

The World's Next High Grade Vanadium Mine

SODA

Technology and Low Emission Minerals Conference November 2018 | ASX: AVL

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COMMENT



It is common practice for a company to comment on and discuss its exploration in terms of target size and type. In addition surface sampling assays and drill sample results may also be discussed in the context of information describing the presence of anomalous metal content. The information relating to an Exploration Target should not be misunderstood or misconstruct as an estimate of Mineral Resources or Mineral Resources (s) or Reserve(s) have not been used in this context. The potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature, since there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource.

COMPETENT PERSON REFERENCES

Competent Person Statement – Exploration Results

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr Brian Davis (Consultant with Geologica Pty Ltd). Mr Davis is a shareholder of AVL. Mr Davis is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience of relevance to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration, and to the activities undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Specifically, Mr Davis consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which they appear.

Competent Person Statement - Mineral Resource Estimation

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources is based on and fairly represents information compiled by Mr Lauritz Barnes, (Consultant with Trepanier Pty Ltd) and Mr Brian Davis (Consultant with Geologica Pty Ltd). Mr Davis is a shareholder of Australian Vanadium Limited. Mr Barnes is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Mr Davis is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and both have sufficient experience of relevance to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration, and to the activities undertaken to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Specifically, Mr Barnes is the Competent Person for the estimation and Mr Davis is the Competent Person for the database, geological model and site visits. Mr Barnes and Mr Davis consent to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which they appear.

Competent Person Statement – Metallurgical Results

The information in this statement that relates to Metallurgical Results is based on information compiled by independent consulting metallurgist Brian McNab (CP. B.Sc Extractive Metallurg), Mr McNab is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Brian McNab is employed by Wood Mining and Metals. Mr McNab has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which is undertaken, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr McNab consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information made available to him, in the form and context in which it appears.

The information is extracted from the report entitled "Significant vanadium resource upgrade at Gabanintha" released to ASX on 5 September 2017 and is available on the company website at www.australianvanadium.com.au.

The company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resource or Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the competent person's findings are presented has not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation may contain certain "forward-looking statements" which may not have been based solely on historical facts, but rather may be based on the Company's current expectations about future events and results. Where the Company expresses or implies an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis.

However, forward looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to Resource risk, metal price volatility, currency fluctuations, increased production costs and variances in ore grade or recovery rates from those assumed in mining plans, as well as political and operational risks in the countries and states in which we sell our product to, and government regulation and judicial outcomes. For more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors, see the Company's Annual Reports, as well as the Companies other filings. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward looking information. The Company does not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to any "forward looking statement" to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this announcement, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as may be required under applicable Securities laws.

Cautionary Statements

Australian VANADIUM

The base case PFS results referred to in this presentation are based on a preliminary technical and economic study of the potential viability of developing an open pit mine and standalone vanadium plant to be constructed onsite at Australian Vanadium Limited's Gabanintha Vanadium Project. The study referred to in this announcement is based on low level technical and preliminary economic assessments and is insufficient to support estimation of ore reserves or to provide assurance of an economic development case at this stage, or to provide certainty that the conclusions of the study will be realised. The results should not be considered a profit forecast or production forecast. The production target referred to in this presentation is based on 43% Measured Resources, 20% Indicated Resources and 37% Inferred Resources for the life of mine. The mine plan comprises 100% of current global Measured resources, 96% of current global Indicated resources, and 11% of current global Inferred resources. The Company has concluded that it has reasonable grounds for disclosing a production target that includes a modest amount of Inferred material. However, there is a low level of geological confidence associated with Inferred Mineral Resources or that the production target or the economic develor work will result in the determination of Measured or Indicated Mineral Resources or that the production target or the economic assessment will be realised.

The study is based on the material assumptions described elsewhere in the ASX announcement dated 26th September 2018 (table page 30-34). These include assumptions about availability of funding. While the Company considers all the material assumptions to be based on reasonable grounds, there is no certainty that they will prove to be correct or that the range of outcomes indicated by the study will be achieved. To achieve the potential mine development outcomes indicated in the study, additional funding will be required. Investors should note that there is no certainty that the Company will be able to raise funding when needed.

However, the Company has concluded that it has a reasonable basis for providing the forward-looking statements included in this presentation and believes it has "reasonable basis" to expect it will be able to fund the development of the AVL Gabanintha Vanadium Project. To achieve the range of outcomes indicated in this presentation, funding in the order of US\$360 million will likely be required. Investors should note that there is no certainty that Australian Vanadium Limited will be able to raise the amount of funding required or when it will be needed. It is also possible that such funding may only be available on terms that dilute or otherwise affect the value of the Company's existing shares. It is also possible that Australian Vanadium Limited could pursue other strategies to provide alternative funding options. Given the uncertainties involved, investors should not make any investment decisions based solely on the results presented in this presentation.

See ASX Announcement 'Gabanintha Presents Robust Base Case for PFS' dated 26th September 2018



Expert Vanadium Team

Vanadium expertise separates AVL from other explorers

At Australian Vanadium Ltd our management is committed to fast-track this significant global resource. Our team brings together experts in geoscience, mining, chemical engineering, marketing and corporate governance and has an extensive vanadium network and knowledge.



Vincent Algar Managing Director



Daniel Harris Technical Director



Todd Richardson Technical Manager



Gabanintha Project

Globally significant vanadium resource 175.5Mt at $0.77\% V_2O_5$ **Massive high-grade zone** 93.6Mt at $1\% V_2O_5$

PFS base case (± 35%)				
Сарех	US\$360m			
Opex	US\$4.28/lb			
Feed	900,000 tonnes p/a			
MagCon	1.39%			
V_2O_5	10,100 tonnes p/a			
Minelife	17 years			

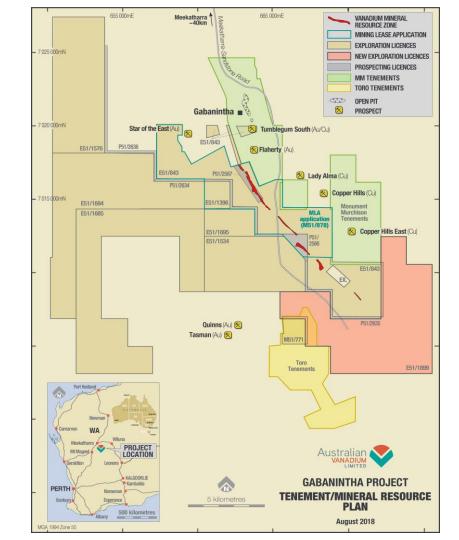
At US\$20/lb the project has an NPV of US\$2.37 billion



Gabanintha Project

Vanadium deposit drilled over 11km of AVL controlled strike

AVL holds significant ground position for project development





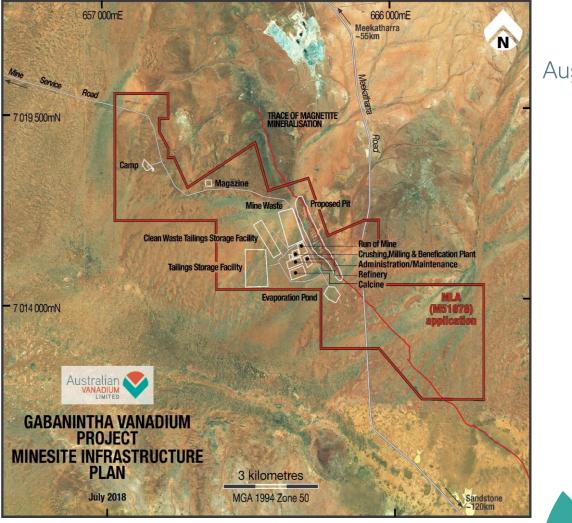
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Gabanintha Project

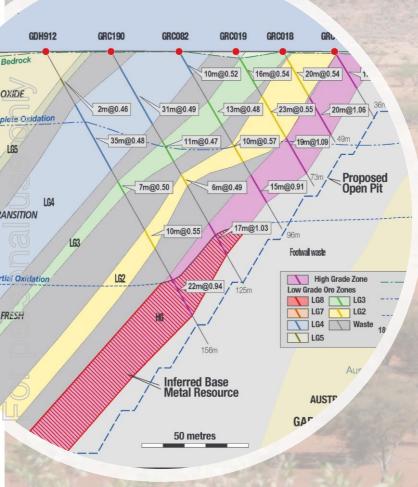
Planned Infrastructure





Australian VANADIUM LIMITED

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Consistent geology over 11km of AVL controlled strike Magmatic layered intrusion **Bushveld Complex analogue** Massive magnetite averaging 15-20m in true thickness



Australian

Steel

USB

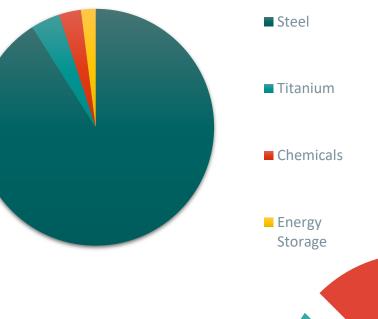
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Vanadium Markets - Steel

Steel remains the price driver and primary market for vanadium (92% of vanadium consumption)

- Key metric is Chinese rebar consumption
- New standards for Chinese rebar require increased vanadium use, doubling to rest-of-world standards (implemented today)
- Risk of substitution minimal due to unique microalloy effects
- New markets in steel will increase demand such as:
 - Materials for automotive, aviation and aerospace
 - Power lines and power pylons
 - High-strength steel structures







Metal Bulletin V₂O₅ Monthly Midpoint Average Price inflated to current US\$



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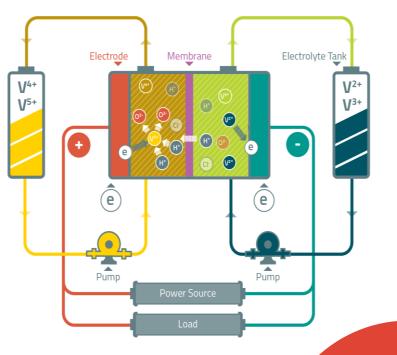
Energy Storage

Vanadium Markets – Energy Storage

Unique characteristics of Vanadium Redox Flow Batteries (VRFBs)

- VRFBs provide a way to store and re-supply renewable energy. Their very high capacity is ideal for large-scale energy storage applications, unlocking the full potential of renewables while maintaining grid security.
- VRFBs have unique advantages over other batteries:
 - Easily scaled into large MW scale solutions
 - Lifespan of 20 years with very high cycle life and no capacity loss over time
 - A key feature of using only one element in electrolyte, V2O5 which can be recycled
 - Immediate and rapid energy release
 - Non-flammable
 - Suitable for grid connection or off-grid use
 - Can discharge 100% with no damage
 - Improved safety and low replacement rate compared to Liion (lower lifetime LCOE)







VRFB Manufacturers





Vanadium in electrolyte – Market implications

- V_2O_5 in H_2SO_4 at 1.6 molar **145g/l**
- Amount of V_2O_5 used in 1MWh **9.89t**
 - Projected global annual energy storage per year **11GWh**
- Estimated VRFB installs @ 10% 1GWh
 - V₂O₅ per year needed to supply VRFB demand **10kt**
- Current annual global production of V_2O_5 equivalent **140kt**

Vanadium in energy storage can have a significant effect on the market









Vanadium Market Future

Vanadium supply currently in deficit

- Current global producers can increase their supply to provide up to half of the supply deficit
- Increased demand from VRFB and tightened environmental controls in China mean a change from the previous cycle - new supply is required
- Deposits with high in-situ grade combined with high concentrate grade will have the best chance of success
- Utilising proven methodology on magnetite hosted vanadium deposits

Gabanintha Investment Summary

vanadium using convention processing of vanadium magnetites

Globally significant vanadium resource with a team of experts experienced in the extraction of

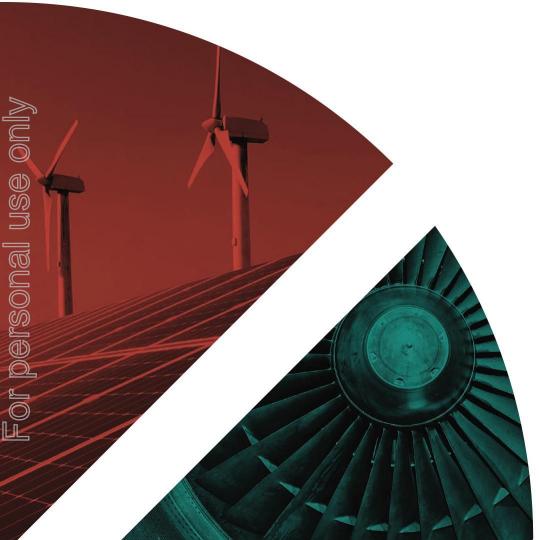


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- Significant project with high-grade Measured, Indicated and Inferred vanadium resources hosted in magnetite bearing rocks
- Energy subsidiary VSUN Energy actively developing Australian energy storage market
- AVL offers investors exposure to entire vanadium value chain
- Focus offers leverage to rising vanadium prices and new applications in energy storage
- High quality asset and team best able to deliver in price cycle

ASX: AVL Mkt Cap \$65.6M







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Australian Vanadium Limited | ASX: AVL



Resource Table

Material	JORC Resource Class	Million Tonnes	V ₂ O ₅ %	Fe%	TiO₂%	SiO ₂ %	Al ₂ O ₃ %	LOI%
High Grade	Measured	10.1	1.1	42.7	12.6	10.3	8.0	4.0
	Indicated	4.9	1.09	43.3	12.1	10.5	7.8	3.7
	Inferred	78.6	0.98	42.4	11.2	11.4	7.6	3.4
	Sub Total High Grade	93.6	1.00	42.50	11.4	11.30	7.6	3.50
Low Grade	Indicated	19.1	0.5	23.9	7.0	27.8	18.1	8.7
	Inferred	58.5	0.49	25.5	6.7	27.5	16.5	7.4
	Sub Total Low Grade	77.5	0.50	25.10	6.8	27.50	16.9	7.70
Transported	Inferred	4.3	0.7	28.1	7.2	24.7	16.7	8.5
	Sub Total Transported	4.3	0.65	28.10	7.2	24.70	16.7	8.50
Total	Measured	10.1	1.1	42.7	12.6	10.3	8.0	4.0
	Indicated	24.0	0.63	27.9	8.0	24.2	16.0	7.7
	Inferred	141.4	0.77	35.0	9.2	18.5	11.5	5.2
	Total	175.5	0.77	34.5	9.3	18.8	11.9	5.5

Note: Mineral Resource estimate by domain and resource classification using a nominal 0.4% V₂O₂ wireframed cutoff for low grade and nominal 0.7% V₂O₃ wireframed cut-off for high grade (total numbers may not add up due to rounding) Comment

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surface sampling assays and drill sample results may also be discussed in the context of information describing the presence of

anomalous metal content. The information relating to an Exploration Target should not be misunderstood or misconstrued as

an estimate of Mineral Resources or Mineral Reserves. Hence the terms Resource (s) or Reserve(s) have not been used in this

context. The potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature, since there has been insufficient exploration to define a

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NPV and IRR are reported a	at various V ₂ O ₅	pricing assumptions
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Price US\$/Ib V ₂ O ₅	Year 1-5	\$8/lb	\$13/lb	\$13/lb	\$20/lb
	Year 6-17	\$8/lb	\$8/lb	\$13/lb	\$20/lb
NPV _{8%}	US\$M	191	575	1099	2370
IRR	%	0.145	0.336	0.395	0.698
Opex	US\$/lb	4.28	4.28	4.28	4.28
Opex (V ₂ O ₅ Equiv) ^{1.}	US\$/lb	4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13
UDCF	US\$M	705	1193	2386	4739

- A vanadium pentoxide (V₂O₅) refinery at the Gabanintha site with an annual production rate of approximately 22.5 million pounds of V₂O₅ per annum (10,100tpa) with an initial mine life of 17 years based on existing Measured, Indicated and a portion of the Inferred Mineral Resources.
- Open pit mining and beneficiation operation producing an estimated 900,000t of magnetic concentrate at planned grade of 1.39% V₂O₅ and a low 1.5% SiO₂ content.
- Average mass yield from the concentrator is estimated at 62.1% for the life of mine. This is exceptionally high versus other current operating vanadium operations, allowing for a compact and effective crushing and milling operation.
- A base metals circuit will extract an estimated 1500 tpa sulphide concentrate containing Cobalt, Nickel, and Copper. The project viability is not dependant on the mining and sale of base metals contained in the schedule.
- Base metal sales account for less than 2% of estimated overall gross revenues for the life of the project.
- Operating expenses are currently estimated at US\$4.13/lb V₂O₅ equivalent (±35%), assuring a low-cost operation that will be healthy throughout the vanadium business cycles.
- Intitial indicative capital costs of US\$362M (±35%).
- The current project scenario utilises 43% Measured resources, 20% Indicated resources, and 37% Inferred resources. The inferred resources are not a determining factor for project viability. See table 4, figure 4, table 5, and table 6 below.
- Bryah Resources Limited holds the rights to nickel, copper and gold recovered from any production, however AVL will benefit from this development in processing due to its 14% holding in Bryah (ASX: BYH).
- V₂O₅ equivalent pricing is determined by subtracting average base metal credits from average operating expenses through the life of mine.