

RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE 6 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

RESULTS SUMMARY:

As highlighted at the 2019 Annual General Meeting, the first half of FY2020 saw a focus on the implementation of a new investment strategy, focusing effort and capital towards core competencies.

The repositioning of the Company brought with it further restructuring costs and a reallocation of the investment portfolio though the period. As a result, CVC has incurred a net loss after tax to shareholders of \$2.7 million in the period (2018: net loss to shareholders of \$6.4 million PCP).

The first half results are disappointing. The Board and management are focused on executing the revised strategy to deliver strong future returns for shareholders.

REPOSITIONING:

A summary of transition of CVC's investment strategy is as follows:

	Goal	Progress	Next Steps		
Investment	Reduce breath of diversity in investment portfolio	 Strategic review completed with core and non-core segments identified 	Continue to simplify portfolio and improve efficiency		
Strategy	 High conviction positions with ability to influence outcomes 	 Increased investment in real estate related investments 			
Refocus /	Focus on core competencies Made and account the CVC positions	 Development of strategy to capitalise on core skills of investment team 	Continued adherence to streamlined business plan		
Reposition	 Market understands the CVC position and offering 	Established ongoing review framework	Educate investors and market about revision to business		
Reduce Costs	Cost of running business corresponds with a simplified strategy	Cost base significantly reduced (c.\$1.5m of annual costs have been removed)	 Continue to monitor and improve efficiency tensure sustainable operating cost base and sufficient resources to deliver strong returns 		
	Maximise value of CVC investment portfolio	 Divestment of approximately \$33.5m of investments in listed equities and private 	Patient and focused approach to divestment of non-core investments, but strong		
Divestments	 Remove non-core investments from portfolio 	equity segments	commitment to continue rationalisation		



CVC's progress in repositioning the investment portfolio over the last 6 months is summarised as follows:

30 June 2019

31 December 2019



SEGMENT COMMENTARY:

The contributions to the loss for the half year are as follows:

Underlying Results				
	1H FY2019	1H FY2018		
Net loss after tax	(\$2.7 m)	(\$6.4 m)		
Comprises:				
Direct property	\$0.6 m	\$4.1 m		
Property backed lending	\$3.1 m	\$3.6 m		
Funds management	\$1.2 m	\$0.4 m		
Commercial debt and alternatives	(\$0.4 m)	\$1.6 m		
Listed investments	\$0.2 m	(\$13.4 m)		
Private equity	(\$2.5 m)	\$0.1 m		
Convertible note interest	(\$1.9 m)	(\$2.2 m)		
Remuneration	(\$2.0 m)	(\$2.9 m)		
Unallocated	(\$1.5 m)	(\$1.5 m)		
Restructure costs	(\$1.1 m)	-		
Tax effect	\$1.6 m	\$3.8 m		
Net loss after tax	(\$2.7 m)	(\$6.4 m)		

CVC has continued to reduce the size of the listed share and unlisted equity portfolios. Specifically, the number of listed investments totals 11 (down from 43 at 30 June 2019). Realised profits from sales of listed equities totalled \$3.1m with a further \$0.3m generated from dividends and underwriting fees. Those shares remaining in the portfolio contributed a loss of \$3.2m, primarily from adverse mark-to-market movements.

Private equity investments contributed a loss of \$2.5m. This segment now represents less than 3.5% of the Company's statutory net assets.

Funds management has contributed positively to profit for the period. The funds management platform has three major areas of focus. Firstly, the continued management and growth of Eildon Capital (ASX: EDC) to deliver strong investor returns for its shareholders. Second, to grow investments under management of the Eildon Debt Fund, a contributory mortgage fund that provides wholesale investors access to first mortgage property loans on a deal by deal basis. The third is to foster the continued deployment of capital raised in the CVC Emerging Companies Fund. To date, approximately 50% of the Fund's total committed capital has been invested into qualifying investments.



CVC's exposure to property debt has increased over the period as proceeds of share sales have been redirected primarily to this segment. We continue to see this as a sensible sector to invest capital to deliver interest income in asset backed positions.

Exposure to direct property has increased slightly and is anticipated to further increase in the next period. CVC has entered into a binding contract to purchase a greenfield development site suitable for a neighbourhood shopping, medical and childcare centre in Marsden Park, NSW. Acquisition is expected to occur H2 FY2020, with development forecast to be completed by H1 FY2021. CVC is also in the process of completing due diligence on a similar asset in Victoria which is anticipated to be settled over FY2020 – FY 2021, with development forecast to be completed over three years.

CVC continues to be focused on reducing ongoing overhead costs, with the impact flowing through in H2 FY2020 results.

FORECAST RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

With FY 2020 being a year of transition, profitability for the current financial year is forecast to be approximately breakeven.

The Board is generally committed to maintaining the payment of dividends to shareholders where those payments are in line with underlying profitability of the business. Given the half year result, there will not be an interim dividend. Further, in the absence of any significant change to forecast profitability a final dividend is also not expected to be paid.

CVC has periodically purchased shares under its buy back scheme, dependant on price. The Board will continue to assess opportunities to purchase shares where appropriate.

Mark Avery Director 25 February 2020

Appendix 4D

Half-Yearly Report Results for announcement to the market

	C/	/C Limited			
ABN	Half-Ye	ar ended	Previo	ous Half	-Year ended
	('Reporti	ng Period')	('Cor	respond	ing period')
34 002 700 361	31 Decei	mber 2019	31 December 2018		
sults					
Income from ordinary activit	ies	down	69.5%	to	11,957,89
Loss before tax		down	65.0%	to	3,028,10
Loss after tax attributable to 1	members	down	58.1%	to	2,672,8
	pers	down	58.1%	to	2,672,8

The preliminary half-yearly report is based on accounts which have been reviewed.

Dividends (distributions)

	Amount per security	Franked amount per security
Prior year interim dividend	7.0 cents	7.0 cents
Prior year final dividend	8.0 cents	8.0 cents
Information on dividends: No dividend has been declared for the 2019 half-year peri	iod.	
Ex-Dividend date for the purpose of receiving the divider	nd	N/A
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend		N/A
Payment Date		N/A

Commentary

Brief explanation of any of the figures reported above:

Please refer to the attached commentary for a detailed review.

Net tangible assets

	31 December 2019	31 December 2018 (restated)^
Net tangible assets per ordinary security	\$1.37	\$1.55
Note: Net tangible assets exclude "right-of-use assets".		

[^] Net tangible assets have been restated following the adoption of AASB 16: leases (AASB 16). The right-of-use assets recognised on the adoption of AASB 16 has been excluded from the calculation of net tangible assets.

Audit qualification or review

The financial statements were subject to a review by the auditors and the review report is attached as part of the Interim Report.



CVC LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES

HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT

For the half-year ended 31 December 2019

COMPANY PARTICULARS

CVC LIMITED

ACN 002 700 361

DIRECTORS

Mark Avery (Appointed 1 July 2019) Alexander Leaver (Appointed 1 July 2019) John Read Ian Campbell

John Leaver (Resigned 11 October 2019) Alexander Beard (Resigned 1 August 2019)

SECRETARIES

John Hunter Alexander Beard (Resigned 1 August 2019)

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Mark Avery Jufri Abidin Jonathan Sim Rajiv Manoharan William Chen John Hunter Christian Jensen Jonathon Pearce Tiffany McLean

PRINCIPAL AND REGISTERED OFFICE

(02) 9087 8088

Suite 3703, Level 37 1 Macquarie Place SYDNEY NSW 2000 AUSTRALIA Telephone: (02) 9087 8000

SHARE REGISTRY

Facsimile:

Next Registries Level 16, 1 Market Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 AUSTRALIA Telephone: (02) 9276 1700 Facsimile: (02) 9251 7138

AUDITORS

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants Level 19, 207 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 AUSTRALIA

BANKERS

Bankwest Westpac Banking Corporation

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Australian Securities Exchange Limited

CVC LIMITED & CONTROLLED ENTITIES DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the consolidated financial report for CVC Limited and its controlled entities ("CVC") for the half-year ended 31 December 2019 and the independent review report thereon.

Directors

The directors of CVC throughout and since the end of the half-year are:

Mark Anthony Avery (Managing Director) (Appointed 1 July 2019)

Alexander Jovan Rapajic-Leaver (Non-Executive Director) (Appointed 1 July 2019)

John Douglas Read (Non Executive Chairman)

Ian Houston Campbell (Non Executive Director)

John Scott Leaver (Executive Director) (Resigned 11 October 2019)

Alexander Damien Harry Beard (Resigned 1 August 2019)

Operating Results

The net loss after tax attributable to shareholders for the six months ended 31 December 2019 of CVC amounted to \$2.7 million (2018: loss after tax of \$6.4 million).

Highlights during the half year included:

- The reduction in the number of business streams undertaken, which over time will allow further investment and
 focus toward segments where the business has demonstrated deep market knowledge and capability;
- continued to reduce the size of the listed share and unlisted equity portfolios. Specifically, the number of listed investments totals 11 (down from 43 at 30 June 2019);
- Continued delivery of strong shareholder returns by Eildon Capital Limited (ASX: EDC);
- Growth of investments under management of the Eildon Debt Fund, a contributory mortgage fund that provides wholesale investors access to first mortgage property loans on a deal by deal basis;
- The continued deployment of capital raised in the CVC Emerging Companies Fund, with approximately 50% of funds total committed capital invested into qualifying investments;
- Increase in the property debt portfolio with proceeds of share sales being redeployed to this segment;
- Entering into a binding contract to purchase a greenfield development site suitable for a neighbourhood shopping, medical and childcare centre in Marsden Park, NSW;
- Due diligence being undertaken on a on a neighbourhood shopping, medical and childcare centre development site in Victoria; and
- Continued focused on reducing ongoing overhead costs.

A more detailed review of operations and developments is included in the commentary that accompanies the ASX release of these results.

Dividends

A final fully franked dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2019 of 8 cents per share was declared on 1 August 2019 and paid on 20 August 2019 to those shareholders registered on 6 August 2019.

Events subsequent to balance date

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of CVC, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of CVC in the financial period subsequent to 31 December 2019.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Independence Declaration given to the directors by the auditor for the review undertaken by HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants is included on page 24.

Signed and Dated Sydney 25 February 2020 in accordance with a resolution of directors.

MARK AVER

Director

JOHN READ

CVC LIMITED & CONTROLLED ENTITIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019

	Notes		
		31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018
		\$	\$
INCOME			
Revenue from development properties	11	1,793,400	30,844,242
Interest income		6,892,585	4,944,543
Fee income		769,008	668,984
Other income		232,504	503,770
Total income		9,687,497	36,961,539
Equity accounted profits			****
Share of net profit of associates	5	2,270,397	2,258,093
EXPENSES			
Cost of land sold		1,658,169	11,688,906
Contract costs		-	14,556,852
Net loss from equity investments	11	2,747,016	13,204,902
Employee costs		2,574,138	2,688,735
Finance costs		3,236,223	2,854,174
Impairment of financial assets at amortised cost	11	2,104,574	-,,-
Management and consultancy fees	**	669,825	1,220,098
Overhead expenses	11	1,996,049	1,646,123
Total expenses		14,985,994	47,859,790
Y I ((3,028,100)	(8,640,158)
Loss before related income tax expense Income tax benefit	2	1,626,473	3,776,938
neone tax benefit	_		
Net loss for the half-year		(1,401,627)	(4,863,220)
Net (loss)/profit attributable to:			
Members of the parent entity		(2,672,818)	(6,380,226)
Non-controlling interest		1,271,191	1,517,006
Net loss for the half-year		(1,401,627)	(4,863,220)
Their and diluted comings now share	4	(2.27)	(5.34)
Basic and diluted earnings per share	T	(2.27)	(0.0.1)
Other comprehensive income for the half-year, net of ta	x	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the half-year		(1,401,627)	(4,863,220)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the half-year is a	ttributable to:	-	
Members of the parent entity		(2,672,818)	(6,380,226)
Non-controlling interest		1,271,191	1,517,006
Morreouttoning interest			_,
		(1,401,627)	(4,863,220)
		····	

The above condensed consolidated statement of financial performance should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the Half-Year Report.

CVC LIMITED & CONTROLLED ENTITIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 December 2019

AS AT ST DE	Centioer 2017		
	Notes	31 Dec 2019	30 Jun 2019
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS		·	
		36,815,268	57,157,737
Cash and cash equivalents			35,081,213
Financial assets at amortised cost	40	56,822,737	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	30,111,622	43,124,036
Inventories		2,023,525	3,323,321
Other assets		1,431,222	1,412,728
Current tax assets		•	1,145,424
Total current assets		127,204,374	141,244,459
		Weinder 1	******
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			40 540 550
Financial assets at amortised cost		51,489,453	18,568,770
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	9,220,747	40,156,134
Inventories		20,176,946	19,528,957
Investments accounted for using the equity method	5	57,644,363	48,409,113
Property, plant and equipment		121,374	304,544
Right-of-use assets	14	3,013,831	· <u>-</u>
•	10	2,400,000	2,400,000
Investment properties		· ·	2,400,000
Intangible assets	6	2,946,006	
Other assets		15,396,461	15,243,157
Total non-current assets		162,409,181	144,610,675
TOTAL ASSETS		289,613,555	285,855,134
CLUD DEN 100 LA DIA VENEG		Management of the second of th	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		46 446 040	141/470/
Trade and other payables		16,116,043	14,164,786
Contract liabilities		1,232,163	2,133,503
Lease liabilities	14	708,228	-
Provisions		539,674	854,699
Current tax liabilities		317,155	-
			177 1770 0000
Total current liabilities		18,913,263	17,152,988
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		=	5,000,000
Lease liabilities	14	2,243,342	_
	11	83,704,748	80,335,742
Interest bearing loans and borrowings			
Provisions		37,790	104,136
Deferred tax liabilities		370,008	3,473,506
Total non-current liabilities		86,355,888	88,913,384
TOTAL LIABILITIES		105,269,151	106,066,372
NET ASSETS		184,344,404	179,788,762
EQUITY	-	00 808 850	00 7/0 700
Contributed equity	7	98,282,559	98,768,308
Other equity		1,881,405	1,881,405
Retained profits		67,539,542	79,626,124
Other reserves		(446,973)	(266,808)
Programme Control of the Control of		167 056 522	180 000 020
Parent entity interest		167,256,533	180,009,029
Non-controlling interest		17,087,871	(220,267)
TOTAL EQUITY		184,344,404	179,788,762
10111 by 0111			

The above condensed consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the Half-Year Report.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019

Total \$	179,788,762	(1,401,627)	(1,401,62/)	(484,822) (1,326) 399 16,861,557 650,788	(11,069,327)	184,344,404	206,169,349	(4,863,220)	(4,863,220)	1,725 (12,948,763)	188,359,091
Non-controlling interest \$	(220,267)	1,271,191	1,271,191	16,861,557	(1,655,563)	17,087,871	1,353,079	1,517,006	1,517,006	1,725 (3,386,140)	(514,330)
Owners of the parent	180,009,029	(2,672,818)	(2,672,818)	(484,822) (1,326) 399	(9,413,764)	167,256,533	204,816,270	(6,380,226)	(6,380,226)	(9,562,623)	188,873,421
Other Equity \$	1,881,405	t I	it community	1 1 1 1	1	1,881,405	1,881,405	d daming	*	1 1	1,881,405
Asset revaluation \$	(266,808)	1	t .		(180,165)	(446,973)	(318,237)	1 (1 American		(318,237)
Retained earnings \$	79,626,124	(2,672,818)	(2,672,818)	1 1 1 1	(9,413,764)	67,539,542	99,606,254	(6,380,226)	(6,380,226)	(9,562,623)	83,663,405
Contributed equity	98,768,308	1 1	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	(484,822) (1,326) 399	l l	98,282,559	103,646,848	1 7	T STATEMENT .	1 1	103,646,848
	At 1 July 2019	(Loss)/profit for the half-year Other comprehensive income	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the half-year	Transactions with shareholders: Shares bought back Buy-back transaction costs Deferred tax recognised directly in equity Non-controlling interests on acquisition of subsidiary	Transactions with non-controlling interests Dividends paid	At 31 December 2019	At 1 July 2018	(Loss)/profit for the half-year Other comprehensive income	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the half-year	Transactions with shareholders: Transactions with non-controlling interests Dividends paid	At 31 December 2018

The above condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the Half-Year Report.

CVC LIMITED & CONTROLLED ENTITIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019

	31 Dec 2019 \$	31 Dec 2018 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash receipts in the course of operations	1,745,804	1,129,739
Cash payments in the course of operations	(10,015,265)	(6,274,460)
Net proceeds on disposal of land held for resale	687,646	11,070,036
Proceeds on disposal of equity investments	34,872,527	61,193,615
Payments for equity investments	(14,056,447)	(63,934,559)
Net proceeds on construction contract	-	1,804,518
Net payment for construction contract	(864,389)	-
Loans provided	(74,743,583)	(49,136,850)
Loans repaid	49,826,253	18,807,581
Interest received	4,544,565	1,918,608
Interest paid	(1,489,333)	(1,834,507)
Dividends received	1,472,029	2,357,910
Income taxes paid	(325,039)	(2,005,552)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(8,345,232)	(24,903,921)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for development of investment properties	(21,779)	(129,246)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(4,065)	(11,932)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(1,049,372)	(11/202)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, her of easif acquired		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,075,216)	(141,178)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	(669,100)	(61,463,315)
Repayment of borrowings	1,167,684	58,554,503
Proceeds from borrowings	648,965	00,001,000
Transactions with non-controlling interests	(8,854,120)	(9,562,623)
Dividends paid Distribution to non-controlling interest	(2,729,302)	(3,317,888)
Distribution to non-controlling interest Payments for shares bought back	(486,148)	(0)02.70007
1 ayments for shares bought back		
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(10,922,021)	(15,789,323)
Net decrease in cash held	(20,342,469)	(40,834,422)
Cash at the beginning of the half-year	57,157,737	71,093,285
CASH AT THE END OF THE HALF-YEAR	36,815,268	30,258,863

The above condensed consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the Half-Year Report.

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PREPARATION

The half-year financial report is a general-purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Act 2001.

This interim financial report does not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report. Accordingly, this report should be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019 and any public announcements made by CVC during the interim reporting period in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The accounting policies adopted are also consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period except for the adoption of AASB 16 *Leases* as set out in Note 14.

Certain comparatives balances have been changed in order to achieve consistency and comparability with the current period's amounts.

31 Dec 2019 \$	31 Dec 2018 \$
3,028,100	8,640,158
908,430	2,592,047
(32,206)	(31,744) (123,193)
273,856 163,267 - 262,075	623,680 200,325 484,600
1,575,422 51,051 1,626,473	3,745,715 31,223 3,776,938
	\$ 3,028,100 908,430 (32,206) 273,856 163,267 262,075 1,575,422 51,051

NOTE 3: DIVIDENDS

A final fully franked dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2019 of 8 cents per share was declared on 1 August 2019 and paid on 20 August 2019 to those shareholders registered on 6 August 2019.

NICTE 4	EADNINGS	PER SHARE	
NUIT 4.	LAKININGO	LEKSHANE	

NOTE II DIMINITION TO A DIMINITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018
Basic and diluted earnings per share Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the members of the	Cents	Cents
parent entity	(2.27)	(5.34)
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of earnings used in calculation of earnings per share:		
Loss after income tax	1,401,627	4,863,220
Less: non-controlling interest	1,271,191	1,517,006
Net loss attributable to members of the parent entity	2,672,818	6,380,226
	Number	of Shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares – Basic and diluted	117,588,004	119,532,788
Number of shares on issue at the end of the half-year	117,467,321	119,532,788
AND THE POLITY METHOD		
NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD	31 Dec 2019	30 Jun 2019
	\$	\$
	Ф	Ψ
Equity accounted interests in joint ventures	7,204,985	7,821,157
Equity accounted interests in listed associated entities	19,542,352	18,779,948
Equity accounted shares in other associated entities	30,897,026	21,808,008
	57,644,363	48,409,113

NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (CONT.)

Details of investments accounted for using the equity method are as follows:

	Ownership	Interest	Cat	rying value		tribution to profit/(loss)
D	Dec	June				
	2019	2019	Dec 2019	June 2019	Dec 2019	Dec 2018
	9/ ₀	%	\$	\$	\$	\$
Associated entities				2.5		
79 Logan Road Pty Ltd	35.0	35.0	35	35		(12 EEO)
79 Logan Road Trust	35.0	35.0	4,370,846	2,893,049	1,599,946	(13,550)
Australian Invoice Finance Limited	44.1	47.6	1,842,860	2,158,649	(315,788)	(36,377)
Bigstone Capital Pty Limited	34.0	34.0	613,352	1,843,506	(288,002)	(392,565)
BioPower Systems Pty Limited	25.1	25.1	-	-	-	-
Causeway Income Partners Limited (a)	50.0	50.0		-	(64.000)	14,005
Cedar and Stone Pty Ltd	43.3	43.3	34,332	96,225	(61,893)	46,225
Cravenda Pty Ltd (a)	48.3	50.0	60	60	-	
Cravenda Unit Trust (a)	48.3	50.0	60	60	-	-
CVC Emerging Companies Fund	22.3	22,3	6,781,903	3,333,334	115,235	-
CVC Emerging Companies IM Pty Ltd (a)	50.0	50.0	6,536	-	6,536	-
Donnybrook JV Pty Ltd	49.0	49.0	7,149,386	3,403,464	(51,394)	(35,787)
Eildon Capital Limited	40.9	40.3	19,740,352	18,709,047	1,339,360	927,211
Eildon Funds Management Limited (b)	n/a	40.0	-	460,548	11,074	93,388
JAK Contributory Mortgage Fund Loan						
Trust No 3	20.8	20.8	5,291,849	2,770,833	291,849	61,123
JAK Investment Group Pty Ltd	40.0	40.0	213,497	227,037	(13,540)	(51,672)
Kingsgrove Property LMC Pty Ltd (a)	50.0	50.0	-	-	-	
LAC Unit Trust (c)	n/a	n/a	-	-	-	(1,864)
Lewcorp Properties Pty Ltd	20.0	20.0	751,255	818,853	(67,598)	(16,672)
Mooloolaba Wharf Holding Company Pty						
Limited (a)	50.0	50.0	3,396,942	3,534,578	(137,636)	-
The Kingsgrove (Vanessa Road) Unit Trust	25.0	25.0	-	-	520,994	-
The Maroochydore Medical Centre Facility						
Unit Trust (a)	50.0	50.0	50	50	-	2,709,877
Turrella Property Pty Ltd	32.5	32.5		=	-	(102)
Turrella Property Unit Trust	32.5	32.5	246,063	267,727	2,337	82
Urban Properties Cairns Pty Limited	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	-
Urban Properties Centenary Pty Limited	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	~
Urban Properties Pty Limited		33.3	-	-	-	-
US Residential Fund	22.2	22.2	-	70,901	-	(32,792)
_ Joint Ventures						
MAKE 246 EBRB Pty Ltd (a)	50.0	50.0	-	-	- /**:	-
MAKE EBRB Dev Nominee Pty Ltd (a)	50.0	50.0	7,140,074	7,821,157	(681,083)	(998,432)
JAK Mickleham Road Pty Ltd (a)	50.0	-	64,911	_		
			57,644,363	48,409,113	2,270,397	2,258,093

- (a) Causeway Income Partners Limited, Cravenda Pty Ltd, Cravenda Unit Trust, CVC Emerging Companies IM Pty Ltd, Kingsgrove Property LMC Pty Ltd, Mooloolaba Wharf Holding Company Pty Limited, The Maroochydore Medical Centre Facility Unit Trust, MAKE EBRB Dev Nominee Pty Ltd, MAKE 246 EBRB Pty Ltd and JAK Mickleham Road Pty Ltd are not considered to be controlled entities of CVC. This is because CVC does not have the power to direct the entities' relevant activities to affect CVC's returns.
- (b) During the half year ended 31 December 2019, Eildon Funds Management Limited became a controlled entity of CVC. Refer to note 8.
- (c) During the half year ended 31 December 2018, LAC Unit Trust became a controlled entity of CVC.

	31 Dec 2019	30 Jun 2019
	\$	\$
NOTE 6: INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Goodwill	2,946,006	
Reconciliations:		
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	-	-
Acquisition of business	2,946,006	-
	Send Private Control of Control o	
Carrying amount at the end of the period	2,946,006	-
	····	

The goodwill is attributable to the acquisition of the funds management business in Eildon Funds Management Limited. The recoverable amount is based on an independent valuation prepared by Longergan Edwards and Associates Limited at the date of the acquisition on 8 August 2019. The beneficiaries of the sale included associates of Messrs Mark Avery, John Hunter and Alexander Beard.

The valuation of Eildon Funds Management Limited was based on the following metrics:

- Earnings before interest and taxes multiple: 4.0 – 4.5x

This compares to the valuation metrics of Eildon Funds Management Limited at the time that the executive staff acquired an interest in the company in 2016 of:

- Earnings before interest and taxes multiple: 4.0 – 4.5x

AUO BSM | TUOSIBO 10-

The goodwill is not deductible for tax purpose. Refer to Note 8.1.

	31 1	Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018		
	Number	\$	Number	\$	
NOTE 7: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY					
Issued and paid-up ordinary share capital					
Balance at the beginning and end of the half-year	117,690,259	98,768,308	119,532,788	103,646,848	
Shares bought back	(222,938)	(484,822)	-	-	
Share buyback transaction costs	-	(1,326)	-	-	
Income tax on buyback transaction costs	-	399	-	-	
•	www.				
Balance at the beginning and end of the half-year	117,467,321	98,282,559	119,532,788	103,646,848	
•					

NOTE 8: BUSINESS COMBINATION

8.1 Eildon Funds Management Limited

On 8 August 2019, CVC acquired 60% of Eildon Funds Management Limited ("EFM") for a consideration of \$3,623,500 at which time it became a 100% subsidiary of CVC. Immediately prior to that date, CVC had an existing holding of 40% of the equity on issue with a carrying amount of \$471,622.

A summary of the acquisition is as follows:

minuty of the acquisition to as tonovior	\$
Purchase consideration: Cash paid	3,623,500
Total purchase consideration	3,623,500
Friendly of Access and Liabilities of EEM at Acquisition	
Fair value of Assets and Liabilities of EFM at Acquisition: Cash assets	985,868
Trade and other receivables (a)	543,777
Plant and equipment	7,342
Financial assets	130
Deferred tax asset	17,794
Trade and other payables	(77,011)
Current tax liability	(328,784)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	1,149,116
Less: carrying amount prior to acquisition	(471,622)
Add: goodwill (b)	2,946,006
Consideration for acquisition	3,623,500
Cash outflow	
Cash consideration	3,623,500
Less: balances acquired	
Cash	(985,868)
Net outflow of cash – investing activities	2,637,632

- (a) The fair value of acquired trade and other receivables is the gross contractual amount.
- (b) The goodwill is attributable to the value of EFM's funds management business. It will not be deductible for tax purpose. Refer to Note 6.

For the period from acquisition to the end of the period, EFM recorded revenues of \$740,552 and profit after tax of \$398,879. If EFM had been owned for the whole of the period the revenue included would have been \$931,169 and profit after tax would have been \$426,565.

8.2 Eildon Debt Fund

AUO BSM MELOSIBO 10-

CVC is deemed to acquire specified assets in Eildon Debt Fund ("EDF") on 8 August 2019 along with the EFM transaction. The directors have concluded that CVC controls specified assets in EDF, even though it holds less than half of the voting rights of this subsidiary. The significant judgement is per below:

- Eildon Investments Services Pty Limited ("EIS"), a 100% own subsidiary of EFM, is the fund manager for EDF.
- EIS has the decision-making authority to direct the relevant activities of EDF and make decisions in the best interests of all investors.
- The investors' rights to remove the fund manager are protective as they are excisable only when EIS is in default.
- CVC holds more than 20% investments in specified assets in EDF. This creates sufficient exposure for EIS to be a principal for the relevant specified assets.

No consideration was paid on 8 August 2019 at which time EDF became a subsidiary of CVC. Immediately prior to that date, CVC had an existing holding equivalent to 41.4% of specified assets with a carrying amount of \$11,928,085.

NOTE 8: BUSINESS COMBINATION (CONT.)

8.2 Eildon Debt Fund (Cont.)

AUO BSN | BUOSJBO JO =

A summary of the acquisition is as follows:

annuary of the doduction to the reserve	\$
Purchase consideration:	
Cash paid	-
•	
Total purchase consideration	-
	
Fair value of Assets and Liabilities of EDF at Acquisition:	
Cash assets	1,588,130
Trade and other receivables (a)	18,036
Financial assets	30,210,574
Trade and other payables	(3,027,098)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	28,789,642
Less: non-controlling interest (b)	(16,861,557)
Less: carrying amount prior to acquisition	(11,928,085)
Consideration for acquisition	
20,2,3,0,0	
Cash inflow	
Cash consideration	-
Add: balances acquired	
Cash	1,588,130
Net inflow of cash – investing activities	1,588,130
Net inflow of cash – investing activities	1,588,130

- (a) The fair value of acquired trade and other receivables is the gross contractual amount.
- (b) CVC has recognised the non-controlling interest at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the net identifiable assets.

For the period from acquisition to the end of the period, EDF recorded revenues of \$2,875,534 and profit after tax of \$2,724,656. If EDF had been owned for the whole of the period the revenue included would have been \$3,249,212 and profit after tax would have been \$3,077,618.

NOTE 8: BUSINESS COMBINATION (CONT.)

8.3 Other immaterial business combinations

A summary of the acquisition is as follows:

animary of the acquirements to	\$
Purchase consideration:	Ψ
Cash paid	-
Total purchase consideration	-
Assets and Liabilities of acquired business at Acquisition:	
Cash	130
Financial assets	1,371,487
Trade and other payables (a)	(16,075)
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	(1,355,412)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	130
Less: consideration for acquisition	(130)
Consideration for acquisition	-
Cash inflow	
Cash consideration	
Add: balances acquired	
Cash	130
Net inflow of cash – investing activities	130

(a) The fair value of acquired trade and other receivables is the gross contractual amount.

For the period from acquisition to the end of the period, the acquired business recorded revenues of \$102,137 and profit after tax of \$37,745. If the acquired business had been owned for the whole of the period the revenue included would have been \$114,827 and profit after tax would have been \$37,745.

There were no acquisitions in the period ending 31 December 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9: SEGMENT REPORTING

The information by business segments are as follows:

Conso	\$ 000 s	. (166,9)	240	790/6	2,270	. 1,151	3,421	(6,449)
Funds Co Management Elimi	\$ 000.5	6,211			855	316	1,171	
Direct Property	\$'000's	730			1,185	(936)	249	
Property Backed Lending	s,000.s	5,715			292	4,445	4,737	
Listed Investments	\$,000.\$	E 1 5				161	161	
Commercial Debt and Alternative Assets	\$,000,\$	7				(441)	(441)	
onows. Private Equity Investments	\$,000,\$	•			(62)	(2,394)	(2,456)	
the intormation by business segments are as ronows. Priv	31 December 2019: Revenues:	Total revenue for reportable segments Inter-segment revenue	Unallocated amounts: Interest income Corporate income	Consolidated revenue	Equity accounted income	Results: Total profit for reportable segments Share of profit of equity accounted investees		Unallocated amounts: corporate expenses

Segment results are shown before related income tax expense. All revenue during the half year is recognised at a point in time when the performance obligation is satisfied.

OF THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9: SEGMENT REPORTING (CONT.)

	Investments \$'000's	and Alternative Assets \$'000's	Listed Investments \$'000's	Property Backed Lending \$'000's	Direct Property \$'000's	Management \$'000's	Eliminations \$'000's	Consolidated \$'000's
31 December 2018: Revenues: Total revenue for reportable segments Inter-segment revenue	122	1,563	27	3,192	30,997	613 6,585	(7,824)	36,514
Unallocated amounts: Interest income								448
Consolidated revenue								36,962
Equity accounted income	46	•	894		1,593	(336)		2,258
Results: Total profit for reportable segments Share of profit of equity accounted investees	52 46	1,562	(13,270)	3,545	4,014	(193)	1 €	(4,290) 2,258
	86	1,562	(12,375)	3,606	5,606	(529)	ı	(2,032)
Unallocated amounts: corporate expenses								(6,608)
Consolidated profit before tax								(8,640)
Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	stomers	1,563	27	3,192	11,963	613	1 1	17,480
	122	1,563	27	3,192	30,997	613	1	36,514

Segment results are shown before related income tax expense.

OF THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 December 2019 (CONTINUED)

_	
	7
Ç	ļ
٥	_
7	2
(TINOO) CINITAGGGG	
è	4
2	
0	4
Ē	_
Ξ	_
/ Y C 2 3	
Ē	
d	
Ė	
	5
•	_

NOTE 9: SEGMENT REPORTING (CONT.)							1
	Private Equity Investments	Commercial Debt and Alternative	Listed Investments	Property Backed Lending	Direct Property	Funds Management	Consolidated
	\$,000,\$	Assets \$'000's	\$,000,\$	s,000.\$	\$,000,\$	\$,000.\$	\$,000,\$
31 December 2019: Assets: Segment assets	7,710	8,644	30,112	90,739	66,805	43,956	247,966
Unallocated amounts: Cash and cash equivalents Other assets							36,815
Total assets							289,614
Liabilities: Segment liabilities	1	•	•	10,986	28,906	9	39,892
Unallocated amounts: Other liabilities							65,377
Total liabilities							105,269
30 June 2019: Assets: Segment assets	11,146	10,222	59,754	50,949	60,817	32,395	225,283
Unallocated amounts: Cash and cash equivalents Other assets							57,158
Total assets							285,855
Liabilities: Segment liabilities	۳ <u> </u>	350	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	9,613	29,687	,	39,653
Unallocated amounts: Other liabilities							66,413
Total liabilities							106,066

NOTE 10: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of CVC are approximately equal to their carrying values.

Judgements and estimates were made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments and non-financial assets that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, CVC has classified its financial instruments and non-financial assets into three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

Level 1 - the fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2 – the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3 - the fair value is estimated using inputs for the asset that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the assets and liabilities as well as the methods used to estimate the fair value are summarised in the table below.

Q	uoted market price (Level 1)	Valuation technique – market observable inputs (Level 2) (a)	Valuation technique – non market observable inputs (Level 3)	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 31 December 2019 Financial assets				
"Fair value through profit or loss" investments	1 000 104	20 226 426		30,111,622
Shares in listed corporations	1,775,196	28,336,426	9,220,747	9,220,747
Shares in unlisted corporations (b) Non-financial assets	-	-	9,220,747	9,220,747
Investment properties (c)		_	2,400,000	2,400,000
investment properties (c)		***************************************	2,100,000	
	1,775,196	28,336,426	11,620,747	41,732,369
At 30 June 2019 Financial assets "Fair value through profit or loss" investments				
Shares in listed corporations	17,186,400	41,907,564		59,093,964
Shares in unlisted corporations (b)	-	-	24,186,206	24,186,206
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties (c)	-	-	2,400,000	2,400,000
	17,186,400	41,907,564	26,586,206	85,680,170

- (a) The fair values of Level 2 financial instruments are determined using available prices where trading does not occur in an active market.
- (b) There is no quantitative information. Fair value has been determined by using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; net asset backing; reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis.
- (c) The fair value has been determined based on an independent valuation prepared by JLL Hotels & Hospitality Group.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value movements:

	31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018
	\$	\$
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	26,586,206	19,602,318
Purchases	741,640	13,044,422
Sales	(1,723,986)	(2,063,780)
Losses recognised in other income (a)	(1,957,718)	(834,314)
Transfer out of Level 3 to Level 1	(250,000)	(300,000)
Transfer out of Level 3 (b)	(11,775,395)	-
Closing balance at the end of the period	11,620,747	29,448,646
(a) Unrealised losses recognised in statement of financial performance attributable to assets held at the end of the reporting period	(1,953,241)	1,649,847

(b) The investments in Eildon Debt Fund were eliminated on consolidation as Eildon Debt Fund entered into CVC on 8 August 2019. Refer to Note 8.2.

NOTE 11: INCOME AND EXPENSE

This note provides a breakdown of the items included in the statement of financial performance.

	31 Dec 2019 \$	31 Dec 2018 \$
Profit from development properties		10.024.200
Contract revenue	1 702 400	19,034,389 11,809,853
Sale of land	1,793,400	11,609,633
	1,793,400	30,844,242
Net loss from equity investments		
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,509,579	13,239,803
Dividends from related entities	-	(740,069)
Dividends from unrelated entities	(133,203)	(771,614)
Fee from unrelated entities	(243,116)	(97,912)
Impairment recovery of investment in associate entity	(478,397)	-
Impairment of investments in associated entities	1,092,153	1,574,694
	2,747,016	13,204,902
Impairment of financial assets at amortised cost		
Impairment of Imalicial assets at amortised cost Impairment of loans to associated entities	1,630,574	-
Impairment of loans to other entities	474,000	-
	2,104,574	_
Other overhead and administration fees		
Depreciation expenses	376,502	44,859
Lease expenses	32,107	291,411
Insurance expenses	118,974	94,244
Legal fees	217,624	181,562
Change in fair value of investment property	21,779	5,352
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	145,795	-
Other expenses	1,083,268	1,028,695
	1,996,049	1,646,123

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of CVC, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of CVC in the financial period subsequent to 31 December 2019.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the period, CVC entered into a purchase agreement for a commercial site at Marsden Park, New South Wales. Completion of the contract is conditional upon obtaining the Acceptable Development Consent. Once the condition is met, the amount payable for the purchase is approximately \$8 million.

NOTE 14: CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CVC has adopted AASB 16 *Leases* from 1 July 2019, but has not restated comparatives for the 2019 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transition provisions in the standard. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognised in the opening balance sheet on 1 July 2019.

(a) CVC's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

CVC leases various offices and equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 4 years to 7 years, without any extension options.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. CVC allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Until the 2019 financial year, leases of property, plant and equipment were classified as either finance leases or operating leases. From 1 July 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by CVC.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by CVC under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if CVC is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects CVC exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in CVC, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, CVC uses recent third-party financing received as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to statement of financial performance over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

MILO BSD IBLIOSIBO ...

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of office are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in statement of financial performance. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

NOTE 14: CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(b) Impact of adoption

On adoption of AASB 16, CVC recognised lease liabilities and associated right-of-use assets in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of AASB 117 *Leases*. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 July 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 July 2019 was 4%.

(c) Practical expedients applied

In applying AASB 16 for the first time, CVC has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- relying on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous as an alternative to performing an impairment review. There were no onerous contracts as at 1 July 2019.
- accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 July 2019 as short-term leases

2010

- excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application, and
- using hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

(d) Measurement of lease liabilities

Below is a reconciliation between the operating lease commitments reported as at 30 June 2019 and lease liabilities recognised under AASB16 *Leases* on 1 July 2019.

	2019
	\$
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 30 June 2019	3,056,925
Discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of at the date of initial application Add:	2,694,775
Contracts reassessed as lease contracts	48,196
Adjustments relating to changes in the CVC's incremental borrowing rate	107,865
Lease liability recognised as at 1 July 2019	2,850,836
Of which are:	624,152
Current lease liabilities	2,226,684
Non-current lease liabilities	
	2,850,836

(e) Adjustments recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position on 1 July 2019

The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position on 1 July 2019:

- right-of-use assets increase by \$2,850,836
- lease liabilities increase by \$2,850,836

There was no impact on retained earnings on 1 July 2019 as CVC has used the practical expedients permitted by the standard. Refer to Note 14(c).

NOTE 14: CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

the adoption of AASB 16.

Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of fina	31 Dec 2019	1 Jul 2019
	\$	\$
Right-of-use assets	2,965,323	2,789,872
Buildings Equipment	48,508	60,964
	3,013,831	2,850,836
Lease liabilities		
Current	708,228	624,152
Non-current	2,243,342	2,226,684
		A 050 007
additions to the right-of-use assets during the half year ended 31 December or leases was \$392,572. 3) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of fina		
or leases was \$392,572.	r 2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019	2,850,836 tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. 3) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of fina	r 2019 were \$490,705 and the to	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. g) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of final Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	r 2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019 \$	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. g) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of final Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets Buildings	r 2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. 3) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of final description of the condensed consolidated statement of final description charge of right-of-use assets Buildings	r 2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019 \$	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. 3) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of final description of the condensed consolidated statement of final description charge of right-of-use assets Buildings	2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019 \$ 315,254 12,456	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018
or leases was \$392,572. g) Amounts recognised in condensed consolidated statement of final Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	2019 were \$490,705 and the to ncial performance 31 Dec 2019 \$ 315,254 12,456	tal cash outflow 31 Dec 2018

CVC LIMITED & CONTROLLED ENTITIES HALF YEARLY REPORT

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the interim financial statements and notes set out on pages 4 to 22, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001 including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2019 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that CVC Limited will be able to pay its debts as when they become due and payable.

Dated at Sydney 25 February 2020.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors.

MARK AVERY

Director

JOHN READ



Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the review of the financial report of CVC Limited for the half-year ended 31 December 2019, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

This declaration is in respect of CVC Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Sydney, NSW 25 February 2020 N J Guest Partner

hlb.com.au



Independent Auditor's Review Report to the Members of CVC Limited

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of CVC Limited ("the company") which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, and the directors' declaration, for the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the half-year end or from time to time during the half-year.

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of CVC Limited is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2019 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Directors' Responsibility for the Half-Year Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including: giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2019 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*. As the auditor of the company, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.



Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

HLB Mann Judd

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants

Sydney, NSW 25 February 2020

MUO BSM | BUOSJEd JO-

N J Guest Partner