

2020 Full-year results briefing presentation

To be held on Thursday 20 August 2020





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To facilitate a comparison to the prior period, pre AASB 16 financial information, a non-IFRS measure, is used in this presentation as the focus of performance commentary.

More detailed information regarding Wesfarmers' 2020 full-year results can be found in Wesfarmers' Appendix 4E – Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 30 June 2020.



Group performance overview

Rob Scott Managing Director, Wesfarmers Limited



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Wesfarmers' primary objective is to provide a satisfactory return to shareholders

We believe it is only possible to achieve this over the long term by:



Anticipating the needs of our customers and delivering competitive goods and services



Supporting the communities in which we operate



Looking after our team members and providing a safe, fulfilling work environment



Taking care of the environment



Engaging fairly with our suppliers and sourcing ethically and sustainably



Acting with integrity and honesty in all of our dealings

Demonstrably performing, consistent with our values

During this challenging year, our businesses and team members played a critical role in supporting customers, partners and the communities in which our businesses operate



Anticipating the needs of our customers and delivering competitive goods and services

- Adjusting in-store processes to support customer safety, demand and availability
- Adapting online channels to meet customer needs, supporting 60%¹ growth in online sales



Supporting the communities in which we operate

- More than \$68m in direct and indirect community contributions
- Operating dedicated services for vulnerable customers needing assistance with online channels



Looking after our team members and providing a safe, fulfilling work environment

- 23% reduction in Group TRIFR to 10.4
- Two weeks COVID-19 leave for team members required to self-isolate or care for others
- Commitment to pay team members during Victorian stage 4 restrictions²



Taking care of the environment

- Good progress towards published emission targets and continued investment in projects to reduce carbon footprint
- 12% increase in recycling and 5% reduction in landfill



Engaging fairly with our suppliers and sourcing ethically and sustainably

- Maintaining business continuity and payment terms to provide certainty
- Continuing to support suppliers through accelerated payment, in cases of hardship



Acting with integrity and honesty in all of our dealings

- All actions and decisions continue to be guided by our purpose and long-term objective
- Collaborating with state and federal governments to coordinate on COVID-19 response

^{1.} Excludes Catch.

^{2.} Subsequent to the end of FY20.

Impact of COVID-19 on operations and financial results

Focus on safety and support

- Implementation of additional measures to protect the health and safety of team members and customers
- Extension of a range of additional leave and benefits to affected team members
- · Resulted in some additional operating costs in each of the divisions

Changes in customer demand profiles

- Retail sales impacted by volatility in foot traffic, driven partly by government restrictions and physical distancing requirements
- · Strong sales growth in Bunnings and Officeworks as customers spent more time at home
- Significant variation in demand across categories temporarily impacting stock availability in some product categories, while bringing forward some purchases from future periods
- · Lower inventory and higher payables at year end, resulting in favourable but temporary cash flow benefit

Accelerated development of data and digital capabilities

- · Recent focus on data and digital enabled a rapid response to changes in customer behaviour
- Continued and accelerated investment into digital capabilities to support significant increase in online volumes and safe shopping environments for customers
- Enhanced data analytics capabilities supported real time management of inventory during a period of high uncertainty and significant supply chain disruption

Economic environment impacted by government stimulus

- Important government stimulus measures designed to provide income support to households and businesses had a positive impact on the Group's retail sales results
- The gradual removal of government stimulus is expected to impact sales
- Wesfarmers did not receive material government support payments and is not currently part of the federal government's JobKeeper program. The Group received approximately \$40m in wage subsidies outside of Australia, almost exclusively in New Zealand

Actions taken to maintain balance sheet strength

- Sale of 10.1% interest in Coles and \$1.95b extension of available committed bank debt facilities
- Current balance sheet position allows the Group to withstand a range of economic scenarios while continuing to support its operating activities and pursuit of investment opportunities

Financial overview

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %1
Results from continuing operations excluding significant	nt items²			
Revenue	30,846	30,846	27,920	10.5
EBIT (after interest on lease liabilities)	2,942	2,964	2,974	(0.3)
NPAT	2,083	2,099	1,940	8.2
Basic earnings per share (cps)	184.2	185.6	171.5	8.2
Results including discontinued operations and significa	nt items²			
NPAT	1,697	1,713	5,510	n.m.
Basic earnings per share (cps)	150.0	151.5	487.2	n.m.
Full-year ordinary dividend (fully-franked, cps)	152	152	178	(14.6)
Special dividend – Coles selldown ³ (fully-franked, cps)	18	18	100	n.m.

- Revenue growth of 10.5%, reflecting strong sales growth in Bunnings, Kmart, Officeworks and Catch
- NPAT excluding significant items (pre AASB 16) up 8.2% to \$2,099m
- Reported NPAT in prior year includes \$3,570m from significant items and discontinued operations, primarily relating to the Coles demerger
- Final dividend of \$0.77 per share; full-year dividends of \$1.52 per share
- Special Coles selldown dividend of \$0.18 per share reflecting after-tax profits realised from sale of the 10.1% interest

n.m. = not meaningful

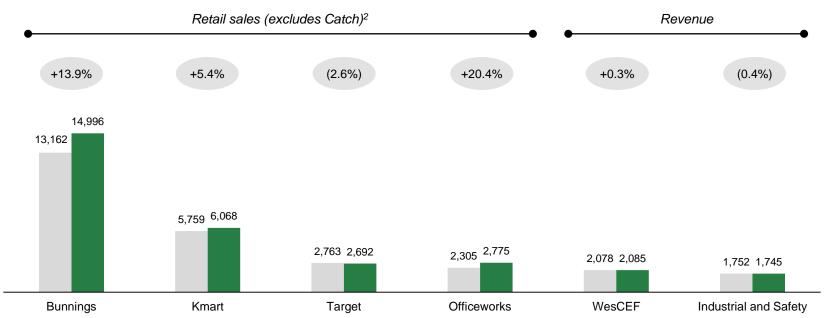
^{1.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{2.} Further detail on significant items and discontinued operations is set out on slide 14.

^{3.} The 2020 special dividend relates to the distribution of the after-tax profit on the sale of the Group's 10.1% interest in Coles.

Divisional sales performance





- Strong sales growth in Bunnings and Officeworks due to increased demand for products as customers spent more time working, learning and doing projects at home
- Kmart delivered strong sales growth despite volatile trading conditions
- Strong growth in online sales of 60%³ for the year to \$1.5b, or \$2.1b including Catch⁴, reflecting
 continued shifts in customer shopping preferences and enhanced digital offers

^{1.} Continuing operations only. Further detail on discontinued operations is set out on slide 14.

^{2.} Refer to slide 59 for relevant retail calendars.

^{3.} Excludes Catch.

Includes Catch gross transaction value from 12 August 2019 to 30 June 2020.

Divisional earnings performance

Earnings Before Tax (EBT) (\$m) Year ended 30 June ¹	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance % ²	% of divisional EBT
Bunnings	1,826	1,852	1,626	13.9	
Kmart Group ³	410	413	540	(23.5)	
Officeworks	197	190	167	13.8	
WesCEF ⁴	394	393	433	(9.2)	
Industrial and Safety ⁵	39	40	86	(53.5)	

^{1.} Continuing operations only. Further detail on discontinued operations is set out on slide 14. Divisional EBT does not include any allocation of Group finance costs.

^{2.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{3. 2020} excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$525m in Target and \$110m of pre-tax restructuring costs and provisions. 2020 includes \$9m of payroll remediation costs relating to Target.

^{4. 2020} and 2019 include \$18m and \$30m of insurance proceeds respectively, relating to the five-month ammonia plant production disruption that commenced in February 2018. 2019 includes a \$19m provision for removal of redundant equipment.

^{5. 2020} excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$310m. 2020 includes \$15m of payroll remediation costs.

Divisional return on capital

Rolling 12 months to 30 June ¹		2020			2019		
	EBT ² (\$m)	Cap Emp ³ (\$m)	RoC (%)	EBT ² (\$m)	Cap Emp ³ (\$m)	RoC (%)	Variance ⁴ (ppt)
Bunnings	1,852	2,997	61.8	1,626	3,220	50.5	11.3
Kmart Group	413	1,978	20.9	540	1,853	29.1	(8.2)
Officeworks	190	969	19.6	167	980	17.0	2.6
WesCEF	393	1,941	20.2	433	1,327	32.6	(12.4)
Industrial and Safety	40	1,447	2.8	86	1,475	5.8	(3.0)

- Bunnings and Officeworks return on capital benefited from earnings growth and favourable working capital balances at year end
- WesCEF's return on capital was 30.4% excluding the impact of the acquisition of Kidman

^{1.} Continuing operations only. Further detail on discontinued operations is set out on slide 14.

^{2.} Excludes significant items. Further detail on significant items is set out on slide 14.

^{3.} Capital employed excludes impact of AASB 16 except for Catch which was acquired on 12 August 2019 and has been presented on a post AASB 16 basis only.

^{4.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

Managing businesses for long-term success

While addressing the near-term requirements of COVID-19, the divisions remain focused on managing their businesses for long-term success and value creation

A relentless focus on customers

- Maintaining price leadership
- Investing in data and digital to better meet the evolving needs of customers
- Ensuring reliable and high-quality supply through operational excellence

For personal

 Engaging deeply with the communities where we operate



Investing for the long term

- Innovating across products and processes
- Improving back-end systems and processes
- Disciplined pursuit of value-accretive opportunities to add capabilities, channels and new technology



Building on unique capabilities and platforms

- Leading market positions and scalable platforms
- Expanding addressable markets by developing new channels, products and services
- Developing talent in specialist and emerging areas



Group performance summary

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %1
Results from continuing operations ²				
EBIT	2,744	2,530	2,974	(14.9)
EBIT (after interest on lease liabilities)	2,507	2,529	2,974	(15.0)
EBIT (after interest on lease liabilities) (excl. significant items) ³	2,942	2,964	2,974	(0.3)
NPAT	1,622	1,638	1,940	(15.6)
NPAT (excl. significant items) ³	2,083	2,099	1,940	8.2
Basic earnings per share (excl. significant items) ³ (cps)	184.2	185.6	171.5	8.2
Results including discontinued operations ²				
NPAT from discontinued operations ²	75	75	3,570	n.m.
NPAT	1,697	1,713	5,510	n.m.
Operating cash flow	4,546	3,597	2,718	32.3
Net capital expenditure	568	568	827	(31.3)
Acquisitions ⁴	988	988	17	n.m.
Free cash flow	5,188	4,239	2,963	43.1
Full-year ordinary dividend per share (fully-franked, cps)	152	152	178	(14.6)
Special dividend – Coles selldown ⁵ (fully-franked, cps)	18	18	100	n.m.
Net financial debt / (cash) ⁶	(471)	(471)	2,116	n.m.

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{2.} Further detail on discontinued operations is set out on slide 14.

^{3.} Further detail on significant items is set out on slide 14.

^{4.} Net of cash acquired.

^{5.} The 2020 special dividend relates to the distribution of the after-tax profit on the sale of the Group's 10.1% interest in Coles.

^{6.} Interest bearing liabilities less cash at bank and on deposit, net of cross-currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swap contracts. Excludes lease liabilities.



Group balance sheet and cash flow

Anthony Gianotti

Chief Financial Officer, Wesfarmers Limited



Significant items and discontinued operations summary

Year ended 30 June 2020 (\$m)	Pre-tax	Tax impact	Post-tax
Non-cash impairment in Kmart Group	(525)	88	(437)
Non-cash impairment in Industrial and Safety	(310)	12	(298)
Restructuring costs and provisions in Kmart Group	(110)	27	(83)
Gain on sale of 10.1% interest in Coles	290	(87)	203
Revaluation of retained investment in Coles	220	(66)	154
Total significant items (excluding discontinued operations)	(435)	(26)	(461)
Capital losses in BUKI (disposed in June 2018)	-	84	84
True-up of tax base in Coles	-	10	10
True-up of tax on sale of Bengalla	-	(11)	(11)
Total significant items (including discontinued operations)	(435)	57	(378)
True-up of Quadrant tax expense	-	(8)	(8)
Total significant items and discontinued operations	(435)	49	(386)

Other businesses performance summary

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	Holding %	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %1
Share of profit of associates and joint ventu	ures				
Coles ²	4.9	111	111	128	(13.3)
BWP Trust	24.8	52	52	42	23.8
Other associates and joint ventures ^{3,4}	Various	38	38	45	(15.6)
Sub-total share of profit of associates and joint ventures		201	201	215	(6.5)
Interest revenue ⁵		10	10	27	(63.0)
Other ^{4,6}		(3)	(4)	1	n.m.
Corporate overheads		(131)	(131)	(121)	8.3
EBIT ⁷		77	76	122	(37.7)
Interest on lease liabilities		(1)	-	-	n.m.
EBT ⁷		76	76	122	(37.7)

2020 Full-year results | 15

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{2.} Wesfarmers held a 15% interest in Coles as at 31 December 2019 and sold 10.1% of its interest via two separate transactions on 18 February 2020 and 30 March 2020.

^{3.} Includes investments in Gresham, flybuys, Wespine and BPI.

^{4. 2019} includes \$42m gain on the Group's investment in Barminco following its purchase by Ausdrill. \$9m of this gain relates to the Group's indirect interest held in Other associates and joint ventures. The remaining \$33m is recognised in Other.

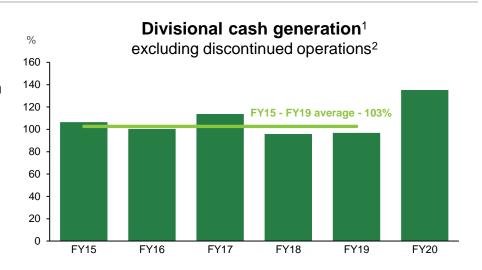
^{5. 2019} excludes interest revenue from Quadrant Energy loan notes.

^{6. 2020} includes \$9m from the Curragh value sharing arrangement. 2019 includes \$34m from the Curragh value sharing arrangement.

^{7. 2020} excludes \$290m gain on sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles and \$220m revaluation of the remaining 4.9% interest in Coles.

Operating and free cash flows

- Divisional cash generation from continuing operations increased 38 ppt to 135%
- Operating cash flows increased 32% to \$3,597m
 - Strong divisional operating cash flows
 - Favourable working capital balances at year end in retail divisions
 - Prior period includes operating cash flows from Coles and other discontinued operations
- Free cash flows increased 43% to \$4,239m
 - Strong operating cash flow performance
 - Proceeds from sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles
 - Includes acquisition of Kidman and Catch totalling approximately \$1.0b
 - Prior period includes proceeds from divestment of Bengalla, Quadrant and KTAS



Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Var %
Key cash flow movements			
Operating cash flows	3,597	2,718	32.3
Free cash flows	4,239	2,963	43.1

^{1.} Divisional operating cash flows before tax after net capital expenditure divided by divisional pre AASB 16 EBT.

^{2.} FY15 to FY19 includes contributions from KTAS and Quadrant.

Working capital

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- Significant favourable but temporary working capital inflow of \$723m driven by retail divisions
- · Lower inventory levels at year end
 - Strong demand for Bunnings, Kmart and Officeworks products in second half due to COVID-19
 - Some stock availability issues at Kmart and Target in June due to increased demand
- Higher payables balance driven by higher stock purchases at Bunnings and Officeworks in response to increased demand
- Working capital result in WesCEF impacted by stamp duty payments in relation to the Kidman acquisition and timing of shipments in Fertilisers and Chemicals

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 <i>Pre AASB 16</i>	2019 Reported			
Working capital movements (cont	inuing operati	ons)¹			
Cash movement inflow/(outflow)					
Receivables and prepayments	(66)	(14)			
Inventory	443	(348)			
Payables	346	320			
Total	723	(42)			
Working capital cash movement					
Retail	802	(90)			
Industrials and Other	(79)	48			
Total	723	(42)			

Capital expenditure

- Gross capital expenditure from continuing operations of \$867m in line with prior period
 - Higher capital expenditure in Bunnings from development of digital offer
 - Higher capital expenditure in WesCEF primarily due to Covalent Lithium

Offset by:

- Lower capital expenditure in Kmart Group due to timing of store refurbishments
- One-off investment in Coregas healthcare in prior period
- Increase in net capital expenditure primarily due to lower proceeds from Bunnings property disposals of \$274m (FY19: \$481m)
- FY21 net capital expenditure of \$550m to \$750m expected, subject to net property investment and timing of any investment decision in relation to Covalent
 - Inclusive of the conversion of Target stores to Kmart stores

Year ended 30 June ¹ (\$m)	2020	2019	Var %
Bunnings	511	470	8.7
Kmart Group	142	205	(30.7)
Officeworks	40	42	(4.8)
WesCEF	110	58	89.7
Industrial and Safety	59	83	(28.9)
Other	5	2	n.m.
Gross capital expenditure	867	860	0.8
Sale of PP&E	(299)	(497)	(39.8)
Net capital expenditure	568	363	56.5
Net capital expenditure in discontinued operations ²	-	464	n.m.
Group (including discontinued)			
Gross capital expenditure	867	1,356	(36.1)
Sale of PP&E	(299)	(529)	(43.5)
Net capital expenditure	568	827	(31.3)

n.m. = not meaningful

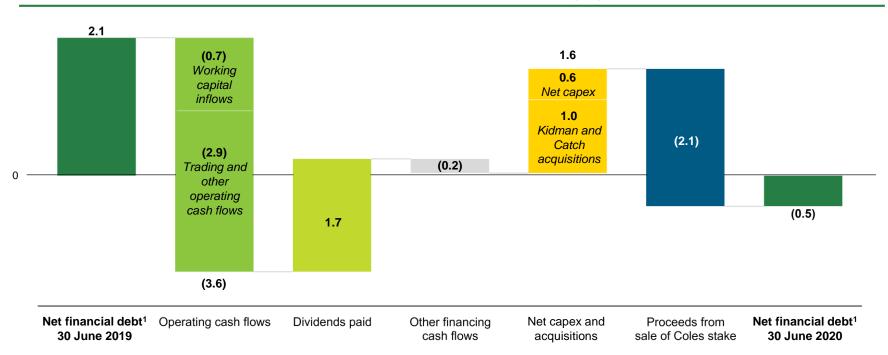
Capital investment provided on a cash basis.

^{2.} Further detail on discontinued operations is set out on slide 14.

Net financial debt

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Movements in net financial debt1 (\$b)

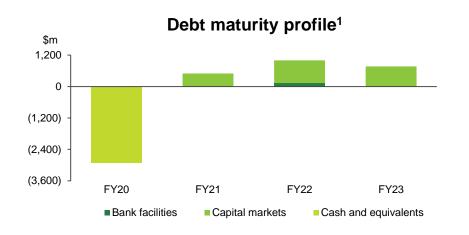


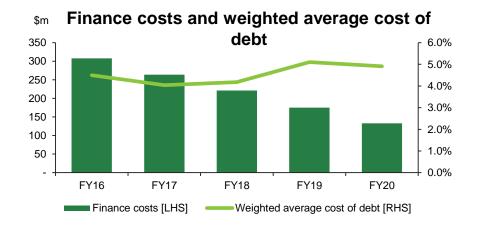
- Net cash¹ position of \$0.5b as at 30 June 2020, compared to net financial debt¹ of \$2.1b as at 30 June 2019 driven by:
 - Strong operating cash flow performance
 - Sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles generating gross proceeds of \$2.1b, offset by the acquisitions of Kidman and Catch totalling approximately \$1.0b

^{1.} Interest bearing liabilities less cash at bank and on deposit, net of cross-currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swap contracts. Excludes lease liabilities.

Balance sheet and debt management

- Maintained significant balance sheet flexibility
- Extension of available committed bank debt facilities by \$1.95b to \$5.3b in May 2020
 - Secured at acceptable terms, with pricing well below the Group's overall cost of debt
- Other finance costs decreased to \$133m in FY20 (FY19: \$175m) due to lower average debt balances and a decrease in the weighted average cost of debt to 4.93% (FY19: 5.10%)
 - Maturity of \$500m fixed and floating notes in November 2020
- Strong credit metrics and stable credit ratings
 - Moody's A3 (stable outlook)
 - Standard and Poor's A- (stable outlook)



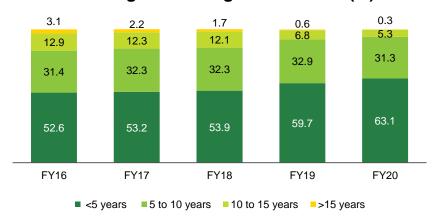


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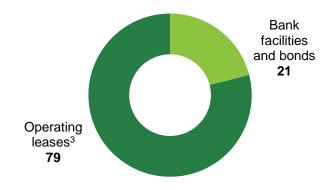
Management of lease portfolio

- Undiscounted lease commitments totalled \$8.5b¹ and represent 79% of Group fixed financial obligations as at 30 June 2020
- Shorter average remaining lease tenure of 4.8 years² (1H20: 5.0 years) complemented by strategic extension options to maintain security of tenure
 - Reflects disciplined management of leases in retail businesses
- Approach to lease portfolio management unchanged by AASB 16
 - Continued focus on lease-adjusted return on capital as a key hurdle for divisions

Weighted average lease terms (%)²



Fixed financial obligations (%)



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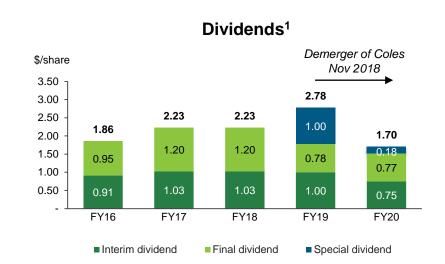
^{1.} Post AASB 16 undiscounted lease liability totals \$8.2b.

^{2.} Average lease tenure calculated as weighted average of dollar commitments by year.

^{3.} Represents future undiscounted minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases.

Dividends

- Fully-franked final ordinary dividend of \$0.77 per share
 - Reflects strong underlying NPAT result
- Fully-franked special Coles selldown dividend of \$0.18 per share
 - Distributes after-tax profits from sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles
- Dividend record date 26 August 2020 for both the final and special
 - Both are payable on 1 October 2020
- Dividend investment plan: not underwritten; last day for application 27 August 2020
 - Dividend investment plan shares expected to be purchased on market
- Dividend distributions determined based on franking credit availability, earnings, credit metrics and cash flow
 - Maximising value of franking credits for shareholders



^{1.} Represents dividends resolved to pay in each year.



Bunnings

Michael Schneider

Managing Director, Bunnings Group









Bunnings performance summary

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %1
Revenue	14,999	14,999	13,166	13.9
EBITDA ²	2,601	2,053	1,818	12.9
Depreciation and amortisation	(658)	(201)	(192)	(4.7)
EBIT ²	1,943	1,852	1,626	13.9
Interest on lease liabilities	(117)	-	-	n.m.
EBT ²	1,826	1,852	1,626	13.9
Net property contribution ³	16	36	85	(57.6)
EBT (excluding net property contribution) ²	1,810	1,816	1,541	17.8
EBT margin excluding property ² (%)	12.1	12.1	11.7	
RoC ^{2,4} (R12, %)	58.0	61.8	50.5	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	10.3	10.3	11.2	
Total store sales growth ⁵	14.7	14.7	5.2	
Store-on-store sales growth ^{5,6}	14.7	14.7	3.9	

n.m. = not meaningful

Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{2. 2020} includes \$20m of additional cleaning, security and protective equipment to respond to COVID-19, as well as \$70m of costs in the second half associated with trading restrictions in New Zealand, the permanent closure of seven New Zealand stores and the accelerated rollout of the online offering.

^{3.} The 2020 net property contribution is \$20m lower on a post AASB 16 basis due to a change in the recognition of gains on sale and leaseback transactions. The lower gain on sale will be offset through lower depreciation over the life of the relevant lease.

^{4.} Pre AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed. Post AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed, where capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

^{5.} Refer to slide 59 for relevant retail calendars.

^{6.} Store-on-store sales growth excludes stores that were impacted by temporary closure in New Zealand.

Bunnings sales overview

- Revenue growth of 13.9% to \$14,999m
 - Total store sales growth of 14.7%
 - Store-on-store sales growth of 14.7%
 - Provided a convenient offer for consumer and trade customers while operating safely in a COVID-19 environment
- Second-half sales growth underpinned by strong growth in consumer sales as customers spent more time working and undertaking projects at home
 - Total sales growth of 23.4%, or 25.6% excluding temporarily closed New Zealand stores
 - Store-on-store sales growth of 25.8%
 - Particularly strong sales growth in garden and paint
- In-stock levels remained strong reflecting resilience of operating model and strong support from suppliers





Bunnings earnings overview

- Earnings increased 13.9% to \$1,852m with a significantly lower net property contribution
- Earnings excluding property contribution increased 17.8%
 - Continued focus on disciplined cost control
 - \$20m of additional costs in cleaning, PPE for team members and additional security
 - \$70m costs incurred during the second half as a result of trading restrictions in New Zealand, permanent closure of seven New Zealand stores and accelerated rollout of online offer
- RoC (R12) increased 11.3ppt to 61.8%

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- Continuation of the property recycling program
- Disciplined capital management
- Favourable but temporary working capital movements





Bunnings progress on strategic agenda

Even stronger offer

- Continued network investment
- Expanded ranges and more in situ displays
- 3,500 additional in-store experts providing specialist advice

Data and digital

- Rollout of Click and Deliver across Australia and New Zealand
- Launched new contactless Drive and Collect service
- Expanded online range to new categories
- Released the Bunnings Product Finder app

Accelerate trade growth

- Completed Adelaide Tools acquisition; six specialist stores, online offer
- Improved connection and engagement with trade customers
- More investment in specialist team to support 23 landscape hub stores, industry and government customer segments and specialist categories for builders





Adapting to new COVID-19 environment

- Established in-store protocols to ensure customer and team safety
 - Limiting customers in stores, physical distancing measures
 - Installed perspex register guards in all Australian stores
 - Increased cleaning in-store and deep cleans every night across store network
 - Closed cafes, trade coffee stations, water fountains & children's playgrounds, and suspended sausage sizzles, family events & in-store activities
- Introduced new initiatives to support local communities

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- Gift cards donated to over 3,000 community groups in place of cancelled sausage sizzles
- Donations to over 180 community groups, nominated by team members through competitions
- Launched new technology and services to support convenience and safety
 - Released the Bunnings Product Finder app helping retail customers to locate products and shop quickly
 - Launched a DIY Hotline to support remote access to services and expert advice







Bunnings outlook

- Outlook remains highly uncertain
- Trading performance likely to moderate as extraordinary growth in the second half likely to have pulled sales forward from FY21 in some categories
- Weaker economic conditions expected in Australia and New Zealand with gradual removal of financial support measures from government, banks and landlords likely to impact housing and renovation activity
- Ongoing investment in additional cleaning, security and PPE in response to COVID-19
- Deeper engagement with existing PowerPass customers and further enhancements to PowerPass ecosystem
- Further investment in data and digital capabilities
- Continued investment in store portfolio
 - 16 stores under construction

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Kmart Group

Ian Bailey Managing Director, Kmart Group









Kmart Group performance summary

Year end	led 30 June¹ (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 <i>Pre AASB 16</i>	2019 Reported	Variance %2
Revenue		9,217	9,217	8,598	7.2
EBITDA ³		1,122	639	733	(12.8)
Depreciat	ion and amortisation	(601)	(216)	(193)	(11.9)
EBIT ³		521	423	540	(21.7)
Interest or	n lease liabilities	(102)	(1)	-	n.m.
EBT ³		419	422	540	(21.9)
EBT inclu	uding payroll remediation costs	410	413	540	(23.5)
Significan	t items	(635)	(635)	-	n.m.
EBT inclu	uding significant items	(225)	(222)	540	n.m.
EBT marg	gin ³ (%)	4.5	4.6	6.3	
RoC ⁴ (R12	2, %)	20.4	20.9	29.1	
Safety (R	12, TRIFR)	12.8	12.8	19.4	
Kmart:	Total sales growth ⁵ (%)	5.4	5.4	1.5	
	Comparable sales growth ^{5,6} (%)	4.3	4.3	0.0	
Target:	Total sales growth ⁵ (%)	(2.6)	(2.6)	(1.5)	
	Comparable sales growth ⁵ (%)	(8.0)	(0.8)	(8.0)	
Catch:	Gross transaction value growth ⁷ (%)	49.2	49.2	n.a.	

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1. 2020} includes Catch from 12 August 2019. 2019 excludes KTAS trading performance and gain on disposal of KTAS.

^{2.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

^{3. 2020} excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$525m in Target and \$110m of pre-tax restructuring costs and provisions, and \$9m of payroll remediation costs relating to Target.

^{4.} Pre AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed. Post AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed, where capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. 2020 earnings excludes significant items and includes payroll remediation costs.

^{5.} Refer to slide 59 for relevant retail calendars.

^{6.} Comparable sales growth excludes stores that were impacted by temporary closure in New Zealand.

^{7. 2020} reflects the period 12 August 2019 to 30 June 2020 and 2019 reflects the period 12 August 2018 to 30 June 2019.

Kmart and Target performance summary

- Revenue growth of 3.0% to \$8,853m
 - Kmart sales growth of 5.4%
 - Target sales decline of 2.6%
- Earnings decline of 22.0% to \$421m¹ predominantly driven by Target
 - Kmart: solid earnings performance, impacted by investment in retail technology and capability, and Anko of approximately \$30m
 - Target: loss-making despite disciplined cost control due to lower sales and higher clearance activity
 - Shrinkage, foreign exchange movements and Kmart's new enterprise agreement were headwinds
- COVID-19 impacts in the second half:
 - Significant online growth

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- Social distancing measures and NZ governmentmandated store closures impacted store traffic
- Significant sales growth in Kmart home categories, which resulted in availability issues in June
- Higher operating costs

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %
Revenue	8,853	8,598	3.0
EBITDA ¹	619	733	(15.6)
EBT ¹	421	540	(22.0)



Catch performance summary

- Strong growth across both in-stock and marketplace segments
 - Revenue of \$364m since acquisition
 - Gross transaction value increasing 49.2% since acquisition and 75.5% in the second half
 - Ongoing growth in Club Catch subscriptions
- Continued investment in marketing and capability
 - Acquired 1.1m new customers since acquisition, with a total of 2.3m active customers at the end of FY20
 - Expanded fulfilment capacity and automation to support future growth
- Expanded supplier network and forged new relationships to offer full selection from top brands
- Implemented customer-driven initiatives during the year
 - Click and collect for Catch products in Target stores
 - Introduced Target to Catch marketplace
- Appointed Peter Sauerborn as Managing Director, bringing deep e-commerce expertise

Year ended 30 June ¹ (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16		
Gross transaction value	632		
Revenue	364		
EBITDA	20		
EBT ²	1		
Gross transaction value growth ³ (%)	49.2		



^{1.} Reflects Catch's performance under Wesfarmers ownership since 12 August 2019.

^{2.} Includes an amortisation expense of \$10m relating to assets recognised as part of the acquisition.

^{3. 2020} reflects the period 12 August 2019 to 30 June 2020 and 2019 reflects the period 12 August 2018 to 30 June 2019.

Kmart Group outlook

- In an uncertain environment, Kmart Group is well-positioned to deliver sustainable long-term returns
- Kmart will continue to focus on investing for future growth
 - Ongoing investment in technology and digital capabilities, including online re-platform
 - Conversion of selected Target stores will accelerate future growth, including 12 large format stores and an additional three Target Country stores to Kmart and K Hub stores respectively during the first half of FY21
- · Inventory availability has improved in Kmart

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- Target will continue to focus on improving commercial viability
 - Not expected to be profitable in FY21 but reduced scale of business will limit impact on Kmart Group earnings
- One-off non-operating costs of \$120m to \$140m in FY21 relating to store conversions and closures as per prior guidance
- Catch will accelerate the expansion and improvement of its customer value proposition
 - Significant investment in growing gross transaction value and building operational capacity will impact earnings in FY21
 - Leveraging assets across the Wesfarmers Group







Officeworks

Sarah Hunter *Managing Director, Officeworks*







Officeworks performance summary

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %1
Revenue	2,787	2,787	2,314	20.4
EBITDA	307	221	195	13.3
Depreciation and amortisation	(99)	(31)	(28)	(10.7)
EBIT	208	190	167	13.8
Interest on lease liabilities	(11)	-	-	n.m.
EBT	197	190	167	13.8
EBT margin (%)	7.1	6.8	7.2	
RoC ² (R12, %)	20.2	19.6	17.0	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	7.9	7.9	8.5	
Total sales growth ³ (%)	20.4	20.4	7.6	

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1.} Variance calculated on pre AASB16 results.

^{2.} Pre AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed. Post AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed, where capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

^{3.} Refer to slide 59 for relevant retail calendars.

Officeworks overview

Sales growth of 20.4%

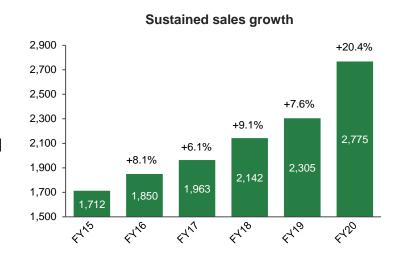
- Every-channel approach continues to deliver strong sales growth in stores and online
- Online sales penetration of approximately 30%, including Click and Collect sales
- Strong second half sales growth of 28.5% underpinned by increased demand due to customers establishing and maintaining their work and learning spaces at home, and a strong back-to-school trading period

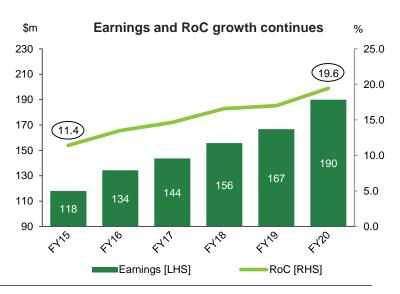
• Earnings growth of 13.8%

- Gross margin impacted by sales mix changes, which accelerated in the second half, and ongoing price investment throughout the year
- Continued strong operational cost control
- Investment in team member recognition, COVID-19 safety measures and new customer offers

• RoC (R12) up 260bp to 19.6%

- Strong earnings growth, while continuing to invest for the long term
- Temporary working capital benefit from unprecedented customer demand





Officeworks progress on strategic agenda

Our team

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- Prioritised focus on keeping the team safe
- Approval and implementation of new Enterprise Agreement for stores

Customer experience

- Redefined back-to-school
- Improved online offer
- Commenced building data and analytics platform

Connecting with our communities

- Raised more than \$3.1m for partners and local communities
- 86% of all waste recycled, landfill reduced by 26%
- 6% reduction in carbon emissions

Operational excellence

- Implemented new payroll and people management system

Growing our business

- Range expansion and investment in customer value
- Advanced Print & Copy platform upgrade and store renewal program
- Launched expanded Geeks2U offer





Officeworks outlook

- Outlook for year ahead remains uncertain, with changing customer shopping patterns and COVID-19 measures expected to impact trading conditions
- Continued investment to ensure COVID safe operations
- Well-positioned for the future
- Execution of strategy to drive long-term growth, key focus areas in the year ahead:
 - Invest in team member health and wellbeing programs
 - Leverage data and analytics platform to improve customer personalisation
 - Build position in the education market
 - Invest in customer fulfilment centres and store capacity to support sales growth and productivity
 - Increase awareness of expanded Geeks2U offer
- Focus on helping make bigger things happen for customers, team, the community and stakeholders







Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers

Ian Hansen

Chief Executive Officer, Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers























Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers performance summary

Year ended 30 June ¹ (\$m)		2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16	2019 Reported	Variance %2
Revenue ³	Chemicals	1,022	1,022	1,000	2.2
	Energy	424	424	468	(9.4)
	Fertilisers	639	639	610	4.8
	Total	2,085	2,085	2,078	0.3
EBITDA ⁴		481	474	513	(7.6)
Depreciation and amortisation		(86)	(81)	(80)	(1.3)
EBIT ⁴	-	395	393	433	(9.2)
Interest on lease liabilities		(1)	-	-	n.m
EBT ⁴	-	394	393	433	(9.2)
External sales volumes ⁵ ('000 tonnes)	Chemicals	1,152	1,152	1,098	4.9
	LPG & LNG	215	215	221	(2.7)
	Fertilisers	1,202	1,202	1,125	6.8
RoC ^{4,6} (R12, %)		20.3	20.2	32.6	
RoC ^{4,6} (R12, %) excluding Australian Light	Minerals	30.5	30.4	32.6	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)		3.3	3.3	4.2	

m = not meaningfu

^{1. 2020} includes Australian Light Minerals, the holding company for WesCEF's 50% interest in the Covalent Lithium joint venture, from 23 September 2019. 2019 excludes Quadrant.

^{2.} Variance calculated on pre AASB 16 results.

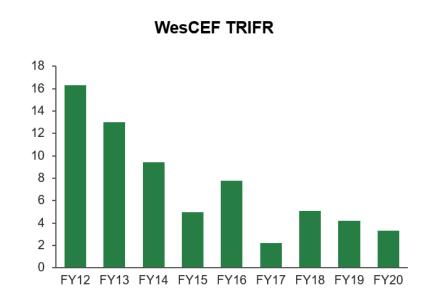
^{3.} Excludes intra-division sales.

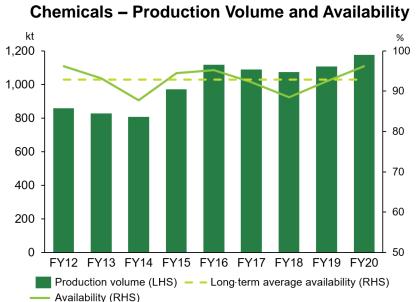
^{4. 2020} and 2019 include \$18m and \$30m of insurance proceeds respectively, relating to the five-month ammonia plant production disruption that commenced in February 2018. 2019 includes a \$19m provision for removal of redundant equipment.

^{5.} External sales exclude AN volumes transferred between Chemicals and Fertilisers business segments.

^{6.} Pre AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed. Post AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed, where capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers operational performance





- Further improvement in safety results supported by divisional framework 'Safe Person, Safe Process, Safe Place'
- Strong plant performance and continued benefits from debottlenecking initiatives resulting in further annual increase in volumes across Chemicals
- Improved availability¹ of 96% across Chemicals facilities; an ammonia plant shutdown planned in FY21
- Ongoing focus on utilising data and digital capability to optimise plant reliability and drive efficiency opportunities

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^{1.} Availability is the simple average across the Chemicals production facilities.

Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers overview

- Revenue of \$2,085m in line with prior period, with volume growth in Chemicals and Fertilisers, offset by lower prices (primarily Saudi CP¹) and volumes in Energy
- Earnings of \$393m, down 9.2% on prior period driven by lower sales in Energy as well as competitive pressures in the Western Australian EGAN² and fertiliser markets
- Chemicals: Earnings marginally declined on prior period
 - AN³ earnings impacted by additional costs to refine the emulsion product and annualised impact of renegotiated long-term customer contracts
 - Strong performance from ammonia with higher plant availability and record production rates driven by investment made in prior years, which offset weaker ammonia indicator price (FY20 average price down 11.9% on prior period)
 - Earnings increased in the sodium cyanide business due to increased plant production volumes, lower input costs and robust demand from the gold mining sector
- Energy: Earnings significantly down on prior period
 - Lower Saudi CP (FY20 average price down 17.3% on prior period) and subdued margins in natural gas retailing
- Fertilisers: Earnings down on prior period
 - Increased demand and sales volumes offset by higher operational and logistics costs
- Result included costs associated with ongoing management of lithium investment

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^{1.} Saudi Contract Price (the international benchmark indicator for LPG).

^{2.} Explosive grade ammonium nitrate.

^{3.} Ammonium nitrate.

Chemicals, Energy and Fertilisers outlook

- Product demand expected to remain robust in iron ore and gold mining sectors
- Chemicals volumes are expected to moderate marginally
- Increase in AN sales to fertiliser and export markets as a result of lower EGAN sales now that the competing Burrup plant is operational
- Sodium cyanide business is expecting strong demand to continue
- Kleenheat LPG business expected to be impacted by weakness in Saudi CP
- Fertilisers earnings are dependent upon seasonal outcomes and grower sentiment, and are expected to be impacted by higher input and logistics costs in the first half
- Final investment decision on Mt Holland lithium project due in first quarter of the 2021 calendar year
- Potential for input and logistics cost pressures across the business due to COVID-19
- Earnings will continue to be impacted by international commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, competitive factors and seasonal outcomes



Industrial and Safety

Tim Bult

Managing Director, Industrial and Safety













Industrial and Safety performance summary

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 <i>Pre AASB 16</i>	2019 Reported	Var %¹
Revenue	1,745	1,745	1,752	(0.4)
EBITDA ²	136	93	124	(25.0)
Depreciation and amortisation	(77)	(38)	(38)	-
EBIT ²	59	55	86	(36.0)
Interest on lease liabilities	(5)	-	-	n.m.
EBT ²	54	55	86	(36.0)
EBT including payroll remediation costs	39	40	86	(53.5)
Significant items	(310)	(310)	-	n.m.
EBT including significant items	(271)	(270)	86	n.m.
EBT margin ² (%)	3.1	3.2	4.9	
RoC ³ (R12, %)	2.7	2.8	5.8	
Safety (R12, TRIFR)	4.8	4.8	6.9	

n.m. = not meaningful

^{1.} Variance results to pre AASB16 results.

^{2. 2020} excludes a pre-tax non-cash impairment of \$310m and \$15m of payroll remediation costs.

^{3.} Pre AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed. Post AASB 16 RoC is calculated as EBT / capital employed, where capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. 2020 earnings excludes significant items and includes payroll remediation costs.

Industrial and Safety overview

- The performance of Industrial and Safety was below expectations
- Industrial and Safety businesses focused on supporting customers to respond to the Australian bushfires and COVID-19 during the year by
 - Sourcing critical products, including personal protective equipment, hygiene and cleaning products
 - Ensuring critical oxygen supply to hospital groups
 - Providing additional risk consulting services
- Revenue of \$1,745m, in line with prior period
 - Blackwoods' revenue increased due to strong demand for critical products and continued growth in strategic customers and in Western Australia, partly offset by New Zealand and declines in other segments
 - Workwear Group's revenue declined due to lower corporate uniform sales in Australia and the United Kingdom as a result of COVID-19
 - Coregas' revenue increased due to higher demand in medical segment
- Earnings of \$55m (excluding significant items and payroll remediation costs), down significantly on prior period
 - Blackwoods' earnings impacted by continued investment in customer service and digital capabilities including ERP¹
 - Workwear Group's earnings declined due to lower revenue from corporate uniform sales and the non-repeat of one-off insurance proceeds in the prior period
 - Coregas' earnings declined due to higher raw material and freight costs

Enterprise resource planning.

Industrial and Safety outlook

- Market conditions in Australia and NZ are expected to be uncertain and remain challenging in FY21
- Blackwoods continues to focus on improving the customer value proposition
 - Continued investment in data and digital
 - Implementation of the ERP system
- Workwear Group will continue to be impacted by COVID-19
 - Focused on new business opportunities, growth from key brands, cost improvement initiatives, and continued investment in its digital offering and operating efficiencies
- Coregas' earnings are expected to be impacted by lower demand along with continued competitive pressures



Group outlook

Rob Scott Managing Director, Wesfarmers Limited



Outlook

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- The continued impact of COVID-19, and potential government responses, presents significant uncertainty for the operating environment
- The Group will continue to prioritise the safety of customers and team members in a COVID-19 environment
- Customers spending more time at home, and trading with trusted and digitally-enabled brands, is likely
 to support higher demand across the Group's retail businesses
- July retail sales were strong, supported by the progressive reopening of economy, customers spending more time at home and government stimulus
- Recent government-mandated restrictions in Victoria and New Zealand are expected to impact sales
- Online sales have increased significantly through July and August across all retail businesses
- Sales are expected to be impacted by the gradual removal of government stimulus measures and some customer purchases in FY20 being brought forward from FY21
- Continued Group and divisional investment in digital capabilities to support enhancements to the customer value proposition, expansion of addressable markets and delivery of operating efficiencies
- The Group will continue to develop and enhance its portfolio, building on its unique capabilities and platforms to take advantage of growth opportunities within existing businesses, recently acquired investments and to pursue transactions that create value for shareholders over the long term

Questions



Appendix: Supplementary information



AASB 16 Leases – Balance sheet impact on initial application

- Wesfarmers has applied AASB 16 from 1 July 2019
- Adopted the 'modified retrospective approach'
 - Comparative periods have not been restated
- Discount rate at initial application of 3.4%
- Reduction in provisions of \$183m relate primarily to derecognition of stepped lease provisions

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- Net impact of \$518m on initial application recognised directly in equity as a leasing reserve
- As previously announced, the implementation of AASB 16 has no impact on debt covenants and is not expected to result in a change in the Group's credit ratings
- No change to decision-making processes as a result of new standard

Balance sheet impact at 1 July 2019	\$m
Right-of-use assets	6,352
Deferred tax asset	222
Lease liabilities	(7,275)
Provisions (reduction in liability)	183
Leasing reserve (in equity)	518

AASB 16 Leases – P&L impact

- Occupancy expenses reduce by \$1,192m, offset by:
 - Increase in depreciation on right-of-use asset of \$960m
 - Increase in interest on leases of \$236m
- Decrease in other expenses of \$2m due to non-property related leases
- Net impact of AASB 16 (other than treatment of gains on sale and leaseback) dependent on lease maturity
 - At the start / end of the lease, net expense is higher / lower under AASB 16 as interest is calculated based on the remaining lease liability, which reduces over the term
 - Across the Group's lease portfolio, this impact is broadly neutral, with no material net impact on NPAT
- Reduction in other income of \$20m due to the deferral of gains on sale and leaseback as required by AASB 16
 - Offset by lower depreciation for the term of the lease

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 <i>Pre AASB 16</i> ¹	Var \$m
Revenue	30,846	30,846	-
Other income and associates	874	894	(20)
Occupancy expenses	(446)	(1,638)	1,192
Other expenses (excl. D&A)	(27,002)	(27,004)	2
EBITDA	4,272	3,098	1,174
Depreciation and amortisation	(564)	(564)	-
Depreciation of lease assets	(964)	(4)	(960)
EBIT	2,744	2,530	214
Interest on leases	(237)	(1)	(236)
EBIT after lease interest	2,507	2,529	(22)
Finance costs	(133)	(133)	-
Tax	(752)	(758)	6
NPAT	1,622	1,638	(16)

^{1.} Catch was acquired on 12 August 2019 and has been presented on a post AASB 16 basis only.

AASB 16 Leases – Cash flow impact

- AASB 16 results in a reclassification of some cash flows from 'operating' cash flows to 'financing' cash flows
- Payments to suppliers (rental expense) decreases by \$1,185m offset by:
 - Increase in borrowing costs of \$236m
 - Increase in repayment of lease liabilities of \$949m
- No net impact on cash flows
- Wesfarmers will continue to report operating cash flow and free cash flow metrics inclusive of lease cash flows (rent) to support analysis of cash flow performance

Year ended 30 June (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2020 Pre AASB 16 ¹	Var \$m
Receipts from customers, dividends and interest income	34,365	34,365	-
Payments to suppliers and employees	(28,725)	(29,910)	1,185
Borrowing costs	(367)	(131)	(236)
Income tax paid	(727)	(727)	-
Total operating cash flows	4,546	3,597	949
Investing cash flows	642	642	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(955)	(6)	(949)
Other financing cash flows	(2,115)	(2,115)	-
Total financing cash flows	(3,070)	(2,121)	(949)
Net cash flows	2,118	2,118	-

^{1.} Catch was acquired on 12 August 2019 and has been presented on a post AASB 16 basis only.

Group management balance sheet

Year ended 30 June ¹ (\$m)	2020 Post AASB 16	2019 Reported ²	Commentary
Inventories	3,844	4,246	 Decrease due to strong demand for Bunnings, Kmart and Officeworks products in the second half
Receivables and prepayments	1,261	1,203	
Trade and other payables	(4,008)	(3,620)	 Increase due to higher purchases in Bunnings and Officeworks
Other	172	266	
Net working capital	1,269	2,095	
Property, plant and equipment	3,623	3,877	
Mineral rights	813	-	Acquisition of Kidman
Intangibles	3,814	4,076	 Decrease due to Target, and Industrial and Safety impairments, offset by acquisition of Catch
Other assets	1,804	3,550	 Decrease due to sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles
Provisions and other liabilities	(1,698)	(1,484)	 Increase due to restructuring provisions in Kmart Group, higher store make-good estimates and employee
Total capital employed ³	9,625	12,114	benefits, partially offset by removal of the stepped lease provision due to the adoption of AASB 16
Net financial (debt) / cash ⁴	471	(2,116)	 Decrease due to strong operating cash flow performance and the sale of the 10.1% interest in Coles
Net tax balances	278	(27)	 Increase due to deferred tax assets recognised on leases due to the adoption of AASB 16
Net right-of-use asset / (lease liability)	(1,030)	-	Net lease liability following adoption of AASB 16
Total net assets	9,344	9,971	

^{1.} Balances reflect the management balance sheet, which is based on different classification and groupings from the balance sheet in the Appendix 4E.

^{2. 2019} has not been restated for the adoption of AASB 16, as the Group has applied the standard using the 'modified retrospective approach'.

^{3.} Capital employed excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

^{4.} Interest bearing liabilities less cash at bank and on deposit, net of cross-currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swap contracts. Excludes lease liabilities. Net cash position expressed as a positive.

Retail store networks

As at 30 June 2020

More than 1,000 locations across Australia and New Zealand

Brand	NSW/ACT	VIC	QLD	SA	WA	TAS	NT	NZ	Total
Bunnings									
Warehouse	78	61	49	18	31	7	3	27	274
Smaller format	18	14	13	3	8	-	-	12	68
Trade	7	3	7	2	3	1	-	7	30
Adelaide Tools	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	6
Total Bunnings	103	78	69	29	42	8	3	46	378
Kmart Group									
Kmart	58	57	49	15	27	5	3	25	239
Target – large format	57	46	35	16	21	5	2	-	182
Target – small format	32	23	27	7	10	1	1	_	101
Total Kmart Group	147	126	111	38	58	11	6	25	522
Officeworks	57	51	30	10	16	2	1	-	167

Revenue reconciliation – Kmart Group

Year ended 30 June ¹ (\$m)	2020	2019
Segment revenue (Gregorian)	9,217	8,598
Less: Non sales revenue	(65)	(56)
Headline sales (Gregorian)	9,152	8,542
Add: Gregorian adjustment ²	(40)	(20)
Headline sales revenue (Retail) ³	9,112	8,522

^{1. 2020} includes Catch from 12 August 2019. 2019 excludes KTAS.

^{2.} Adjustment to headline sales revenue to reflect retail period end.

^{3.} Refer to slide 59 for relevant retail calendars.

Retail calendars

Business	Retail sales period
Bunnings, Officeworks and Catch	
FY20	1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020 (12 months)
FY19	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 (12 months)
FY18	1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 (12 months)
Kmart	
FY20	1 July 2019 to 28 June 2020 (52 weeks)
FY19	25 June 2018 to 30 June 2019 (53 weeks)
FY18	26 June 2017 to 24 June 2018 (52 weeks)
Target	
FY20	30 June 2019 to 27 June 2020 (52 weeks)
FY19	24 June 2018 to 29 June 2019 (53 weeks)
FY18	25 June 2017 to 23 June 2018 (52 weeks)

For the calculation of FY20 retail sales growth rates in Kmart and Target, FY19 retail sales have been restated on a 52-week basis for comparability to the FY20 retail calendar period. FY19 retail sales growth rates have not been restated and reflect retail sales growth on a 53-week basis.

