

ACN 146 455 576

ANNUAL REPORT

for the year ended 30 June 2018

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This Annual Report covers Weebit Nano Ltd ("WBT" or the "Company") as a Group consisting of Weebit Nano Ltd and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group". The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

WBT is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Weebit Nano Ltd C/- Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd Level 7 330 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Directors:

David Perlmutter Chairman

Jacob Hanoch Managing Director and CEO

Fred Bart Non-Executive Director

Yossi Keret Non-Executive Director

Ashley Krongold Non-Executive Director

Yoav Nissan-Cohen Executive Director

Company Secretaries:

Mark Licciardo Adam Sutherland

Auditors:

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd Level 3 88, William Street PERTH WA 6000

Bankers:

Westpac Banking Corporation 108 Stirling Highway NEDLANDS WA 6009

Solicitors - Sydney:

King & Wood Mallesons Level 61 Governor Phillip Tower 1 Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000

Registered & Principal Office:

C/- Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd Level 7 330 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000 +61 3 8689 9997

Postal Address:

C/- Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd Level 7 330 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Home Stock Exchange:

Australian Securities Exchange Limited Level 40 152-158 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

ASX Code:

WBT

Share Registry:

Security Transfers Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway APPLECROSS WA 6153

Website:

www.weebit-nano.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2018.

DIRECTORS

David 'Dadi' Perlmutter - Chairman (Appointed 01/08/2016)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr David (Dadi) Perlmutter is focused on investment in growing technology companies in Israel. Mr Perlmutter also serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Mellanox Technologies, chairs various non-profit organizations, is a member of the Board of Governors of the Technion – Israel Institute of Technology and sits on the board of directors of various startups.

Mr Perlmutter served until early 2014 as Executive Vice President and General Manager of the Intel Architecture Group (IAG) and chief product officer of Intel Corporation. He was responsible for the business and development of Intel's platform solutions for all computing and communication segments including datacenters, desktops, laptops, handhelds, embedded devices, and computer electronics. In his tenure he grew the business from \$35 billion in 2008 to more than \$50 billion in 2013, managed 35,000 people worldwide and made investments and acquisitions exceeding \$2.5 billion.

NO OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Jacob Hanoch - Managing Director and CEO (Appointed 01/10/2017)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Jacob (Coby) Hanoch comes to Weebit Nano with 15 years' experience in engineering and engineering management and 22 years' experience in sales management and executive roles. Coby was Vice President Worldwide Sales at Verisity where he was part of the founding team and grew the company to over \$100M in annual sales which facilitated its acquisition by Cadence Design Systems (NASDAQ:CDNS).

He was also Vice President Worldwide Sales at Jasper, doubling sales before it was acquired by Cadence. As CEO of PacketLight, Coby helped steer the company away from bankruptcy. Coby set up a consulting company, EDAcon Partners, which helps startups define their corporate strategies, set up their worldwide sales channel and raise capital.

Coby holds a Bachelor of Science in Systems Design from Technion – Israel Institute of Technology.

NO OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Fred Bart - Non-Executive Director (Appointed 05/03/2018)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr. Fred Bart has an extensive track record of business success behind him and brings decades of business know-how to Weebit Nano. Starting his career in the bed linen retail and fashion industries, Fred's business interests diversified to include genetics, securities, electro-optics, hospitality and more. In the 1980's he was responsible for transforming his family business from a small operation to a 1,200 employee corporation with a \$200 million turnover. He acquired and turned around several businesses during his impressive career, expanding their operations, growing revenue and helping them to become publicly listed. Currently, he is a

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Chairman and major shareholder of Electro Optics Systems Limited (ASX : EOS) and Chairman of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited (ASX : AKP). Mr Bart also holds a wide range of private companies worldwide.

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Electro Optics Systems Limited – Chairman Audio Pixels Holdings Limited – Chairman

Yossi Keret- Non-Executive Director (Appointed 01/08/2016)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

Mr Yossi Keret has extensive managerial and financial experience and has led a variety of international companies in different fields including industrial, financing, biotech and high- tech startups both in Europe and the USA. Mr Keret has a vast experience in public and private companies and took a major part in M&A negotiations and implementation as well as in complex international tax planning. Mr Keret has played a major part in initial public offerings in NASDAQ and has led successful private equity raising for public companies. Mr Keret was formerly the Managing Director and CEO of the Weebit Nano Limited and announced his resignation for personal reasons on 30 June 2017, effective 30 September 2017 where he became a non-executive director. Yossi currently serves as the CFO of Blue sphere corporate, a traded company on the OTCQB (BLSP) specialized in the field of green energy. Yossi also serves a board member in Wize Pharma a traded company on the OTCQB (WIZP).

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Wize Pharma (OTCQB(WIZP) - Non-Executive Director

Ashley Krongold - Non-Executive Director (Appointed 29/09/2016)

Mr Ashley Krongold is the CEO of The Krongold Group, a third-generation, family-run group of companies based in Melbourne, Australia with businesses spanning various industries. Prior to Krongold Group, Ashley spent 15 years in the Investment Banking and Accounting industries. He was a founding member of Investec Bank Australia, worked at William Buck Chartered Accountants, ANZ Corporate Finance (London) and ANZ Private Bank (Australia).

OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Dotz Nano Limited – Non-Executive Director

Dr Yoav-Nissan Cohen – Executive Director (Appointed 15/02/2018)

Dr Yoav Nissan-Cohen's career covers nearly 40 years of scientific research, technology development, and executive management in the hi-tech industry. He is currently Chairman and CEO of Zullavision, a company which leverages Israeli technologies to provide innovative solutions for film and TV productions.

Yoav received his PhD researching non-volatile memories, under the supervision of Prof Dov Frohman, the inventor of the first non-volatile memory technology.

He started his illustrious career as a research scientist in GE's R&D center in New York where he studied the use of silicon dioxide in semiconductor memory devices. He then led the spin-off of National Semiconductor's fabrication facility in Israel, establishing Tower Semiconductor, a Nasdaq-listed, global specialty semiconductor foundry leader with a market cap of US\$3.4 billion, where he served as CEO for nine years. Dr. Nissan-Cohen also played a key role in establishing a non-volatile technology startup, Saifun Semiconductor, which was subsequently sold to Spansion. After two years in the venture capital industry, he returned to his entrepreneurial origins taking up Chairman and CEO positions in Amimon which provides wireless transmissions of HD Video at zero latency. Dr. Nissan-Cohen holds a PhD in Applied Physics where his focus was SiOx memories.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FORMER DIRECTORS DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Kobi Ben-Shabat – Non-Executive Director (Appointed 01/08/2016 – Resigned 30/11/2017) Ananda Kathiravelu – Non-Executive Director (Appointed 15/02/2011 – Resigned 05/03/2018)

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mark Licciardo (Appointed 01/02/2017)

Mark Licciardo is Managing Director of Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd (Mertons) which provides company secretarial and corporate governance consulting services to ASX listed and unlisted public and private companies.

Prior to establishing Mertons, Mark Licciardo was Company Secretary of the Transurban Group and Australian Foundation Investment Company Limited. Mark has also had an extensive commercial banking career with the Commonwealth Bank and State Bank Victoria. Mark Licciardo is a former Chairman of the Governance Institute Australia (GIA) in Victoria and the Melbourne Fringe Festival, a fellow of GIA, the Institute of Chartered Secretaries (CIS) and the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and a Director of ASX listed Frontier Digital Ventures Limited, Ensogo Limited and Mobilicom Limited as well as several other public and private companies. Mr Licciardo is a former Director of iCar Asia Limited.

Adam Sutherland (Appointed 14/12/2017)

Adam Sutherland is an experienced corporate governance professional and is Company Secretary for a number of ASX listed entities. He has expertise in corporate compliance obligations, including ASX and ASIC requirements. Currently a Corporate Governance Advisor at Mertons Corporate Services, Adam has also held legal support and corporate compliance roles with Crown Resorts Limited and Crown Melbourne Limited

He holds an Advanced Diploma of Business (Legal Practice) from RMIT and Certificate in Corporate Governance from the Governance Institute of Australia.

FORMER SECRETARIES DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Christopher Lobb (Appointed 01/02/2017 - Resigned 14/12/2017)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Weebit Nano Ltd ("WBT" or the "Company") develops a next generation Non-Volatile Memory using a Resistive RAM (ReRAM) technology based on Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

On November 24, 2017, Weebit Nano Israel, a wholly owned subsidiary, incorporated a 100% held R&D subsidiary in France- Weebit Nano France.

RESULTS

The net loss attributable to members of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018 amounted to \$4,301,869 (2017- \$21,971,804). 2017 net loss relates mainly (\$17,122,984) to a share-based payment for the cost of listing.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared during the year or in the period from the year end to the date of this report.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Overview

As described above, the Company's strategy is to develop a next generation Non- Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

The Company, through its R&D French subsidiary, signed a collaboration agreement with CEA- Leti (Leti), a leading French microelectronics research institute, for the development and prototyping of advanced ReRAM memories based on switching SiOx materials. This created a team of highly-skilled scientists based in a world-class facility to further develop the technology.

The first phase of development started in mid-September 2016, which was the development and engineering of the base technology, bringing it to a production-level geometry of 40 nanometers and demonstrating an initial 1 Mb (Mega-bit) memory array.

In May 2018 the agreement with Leti was extended to enable improving the "baseline parameters" bringing the memory array closer to the level required for production.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Financial Position

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred an operating loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2018 of \$4,301,869, (2017-Loss of \$21,971,804, out of which \$17,122,984 represented share-based payments for the cost of listing) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,454,282 (2017-\$3,068,289). As at 30 June 2018 the Group had cash on hand of \$3,356,748 (2017:\$1,695,088) and net working capital of \$3,402,537 (2017- \$1,304,471). The loss reflects the research and development activities of the Group as well as administration costs.

Management have prepared a cash flow forecast which includes funding from a capital raise. On 25 September 2018, the Company commenced the capital raise and as at the date of this report the Company has received binding offers representing a significant portion of the amount to be raised. Based on the matters described above the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

Financial review

As the group is in the research and development stage it does not yet generate revenue. The operating loss for the twelve months ended June 30, 2018 was \$4,301,869 (2017 -\$21,971,804). The 2017 loss was mainly due to \$17,122,984 representing a share-based payments for the cost of listing (see note 14), whereas 2018 loss incurred mainly comprised of:

Research and development	\$ 1,079,476	Mainly for the development process of Non- Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide
		Weebit Nano France is entitled to receive Research and Development grants (tax refunds) from the French government. Such grants are recognized as revenue upon receipt. Weebit Nano France received grants of \$390,000 which partly offsets the R&D expenses.
		R&D expenses include \$203,530 for share based compensation
General and Administrative	\$ 3,216,571	Out of which \$1,269,261 was for share based compensation

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the total current assets of the group were \$3,914,139 out of which \$3,356,748 was cash and cash equivalents. Total assets were \$4,005,966. As of June 30, 2017, the total current assets of the group amounted to \$1,774,262, out of which \$1,695,088 were cash and cash equivalents. Total assets were \$1,821,358 at 30 June 2017.

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2018 were \$511,602 (trade and other payables). Total liabilities as of June 30, 2017 were \$469,791 (trade and other payables).

Total Equity as of June 30 2018 was \$3,494,364 (\$1,351,567 in June 30, 2017). The increase in Equity is mainly due to share issuance and the conversion of options, net of capital raising costs, offset by the 2018 comprehensive loss.

Net cash used in operating activities for 2018 was \$3,454,282 (2017 \$3,068,289), mainly in respect of payments to suppliers, consultants and employees. Net cash flows provided by financing activities for 2018 were \$5,169,682 from share issuance and conversion of options, net of capital raising costs (2017 \$860,117)

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Weebit Nano expects to continue with the development of its next generation Silicon Oxide ReRAM memory technology at Leti's pre-industrialisation facilities in Grenoble. The Company is currently focused on improving the baseline parameters of its memory, preparing it for a transfer to a production manufacturing facility ("fab").

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

On 20 September 2018, a group of Weebit Nano's founding shareholders (including its two largest shareholders, the company's Chairman and a non-executive Director) have voluntarily agreed to implement a further escrow period on a significant portion of their shares. The voluntary escrow period commences immediately and continues to 31 March 2019. It covers 251,124,438 fully paid ordinary shares owned (17.3% of the current issued capital). Under the Corporations Act the maximum escrow permitted is 20%.

On 26 September 2018, the securities of Weebit Nano Limited ("WBT") will be placed in trading halt at the request of WBT, pending it releasing an announcement. Unless ASX decides otherwise, the securities will remain in trading halt until the earlier of the commencement of normal trading on Friday, 28 September 2018 or when the announcement is released to the market.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group's operations are not subject to environmental regulations in the jurisdictions it operates in.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, the Company has paid a premium of \$60,519 (2017- \$62,015) excluding GST to insure the Directors and officers of the Company for an 18 month period.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a willful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY

Details of relevant interests of current Directors in Weebit Nano's shares as at the date of this report were as follows:

	Sha	ires	Options	
Director	Held Directly	Held Indirectly	Held Directly	Held Indirectly
Dadi Perlmutter	1,020,833	28,837,488	-	-
Coby Hanoch	426,724	-	28,000,000	-
Fred Bart	-	4,400,000	-	-
Yossi Keret	-	28,837,489	-	-
Ashley Krongold	-	28,728,729	-	-
Yoav Nissan-Cohen	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1,447,557	90,803,706	28,000,000	-

The Board of directors approved the grant of additional options and performance rights to several directors. These grants are subject to approval by the Shareholders of the Company and thus are not included in the above table.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

Set out below are details of the number of Board meetings held by Weebit Nano during the 2018 financial year with each director's attendance details.

	Board Meetings		
	Held	Attended	
Dadi Perlmutter	14	14	
Coby Hanoch	10	10	
Fred Bart	5	5	
Yossi Keret	14	14	
Ashley Krongold	14	14	
Yoav Nissan-Cohen	6	5	
Kobi Ben-Shabat*	6	6	
Ananda Kathiravelu**	9	8	

* resigned on 30/11/2017

** resigned on 05/03/2017

Under Weebit Nano's Constitution, documents containing written resolutions assented to by Directors are to be taken as a minute of a meeting of Directors. There were four written resolutions assented to by the Board this financial year.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and key management personnel of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018. The information contained in this report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

This remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management a controlling the major activities of the Company and the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company, and includes those executives in the Parent and the Group receiving the highest remuneration.

Key Management Personnel Directors: Mr David Perlmutter (Chairman) Mr Jacob Hanoch (CEO and MD) Mr Fred Bart (Non-Executive Director) Mr Yossi Keret (Non-Executive Director) Mr Ashley Krongold (Non-Executive Director) Dr Yoav Nissan-Cohen (Executive Director) Mr Ananda Kathiravelu (Non-Executive Director) (resigned 5/03/2018) Mr Kobi Ben Shabat (Non-Executive Director) (resigned 30/11/2017)

Remuneration Policy

The Company's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel which currently consists of directors only. The Company has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align director and executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain high calibre management personnel and directors to run and manage the Group.

Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and any executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

The maximum aggregate amount of annual fees that can be paid to non-executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$300,000).

Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in employee incentive option plans that may exist from time to time.

Executive Remuneration

Executive Remuneration currently consists of fixed remuneration only, and the board is considering variable remuneration (comprising short-term and long-term incentive schemes).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

Fixed Remuneration

The Company's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel. The Company has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align director and executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

The fixed remuneration of the Company's Key Management Personnel is detailed in page 11.

Variable Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders and directors and key management personnel. Currently, this is facilitated through the issue of options and performance rights to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

Directors and executives may be issued options to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. Options and performance rights issued to Directors may be subject to market-based price hurdles and vesting conditions and the exercise price of options is set at a level that encourages the Directors to focus on share price appreciation. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. Key Management Personnel are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives such as options. The policy is designed to reward key management personnel for performance that results in long- term growth in shareholder value.

Remuneration of Directors and Executives

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the key management personnel (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) of Weebit Nano Ltd are set out in the following tables.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

Key management personnel of Weebit Nano Limited

2018	Short Term Benefits Benefits Benefits		Share Based Payments	Total	% of remuneration consisting of	
Key Management Personnel	Salary and Fees \$	Non- Monetary \$	\$	\$	\$	options and performance rights
David Perlmutter	98,306	-	-	-	98,306	-
Jacob Hanoch	247,927	-	-	548,813	796,740	68%
Fred Bart	14,577	-	-	64,407*	78,984	82%
Yossi Keret	163,798	-	-	-	163,798	-
Ashley Krongold	45,000	-	-	504,000*	549,000	92%
Yoav Nissan Cohen	66,545	-	-	165,220*	231,765	71%
Kobi Ben Shabat	18,750	-	-	-	18,750	-
Ananda Kathiravelu	31,612	-	3,003	-	34,615	-
Total	686,615	-	3,003	1,282,440	1,971,958	-

* The 30 June 2018 options and performance rights to the above directors are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

2017	Short Bene	-	Post Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments	Total	% of remuneration consisting of
Key Management	Salary and Fees	Non- Monetary	Denents	Fayments		options and performance rights
Personnel	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
David Perlmutter	81,597	-	-	-	81,597	-
Yossi Keret	272,666	-	-	-	272,666	-
Ananda Kathiravelu	55,246	-	5,248	-	60,494	-
Ashley Krongold	33,750	-	-	-	33,750	-
Kobi Ben Shabat	41,250	-	-	-	41,250	-
Rami Hadar	40,786	-	-	-	40,786	-
	525,295	-	5,248	-	530,543	-

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

a) Share holdings of key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares of Weebit Nano Ltd held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Director, including their personally-related entities as at balance date:

2018:

	Held at	Movement during	Held Prior to	Held at
Directors	1 July 2017	year	Resignation	30 June 2018
D. Perlmutter	28,837,488	1,020,833	-	29,858,321
J. Hanoch	-	426,724	-	426,724
F. Bart	-	4,400,000	-	4,400,000
Y. Keret	28,837,489	-	-	28,837,489
A. Krongold***	28,728,729	7,000,000	-	35,728,729
Y. Nissan Cohen	-	-	-	-
K. Ben Shabat*	4,104,104	-	4,104,104	-
A. Kathiravelu**	130,000	-100,000	30,000	-
Total	90,637,810	12,747,557	4,134,104	99,251,263

*Resigned on 30 November 2017.

** Resigned on 5 March 2018.

*** The shares issued to A. Krongold on 30 January 2018 are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting

2017:

Directors	Held at 1 July 2016	Movement during year	Held Prior to Resignation	Held at 30 June 2017
D. Perlmutter	-	28,837,488	N/A	28,837,488
Yossi Keret	-	28,837,489	N/A	28,837,489
K. Ben Shabat	-	4,104,104	N/A	4,104,104
A Krongold	-	28,728,729	N/A	28,728,729
Rami Hadar**	-	22,829,900	22,829,900	-
A. Tough*	2,461,771	-	2,461,771	-
J. Lea*	3,751,308	-	3,751,308	-
A. Kathiravelu	130,000	-	-	130,000
D. Sourbutts*	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-
Total	8,343,079	113,337,710	31,042,979	90,637,810

*Resigned on 1 August 2016.

** Resigned on 30 June 2017.

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Refer (b)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

b) Options and Performance Rights holdings of key management personnel

The number of options over ordinary shares in Weebit Nano Ltd held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified Director and specified executive, including their personally- related entities as at balance date, is as follows:

2018: (Options)

					Vested and
Directors	Held at	Movement	Held prior to	Held at 30	exercisable at 30 June
	1 July 2017	during year	resignation	June 2018	2018
A. Kathiravelu*	20,385,000	(2,000,000)**	18,385,000	-	
F. Bart	-	4,000,000	N/A	4,000,000	Refer (a)
Y. Nissan-Cohen	-	8,000,000	N/A	8,000,000	Refer (b)
J. Hanoch	N/A	28,000,000	-	28,000,000	Refer (c)
Total	20,385,000	38,000,000	18,385,000	40,000,000	
2018: (Performance Rights)		. .			Vested and
Directors	Held at 1 July 2017	Movement during year	Held prior to resignation	Held at 30 June 2018	exercisable at 30 June 2018
F. Bart	-	3,200,000	N/A	3,200,000	Refer (a)

6,400,000

9,600,000

*Resigned 05/03/2018

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Y. Nissan-Cohen

Total

**Expired 31/10/2017

(a) 4,000,000 options and 3,200,000 performance rights were approved by the Board on 26 February 2018. The options and performance rights are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting. The option and performance rights vest over 4 years; 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights will expire 10 years from the date of grant. For the further details on valuation assumptions, refer Note 13 to the financial statements.

N/A

N/A

6,400,000

9,600,000

(b)

- a. 4,000,000 options and 3,200,000 performance rights were approved by the Board of Directors to Y. Nissan-Cohen on 15 February 2018. The options and performance rights are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting. The instruments shall vest as the services are provided over 4 years; 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights will expire 10 years from the date of grant. For the further details on valuation assumptions, refer Note 13 to the financial statements.
- b. 4,000,000 options and 3,200,000 performance rights were approved by the Board of Directors to Nichohy Ltd on 30 January 2018 (a company wholly owned by a director of Weebit Nano Ltd Yoav Nissan-Cohen). The instruments shall vest as the services are provided over 4 years; 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights have expiry of 10 years from the date of grant. For the further details on valuation assumptions, refer Note 13 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

(c) 28,000,000 options were approved by Shareholders to J. Hanoch on 30 November 2017. These are vested over 4 years; 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights have expiry of 10 years from the date of grant. For the further details on valuation assumptions, refer Note 13 to the financial statements.

2017:

		Movement			Vested and
Directors	Held at 1 July 2016	Movement during year	Held prior to resignation	2017	exercisable at 30 June 2017
A. Tough*	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-	-
J. Lea*	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-	-
A. Kathiravelu	12,500,000	7,885,000	N/A	20,385,000	20,385,000
D.Sourbutts*	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-	-
Total	20,385,000	7,885,000	6,000,000	20,385,000	20,385,000

*Resigned on 1 August 2016.

For 2017 - other Related Party Transitions – As disclosed in Note 12 Capital Raising and administrative fees paid to Armada Capital and Ampere (Companies related to director A. Kathiravelu) totalling \$457,878. Further payments made to Lea Consulting amounted to \$4,950 (Company related to director J.Lea). A. Kathiravelu and J.Lea were directors and had an interest in the companies during the year Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favorable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. 18,385,000 options were issued to Armada Capital as part of the 50,000,000 issued to Corporate Advisors. The options had a fair value of \$0.025. Refer to note 13 for terms and conditions and valuation assumptions.

*********END OF REMUNERATION REPORT********

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the report, no other likely developments, future prospects and business strategies of the operations of the Company have been included in this report as the Directors believe that the inclusion of such information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

SHARE OPTIONS/PERFORMANCE RIGHTS

Shares under Option

At the date of this report there are 136,079,671 unissued shares under option outstanding as summarised below:

Date Granted	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of shares under option
1 August 2016	1 August 2019	\$0.0625	50,000,000
30 July 2016	30 July 2021	Nil	8,652,271
30 November 2017	2 October 2027	\$0.01755	28,000,000
25 October 2017 & 14 December 2017	30 June 2020	\$0.03	49,427,400
			136,079,671

These options do not entitle the holders to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

The Board of directors approved additional options and performance rights granted to several directors. These grants are pending approval by the Shareholders of the company and thus are not included in the above table.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2018 has been received and can be found on page 24.

AUDITOR

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

AUDIT SERVICES

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor.

Amounts received or due and receivable by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
An audit and review of the financial report of the parent and any other entity in the Group	43,070	42,173
Other services in relation to the parent and any other entity in the Group	7,400	8,000
Amounts received or due and receivable by BDO Israel		
*BDO Israel – Audit and review of the subsidiary Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)	65,345	45,000
	115,815	95,173

*The fee for BDO Israel includes the audit of statutory financial statements for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and Weebit Nano SARL (France) as well as the audit of the tax return for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to Section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Coby Hanoch CEO and Managing Director

Melbourne 28 September 2018

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board is responsible for establishing the Company's corporate governance framework. In establishing its corporate governance framework, the Board has referred to the 3rd edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Councils' Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company follows the recommendations. The Company will follow each recommendation where the Board has considered the recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where the Company's corporate governance practices will follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting on the adoption of the recommendation. In compliance with the "if not, why not" reporting regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices will not follow a recommendation, the Board has explained its reasons for not following the recommendation and disclosed what, if any, alternative practices the Company will adopt instead of those in the recommendation. The Company's governance-related documents can be found on its website at <u>www.weebit-nano.com</u> under the section marked Corporate Governance.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1 – Recommendation followed

The Company has established the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management, and has documented this in its Board Charter.

The responsibilities of the Board include but are not limited to:

- a) setting and reviewing strategic direction and planning;
- b) reviewing financial and operational performance;
- c) identifying principal risks and reviewing risk management strategies; and
- d) considering and reviewing significant capital investments and material transactions.

In exercising its responsibilities, the Board recognises that there are many stakeholders in the operations of the Company, including employees, shareholders, co-ventures, the government and the community.

Recommendation 1.2 – Recommendations followed

The Board carefully considers the character, experience, education and skillset, as well as interests and associations of potential candidates for appointment to the Board and conducts appropriate checks to verify the suitability of the candidate, prior to their election. The Company has appropriate procedures in place to ensure that material information relevant to a decision to elect or re-elect a director, is disclosed in the notice of meeting provided to shareholders.

Recommendation 1.3 – Recommendations followed

The Company has a written agreement with each of the Directors. The material terms of any employment, service or consultancy agreement the Company, or any of its child entities, has entered into with its Chief Executive Officer, any of its directors, and any other person or entity who is a related party of the Chief Executive Officer or any of its directors will be disclosed in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.16.4 (taking into consideration the exclusions from disclosure outlined in that rule).

Contract details of senior executives who are KMP are summarised in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.4 – Recommendations followed

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board for facilitating the Company's corporate governance processes and the proper functioning of the Board. Each Director is entitled to access the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, the appointment or removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. Details of the Company Secretary's experience and qualifications are set out in the Annual Report.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Recommendation 1.5 – Recommendation not followed

The Company is committed to creating a diverse working environment and promoting a culture which embraces diversity.

Given the size of the Company and scale of its operations, however, the Board is of the view that a written diversity policy with measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity is not required at this time. Further as the Company has not established measureable objectives for achieving gender diversity, the Company has not reported on progress towards achieving them.

Recommendations 1.6 and 1.7 – Recommendations not followed

Whilst the Company has a written policy, the Board recognises that as a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a public listed junior technology company, the assessment of the directors' and executives' overall performance and its own succession plan is conducted on an informal basis. Whilst this is at variance with the ASX Recommendations, for the financial year ended June 2018, the Directors consider an appropriate and adequate process for the evaluation of Directors is in place, given the majority of directors were appointed within this financial year.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1 – Recommendation followed

As a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a publicly listed junior technology company and given the size of the Board at present a Nomination Committee has not been established. The Board meets as a whole to consider. The Board from time to time reviews the skill mix required for the Board and, where gaps are identified, embarks on a process to fill those gaps.

Recommendation 2.2 – Recommendation followed

The details of the skill set of the current Board members are set out in the description of each Director in the Annual Report. The Board has adopted the following Board Skills Matrix which sets out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board is looking to achieve in its membership. The Board Skills Matrix highlights the key skills and experience of the Board and the extent to which those skills are currently represented on the Board.

Skills and experience	Number of Directors/ Board representations (out of 6)	
Executive leadership - Senior executive experience including international experience.	6	
Board experience - Experience as a board member or member of a governance body.	6	
Financial acumen - Senior executive or equivalent experience in financial accounting and reporting, corporate finance, risk and internal controls.	6	
Semiconductor - Experience related to the Semiconductor market, connections to key companies in the domain.	3	
ASX and Australian public market - Experience in raising capital in Australia, knowledge of the Australian regulations.	4	
Strategy - Experience in developing, implementing and challenging a plan of action designed to achieve the long-term goals of an organisation, including information technology and digital experience.	6	
Capital management - Experience in capital management strategies, including capital partnerships, debt financing and capital raisings.	6	

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Recommendation 2.3 – Recommendation followed

The board consists of six directors, four of whom are non-executive and three of whom are Independent Directors. The Board considers David Perlmutter (Non-executive Chairman), Ashley Krongold (Non-executive Director) and Fred Bart (Non-executive Director) to be Independent Directors.

Recommendation 2.4 – Recommendation not followed

As noted under Recommendation 2.3, the Board comprises six Directors of whom three are considered Independent Directors. The Board does not comprise a majority of independent directors. However, the Board is satisfied that its current composition is suitable for the Company given its resources, size and operations. In particular, the current structure and composition of the Board has been determined having regard to the nature and size of the Company, the skill set of The Company's directors both individually and collectively, and the best interests of shareholders. The Board believes that independent judgment is achieved and maintained in respect of its decision-making processes. Furthermore, all directors are entitled to seek independent professional advice as and when required. The directors believe that they are able to objectively analyse the issues before them in the best interests of all shareholders and in accordance with their duties as directors.

Recommendation 2.5 – Recommendation followed

The Chairman, Mr Perlmutter, is an Independent Director. His role as Chairman of the Board is separate from that of the Managing Director (who is responsible for the day to day management of the Company) and is in compliance with the ASX Recommendation that these roles not be exercised by the same individual.

Recommendation 2.6 – Recommendation not followed

The Board recognises that as a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a publicly listed junior technology company, the Board has not put in place a formal program for inducting new directors. However, it does provide a package of background information on commencement and provides ready interaction with the Company's personnel to gain a stronger understanding of the business. Similarly, the Company does not at this stage provide professional development opportunities for Directors. More formal processes for both of these areas will be considered in the future as the Company develops.

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1 – Recommendation followed

The Company is committed to promoting good corporate conduct grounded by strong ethics and responsibility. The Company has established a Code of Conduct (Code), which addresses matters relevant to the Company's legal and ethical obligations to its stakeholders. It may be amended from time to time by the Board and is disclosed on the Company's website. The Code applies to all Directors, employees, contractors and officers of the Company.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

Recommendation 4.1 – Recommendation followed

WBT was not a Company required by ASX Listing Rule 12.7 to have an Audit Committee although it is included in the ASX Recommendations. The Board has not established an audit committee at this point in the Company's development. It is considered that the size of the Board along with the level of activity of the Company renders this impractical and the full Board considers in detail all of the matters for which the directors are responsible. The Board has adopted an Audit Committee Charter and is disclosed on the Company's website.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Recommendation 4.2 – Recommendation followed

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 4.2 the Chief Executive Officer (or their equivalent) and Chief Financial Officer (or their equivalent) are required to provide assurances that the written declarations under s295A of the Corporations Act (and for the purposes of ASX Recommendation 4.2) are founded on a sound framework of risk management and internal control and that the framework is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. Both the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer provide such assurances at the time the s295A declarations are provided to the Board.

Recommendation 4.3 – Recommendation followed

The Company's external audit function is performed by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (Nexia). Representatives of Nexia attend the Annual General Meeting and are available to answer shareholder questions regarding the audit.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1 – Recommendations followed

The Company operates under the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and has adopted a policy. The Continuous Disclosure Policy sets out policies and procedures for the Company's compliance with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, and addresses financial markets communication, media contact and continuous disclosure issues. It forms part of the Company's corporate policies and procedures and is available to all staff. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website.

Principle 6 - Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation 6.1 – Recommendations followed

The Company keeps investors informed of its corporate governance, financial performance and prospects via its website – <u>www.weebit-nano.com</u>. Investors can access copies of all announcements to the ASX, notices of meetings, annual reports and financial statements, and Investor presentations via the 'Investor Information' tab and can access general information regarding the Company and the structure of its business under the 'Company' and 'Projects' tabs.

Recommendation 6.2 – Recommendations followed

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. In accordance with the ASX Recommendations, information is communicated to shareholders as follows:

- the annual financial report which includes relevant information about the operations of the Company during the year, changes in the state of affairs of the entity and details of future developments, in addition to the other disclosures required by the Corporations Act 2001;
- the half yearly financial report lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange and Australian Securities and Investments Commission and sent to all shareholders who request it;
- notifications relating to any proposed major changes in the Company which may impact on share ownership rights that are submitted to a vote of shareholders;
- notices of all meetings of shareholders;
- publicly released documents including full text of notices of meetings and explanatory materialmade available on the Company's website at <u>www.weebit-nano.com</u>; and

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

• disclosure of the Company's Corporate Governance practices and communications strategy on the entity's website.

Recommendation 6.2 – Recommendations followed (continued)

While the Company aims to provide sufficient information to Shareholders about the Company and its activities, it understands that Shareholders may have specific questions and require additional information. To ensure that Shareholders can obtain all relevant information to assist them in exercising their rights as Shareholders, the Company has made available a telephone number and relevant contact for Shareholders to make their enquiries.

Recommendation 6.3 – Recommendation followed

The Board encourages full participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals. Important issues are presented to the shareholders as single resolutions. The external auditor of the Company is also invited to the Annual General Meeting of shareholders and is available to answer any questions concerning the conduct, preparation and content of the auditor's report. Pursuant to section 249K of the Corporations Act 2001 the external auditor is provided with a copy of the notice of meeting and related communications received by shareholders.

Recommendation 6.4 – Recommendation followed

The Company provides its investors the option to receive communications from and send communications to, the Company and the share registry electronically.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risks

Recommendation 7.1 – Recommendations followed

Due to the size of the Board, the Company does not have a separate Risk Committee. The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which is disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 7.2 – Recommendations not followed

The Board recognises that there are inherent risks associated with the Company's operations including technological, legal and other operational risks. The Board endeavours to mitigate such risks by continually reviewing the activities of the Company in order to identify key business and operational risks and ensuring that they are appropriately assessed and managed. No formal report in relation to the Company's management of its material business risks is presented to the Board. The Board reviews the risk profile of the Company and monitors risk informally throughout the year.

Recommendation 7.3 – Recommendation not followed

The Company does not have an internal audit function. This is due to the size of the Company and the stage of life of the entity. To evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control processes, the Board relies on ongoing reporting and discussion of the management of material business risks as outlined in the Company's Risk Management Policy.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

Recommendation 7.4 – Recommendation followed

As already outlined above in relation to various ASX Recommendations, the Company constantly monitors and reviews the key risks that affect the Company and the management of those risks. They include economic, environment and sustainability risks. The risks which the Company has identified that it has a material exposure to are its ability to raise funds within an acceptable time frame and on terms acceptable to it ("Capital Risk"); and that its existing technology, or any other technologies that it may acquire in the future, will be able to be economically exploited ("Commercialisation Risk").

The manner in which the Company manages those risks, in the case of Capital Risk, to monitor the market and investment appetite and to raise further required capital in a timely manner such that the Company's operations are adequately funded; in the case of Commercialisation Risk, to adopt a focused approach using modern techniques, seek partnerships with world-leading organisations and seeking to lay off risk where possible.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1 – Recommendation followed

Due to the size of the Board, the Company does not have a separate remuneration committee. The roles and responsibilities of a remuneration committee are currently undertaken by the Board. The duties of the full board in its capacity as a remuneration committee are set out in the Company's Remuneration Committee Charter. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a Remuneration Committee are marked as separate agenda items at Board meetings when required. The Board has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee and is disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 8.2 – Recommendations followed

Details of the Company's policies on remuneration are set out in the Company's "Remuneration Report" in each Annual Report published by the Company. This disclosure will include a summary of the Company's policies regarding the deferral of performance-based remuneration and the reduction, cancellation or clawback of the performance-based remuneration in the event of serious misconduct or a material misstatement in the Company's financial statements.

Recommendation 8.3 - Recommendation followed

The Company's Security Trading Policy includes a statement prohibiting directors, officers and employees entering into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of their security holding in the Company or of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity based remuneration schemes.

Security Trading Policy

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 12.9, the Company has adopted a trading policy which sets out the following information:

- a) closed periods in which directors, employees and contractors of the Company must not deal in the Company's securities;
- b) trading in the Company's securities which is not subject to the Company's trading policy; and
- c) the procedures for obtaining written clearance for trading in exceptional circumstances.



Auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of Weebit Nano Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

NPAS

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

mar Nathwam

Amar Nathwani Director

Perth 28 September 2018

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

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Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2018

Research and Development expenses	Note 3(s)	Consolidated 2018 \$ (1,079,476)	Consolidated 2017 \$ (1,033,329)
Sales and Marketing expenses		(140,423)	(158,845)
General and Administrative expenses	8	(3,216,571)	(3,611,644)
Listing expenses	14	-	(17,122,984)
Finance income (costs)		150,266	(45,198)
Other Income (expenses)		(15,665)	196
Loss for the year before tax		(4,301,869)	(21,971,804)
Income tax	5	-	-
Loss after income tax		(4,301,869)	(21,971,804)
Other Comprehensive Income potentially recyclable to profit loss:	or		
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operation	าร	(198,039)	40,088
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year		(4,499,908)	(21,931,716)
Total Comprehensive Loss attributable to:			
Owners of the parent entity		(4,499,908)	(21,931,716)
Basic and Diluted Loss per share –	4	(0.003)	(0.020)

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2018

	Note	Consolidated 30 June 2018 \$	Consolidated 30 June 2017 \$
ASSETS			·
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		3,356,748	1,695,088
Trade and other receivables	6	557,391	79,174
Total current assets	_	3,914,139	1,774,262
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment		35,787	37,873
Long term deposit		56,040	9,223
Total non-current assets		91,827	47,096
TOTAL ASSETS		4,005,966	1,821,358
LIABILITIES Current liabilities-			
Trade and other payables	7	511,602	469,791
Total current liabilities	_	511,602	469,791
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	511,602	469,791
NET ASSETS	-	3,494,364	1,351,567
QUITY			
Share capital	9	27,269,973	23,795,057
Reserves		5,063,577	2,093,827
Accumulated losses		(28,839,186)	(24,537,317)
FOTAL EQUITY	—	3,494,364	1,351,567

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2018

CONSOLIDATED 2018	Note	lssued Capital \$	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations \$	Option Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Total equity at 1 July 2017		23,795,057	(21,030)	2,114,857	(24,537,317)	1,351,567
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(4,301,869)	(4,301,869)
Other comprehensive income		-	(198,039)	-	-	(198,039)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		-	(198,039)	-	(4,301,869)	(4,499,908)
Transactions with equity holders:						
Contributions of capital	9	2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000
Capital raising costs	9	(2,042,420)	-	-	-	(2,042,420)
Exercise of options	9	3,017,336	-	-	-	3,017,336
Share-based payments	13	-	-	3,167,789	-	3,167,789
Total equity at 30 June 2018		27,269,973	(219,069)	5,282,646	(28,839,186)	3,494,364

CONSOLIDATED 2017	Note	lssued Capital \$	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations \$	Option Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Total equity at 1 July 2016		15,604,203	-	1,323,290	(17,219,366)	(291,873)
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(21,971,804)	(21,971,804)
Other comprehensive income		-	40,088	-	-	40,088
Total comprehensive loss for the		-	40,088	-	(21,971,804)	(21,931,716)
period						
Transactions with equity holders: Reverse Acquisition:						
Reversal of pre-acquisition net assets of Radar Iron Limited	14	(15,604,203)	-	(1,323,290)	17,323,838	396,345
Effective consideration	14	16,726,638	-	-	-	16,726,638
Retained earnings and share capital of Weebit Nano Israel	9	2,591,302	(61,118)	-	(2,669,985)	(139,801)
Shares issued during the year:	9	4,477,117	-	-	-	4,477,117
Contributions of capital						
(net of capital raising costs)						
Share-based payments	13	-	-	2,114,857	-	2,114,857
Total equity at 30 June 2017		23,795,057	(21,030)	2,114,857	(24,537,317)	1,351,567

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial report.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2018

	N - 4 -	Consolidated 2018	Consolidated 2017
	Note	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			(4 = 2 4)
Interest Paid		-	(4,531)
Payments to suppliers and employees	-	(3,454,282)	(3,063,758)
Net cash used in operating activities	10	(3,454,282)	(3,068,289)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for fixed assets		(6,923)	(8,589)
Decrease (Increase) in deposits and restricted cash		(46,817)	2,205
Proceeds from sale of prospects & exploration rights		-	100,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	(53,740)	93,616
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issues of shares	9	2,500,000	1,425,400
Proceeds from conversion of options	9	3,017,336	75,000
Capital Raising Costs	9	(347,496)	(640,283)
Proceeds from convertible notes		-	-
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	-	5,169,682	860,117
Cash acquired as part of the reverse acquisition	14	-	211,075
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,661,660	(2,114,556)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1,695,088	3,598,569
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	-	3,356,748	1,695,088

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY

Weebit Nano Ltd (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2018 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities is included in the review of operations and activities in the Directors' Report on page 2, which does not form part of this financial report.

NOTE 2: BASIS OF PREPARATION

This General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Weebit Nano Ltd is a company limited by shares. The financial report is presented in Australian Dollars which is the Group's reporting currency.

This Consolidated Financial Report was approved by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2: BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Financial Position

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred an operating loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2018 of \$4,301,869, (2017-Loss of \$21,971,804, out of which \$17,122,984 represented share-based payments for the cost of listing) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,454,282 (2017-\$3,068,289). As at 30 June 2018 the Group had cash on hand of \$3,356,748 (2017:\$1,695,088) and net working capital of \$3,402,537 (2017- \$1,304,471). The loss reflects the research and development activities of the Group as well as administration costs.

Management have prepared a cash flow forecast which includes funding from a capital raise. On 25 September 2018, the Company commenced the capital raise and as at the date of this report the Company has received binding offers representing a significant portion of the amount to be raised. Based on the matters described above the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

Historical cost convention

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These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of the financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are:

(a) Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements comprise the assets and liabilities of Weebit Nano Ltd and its subsidiaries at 30 June 2018 and the results of the subsidiaries for the year ended. A subsidiary is any entity controlled by Weebit Nano Ltd.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared from the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

All inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intra- entity transactions, have been eliminated in full. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless costs cannot be recovered. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of Weebit Nano Ltd. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Where there is a loss of control of a subsidiary, the consolidated financial statements include the results for the part of the reporting period which Weebit Nano Ltd has control.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting involves recognising at acquisition date, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at their acquisition date fair values (see note 3(g)).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes startup operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the board of directors.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision maker – being the board of directors.

The group aggregates two or more operating segments when they have similar economic characteristics, and the segments are similar in nature.

Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria as prescribed by AASB 8 are reported separately. However, an operating segment that does not meet the quantitative criteria is still reported separately where information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Information about other business activities and operating segments that are below the quantitative criteria are combined and disclosed in a separate category for "all other segments".

(c) Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(d) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST"), except where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense item as applicable and receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included the Cash Flow Statement on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(e) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to another party with no intention of selling the receivables. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the items. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate asset costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

- Computer equipment 3 years
- Software 3 years
- Plant & equipment 5 years

Each asset's residual value and useful life is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(g) Business Combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, securities issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of equity instruments, that the Group incurs in connection to a Business Combination are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount the asset or cash generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets or groups of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit" or "CGU"). Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGU's to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGU's that are expected to benefit from the synergies of combination.

(i) Share-Based Payments

The Group has provided payment to service providers and related parties in the form of share- based compensation whereby services are rendered in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using an appropriate option valuation model for services provided by employees or where the fair value of the goods and services received cannot be reliably estimated.

For goods and services received where the fair value can be determined reliably the goods and services and the corresponding increase in equity are measured at that fair value. The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable.

At each balance date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable subject to non-market vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant parties become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(k) Finance income and expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on disposal of financial assets and changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. Finance expenses comprise changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

(I) Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(m) Earnings per Share

i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(n) Trade and other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(o) Foreign Currency Translation

i) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) (Weebit Israel) is US dollars. The functional currency of Weebit Nano Ltd is Australian Dollars. The functional currency of Weebit France (SARL) is Euro Dollars. The presentation currency of the Group is Australian Dollars.

ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

(p) Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period is Share-based payment transactions.

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with management and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors using either the Binomial or the Black-Scholes valuation methods, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the equity instruments were granted. The assumptions in relation to the valuation of the equity instruments are detailed in Note 18. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact expenses and equity.

(q) Comparative Information

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Interest revenue

Revenue is recognised as interest is earned.

(s) Research and Development grants

Research and Development grants are recognised as and when the receipts is virtually certain. Weebit Nano SARL (France) recognised grants of \$389,916 during the year ended 30 June 2018 which partly offsets the R&D expenses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(t) Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised, whether purchased or self-created (at cost) if, and only if:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the cost of the asset can be measured reliably

Initial recognition: research and development costs:

- All research costs are expensed as incurred:
- Development costs are capitalised only after technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use have been established. This means that the Company must intend and be able to complete the intangible asset and either use it or sell it and be able to demonstrate how the asset will generate future economic benefits.

(u) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

The Group did not early adopt any of the new and revised accounting standards. The expected impact of the new and revised accounting standards is disclosed below.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Effective annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018)

AASB 15 replaces AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction Contracts and four Interpretations issued by the AASB and amends the principles for recognising revenue from contracts with customers. The Standard requires an entity to recognise revenue on a basis that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. At 30 June 2018, the Group did not yet earn revenue from contracts with customers. This Standard will not have any impact until such time that the Group commences earning revenue from contracts with customers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards (continued)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (Effective annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 includes requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and incorporates amendments to the accounting for financial liabilities and hedge accounting rules to remove the quantitative hedge effectiveness tests and have been replaced with a business model test .AASB 9 improves and simplifies the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139.AASB 2012-6 also modifies the relief from restating prior periods by amending AASB 7 to require additional disclosures on transition to AASB 9 in some circumstances. The Group's financial instruments primarily comprise cash and cash equivalents and trade payables. The Standard is unlikely to have a significant impact on these types of financial instruments.

AASB 16 Leases (Effective annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019)

AASB 16 replaces AASB 117 Leases and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. A lessee measures rightof-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. As a consequence, a lessee recognises depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows applying AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows Based on the current operating leases for the year ended 30 June 2018, the application of this Standard is not expected to be significant.

NOTE 4: LOSS PER SHARE

	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
Basic and diluted loss per share -	(0.003)	(0.020)
Loss used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	(4,301,869)	(21,971,804)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculation of basic loss per share	1,350,691,501	1,101,476,360
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculation of diluted loss per share	1,350,691,501	1,101,476,360

Options outstanding during the year have not been taken into account in the calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares as they are considered anti-dilutive.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX

	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
Numerical reconciliation between aggregate tax expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other comprehensive Income and tax expense calculated per the statutory income tax rate A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit before income tax multiplied by the Group's applicable income tax rate is as follows:	·	·
Accounting loss before income tax	(4,301,869)	(21,971,804)
Income tax (benefit) using the domestic corporation tax rate of		
30.0% (2017: 27.5%)	(1,290,561)	(6,042,246)
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	143,278	51,335
Opening balance of Weebit Israel Tax Losses	2,370,865	411,714
Change in tax rate	7,582	(7,900)
Non-deductible expenses	137,358	4,787,177
Non-assessable income	-	-
Share based payments	441,837	581,586
Capital raising costs deductible	(177,937)	(50,776)
Unrecognised temporary differences	(43,208)	(2,341)
Unrecognised tax losses	(1,589,214)	271,451
Income tax (expense)/benefit	_	

Weebit Nano Ltd has unrecognized tax losses arising in Australia & Israel which are available indefinitely to offset against future profits of the Group on the condition that the tests for deductibility against future profits are met.

(a) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

In AUD	2018	2017
Deductible temporary differences	690,999	215,646
Tax losses	4,239,546	1,086,894
	4,930,545	1,302,540

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
<u>Current</u>		
Grant receivable from French authorities	389,816	-
GST Recoverable	88,895	-
Deposits and restricted cash	-	47,121
Other receivables	78,680	32,053
Total	557,391	79,174

The above amounts do not bear interest and their carrying amount is equivalent to their fair value. Weebit Nano SARL (France) participates in a French government R&D incentive plan. According to this plan, Weebit Nano SARL (France) may claim each calendar year a partial refund on its R&D expenses. During 2018, Weebit Nano SARL (France) filled its request for a refund on 2017 R&D costs. The refund was received in July 2018. Other receivables include mainly prepaid expenses.

NOTE 7: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
Trade payables (a)	129,699	122,648
Accruals & accrued employee entitlements	366,312	347,143
Other payables (b)	15,591	-
	511,602	469,791

(a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms.

(b) Other payables are non-trade payables, are non-interest bearing and have an average term of 3 months.

NOTE 8: GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

	Consolidated 2018	Consolidated 2017
	\$	\$
Administration, insurance and compliance costs	243,526	313,505
Consultants and contractors*	721,923	**2,530,251
Depreciation	11,156	9,259
Employee benefits expenses***	1,984,653	**617,562
Other expenses	255,313	141,067
	3,216,571	3,611,644

* 2017 Includes \$2,114,857 in respect of share-based expenses to consultants.

** reclassified

*** 2018 Includes \$1,269,261 in respect of share-based expenses to directors and employees

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES

CONSOLIDATED AND PARENT ENTITY

	June 2018 No	June 2018 \$	June 2017 No	June 2017 \$
(a)Issued and Paid up Capital				
Fully paid ordinary shares	1,442,815,483	27,269,973	1,175,576,215	23,795,057
(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue				
Balance at the start of the period	1,175,576,215	23,795,057	334,532,760	15,604,203
Reverse acquisition transactions				
Less: pre-acquisition share capital of Radar Iron Ltd	-	-	-	(15,604,203)
Add: effective consideration transferred	-	-	732,695,455	16,726,638
(Note 14) Weebit Nano Israel Share	_	_	_	2,591,302
	1,175,576,215	23,795,057	1,067,228,215	19,317,940
Shares issued in the period post acquisition:				
Shares issued to directors	-	-	-	-
Ordinary Shares issued to settle convertible notes	-	-	-	-
Capital Raising	166,666,668	2,500,000	100,848,000	5,042,400
Options Converted to shares	100,572,600	3,017,336	7,500,000	75,000
Capital Raising Costs	-	(2,042,420)*	-	(640,283)
Balance at end of period	1,442,815,483	27,269,973	1,175,576,215	23,795,057

*\$1,695,000 of the capital raising costs were settled via the issue of options to the broker. Refer to Note 13 Share Based Payments. The balance of \$347,420 was paid in cash.

** \$5,042,400 was raised in share capital in the previous year 30 June 2017. Off this amount \$3,617,000 was received at 30 June 2016 representing funds in trust. The entire balance was transferred to share capital on completion of the capital raising on 1 August 2016. Hence, the gross cash received for the period to 30 June 2017 from the capital raise was \$1,425,400.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 10: OPERATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operation with loss after income		
tax		
Loss for the year	(4,301,869)	(21,971,804)
Adjusted for – Noncash items:		
Depreciation	9,009	9,259
Share-based payments (Note 13)	1,472,789	2,114,857
Listing expenses (see note 14)	-	17,122,984
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Increase (Decrease) in trade creditors and accruals	41,811	(606,005)
Decrease (Increase) in other debtors	(478,217)	223,019
Movement in FCTR	(197,805)	39,401
Cash flows used in operations	(3,454,282)	(3,068,289)

NOTE 11: INTEREST IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Weebit Nano Ltd and the subsidiaries listed in the following table.

Name	Country of Incorporation	% Equity Interest 2018	\$ Investment 2018	% Equity Interest 2017	\$ Investment 2017
Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)	Israel	100%	100%	100%	100%
Weebit Nano SARL	France	100%	100%	-	-
(France)*					

* held by Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 12: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The parent entity and ultimate controlling party is Weebit Nano Ltd.

- b) Related party compensation and Equity Interests of Key Management Personnel
 Information on remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel including details of shares and option holdings is contained in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report.
- c) Loans to and from related parties

Terms and Conditions of loans

On August 8, 2016, Weebit Nano Ltd signed a loan agreement with its 100% subsidiary Weebit Nano Israel, for up to AUD \$4,000,000. Weebit Nano Ltd granted Weebit Nano Israel additional funds on the same terms during the financial year. Repayment terms were not defined. The loan bears no interest. As of June 30, 2018, the loan balance was \$3,982,660 (2017 - \$3,555,695).

d) Other related party transactions

In November 2017, Weebit Nano (Israel) signed an agreement with Weebit Nano (France), whereby, Weebit Nano France performs R&D Services for Weebit Nano (Israel). In consideration of the services rendered, Weebit Nano (Israel) pays Cost + 5% of the R&D cost incurred by Weebit Nano (France).

Related party transactions that occurred during the year were in the form of short term employee benefits, payments to directors and officers and share based payments. Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favorable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Share-based payment transactions

The Company completed the following share-based payment transactions during the year:

	Options 2018	Performance Rights 2018	Shares 2018	Options/ Performance Rights 2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
50,000,000 options issued to consultants who act as the Company's corporate advisor	-	-	-	1,249,630
17,304,545 performance rights issued to consultants of the company	-	-	-	865,227
28,000,000 options granted to CEO	548,813	-	-	-
*125,000,000 options granted to a consultant of the company	762,500	-	-	-
*25,000,000 options granted to a consultant of the company	932,500	-	-	-
15,250,000 Options issued to employees & directors on 30 January 2018	149,754	-	-	-
13,800,000 Performance Rights issued to employees & directors on 30 January 2018	-	205,815	-	-
7,000,000 shares issued to a director on 30 January 2018	-	-	504,000	-
4,000,000 options issued to directors and employees on 26 February 2018	24,772	-	-	-
3,200,000 performance rights issued to employees and directors	-	39,635	-	-
Total*	2,418,339	245,450	504,000	2,114,857

* The 150,000,000 Options were issued to a consultant of the Company who acting as a corporate advisor and a broker assisted the company in fund raising. As such, a cost of share-based payment was booked to capital raising of \$1,695,000. The balance of \$1,472,789 has been recognized in the profit and loss.

Total share based payments for the year ended 30 June 2018 \$3,167,789

The options and performance rights detailed above were issued on the following terms and conditions:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

			Number of				
			options/perfor	Exercise		Contractual	
2	Date of Grant	Grantee	mance rights	price \$	Vesting Schedule	Term	Fair Value A\$
	26.10.2017	Consultant	125,000,000	0.03	Fully vested	30.6.2020	0.0061 (1)
	30.11.2017	Consultant	25,000,000	0.03	Fully vested	30.6.2020	0.0373 (1)
					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
2					and 12 equal quarterly		
ノ	30.11.2017	CEO	28,000,000	0.01755	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0505 (2)
					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
2		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
))	30.01.2018	Employees	7,250,000	0.0685	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0459 (3)
5					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
))		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
2	30.01.2018	Employees	7,400,000	N/A	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0720 (3)
))		Directors &					
	30.01.2018	Employees	7,000,000	-	Vesting immediately	-	0.0720 (4)
_					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
7		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
))	30.01.2018	Employees	4,000,000	0.0546	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0489 (5)
					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
	15.02.2018	Employees	4,000,000	0.0626	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0372 (6)
))					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
2		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
	15.02.2018	Employees	3,200,000	-	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0720 (7)
2					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
2	15.02.2018	Employees	3,200,000	-	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0600 (7)
ノ					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
2		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
ノ	26.02.2018	Employees	4,000,000	0.0562	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0350 (8)
					4 years: 25% after 1 year,		
		Directors &			and 12 equal quarterly		
	26.02.2018	Employees	3,200,000	-	portions thereafter	10 years	0.0560 (8)
\sim							

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(1) The 150,000,000 Options issued to a consultant of the Company. The consultant served as a corporate advisor and a broker assisted the company in fund raising. As such, cost of share based payment was booked to capital raising cost. These options were granted in 2 portions as the second grant had to be approved by Company's AGM:

The 125,000,000 Options granted on October 26, 2017 were valued at \$0.0061 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.022 per share
Option exercise price	\$0.03 per share
Effective date	October 26, 2017
Option expiry date	June 30, 2020
Share price volatility	82.32%
Risk free interest rate	1.87%

The 25,000,000 Options granted on November 30, 2017 were valued at \$0.0373 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

\$0.061 per share
\$0.03 per share
•
November 30, 2017
June 30, 2020
90.27%
1.85%

(2) The 28,000,000 Options granted to CEO on November 30, 2017 were valued at \$0.0505 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.061 per share
Option exercise price	\$0.0175 per share
Effective date	November 30, 2017
Option expiry date	November 30, 2027
Share price volatility	65.17% - 67.51% (calculated separately for each portion)
Risk free interest rate	2.49% - 2.66% (calculated separately for each portion)

(3) The 7,250,000 Options granted to Directors and Employees on January 30, 2018 were valued at \$0.0439-\$0.0459 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

\$0.0720 per share
\$0.0685 per share
30 January 2018
29 January 2028
65.54%-69.60% (calculated separately for each portion)
2.47% - 2.75% (calculated separately for each portion)

The 7,400,000 performance rights granted to directors and employees on January 30, 2018 were
valued at \$0.0720 per rights using the Asian Put Option model based on the following inputs:Underlying share price\$0.0720 per shareEffective date30 January 2018Expiry date29 January 2028

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The performance rights & options are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

(4) The 7,000,000 shares issued to a director on 30 January 2018 were valued at \$0.0720 per share being the share price on grant date.

The shares are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

(5) The 4,000,000 options were granted to an advisor (who is also a director). The options granted on 30 January 2018 were valued at \$ 0.0489 per option. The options issued were valued using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.0720 per share
Option exercise price	\$0.0546 per share
Effective date	30 January 2018
Option expiry date	29 January 2028
Share price volatility	65.54%-69.60%
Risk free interest rate	2.47% - 2.75%

The options are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

(6) The 4,000,000 options were granted to a director. The options granted on 15 February 2018 were valued at \$0.0372 per option. The options issued were valued using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.060 per share
Option exercise price	\$0.0626 per share
Effective date	15 February 2018
Option expiry date	14 February 2028
Share price volatility	65.54%-69.60%
Risk free interest rate	2.47% - 2.75%

The options are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

(7) The 6,400,000 performance rights granted to a director/advisor (3,200,000 rights as director on 15 February 2018 and 3,200,000 rights as advisor on 30 January 2018). The performance rights were valued using the following assumptions:

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Underlying share price$0.0720 per share for Tranche 1 (30 January 2018)Underlying Share price$0.0600 per share for Tranche 2 (15 Feb 2018).Expiry date:29 January 2028 (Tranche 1)Expiry date:14 February 2028 (Tranche 2)
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The performance rights are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(8) The 4,000,000 options granted to a director and employee on 26 February 2018 were valued at 0.0350 using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.0720 per share
Option exercise price	\$0.0562 per share
Effective date	26 February 2018
Option expiry date	25 February 2028
Share price volatility	65.54%-69.60% (calculates separately for each portion)
Risk free interest rate	2.47% - 2.75% (calculates separately for each portion)

3,200,000 performance rights granted to a director and employee on 26 February 2018 were valued at 0.0560 using the Asian Put Option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price	\$0.0560 per share
Effective date	15 February 2018
Option expiry date	14 February 2028

The performance rights & options are subject to shareholder approval, which will be put to shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

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/ (Summar	y of the movements t	n an compan	, options issued		

	2018	Weighted Average Price \$	2017	Weighted Average Price \$
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	63,000,000	0.06	23,500,000	0.03
Granted	197,250,000	0.03	50,000,000	0.06
Exercised	(100,572,600)	0.03	(7,500,000)	0.01
Expired	(8,000,000)	0.05	(3,000,000)	0.01
Outstanding at year-end	151,677,400	0.04	63,000,000	0.06

The outstanding options have a weighted average contractual life of 4.71 years (2017: 2.29 years)

A summary of the movements of all Company performance rights issued as share-based payments is as follows

	2018	2017
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	17,304,545	-
Granted	24,000,000	17,304,545
Outstanding at year-end	41,304.545	17,304,545

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 14: REVERSE AQUISITION

On 1 August 2016 Radar Iron Limited (now Weebit Nano Limited), acquired 100% of the issued shares of Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel). The transaction between Weebit Nano Limited (formerly Radar Iron Limited) and Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) has been treated as a reverse acquisition. The consideration in a reverse acquisition is deemed to have been incurred by the legal subsidiary (Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)) in the form of equity instruments issued to the shareholders of the legal parent entity Weebit Nano Limited (formerly Radar Iron Limited).

In accordance with AASB 3 the consideration transferred by the accounting acquirer for its interest in the accounting acquiree is based on the number of the equity instruments the legal subsidiary would have to issue to the owners of the legal parent to give the same percentage equity interest in the combined entity that results from the reverse acquisition.

AASB 3 states that the consideration transferred in a business combination shall be measured at the fair value. AASB 3 states that the fair value transferred should be based on the most reliable measure. The fair value of the consideration transferred was determined by reference to the ASX listed quoted price of the shares of Weebit Nano Limited (formerly Radar Iron Limited).

The Group consequently recognised a share-based payment of \$17,122,984 in its statement of comprehensive income, effectively representing the cost of the listing. That cost is calculated as the difference in the fair value of the shares deemed to have been issued by Weebit Nano Israel. (the non-listed entity) and the fair value of the accounting acquiree's (Radar Iron Limited) identifiable net liabilities.

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the date of acquisition:

Details of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair Value
	Ş
Cash and cash equivalents	5,036,930
Trade and other receivables	118,953
Share application funds	(5,042,400)
Trade and other payables	
. ,	(509,8
	29)
Fair value of net liabilities on date of acquisition	
	(396,346)
Share-based payment for listing services	17,122,984
Acquisition date fair value of the total consideration	1,122,304
transferred (Note 9)	16,726,638
· · · ·	10,720,030

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 15: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Amounts received or due and receivable by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd:	Consolidated 2018 \$	Consolidated 2017 \$
An audit or review of the financial report of the parent and any other entity in the Group	43,070	42,173
Other services in relation to the parent and any other entity in the Group	7,400	8,000
Amounts received or due and receivable by BDO Israel *Audit and review of the subsidiaries Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and Weebit Nano SARL (France)	65,345	45,000
	115,815	95,173

*The fee for BDO Israel includes the audit of statutory financial statements for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and audit of tax return for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management is carried out by the CEO

Market Risk Foreign Currency Risk

As a result of significant operations in the Israel and France, the Group's statement of financial position can be affected significantly by movements in the NIS/USD\$, EURO\$/AUD\$ USD\$/AUD\$ exchange rates. As at the end of the reporting period the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk was considered immaterial by the Company and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been disclosed.

The Group also has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises from sales or purchases by an operating entity in currencies other than the functional currency.

Price risk

The Company is not directly exposed to any price risk.

Interest rate risk

The Group's cash balances are subject to changes in interest rates.

a) Credit Risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk except cash at bank with various banks

b) Liquidity Risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate working capital is maintained for the coming months. Upcoming capital needs and the timing of raisings are assessed by the Board at each Meeting of Directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The following are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting arrangements:

Nature of financial liabilities	Carrying Amount \$	Contractual cash flows \$	< 3 months \$	3-6 months \$	> 6 months \$
Trade and other payables					
At 30 June 2018	511,602	511,602	-	-	-
At 30 June 2017	469,671	469,671	-	-	-

c) Cash flow and Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result in changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, only cash is affected by interest rate risk as cash is the Group's only financial asset exposed to fluctuating interest rates.

In accordance with AASB 7 the following sensitivity analysis has been performed for the Group's Interest Rate risk:

Consolidated Risk		Effect On: Profit 2018	Effect On: Equity 2018	Effect On: Profit 2017	Effect On: Equity 2017
Variable	Sensitivity	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest Rate	1%	33,500	33,500	16,150	16,150
	-1%	(33,500)	(33,500)	(16,150)	(16,150)

* It is considered that 100 basis points a 'reasonably possible' estimate of the sensitivity in the interest rate.

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities of the Group approximate their carrying values.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Group's capital includes ordinary share capital and share options, supported by financial assets.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year ended 30 June 18. Neither the Company nor the Group are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 17: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 20 September 2018, a group of Weebit Nano's founding shareholders (including its two largest shareholders, the company's Chairman and a non-executive Director) have voluntarily agreed to implement a further escrow period on a significant portion of their shares. The voluntary escrow period commences immediately and continues to 31 March 2019. It covers 251,124,438 fully paid ordinary shares owned (17.3% of the current issued capital). Under the Corporations Act the maximum escrow permitted is 20%.

On 26 September 2018, the securities of Weebit Nano Limited ("WBT") will be placed in trading halt at the request of WBT, pending it releasing an announcement. Unless ASX decides otherwise, the securities will remain in trading halt until the earlier of the commencement of normal trading on Friday, 28 September 2018 or when the announcement is released to the market.

NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS

As of 30 June 2018, the Group had the following commitments:

	Within 1 year \$	Greater than 1 year \$
Contracted future payments to Leti	\$666,772	\$2,156,344

NOTE 19: SEGMENT REPORTING

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes start-up operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the board of directors. During the year the Company has only operated in one segment and that was the development of the next generation of Non-Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 20: PARENT COMPANY DISCLOSURES

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Results of the parent entity		
Loss for the year	(4,499,719)	(22,071,357)
Financial position of the parent entity at year end		
Current assets	2,611,725	61,782
Non-Current Assets	5,482,960	3,555,429
Provision for non-recovery of loans	(4,443,156)	(2,153,074)
Total assets	3,651,529	1,464,137
Current liabilities	157,165	112,570
Total liabilities	157,165	112,570
Total equity of the parent entity comprising:		
Share capital	24,678,514	21,203,755
Reserves	5,282,646	2,114,857
Accumulated losses	(26,466,796)	(21,967,045)
Total equity	3,494,364	1,351,567

Parent Entity Contingencies

The Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities that may arise from the Company's operations as at 30 June 2018 apart from as disclosed elsewhere in this report.

In the Directors' opinion:

- a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 25 to 54 and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance, as represented by the results of their operations, changes in equity and their cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- c) the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2018.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

On behalf of the Board

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Coby Hanoch CEO and Managing Director

Melbourne 28 September 2018



Independent Audit Report to the Members of Weebit Nano Limited

Report on the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Weebit Nano Limited ("the Company"), including its subsidiaries ("the Group") which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Future Funding	Our audit procedures included, amongst others:
(Refer to Note 2) The Group's primary activity is research and development which is funded through equity raisings as the Group does not yet have revenue generating activities. As disclosed in Note 2, the Group reported an operating loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2018 of \$4,301,869, of which \$1,472,789 represented a share based payment expense. The Group reported net cash outflows from operating activities of \$3,454,282. The adequacy of funding and liquidity as well as the relevant impact on the going concern assessment is a key audit matter due to the significance of management's judgments and estimates to this assessment	 Checking the mathematical accuracy of the forecast prepared by management; Evaluating the reliability and completeness of management's assumptions by comparing them to our understanding of the Group's future plans and operating conditions; Obtaining board meeting minutes and ASX announcements subsequent to year end to assess the impact of any additional facts or information on management's assumptions; and Verifying the dollar amount of confirmations received to date in respect of the capital raise announced on 26 September 2018 directly with the lead manager of the placement.



Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Weebit Nano Limited annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the consolidated financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that include sour opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar1.pdf._This description forms part of our auditor's report.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 9 to 14 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2018. In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Weebit Nano Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

NPAS

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

Amar Nathwam

Amar Nathwani *Director* Perth 28 September 2018



ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report is set out below.

CAPITAL

a) Ordinary Share Capital

1,451,467,757 ordinary fully paid shares. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share.

b) Unlisted Options over Unissued Shares

50,000,000	Exercise price \$0.0625 expiry 1 August 2019
49,427,000	Exercise price \$0.03 expiry 30 June 2020
28,000,000	Exercise price \$0.01755 expiry 2 October 2027

c) Performance Rights

8,652,271 Performance Rights vesting on an annual basis in 2 equal instalments (following which the holder may elect to convert each Performance Rights into one ordinary share).

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

- Ordinary shares: Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.
- Unlisted Options and Performance Rights: Options and performance rights do not entitle the holders to vote in respect of that equity instrument, nor participate in dividends, when declared, until such time as the options are exercised or performance rights convert and subsequently registered as ordinary shares.

TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 25 SEPTEMBER 2018

Rank	Holder Name	Designation	No. of Shares Held	% Held
1	IBI TRUST MGNT	CTW CHANGING THE W	139,827,191	9.63%
2	IBI TRUST MGNT	BORENSTEIN LTD A/C	139,827,191	9.63%
3	IBI TRUST MGNT	MOTI GROSS A/C	53,863,905	3.71%
4	102 CAP MGNT	JAMES TOUR A/C	45,145,147	3.11%
5	IBI TRUST MGNT	YOSSI KERRET A/C	28,827,489	1.99%
6	IBI TRUST MGNT	DAVID PERLMUTTER A	28,827,488	1.99%
7	SILVER HORIZON PL		28,728,729	1.98%
8	IBI TRUST MGNT	HAGAI ARBEL A/C	26,100,000	1.80%
9	DROXFORD INTNL LTD		23,929,790	1.65%
10	BNP PARIBAS NOM PL	IB AU NOMS RETAILC	22,690,612	1.56%
11	BUDDY PLATFORM LTD		19,829,900	1.37%
12	IBI TRUST MGNT	RAMI HADAR A/C	18,577,133	1.28%
13	CITICORP NOM PL		18,386,387	1.27%
14	IBI TRUST MGNT	LIMOR LEVY KINDLER	16,945,846	1.17%
15	IBI TRUST MGNT	AMIR REGEV A/C	10,000,000	0.69%
16	SHINEWARM RES HK GRP LTD		8,017,219	0.55%
17	SEIBOLD FABIAN + S M	SEIBOLD FAM A/C	6,634,030	0.46%
18	UM ANNE		6,541,035	0.45%
	CASPARY ERIC MARK		6,180,689	0.43%
19				
20	UM TIM TCHUN		6,001,017	0.41%
			654,880,798	45.12%

TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 25 SEPTEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

Shares Range	No. of Holders	No. of Shares
1 – 1,000	48	8,720
1,001 – 5,000	88	287,003
5,001 – 10,000	324	2,827,830
10,001 - 100,000	1,909	87,645,214
100,001 and over	1,274	1,360,698,990
	3,643	1,451,467,757

504

Number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel at \$0.044 per share

There is no current on-market buy-back.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 25 SEPTEMBER 2018

The following information is extracted from substantial notices received by the Company.

		No. of Shares	
		Held	% Held
1	CTW	139,827,191	9.63%
2	BORENSTEIN LTD	139,827,191	9.63%

RESTRICTED SECURITIES

The Company has 251,124,438 Ordinary Shares subject to Voluntary Escrow until 31 March 2019.

PRINCIPAL REGISTERED OFFICE

As disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

REGISTERS OF SECURITIES

As disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited, as disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

USE OF FUNDS

The Company has used its funds in accordance with its initial business objectives.