

*Interest Rate Risk*

The following table sets out the carrying amount of the Consolidated Entity's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk:

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**For the year ended 30 June 2016**

2016	Note	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Fixed Interest Rate \$'000	Floating Interest Rate \$'000	Non- Interest Bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial Assets</b>						
Cash at bank and in hand	6	0.95%	-	819	-	819
Short-term deposits	6	2.88%	3,776	-	-	3,776
Trade and other receivables	7	-	-	-	62	62
<b>Total</b>			<b>3,776</b>	<b>819</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>4,657</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>						
Trade and other payables	11	-	-	-	465	465
<b>Total</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>465</b>
<b>2015</b>						
2015	Note	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Fixed Interest Rate \$'000	Floating Interest Rate \$'000	Non- Interest Bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial Assets</b>						
Cash at bank and in hand	6	1.50%	-	570	-	570
Short-term deposits	6	2.89%	4,175	-	-	4,175
Trade and other receivables	7	-	-	-	2,068	2,068
<b>Total</b>			<b>4,175</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>2,068</b>	<b>6,813</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>						
Trade and other payables	11	-	-	-	409	409
<b>Total</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>409</b>

Interest on financial instruments classified as floating rate is re-priced at intervals of less than one year. The consolidated entity has bank guarantees in place totalling \$505,404.

*Liquidity Risk*

The group and parent entity manages liquidity risk by monitoring and managing forecast cash flows.

*Credit Risk*

At balance date the maximum exposure to credit risk to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

**(a)(ii) Capital Management**

The Consolidated Entity maintains a system of controls which provide for continual monitoring of future cash flow requirements, allowing it to put in place appropriate facilities to ensure that sufficient funds are available to fund the Company's activities in the short to medium term.

The Consolidated Entity's underlying objectives with respect to managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern to enable the Consolidated Entity to operate to increase shareholder value. While the Consolidated Entity's activities comprise mainly exploration and appraisal operations, funding through equity, rather than debt, is considered to be the most appropriate capital structure.

There were no changes to the Consolidated Entity's approach to capital management or the financial risk management policies during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

**(a)(iii) Price Risk**

There is no price risk exposure as at 30 June 2016 (2015: nil).

**(b) Financial Instruments**

**(b)(i) Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis**

The following tables reflect the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for financial instruments of a fixed period of maturity, as well as management's expectations of the settlement period for all other financial instruments. As such, the amounts may not reconcile to the statement of financial position.

The ageing analysis of trade and other receivables is as follows:

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
0 – 30 days	7a	62	61
31 – 60 days		-	1,838
61 – 90 days		-	-
91 days +	7b	169	169
<b>Trade and other receivables</b>		<b>231</b>	<b>2,068</b>

For the year ended 30 June 2016

Trade and other payables are expected to be settled as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Less than 9 months	465	409
<b>Current trade and other payables</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>409</b>

**(b)(ii) Net Fair Values**

Net fair values of financial assets and liabilities disclosed are materially in line with carrying values at 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015.

**(b)(iii) Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. At 30 June 2016, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant are estimated as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Change in profit/(loss)		
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	92	95
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(92)	(95)
Change in equity		
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	92	95
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(92)	(95)

**24. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE**

Blue Energy Limited is not aware of any material events affecting the Company from reporting date to the date of this report.

**25. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

There were a number of new standards and interpretations, effective from 1 July 2015 that the Group applied for the first time in the current year. These included AASB 2015-3 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Withdrawal of AASB1031 Materiality*, and AASB 2015-4 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Financial Reporting Requirements for Australian Groups with a Foreign Parent*. None of these standards required a restatement of previous financial statements or changes in accounting. Several other amendments apply for the first time in the current financial year. However, they do not impact the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2016 reporting periods. It is anticipated that the Standards and Interpretations are either not applicable to the Company or that adoption in future periods will have no material impact on the Company's financial report, under the assumption that the operations of the Company are not significantly different. If and when the operations of the Company change in scale or have new elements, the impact of new and existing accounting standards will be re-assessed.

**26. PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**(a) Summary financial information**

The individual financial report for the parent entity shows the following aggregate amounts:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
<b>Statement of Financial Position</b>		
Current assets	4,343	6,421
Total assets	67,999	69,448
Current liabilities	369	396
Total liabilities	382	405
<i>Shareholders' equity</i>		
Issued capital	130,711	130,631
Reserves	9,655	9,455
Accumulated losses	(72,749)	(71,043)
	<b>67,617</b>	<b>69,043</b>
<b>Statement of Comprehensive Income</b>		
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(1,706)	(1,640)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the parent	<b>(1,706)</b>	<b>(1,640)</b>

**(b) Guarantees entered into by the parent entity**

The following bank guarantees (secured by term deposits) for the parent entity are in place at 30 June 2016:

For the year ended 30 June 2016

Bank guarantees parent entity - \$172,764

**(c) Contingent liabilities of the parent entity**

See Note 21.

**(d) Contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment**

As at 30 June 2016, the parent entity had no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (2015: nil).

**27. COMPANY DETAILS**

**REGISTERED OFFICE and PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Level 3  
410 Queen Street  
Brisbane QLD 4000

For personal use only

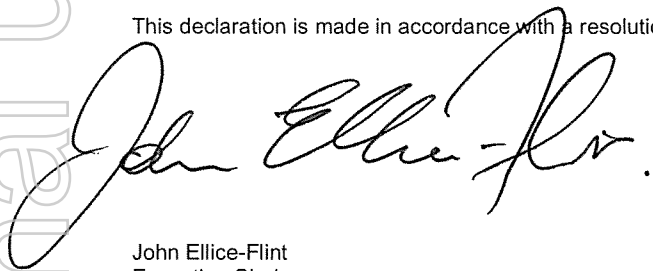
## DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

### Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 15 to 36, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and:
  - a. comply with Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards (as stated in Note 1) and *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
  - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of their performance for the year ended on that date of the Consolidated Entity;
2. the Chief Executive Officer has declared in accordance with the S295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*, that:
  - a. the financial records of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
  - b. the financial statements and the accompanying notes referred to in Section 295(3)(b) of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the financial year comply with the accounting standards;
  - c. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view; and
  - d. any other matters that are prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph in relation to the financial statements and the notes for the financial year are satisfied.
3. in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company and Consolidated Entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



John Ellice-Flint  
Executive Chairman

Dated this 20<sup>th</sup> day of September 2016

For personal use only

## Independent auditor's report to the members of Blue Energy Limited

### Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Blue Energy Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

#### *Directors' responsibility for the financial report*

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

#### *Auditor's responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### *Independence*

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report.

For personal use only

## Opinion

In our opinion:

- a. the financial report of Blue Energy Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- b. the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

## Emphasis of Matter

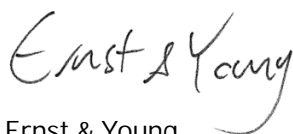
Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2(s) in the financial report which describes the principal conditions associated the entity's ability to meet its exploration and evaluation commitments with its existing cash reserves and as a result uncertainty regarding the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company and the consolidated group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company and consolidated group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the company and/or the consolidated entity not continue as a going concern.

## Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 12 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Blue Energy Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Ernst & Young



Tom du Preez  
Partner  
Brisbane  
20 September 2016

For personal use only

## ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

### Additional Shareholder Information

Additional information required by the ASX Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 29 August 2016.

#### (a) Distribution of Equity Securities

##### Ordinary Share Capital

There are 1,141,891,882 fully paid ordinary shares, held by 4,761 individual shareholders. There is no current on-market buy-back. All issued ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the rights to dividends.

The number of holders of ordinary shares by range is:

Range	Total holders	Units	% of Issued Capital
1 - 1,000	253	37,324	0.00
1,001 - 5,000	638	2,146,200	0.19
5,001 - 10,000	619	5,239,025	0.46
10,001 - 100,000	2,110	89,352,207	7.82
100,001 - 999,999,999	1,141	1,045,117,126	91.53
1,000,000,000 - 9,999,999,999	0	0	0.00
<b>Rounding</b>			<b>0.00</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,761</b>	<b>1,141,891,882</b>	<b>100.00</b>

##### Unmarketable Parcels

Minimum Parcel Size	Holders	Units
Minimum \$ 500.00 parcel at \$ 0.0250 per unit	1934	13590397

#### (b) Substantial Shareholders

Rank	Name	Units	% of Units
1.	ANZ NOMINEES LIMITED <PRIMEBROKER-PSL NO3 HLDG A/C>	114,062,417	9.99
2.	STANWELL CORPORATION LIMITED	87,359,198	7.65
3.	KOGAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	62,855,000	5.50

#### (c) Twenty Largest Holders of Quoted Equity Securities

Rank	Name	Units	% of Units
1.	ANZ NOMINEES LIMITED <PRIMEBROKER-PSL NO3 HLDG A/C>	114,062,417	9.99
2.	STANWELL CORPORATION LIMITED	87,359,198	7.65
3.	KOGAS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	62,855,000	5.50
4.	JEACH PTY LTD <THE PIPPI SUPER FUND A/C>	54,795,241	4.80
5.	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	27,133,974	2.38
6.	NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	24,424,130	2.14
7.	ASPAC MINING LIMITED	20,275,198	1.78
8.	BT PORTFOLIO SERVICES LIMITED <WARRELL HOLDINGS S/F A/C>	20,000,000	1.75
9.	GIRDIS SUPERANNUATION PTY LTD <GIRDIS SUPER FUND A/C>	16,845,787	1.48
10.	ROSSDALE SUPERANNUATION PTY LTD <ROSSDALE SUPER FUND A/C>	14,280,000	1.25
11.	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	12,979,798	1.14
12.	NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED <WRAP SERVICES A/C>	12,378,976	1.08
13.	SEYMOUR GROUP PTY LTD	12,220,837	1.07
14.	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	10,030,480	0.88
15.	BETA GAMMA PTY LTD <WALSH STREET SUPER FUND A/C>	10,000,000	0.88
16.	LYRIC-PASAN PTY LTD <HOLT SUPERANNUATION FUND A/C>	10,000,000	0.88
17.	NEW GREENWICH PTY LTD <NEW GREENWICH S/F A/C>	6,753,503	0.59
18.	POTSKI PTY LTD <POTSKI SUPER FUND A/C>	6,712,732	0.59
19.	PAKASOLUTO PTY LIMITED <BARKL FAMILY SUPER FUND A/C>	6,639,609	0.58
20.	MR CLEMENT MICHAEL HODDA	6,516,150	0.57
<b>Totals: Top 20 holders of ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES (TOTAL)</b>		<b>536,263,030</b>	<b>46.96</b>

#### (d) Voting Rights

Ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the rights to dividends. Options and rights have no voting rights or rights to dividends.



**BLUE ENERGY LIMITED**  
ACN 054 800 378

**DIRECTORS**



John Ellice-Flint (Executive Chairman)  
John Phillips (Managing Director)  
Karen Johnson (Non-Executive Director)  
Rodney Cameron (Non-Executive Director)  
Seungsoo Han (Non-Executive Director)

**COMPANY SECRETARY**

Damien Cronin



**REGISTERED OFFICE**

Level 3, 410 Queen Street  
Brisbane Qld 4000

 +61 7 3270 8800  
 +61 7 3270 8899


**BRISBANE OPERATIONS**

Level 3, 410 Queen Street  
Brisbane Qld 4000

 +61 7 3270 8800  
 +61 7 3270 8899

**SHARE REGISTRY**

Computer Share Registry Services Limited  
117 Victoria Street  
West End QLD 4101

 +61 3 9415 4000

**AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young  
111 Eagle Street  
Brisbane QLD 4000

**STOCK EXCHANGE**

ASX Limited  
Riverside Centre  
Level 5, 123 Eagle Street  
Brisbane QLD 4000

Trading code  
Ordinary shares: **BUL**

For personal use only