HIGHLIGHTS

- Cyclone Project environmental approvals progressing to Ministerial sign-off
- High-value exploration targets identified for Cape Bedford Project
- Gravity separation testwork completed for Tick Hill Gold Project’s tailings
- Successful fund-raising supports unlocking of shareholder value.

Emerging gold and mineral sands producer Diatreme Resources Limited (ASX:DRX) made further advances on its major projects during the September quarter 2016, supported by a successful fund-raising.

CYCLONE ZIRCON PROJECT (WA)
Currently the largest undeveloped zircon project in the Eucla Basin, the Cyclone Zircon Project continued to advance towards development in the September quarter. The project now awaits final ministerial consent as part of a de-risking process which is nearing completion, pending the award of the necessary environmental approvals.

CAPE BEDFORD SILICA/HEAVY MINERALS PROJECT (QLD)
A Compensation and Conduct Agreement with the traditional owners, Hopevale Congress to facilitate land access and exploration activity is in the final stages of negotiation. Diatreme has identified high potential targets within the EPM for silica sands. Pending successful negotiations, a targeted exploration program is planned for the final quarter 2016.

TICK HILL GOLD PROJECT (QLD)
Further metallurgical studies were undertaken during the quarter to assess the efficiency of gravity separation (via a Knelson concentrator) on a 50kg sample of Tick Hill tailings. The results obtained suggest that gravity separation in isolation is not appropriate for reprocessing of the tailings material. Additional testwork is now planned with the aim of minimising costs and determining a pathway to near-term cash flow, amid high Australian dollar gold prices.
CYCLONE ZIRCON PROJECT (WA)
Currently the largest undeveloped zircon project in the Eucla Basin, the Cyclone Zircon Project continued to advance towards development in the September quarter. The project now awaits final ministerial consent as part of a de-risking process which is nearing completion, pending the award of the necessary environmental approvals.

During Q2 of 2016 DRX engaged Sedgman Limited, a leading provider of mineral processing and associated infrastructure solutions to the mineral sands industry, to undertake a Project Enhancement and Update Study. Sedgman reviewed work undertaken for the PFS and subsequent studies and provided an updated assessment of the process plant, some infrastructure and shipping costs and assumptions at a technical and commercial level.

This has provided Diatreme with a greater understanding of the project's potential commercial returns while current industry and market conditions provide an opportunity for cost savings on key capital and operating expenditures, compared to the Prefeasibility Study.

The project analysis was based on the sale of heavy mineral concentrate (HMC) to processors in China. The HMC price was determined by calculating a reasonable proportion of the value of the contained final products based on the financial model previously developed by Diatreme for the PFS in 2012.

Sedgman reviewed the capital cost of the WCP which was based on the PFS testwork and the WCP flowsheet completed by Mineral Technologies in 2011. The $60m estimate for the capital cost of the plant using similar technology separating equipment was verified by Sedgman as a valid current estimate.

The joint study has confirmed the viability of the Cyclone Project and provides DRX with an independent consultant’s financial analysis which shows improvements to the project economics.

An update to the Probable Ore Reserve was completed as part of the Project Enhancement and Update Study, with a Probable Ore Reserve estimate for the Cyclone Project now reported as 138 Mt at 2.6% HM, including 0.72% Zircon, containing 3.5 Mt of HM, including 1 Mt of Zircon (ASX Announcement 15 June 2016).

The revised estimate primarily relates to the adoption of a revised mining schedule which reduces the amount of lower grade “Nearshore” mineralisation (and associated interburden) mined from the deeper parts of the mine path and omits some lower grade “Beach” mineralisation on the western batter of the mine path in the first three years of operation.

The Ore Reserve estimate is based on the Cyclone Mineral Resource estimate (refer ASX announcement 9 April 2015). The Cyclone Mineral Resource comprises 211 Mt at an average grade of 2.3% HM. The Probable Ore Reserve has been estimated at 138 Mt at an average grade of 2.6% HM, representing a 75% conversion rate for contained HM tonnes. The pit design includes 83 Mbcm of overburden with a strip ratio of 1:1. The strip ratio is considerably lower in the early years of the mine operation.

Environmental Approval
The EPA released recommended approval terms and conditions (positive) for the grant of the Lost Sands “Cyclone Project” environmental approvals to the WA Environment Minister in early August 2016. Despite already going through an extensive six-week public review and comment period managed by the EPA, the Minister’s final approval process involves a further public comment period of two weeks, which closed in late August 2016.

During this period two appeals were received. The response to those appeals is being managed and examined for merit or dismissal within the Minister’s office independently by the “Office of the Appeals Convenor” (OAC).
Lost Sands as part of the process with the OAC then drafted submissions specifically responding to the matters raised within the two appeals. This was straightforward as these matters had been raised previously and dealt with within the original EPA public comment period.

However, the OAC process involves referral back to the various Government agencies (EPA, Parks & Wildlife, Environment) for further comment, with this referral process resulting in significant time slippage. However, feedback received from the OAC has been very positive and these matters are not expected to preclude the grant of the license. The OAC’s final report is due out in late October and will then be forwarded to the Minister for his final approval.

The award of the environmental license will provide Lost Sands with the environmental conditions for developing and operating the Cyclone Mineral Sands Mine, including open cut pits, mining and processing infrastructure, airstrip, accommodation camp, bore fields and the haul road from the mine site to the Forrest rail siding.

CAPE BEDFORD SILICA/HMS PROJECT (QLD)

The Cape Bedford EPM17795 is located approximately 200km north of Cairns in North Queensland, and covers the extent of a large Quaternary sand dune field, part of which is currently being mined by Cape Flattery Silica Mines Pty Ltd (CFSM), a wholly owned subsidiary of Mitsubishi Corporation. Cape Flattery has operated since 1967 and is the world’s largest silica sand mining operation.

The Cape Bedford / Cape Flattery region of north Queensland is dominated by an extensive Quaternary sand mass and dune field that stretches inland from the present coast for approximately 10km and extends 50km from north to south (see figure below).

The Cape Bedford/Cape Flattery Dune Field is one of several extensive areas of coastal dunes which occur on the tropical east coast of Cape York Peninsula. The dune field covers an area of 700sqkm and contains a variety of constructional and erosional sandy landforms. Active, large parabolic dunes up to 6km in length and over 100m high are notable.

The dune field lies to the east of an upland area consisting mainly of Mesozoic sedimentary rocks with a few outcrops of lower Palaeozoic metamorphics and volcanics. The source sand of the dune field is weathering of Mesozoic sandstone which outcrops widely in the area.

Most exploration has centred on the Cape Flattery area, within the Mining Leases of CFSM, but reconnaissance exploration has been carried out over the entire dunefield in the late 1960's and again in the early 1980's. This exploration confirmed the presence of both silica sand and heavy mineral sands, and Diatreme intends to build on the existing data and initially target those areas (e.g. Nob Point) where prospective silica sand dunes have been identified and access is readily available.

A program of geological / geomorphological mapping, drilling and sample assaying is anticipated to quickly generate silica sand resources. Bulk sample collection will allow process flowsheet development and product quality analysis, with scoping studies then undertaken.

The company is currently in advanced negotiations with the traditional owners, the Hopevale Congress to formalise a Conduct and Compensation Agreement, which will allow access for on-ground exploration activity and ensure the traditional owners share in the potential economic benefits of this new project.
The Tick Hill Gold Deposit was mined between 1991 and 1995 by Carpentaria Gold Pty Ltd (a subsidiary of MIM Holdings Limited) for the production of 513,333 ounces of gold from 705,000 tonnes of ore at a recovered grade of 22.6 g/t gold (source: MIM – Annual Reports). This makes it one of the highest grade gold deposits in Australia’s recent gold producing history.

The transfer of the three ML’s to Diatreme Resources was confirmed by the Department in March 2015, triggering the commencement of the DRX Farm-In and Joint Venture Agreement with Superior Resources Limited (ASX:SPQ) over the Tick Hill Gold Project. Under the Joint Venture Agreement, Superior Resources has the right to earn a 50% interest in the project by:

- Completing $750,000 of exploration expenditure;
- Making a payment to DRX of $100,000; and
- Lodging 50% of the Queensland Government security bond on the tenements.
Exploration and assessment of the surface material within the leases (including alluvials, tailings and waste dumps) is to be conducted as a joint operation, with each party contributing 50% of the costs.

The Tick Hill Gold Mine operated from August 1991 through to March 1995, with commissioning of the site processing plant in December 1991. The plant comprised crushing and milling circuits delivering a product with a P80 of 70µm to a CIL circuit. Tailings were discharged into a tailings dam comprising two paddocks of a “turkeys nest” construction in which a perimeter embankment with a clay core retains tailings. Wall heights range from 6m to 10.5m. Since decommissioning the surface has been capped and both the surface and batters seeded, with good vegetation cover now present.

The total reported production for the Tick Hill Gold Mine was 705,000t at 22.6 g/t Au for 15,900kg Au at 97% gold recovery. Some high grade open pit ore was mined and transported to the Carpentaria Gold operations at Ravenswood to provide early cash flow to the project, this has been estimated at 20,000t based on the reported 19,000oz produced at Ravenswood in the 1991/1992 financial year (with head grades for that year of 30.2 g/t Au). This suggests that approximately 685,000t of tailings remain on site, with an estimated grade of around 0.7 g/t Au.

In January 2016 Diatreme announced a maiden Mineral Resource estimate for tailings material located within the rehabilitated tailings dam at Tick Hill (refer ASX announcement 19 Jan 2016). The Indicated Resource is estimated at 630kt at 1.08 g/t Au (at 0.5 g/t Au cut-off) containing 680kg (22,000 troy ounces) of gold.

In March 2016, Diatreme announced that a scoping study completed by an independent external consultant (Metcor) confirmed the viability of a standalone operation processing the identified tailings resource. Tick Hill has the potential for a 20-month operation processing the tailings via re-grinding and a standard CIP/CIL circuit.

Metallurgical studies were undertaken to help determine the optimal grain size required to balance leach extraction rates with energy requirements for regrinding of the tailings. The cyanide leach testwork showed that gold extraction increases with increasingly finer grind size, but gold extraction of ~90% or higher can be achieved at grind sizes of around P80 35 µm and finer.

Ultra-fine grinding testwork utilising an Isamill™ was conducted to determine the likely energy requirements, with results reported slightly higher than parameters used in the Scoping Study, but further work is required to generate data suitable for use in feasibility studies.

A 50kg sample was processed through a Knelson concentrator during the quarter to assess the efficiency of gravity separation on the Tick Hill tailings material. Although a gravity concentrate with free gold was produced, the overall gold recovery to concentrate was too low for gravity separation to be considered as an alternate or complementary processing method.

Additional metallurgical testwork is required to allow detailed design of a process flowsheet, determination of capital and operating costs, and development of a financial model to further assess the economic potential for mining and processing of the tailings material.

EUCLA BASIN HM PROJECT (WA)
No field work was undertaken during the quarter, and no exploration field work is planned for the December quarter as the company will be focused on the Cyclone Project PER and the Cape Bedford Project.

CLERMONT COPPER PROJECT (QLD)
A review of the Clermont project, and in particular the Rosevale Porphyry Corridor, is continuing, with development of a proposed exploration program.

GRAYS HILL PROJECT (QLD)
The company has identified a number of topographic features within Quaternary sediments on the coastal plain in the eastern part of EPM25117 that may represent targets for HM accumulation. An agreement with the primary landholder is required to facilitate access for reconnaissance exploration.
CASH POSITION

The Company’s cash position at 30 September 2016 (Appendix 5B) was $645,000. This follows a successful capital raising, which comprised a private placement of $235,000 (representing 19,583,333 shares at $0.012 per share) and a Share Purchase Plan, in which shareholders subscribed for $519,000 worth of new shares (47,181,787 new shares at $0.011 per share).

APPENDIX 1

Appendix 1 provides information required under ASX listing rule 5.3.3 for mineral exploration entities.

Dated 28 October 2016
Neil J McIntyre
Chief Executive

Company contact details:
Tel: +61 7 3397 2222
Email: manager@diatreme.com.au

Competent Person Statements

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resource from the Tick Hill Gold Project is based on information compiled by Mr. Ian Reudavey, a Competent Person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr. Reudavey is a full time employee of Diatreme Resources Limited. Mr. Reudavey has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the ‘Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves’. Mr. Reudavey consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report, insofar as it relates to Mineral Resources from the Cyclone Zircon Project is based on information compiled by Mr Ian Reudavey, who is a full time employee of Diatreme Resources Limited and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Reudavey has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he has undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of ‘The Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves’. Mr Reudavey consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report, insofar as it relates to Ore Reserves from the Cyclone Zircon Project is based on information compiled by Mr Phil McMurtrie, who is a director of Tisana Pty Ltd (a consultant to Diatreme Resources Limited), and a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr McMurtrie has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he has undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of ‘The Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves’. Mr McMurtrie consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.
APPENDIX 1

Appendix 1 provides information required under ASX listing rule 5.3.3 for mineral exploration entities.

### Mining tenements held at the end of the quarter and their location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Tenement Name</th>
<th>Tenement ID</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Holder</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Wanna Lakes East</td>
<td>E69/2408</td>
<td>Eucla Basin</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>LSPL</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Cyclone</td>
<td>M69/141</td>
<td>Eucla Basin</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>LSPL</td>
<td>Granted</td>
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<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Cyclone Extended</td>
<td>R69/1</td>
<td>Eucla Basin</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
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<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>EPM17968</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>CHAL</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Parapet</td>
<td>EPM19189</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>CHAL</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Expedition Creek</td>
<td>EPM19544</td>
<td>Clermont</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>CHAL</td>
<td>Granted</td>
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<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Grays Hill</td>
<td>EPM25117</td>
<td>Yeppoon</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Cape Bedford</td>
<td>EPM17795</td>
<td>Hopevale</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Tick Hill</td>
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<td>Duchess</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Tick Hill</td>
<td>ML7096</td>
<td>Duchess</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Tick Hill</td>
<td>ML7097</td>
<td>Duchess</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>DRX</td>
<td>Granted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mining tenements acquired and disposed of during the quarter and their location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Tenement Name</th>
<th>Tenement ID</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Holder</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Beneficial percentage interests held in farm-in or farm-out agreements at end of the quarter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>Agreement Type</th>
<th>Parties</th>
<th>Interest held at end of quarter by exploration entity</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Cyclone Zircon Project</td>
<td>Farm-out Heads of Agreement</td>
<td>LSPL and Perpetual Mining Holding Limited</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>HoA announced Jan 2014, initial 6% farm-out completed 18 Sept 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Tick Hill Gold Project</td>
<td>Farm-out and Joint Venture Agreement</td>
<td>DRX and Superior Resources Limited</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Proposed JV announced Aug 2011, formal Agreement announced Jun 2013, Joint Venture commenced Jan 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Beneficial percentage interests in farm-in or farm-out agreements acquired or disposed of during the quarter

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Parties</th>
<th>Interest held at end of quarter by exploration entity</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Abbreviations:

- **E**: Western Australia Exploration Licence
- **M**: Western Australia Mining Lease
- **R**: Western Australia Retention Licence
- **EPM**: Queensland Exploration Permit for Minerals
- **ML**: Queensland Mining Lease
- **DRX**: Diatreme Resources Limited
- **CHAL**: Chalcophile Resources Pty Ltd
- **LSPL**: Lost Sands Pty Ltd