SOUTH32 STRATEGY AND BUSINESS UPDATE

South32 Limited (ASX, LSE, JSE: S32; ADR: SOUHY) (South32) is pleased to provide the attached Strategy and Business Update.

South32 Chief Executive Officer, Graham Kerr will present at the BofA Securities Global Metals, Mining & Steel Conference on 18 May 2021 at 6.20 pm Australian Western Standard Time. An accompanying webcast of this presentation will also be made available on the South32 website via the link above following its completion. (https://www.south32.net/investors-media/investor-centre/presentations-reports-speeches).

About South32

South32 is a globally diversified mining and metals company. Our purpose is to make a difference by developing natural resources, improving people’s lives now and for generations to come. We are trusted by our owners and partners to realise the potential of their resources. We produce bauxite, alumina, aluminium, energy and metallurgical coal, manganese, nickel, silver, lead and zinc at our operations in Australia, Southern Africa and South America. With a focus on growing our base metals exposure, we also have two development options in North America and several partnerships with junior explorers around the world.

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Approved for release by Nicole Duncan, Company Secretary

JSE Sponsor: UBS South Africa (Pty) Ltd
18 May 2021
STRATEGY AND BUSINESS UPDATE

18 May 2021
IMPORTANT NOTICES

This presentation should be read in conjunction with the “Financial Results and Outlook – half year ended 31 December 2020” announcement released on 18 February 2021, which is available on South32’s website (www.south32.net) and any other disclosures made to the stock exchanges since this date.

Figures in italics indicate that an adjustment has been made since the figures were previously reported.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including statements about trends in commodity prices and currency exchange rates; demand for commodities; production forecasts; plans, strategies and objectives of management; capital costs and scheduling; operating costs; anticipated productive lives of projects; mines and facilities; and provisions and contingent liabilities. These forward-looking statements reflect expectations at the date of this presentation, however they are not guarantees or predictions of future performance or statements of fact. They involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control and which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements contained in this presentation. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. South32 makes no representation, assurance or guarantee as to the accuracy or likelihood of fulfilment of any forward-looking statement or any outcomes expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. Except as required by applicable laws or regulations, the South32 Group does not undertake to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events. Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance. South32 cautions against reliance on any forward-looking statements or guidance, particularly in light of the current economic climate and the significant volatility, uncertainty and disruption arising in connection with COVID-19. The denotation (e) refers to an estimator or forecast year.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This presentation includes certain non-IFRS financial measures, including Underlying earnings, Underlying EBIT and Underlying EBITDA. Basic Underlying earnings per share, Underlying effective tax rate, Underlying EBIT margin, Underlying EBITDA margin, Underlying return on invested capital, Free cash flow, net debt, net cash, net operating assets, Operating margin and ROIC. These measures are used internally by management to assess the performance of our business, make decisions on the allocation of our resources and assess operational management. Non-IFRS measures have not been subject to audit or review and should not be considered as an indication of or alternative to an IFRS measure of profitability, financial performance or liquidity.

NO OFFER OF SECURITIES

Nothing in this presentation should be read or understood as an offer or recommendation to buy or sell South32 securities or be treated or relied upon as a recommendation or advice by South32.

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NO FINANCIAL OR INVESTMENT ADVICE – SOUTHAFRICA

South32 does not provide any financial or investment advice as that term is defined in the South African Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 37 of 2002.

MINERAL RESOURCES AND ORE RESERVES

Information that relates to exploration results for Flux Prospect (Hermosa project) is based on information and supporting documentation compiled by David Bertuch. Mr Bertuch is a full-time employee of South32 and is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Bertuch has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activities being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in 2012 edition of “The Australasian code for reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves” (The JORC Code). The Competent Person consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Other information that relates to exploration targets/results was declared as part of South32’s FY20 annual results dated 20 August 2020 and prepared by Competent Person in accordance with the requirement of the JORC Code. South32 confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data (other than information that relates to the exploration results for the Flux Prospect (Hermosa project)) that materially affects the information included in the original announcement. South32 confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Information in this presentation that relates to Ore Reserve or Mineral Resource estimates was declared as part of South32’s annual Resource and Reserve declaration in the FY20 Annual Report (www.south32.net) issued on 4 September 2020 and prepared by Competent Persons in accordance with the requirements of the JORC Code. South32 confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcements. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. South32 confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

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DELIVERING ON OUR STRATEGY
OUR STRATEGY

OPTIMISE
our business by working safely, minimising our impact, consistently delivering stable and predictable performance and continually improving our competitiveness.

UNLOCK
the full value of our business through our people, innovation, projects and technology.

IDENTIFY
and pursue opportunities to sustainably reshape our business for the future, and create enduring social, environmental and economic value.

A simple strategy underpinned by a disciplined approach to capital management
HEALTH & SAFETY PERFORMANCE

We are committed to continually improving our systems, processes and safety performance at all our operations

Fatalities\(^{(a)}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY16</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>YTD</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>1</td>
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</table>

TRIF\(^{(1,2)}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY16</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>H1</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TRIF\(^{(1,2)}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY16</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>H1</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

- Incidents are included where South32 controls the work location or controls the work activity. From FY20 we separately commenced reporting on incidents where South32 doesn’t control the work activity and in FY20 and FY21 YTD, three people from our contracting companies tragically lost their lives in separate offsite road incidents. These incidents were associated with our Cerro Matoso and South Africa Manganese operations.
- As at 14 May 2021.
OUR RESPONSE TO COVID-19

We remain focused on three areas:

**KEEPING OUR PEOPLE SAFE AND WELL**
We continue to uphold COVID-19 controls that help protect people in our workplace and strongly encourage vaccination as an important part of our ongoing response.

**MAINTAINING SAFE AND RELIABLE OPERATIONS**
More than 1 million pre-shift screening assessments completed across 18 locations.

**SUPPORTING OUR COMMUNITIES**
Contributed US$7M to support our communities.
### Percentage of total employees who are women

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>H1 FY21</th>
<th>FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- We are targeting continuous improvement for the representation of:
  - ✓ Employees and leaders who are women
  - ✓ Diversity in our workforce and management in South Africa
- We are a signatory to 40:40 Vision

### Women on our Board

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>&gt;33%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Women on our Lead Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>&gt;40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Women in senior leadership

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>&gt;40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Women in operational leadership

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>FY17</th>
<th>FY18</th>
<th>FY19</th>
<th>FY20</th>
<th>FY21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>&gt;20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DELIVERING ON OUR STRATEGY

**Continued strong operating performance:**
- Record year to date production at two operations (Brazil Alumina and Australia Manganese)
- FY21 production guidance increased at four operations (Cannington, Cerro Matoso, South Africa Manganese and Illawarra Metallurgical Coal)
- Alumina refineries operating at nameplate capacity, feeding smelters that continue to perform strongly
- Operating unit costs and production are tracking to plan at all operations
- On-track to achieve our five year Scope 1 emissions reduction target in FY21

**Unlocking opportunities:**
- Projects in execution are expected to increase nickel production by up to 10% at Cerro Matoso from FY23
- Study underway to bring forward further higher-grade zinc-lead-silver production at Cannington
- Deploying AP3XLE energy efficiency technology at Moazl Aluminium and studying its use at Hillside Aluminium
- Australia Manganese life extension potential progressing with Eastern Leases feasibility study and Southern Areas exploration
- Progressing Group decarbonisation studies to deliver our new emissions reduction targets
- Coordinated approval of innovation projects across our portfolio through Innovate32

**Reshaping our portfolio for a low carbon future:**
- Divestment of South Africa Energy Coal expected to complete 1 June
- Exit of lower margin manganese alloy smelting with divestment of TEMCO, and Metalloys being placed on care and maintenance
- Development studies and regional exploration at high quality base metals projects (Hermosa and Ambler Metals)
- Investing in more than 20 exploration partnerships and projects targeting base metals
**BUSINESS UPDATE**

Our operations continue to perform strongly as we navigate different stages of the pandemic across our portfolio.

**Record production at two operations to 31 March 2021**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY21 production guidance(^{(a)}) (South32 share)</th>
<th>Guidance increase(^{(b)})</th>
<th>Operating performance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worsley Alumina</td>
<td></td>
<td>On-track to achieve nameplate production</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil Alumina</td>
<td></td>
<td>Record production to 31 March 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hillside Aluminium</td>
<td></td>
<td>Continue to perform strongly despite load-shedding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mozaal Aluminium</td>
<td></td>
<td>Guidance increased following return to dual longwall configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illawarra Metallurgical Coal</td>
<td></td>
<td>Record production to 31 March 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia Manganese - Ore</td>
<td></td>
<td>Guidance increased (subject to market demand)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa Manganese - Ore</td>
<td></td>
<td>Guidance increased following approval of the Q&amp;P project</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cerro Matoso</td>
<td></td>
<td>Guidance increased as we bring forward higher grade ore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cannington - Zinc equivalent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
- FY21 production guidance as provided in the March 2021 Quarterly Report.
- Operations where FY21 production guidance was increased during FY21.
COMMODITY PRICE UPDATE

We are well placed to convert the stronger commodity price outlook into higher earnings

We are a large producer of manganese which continues to benefit from a strong steel outlook

We have substantial exposure across the aluminium value chain

South32 commodity basket reference prices\(^8\)
(Q3 FY21\(^{a}\) to H1 FY21 average prices for reference index)

South32 commodity basket reference prices\(^8\)
(Spot to H1 FY21 average prices for reference index)

Average prices through Q3 FY21

Spot prices as at 14 May 2021

Notes:
\(a\). Incorporates pricing from 1 January to 31 March 2021.
RESHAPING OUR PORTFOLIO AND UNLOCKING OPPORTUNITIES
OUR PORTFOLIO

- We are increasing our exposure to base metals
- Multiple high-quality growth projects are progressing through study phase
- A pipeline of greenfield exploration projects established
- Divestments of South Africa Energy Coal and TEMCO significantly simplify our portfolio
RESHAPING OUR PORTFOLIO

We benefit from strong diversification and growth that is leveraged to the green economy transition

Revenue contribution by commodity\(^{(a)(b)}\)
(FY16 to H1 FY21)

- Aluminium: 24%
- Alumina: 11%
- Manganese ore: 13%
- Metallurgical coal: 13%
- Zinc-lead-silver: 8%
- Nickel: 6%
- Manganese alloy: 11%
- Energy coal: 13%
- Copper: 6%

**Bringing forward production volumes at Cannington**
Progressing greenfield development studies at Hermosa

Nickel production expected to increase by up to 10% at Cerro Matoso from FY23\(^6\)

High grade Arctic copper deposit at our Ambler Metals JV progressing through PFS

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Notes:
- a. Presented on a proportionally consolidated basis.
- b. Metallurgical coal comprises Illawarra Metallurgical Coal, including energy coal by-product volumes.
RESHAPING OUR PORTFOLIO

The divestments of South Africa Energy Coal and TEMCO will significantly simplify and improve our portfolio.

- Fewer operating sites
  - Operating sites\(a\)
    - (at 31 December 2020)
    - 11 sites remaining from 16

- Reduced capital intensity
  - Capital expenditure\(a\)
    - (FY16 – H1 FY21)
    - 76% reduced capital expenditure

- Less complexity, greater focus
  - Employee headcount\(a\)
    - (at 31 December 2020)
    - 66% reduced headcount

- Substantially lower Scope 3 footprint
  - Scope 3 emissions\(a\)
    - (FY20)
    - 50% lower Scope 3 footprint

- Greater balance sheet flexibility
  - Closure provisions\(a\)
    - (at 31 December 2020)
    - 67% reduction

- Higher Group margins and returns
  - Operating margin\(b\)
    - (H1 FY21)
    - 32% higher Group margin

Notes:
\(a\) Illustrative analysis inclusive of equity accounted investments.
\(b\) Operating margin showing Manganese EAI on a proportionally consolidated basis.
\(c\) Illustrative analysis excluding South Africa Energy Coal and manganese alloy smelters (TEMCO has been divested and Metalloys has been placed on care and maintenance), except for Closure Provisions which includes Metalloys.
UNLOCKING OPPORTUNITIES ACROSS OUR PORTFOLIO

We continue to unlock opportunities across our operations today

We are studying and exploring at our existing operations and properties to unlock value into the future

We remain focused on identifying our next options to unlock further value

- Alumina refineries return to nameplate
- Eastern Leases mine life extension study at Australia Manganese
- Transition to truck haulage study at Cannington
- AP3XLE energy efficiency at our aluminium smelters
- Optimised plan study at Illawarra Metallurgical Coal
- Taylor and Clark studies at Hermosa
- Southern Areas mine life exploration at Australia Manganese
- Production efficiency and logistics study at South Africa Manganese
- Arctic Deposit study at Ambler Metals
- Hermosa regional exploration
- More than 20 exploration partnerships and projects targeting base metals

We aim to create competition for excess capital and improve our portfolio over time
Large mineralised land package hosting metals essential for a low carbon future

Hermosa land package

- Over 153km² of tenure in Arizona, USA

Establishment of initial on-site infrastructure and permitting underway

- Taylor Deposit – 167Mt zinc-lead-silver sulphide Mineral Resource\(^a\)
- Clark Deposit – 55Mt zinc-lead-manganese oxide Mineral Resource\(^a\)
- Regional mining claims are 66% larger than at the time of acquisition

Potential for multiple long life developments

- Initial water treatment plant and dry stack tailings storage facility built
- State permits to enable orebody dewatering issued in draft for public comment
- Initial production expected from patented lands using state permits

- Taylor and Clark are open at depth and laterally\(^b\)
- Studying the potential to integrate Taylor and Clark developments
- 15 regional prospects identified with testing of highest priority targets underway\(^b\)

Notes:
\(a\). Refer to important notices (Slide 2 and Appendix 2) for additional disclosure.
\(b\). Refer to important notices (Slide 2) for additional disclosure.
Taylor and Clark Mineral Resources

Clark Deposit
- 55Mt Mineral Resource averaging 2.31% zinc, 9.08% manganese and 78g/t silver\(^a\)
- Studies to examine capital efficiency benefits offered by a Taylor Deposit dual shaft development and a potentially integrated permitting approach
- Mineralised from surface with a separate processing circuit to the Taylor Deposit expected
- Scoping study to evaluate processing options and end-market opportunities for battery technology in the USA
- Manganese designated as a critical mineral by the US federal government

Taylor Deposit
- 167Mt Mineral Resource averaging 3.34% zinc, 3.84% lead and 71 g/t silver\(^a\)
- PFS looking at a dual shaft configuration to enable early access to higher grade material, accelerate production ramp-up and maximise Clark Deposit optionality
- PFS expected to be completed in the June 2021 quarter

Notes:
a. Refer to previous slide for information in respect of important notices and additional disclosures.
HERMOSA PROJECT

Testing our most prospective targets to prioritise a regional drilling program

- 15 regional prospects identified using surface geophysics, soil sampling, mapping and historic data integration
- Flux identified as a priority regional prospect:
  - Immediately downdip of historic mining area in Taylor-like mineralisation
  - Application process for federal permits to drill expected to commence in mid-CY21
- Another high priority prospect also identified adjacent to Taylor patented claims
- Continuing soil sampling and geophysics over our broader land package

Chargeability model of Flux prospect(a)
(mV/V)

Notes:
- Refer to Slide 2 and Appendix 1 for additional disclosures.
AMBLER METALS JOINT VENTURE (50% SOUTH32)

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Regional scale, base and precious metals project with supportive local partner, NANA Regional Corporation(a)

PFS for high-grade Arctic Deposit underway

CY21 exploration program focused on targets along the Arctic belt

Ambler Metals JV location map

Arctic Deposit Mineral Resource(b)
NSR cut-off US$63.40/t

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ore Type</th>
<th>Total Mineral Resources</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Pit</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bornite Deposit Mineral Resource(b)
Cut-off 0.5% Cu for Open Pit, 1.5% Cu for Underground

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ore Type</th>
<th>Total Mineral Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Pit</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underground</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

a. If the JV proceeds with construction of a mine on lands subject to the NANA Agreement, NANA will have the option to acquire between 16% and 25% (as specified by NANA) of the project or receive a net proceeds royalty of 15%.

b. Refer to important notices (slide 2 and Appendix 2) for additional disclosure.
340km access road has the potential to unlock the region

Agreement in place with AIDEA to fund pre-development activities

Region includes Ambler Metals JV and 100% owned Roosevelt prospect

Jan 2021
Federal permits obtained

Federal permits received by Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority (AIDEA)

Feb 2021
Development funding agreement

Ambler and AIDEA entered into an agreement for shared pre-development costs of up to US$17.5M (South32 share) over the next four years\(^\text{a}\)

2021 - 2024
Pre-development activities
In progress

AIDEA feasibility studies, ancillary State approvals and review of funding options

2024
Construction decision

A decision on construction of the road is expected to be reached by the end of CY24

Notes:
a. Terms of the Agreement to 31 December 2024.
Strategy includes exploration partnerships with companies to find opportunities.

We have also established a portfolio of 100% owned projects.

We identify, advance and cycle options with an intention to grow our base metals exposure.

Greenfield Exploration Footprint

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OUR CAPITAL MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND BALANCE SHEET
CASH FLOW PRIORITIES

**Maximise cash flow**
- ROIC
- Competition for excess capital
  - Investment in our business
  - Acquisitions
  - Greenfield exploration
  - Share buy-backs
  - Special dividends

**Distribute a minimum 40% of Underlying earnings as ordinary dividends**

**Cash flow priorities**
- Maintain safe and reliable operations and an investment grade credit rating through the cycle

**ROIC**

**Capital allocation**
(Capital allocation FY16 to H1 FY21)

- Net cash to balance sheet
- Sustaining capital (incl. EAI)
- Ordinary dividends
- Major capital (incl. EAI)
- Capital management program
- Acquisitions
- Greenfield exploration

**US$8.7B allocated**
**CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PRIORITIES**

We allocate capital expenditure in accordance with our strategy and capital management framework.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Our strategy</th>
<th>Capital expenditure categories</th>
<th>Notes:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optimise our business</td>
<td>Safe and reliable</td>
<td>Sustaining capital expenditure(^{(a)}) of between US$420M and US$520M expected across our operations in the near term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlock the full value of our business</td>
<td>Improvement and life extension</td>
<td>Competes for excess capital with other opportunities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identify and pursue opportunities to create value</td>
<td>Growth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Regulatory compliance
- Risk reduction
- Sustain performance
- Life extension projects
- Innovation and improvement projects
- Decarbonisation projects
- Fund development of our current and future greenfields growth

Notes:
- \(^{(a)}\) Including equity accounted investments and excluding South Africa Energy Coal is based on AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.78 and subject to outcomes of Illawarra Metallurgical Coal’s optimised plan.
OUR BALANCE SHEET

We will continue to target an investment grade credit rating through the cycle

Divestment of lower returning, capital intensive businesses will increase our flexibility

Capital management program increased today by a further US$200M to US$1.88B

Net cash and capital committed through time (since FY16) (US$M)

- Funding capacity established to support acquisition of remaining share of Hermosa
- Excess capital held for option payment to form Ambler Metals JV
- 30 April net cash US$464M
- ~US$250M committed to South Africa Energy Coal vendor support
- US$316M remaining on our capital management program as at 18 May

Excess capital committed to portfolio transition
Excess capital committed to shareholder returns
Net cash/(debt)
RETURNS TO SHAREHOLDERS

Our capital management program is flexible and seeks to return excess capital efficiently

We have returned US$1.7B through ordinary and special dividends

The benefit of US$1.3B returned through our on-market share buy-back has accumulated through time

Cumulative EPS¹ and South32 share price (US cents per share from 31 December 2016, LHS; A$/share, RHS)

Returns to shareholders (US$M)

545  471  478  511  254  300  125  178  143

Notes:

a. As at 18 May 2021.
b. Dividends resolved to be paid in respect of the period.
BUILDING A SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS
NEW EMISSIONS REDUCTION TARGET

A plan to respond to the carbon intensity of our business and reshape our portfolio for a low carbon future

- 50% reduction in operational emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by FY35\(^{(a)}\)

- Aligned to the Paris Agreement and net zero by 2050

- Aligned with our strategy and approach to capital allocation

- Changes already made to reshape our portfolio through the lens of our climate commitment

Notes:

a. Compared with FY21 Baseline. The baseline will be adjusted for any material acquisitions or divestments based on emissions at the time of the transaction.
OUR PROGRESS ON CLIMATE CHANGE

FY15
✓ Committed to supporting the Paris Agreement and net zero emissions by 2050

FY16
✓ Set first 5-year climate change target

FY17
✓ Published Our Approach to Climate Change – aligned to TCFD reporting
✓ Started managing South Africa Energy Coal as a standalone business, to progress divestment plans
✓ Announced acquisition of Hermosa project, part of shifting our portfolio to metals important for a low carbon future

FY18
✓ Completed decarbonisation concept studies for our Worsley Alumina and Illawarra Metallurgical Coal operations

FY19
✓ Announced divestment of South Africa Energy Coal
✓ Formed Ambler Metals JV, bringing another base metals option into our portfolio

FY20
✓ On-track to achieve our first short term emissions target
✓ Announced our next emissions reduction target

FY21
⇒ Our FY21 sustainability reporting will include:
  • reporting of emissions by operation
  • portfolio resilience under a 1.5°C scenario
  • further decarbonisation plan detail
CURRENT CARBON EMISSIONS PROFILE

~90% of our operational emissions are from four sites\(^{(a)}\)

Electricity and energy sources are our major levers

Process efficiency, low carbon energy alternatives and technology opportunities have been identified across our portfolio

Scope 1 & 2 emissions\(^{(12)}\)
(% FY20)

- Electricity source is green hydro: 5%
- Fugitive emissions from Appin and Dendrobium: 12%
- Energy source is primarily coal: 53%
- Other: 7%
- Hillside Aluminium: 7%
- Worsley Alumina: 16%
- Moosal Aluminium: 16%
- Illawarra Metallurgical Coal: 16%
- SAEC and manganese alloy smelters\(^{(a)}\): 7%

23.3 Mt CO₂-e

Notes:
\(a\) As at FY20, including South Africa Energy Coal, TEMCO and Metalloys.
ALIGNMENT OF OUR APPROACH TO OUR STRATEGY

We have a plan targeting the delivery of significant reductions

Optimise our business

- Emissions abatement
- Energy efficiency
- Physical resilience

Unlock the full value of our business

- Green energy studies
- Low carbon design in projects
- Deployment of technology

Identify and pursue opportunities to create value

- Shift our commodity exposure
- Partner with customers and suppliers
- Commit to a Just Transition
## APPROACH ON CLIMATE CHANGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strategy</th>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optimise our business</td>
<td>Emissions abatement</td>
<td>Studying efficiency projects at Worsley Alumina, including Mud-washing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Energy efficiency</td>
<td>Deploying AP3XLE at Mozaal Aluminium and studying its use at Hillside Aluminium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physical resilience</td>
<td>Infrastructure assessments to mitigate the physical risks of climate change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlock the full value of our business</td>
<td>Green energy studies</td>
<td>Studying low carbon energy sources for Worsley Alumina and Hillside Aluminium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low carbon design in projects</td>
<td>Targeting a carbon neutral development of Taylor at Hermosa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deployment of technology</td>
<td>Founding member of the Electric Mine Consortium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identify and pursue opportunities to create value</td>
<td>Shift our commodity portfolio</td>
<td>Investing in base metals to increase our leverage to a green economy and reduce intensity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Partner with customers and suppliers</td>
<td>Building industry partnerships to address emissions in the value chain and reduce our Scope 3 emissions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Commit to a Just transition</td>
<td>Developing Just Transition plans together with our people, communities and other stakeholders where changes will be needed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Targeting US$40M to US$50M capital expenditure for decarbonisation projects over the next two financial years
SUMMARY

We are transitioning our business to a low carbon future from a strong foundation

- Our operations are performing strongly and are positioned to take advantage of improved commodity markets
- We are reshaping our portfolio with the exit of lower returning operations
- Our growth projects are in jurisdictions and commodities with attractive demand outlooks for a low carbon world
- We have announced our intent to achieve a 50% reduction in operational emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by FY35\(^\text{a}\)
- We start with a strong balance sheet and a track record of disciplined capital allocation
- Our capital management framework is designed to reward shareholders as financial performance improves

Notes:
\(\text{a. Compared with FY21 Baseline. The baseline will be adjusted for any material acquisitions or divestments based on emissions at the time of the transaction.}\)
1. Metrics describing sustainability and health, safety, environment and community performance apply to operations that have been wholly owned and operated by South32, or that have been operated by South32 in a joint arrangement.

2. Total Recordable Injury Frequency (TRIF) per million hours worked and Total Recordable Illness Frequency (TRIF) per million hours worked, are all calculated in accordance with the United States Government Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) guidelines for the recording and reporting of occupational injuries and illnesses.

3. Refers to Africans, Coloureds and Indians who are citizens of the Republic of South Africa by birth or descent (as more fully defined in the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Amendment Act 2013, South Africa).

4. H1 FY21 outcome reflects a definitional change (Presidents and Vice Presidents reporting to members of the South32 Lead Team to align with the Optimised Global Model). FY19 and FY20 outcomes are based on the previous definition (South32 leaders who report directly to the Lead Team). The Senior leadership target date is June 2021.

5. Operational leadership refers to all General Managers and Managers reporting to Vice President Operations and all Managers reporting to General Managers at an operation, excluding Functional Managers. The Operational leadership target date is June 2021.

6. The information in this report that relates to the production target is based on Proven and Probable Ore Reserves (8.7%), and Measured (1%) and Indicated (1%) Mineral Resources for Cerro Matoso. Mineral Resources and Ore Reserve estimates for Cerro Matoso was declared as part of South32’s Annual Resource and Reserve declaration in the Annual Report 2020 (www.south32.net) issued on 4 September 2020 and prepared by I Espitia (MAusIMMM) and N Monterroza (MAusIMMM) in accordance with the requirements of the JORC Code. South32 confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcement. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement have been and have not materially changed. South32 confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person’s findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. Payable nickel is calculated using long-term consensus metal prices and relative metallurgical recoveries.

7. FY21 Operating unit cost guidance includes royalties (where appropriate) and the influence of exchange rates, and includes various assumptions for FY21, including an alumina price of US$770/t; an average blended coal price (including coal wash sales) of US$91/t for Illawarra Metallurgical Coal; a manganese ore price of US$5.50/dmtu for 44% manganese product; a nickel price of US$8.61/lb; a thermal coal price of US$77/t (APL) for South Africa Energy Coal; a silver price of US$27.15/oz; a lead price of US$1,952/t (gross of treatment and refining charges); a zinc price of US$2,597/t (gross of treatment and refining charges); an AUD/USD exchange rate of 0.75; a USD/ZAAR exchange rate of 15.69; a USDC/JPY exchange rate of 3.95; and a reference price for caustic soda, all of which reflected forward markets as at January 2021 or our internal expectations.

8. Metallurgical coal (Platts Low-Vol Hard Coking Coal index); Silver (Silver LME cash index); Manganese (Metal Bulletin 44% manganese lump ore index (CIF Tianjin, China)); Nickel (Nickel (LME cash index)); Alumina (Platts Alumina index (PAO) (FOB Australia)); Aluminium (Aluminium LME cash index); Lead (Lead LME cash index); and Zinc (Zinc LME cash index).

9. Excess capital committed to portfolio transition refers to targeted and committed acquisitions and divestments.

10. Excess capital committed to shareholder returns refers to dividends declared and remaining capital management program.

11. EPS refers to Underlying earnings per share since inception of the capital management program. Cumulative EPS is calculated as the sum of Underlying earnings over time, divided by shares outstanding without with the share buy-back.

12. Greenhouse gas (GHG) Total includes Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, measured according to the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development Greenhouse Gas Protocol (WRI/WBCSD). Refer to the FY20 Sustainability Report for additional information which is available at www.south32.net.

The denotation (e) refers to an estimate or forecast year. The following abbreviations have been used throughout this presentation: cost, insurance and freight (CIF); equity; accounted investments (EAI); free on board (FOB); feasibility study (FS); hard coking coal (HCC); Illawarra Metallurgical Coal (IMC); Mineração Rio do Norte (MRN); Millivolts per Volt Output (MV/VO); Ore Sorting and Mechanical Ore Concentration (OSMOC); Premium Concentrate Ore (PCO2); pre-feasibility study (PFS); Queresasand Porvenir (Q&P); South Africa Energy Coal (SAEC); Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD); Versatile Time Domain Electromagnetic (VTED); year to date at 31 March 2021 (YTD).
### APPENDIX 1

**JORC Code Table 1**

The following table provides a summary of the important assessment and reporting criteria used at the Flux Prospect (Hermosa project) for reporting of the exploration results, in accordance with the Table 1 Checklist in *The Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (The JORC Code, 2012 Edition)* on an ‘if not, why not’ basis.

### SECTION 1 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DATA

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CRITERIA</th>
<th>COMMENTARY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sampling techniques</strong></td>
<td>• Due to a lack of thick and well-developed soil horizons at the Flux Prospect, soil samples were collected at the soil-rock interface. The samples were collected with a trowel and sifted into an impermeable sample bag.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The location, a photograph of the soil, a description of the sample depth, and the local rock type was recorded. The sample number was recorded by scanning a bar code located on the sample bag.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• One kilogram of soil sample was collected to ensure that the sample was representative of the location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The sample bag was closed, tied and not reopened before delivery to the sample preparation facility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Samples were sieved to 180 micron and riffle split to generate a 200 g sample from the fine fraction and sent for assay. A 0.25 g sub sample was used for analysis, using 4 acid-digest with ICP finish for 33 elements. Fire assay method was used for analysing gold separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drilling techniques</strong></td>
<td>• No drilling has been conducted by the company to date on the prospect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drill sample recovery</strong></td>
<td>• No drilling has been conducted by the company to date on the prospect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Logging</strong></td>
<td>• Logging of soil samples included a description of the local geology (rock type), with a photograph of the soil sample.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</strong></td>
<td>• Samples were sieved to 180 micron and a 200 g sample was taken by riffle splitting the fine fraction and sent for assay. A 0.25 g sub sample was used for analysis, using 4 acid-digest with ICP finish for 33 elements. Fire assay method was used for analysing gold separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</strong></td>
<td>• Soil samples are prepared by the Australian Laboratory Services P/L (ALS) PREP-41 method, which involves a dry sieve to 180 microns and retention of the fine fraction for analysis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0.25 g of the fine fraction of the soil samples was analysed by ALS method ME-ICP61, which involves a four-acid digest with ICP finish for 33 elements. Gold is analysed by ALS method AU-ICP21, which involves fire assay fusion and ICP finish.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Certified silica was used for as blank material and a certified Zn-Pb-Ag standard is inserted for every 40 soil samples to ensure quality control of every batch analysed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The CRM failure rate for soil sample assays is currently 1%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Verification of sampling and assaying</strong></td>
<td>• Sampling is recorded digitally and submitted as comma separated data files (CSV), uploaded to a Structured Query Language (SQL) database (Datamine Fusion) and the external Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS). Digital transmitted assay results are reconciled upon upload to the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• No adjustment to assay data has been undertaken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Location of data points</strong></td>
<td>• Locations of soil samples are recorded on a Global Positioning System (GPS) enabled smartphone device which typically has an accuracy of approximately +/-5m. These locations are saved with the sample metadata (e.g., sample ID, soil type, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• As exploration of the prospect is still at an early stage, the approach to recording the location of the data points is considered acceptable having regard to the level of work being conducted on the prospect.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 2: REPORTING OF EXPLORATION RESULTS

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

### CRITERIA

### COMMENTARY

**Mineral tenement and land tenure status**
- The Flux Prospect is situated within the Company’s Hermosa project. The Hermosa project mineral tenure (Figure 2) is secured by 30 patented mining claims, totalling 228 hectares that have full surface and mineral rights owned fee simple. These claims are retained in perpetuity by annual real property tax payments to Santa Cruz County in Arizona and have been verified to be in good standing until 31 December 2021.
- The patented land is surrounded by 1,957 unpatented lode mining claims, totalling 13,804 hectares. These claims are retained through payment of federal annual maintenance fees to the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and filing record of payment with the Santa Cruz County Recorder. Payments for these claims have been made for the period up to their annual renewal on or before 1 September 2021.
- Title to the mineral rights is vested in South32’s wholly owned subsidiary, Arizona Minerals Incorporated (AMI). No approval is required in addition to the payment of fees for the claims.

**Exploration done by other parties**
- The Flux mine was in production sporadically between 1884 and 1963 and produced approximately 770,000 Tonnes of ore. Exploration drilling was conducted from surface during an unknown time period. Drillhole collars have been located; however, the lack of assays and drillhole survey data render the information unreliable such that it has not been used in seeking to defining exploration targets for the prospect.

**Geology**
- The regional geology is set within Lower-Permian carbonates, underlain by Cambrian sediments and Proterozoic granodiorites. The carbonates are unconformably overlain by Triassic to late-Cretaceous volcanic rocks (Figure 3). The regional structure and stratigraphy are a result of late-Precambrian to early-Palaeozoic rifting, subsequent widespread sedimentary aerial and shallow marine deposition through the Palaeozoic Era, followed by Mesozoic volcanism and late-batholithic intrusions of the Laramide Orogeny. Mineral deposits associated with the Laramide Orogeny tend to align along regional NW structural trends.
- Cretaceous-age intermediate and felsic volcanic and intrusive rocks cover much of the Hermosa project area and host low-grade disseminated silver mineralisation, epithermal veins and silicified breccia zones that have been the source of historic silver and lead production.
- Mineralisation styles in the immediate vicinity of the Flux Prospect include the carbonate replacement deposit (CRD) style zinc-lead-silver base metal sulphides of the Taylor Deposit and an overlying manganese-silver oxide manto deposit of the Clark Deposit.
The mineralization at Flux Prospect is hosted by a tabular limestone unit that dips northwest at approximately 45 degrees and immediately south of the historic workings. Zn-Pb-Ag mineralization is hosted by the limestone, which is structurally bound to the west, east and south by igneous rocks.

Underground geological maps and location of workings are available publicly through the Arizona Geologic Survey. This data was used to build a geological model of the ore body.

No historical drilling information was used, as the available information is considered to be unreliable.

All samples were considered of equal weight and no capping was applied.

Soil sampling is done to define drill targets in order to identify mineralisation.

No drilling has been undertaken by the Company to date.

Relevant maps and sections are included in the body of this market announcement.

All soil samples were assessed to define exploration target. A map of soil sample location is provided in Figure 5.

Magneto-telluric (MT) and induced polarization surveys (IP) were conducted with adherence industry standard practices by Quantec Geosciences Inc. In most areas, the MT stations were collected along N-S or E-W lines with a spacing of 200 m. Spacing between lines is 400 m. Some areas were collected at 400 m spacing within individual lines. 5 IP lines were collected with a spacing of 100 m between data receivers.

Quality control of geophysical data includes using a third-party geophysical consultant to verify data quality and provide secondary inversions for comparison to Quantec interpretations. A section of a chargeability map is provided in Figure 6.

Planned elements of the exploration at the Flux Prospect includes exploratory drilling underneath and downdip of the historic mine workings. A section of planned drilling is provided in Figure 7.

An orientation study will be completed to ensure that the soil samples are representative.
Figure 2: Hermosa Project Tenement Map
Figure 3: Hermosa Project Regional Geology
### Figure 4: Hermosa Project Regional Geology Map Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Map units</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Unit name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Younger alluvium and talus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G1T</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Older alluvium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G1Tg</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Vegetative cover on alluvium</td>
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<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Limonite</td>
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<tr>
<td>T1</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Breccia, rhyolite tuff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T2</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Silicification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T3v</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Volcaniclastic rocks of middle Alum Gulch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5v</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Quartz felsospherine of middle Alum Gulch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5p</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Kfeldspar quartz felsospherine of middle Alum Gulch</td>
</tr>
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<td>Tan</td>
<td>Quartz monzonite porphyry, in granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5mp</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Brecia, in quartz monzonite porphyry (unit Tmp) of granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
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<tr>
<td>T5g</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Granodiorite, in granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5b</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Brecia, in granodiorite (unit Tg) of granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
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<tr>
<td>T6</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
<td>Lathos porphyry, in granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T6b</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
<td>Breccia, in breccia, in granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T6g</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
<td>Grenzschicht, or enstatite, in granodiorite of the Pajonale Mountains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T7a</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>T7l</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
<td>Grindus porphyry of Red Mountain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T7g</td>
<td>Light brown</td>
<td>Grunge Gulch Volcanics</td>
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<td>Gray</td>
<td>Trachyandesite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K1</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Rhyolite or tuff, in trachyandesite (unit K1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K2</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Pyroclastic monzonite</td>
</tr>
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<td>K3b</td>
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<td>Brecia, breccia (unit K3)</td>
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<td>K3</td>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>Silicic volcanics</td>
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<td>Gray</td>
<td>Pyroclastic breccia</td>
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<td>K5</td>
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<td>Brecia, breccia, in Brecia Formations (unit K5)</td>
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<td>K6</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>Conglomerate, in Brecia Formations (unit K6)</td>
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<td>Red</td>
<td>Granite of Three R Canyon, in granite of Cermoro Canyon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jqa</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Pyroclastic granite, in granite of Cermoro Canyon</td>
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<td>Jqo</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Epiclinal granite, in Granite of Cermoro Canyon</td>
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<td>Jqso</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Epiclinal granite, in granite of Cermoro Canyon</td>
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<td>Hornblende monzonite of European Canyon</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Red</td>
<td>Volcanic rocks, in silicic volcanics</td>
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<tr>
<td>hr</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Hornblende andesite (ilke and ol) plug, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Volcanic breccia, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Sedimentary rocks, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>g</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Limestone conglomerate, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>q</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Quartzite, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Esotic blocks of upper Paleozoic limestone, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Rhyolite? (vol) tuff, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Lathos? porphyry, in volcanic rocks (unit JTr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jrm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Jern? rock, in volcanic and sedimentary rocks, in silicic volcanic rocks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Mount Whitehorn Formation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Quartzite, in Mount Whitehorn Formation (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Brecia or breccia, breccia, in Mount Whitehorn Formation and (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Coarse volcanics (beds), in Mount Whitehorn Formation (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Btm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Sedimentary rocks, in the Mount Whitehorn Formation (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bmtr</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Coarse volcanics (beds), in Mount Whitehorn Formation and (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pm</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Concho Limestone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pmtr</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Concho Limestone and (?) tuff, in Mount Whitehorn Formation (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pms</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Concho Limestone and (?) tuff, in Mount Whitehorn Formation (unit Trm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Po</td>
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<td>Coate Limestone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ppt</td>
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<td>Early Formation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph</td>
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<td>Pl</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mn</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Monroe Limestone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Db</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Arikaree Limestone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cd</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Botella Quartzite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jgp</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Botella or breccia, breccia, breccia, in Botella Formation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jgpb</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Hornblende-rich metaandesitic and gneissic rocks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jgpo</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Botella quartz monzonite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jgpo</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Hornblende diorite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 5: Map of Soil Sample Location
Figure 6: A Section of the Chargeability Map

Figure 7: Section of Planned Drilling

Competent Person Statement:
The information in this presentation that relates to exploration results for Flux Prospect (Hermosa project) is based on information and supporting documentation compiled by David Bertuch. Mr Bertuch is a full-time employee of South32 and is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Bertuch has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activities being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of “The Australasian code for reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves” (The JORC Code). The Competent Person consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.
APPENDIX 2

Mineral Resource estimates for Hermosa and Ambler projects as at 30 June 2020
(Refer to South32’s Annual report released on 4 September 2020)

As at 30 June 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deposit</th>
<th>Ore Type</th>
<th>Measured Resources</th>
<th>Indicated Resources</th>
<th>Inferred Resources</th>
<th>Total Resources</th>
<th>South32 Interest</th>
<th>Total Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mt % Zn Pb Mn g/t Ag</td>
<td>Mt % Zn Pb Mn g/t Ag</td>
<td>Mt % Zn Pb Mn g/t Ag</td>
<td>Mt % Zn Pb Mn g/t Ag</td>
<td>% Mt % Zn Pb Mn g/t Ag</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hermosa</td>
<td>Taylor</td>
<td>UG Sulphide</td>
<td>21 4.33 3.82 58 4.02</td>
<td>77 3.14 51 3.37</td>
<td>69 3.16 3.55</td>
<td>72 3.32 3.66 70</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>UG Transition</td>
<td>3.3 4.58 3.49 45 3.36 3.19</td>
<td>42 5.0 3.59</td>
<td>44 5.22 3.82</td>
<td>57 6.2 5.22 3.82</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clark</td>
<td>UG Oxide</td>
<td>33 2.49 9.39 56 2.04 8.64</td>
<td>110 2.31 9.08</td>
<td>78 2.31 9.08</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net Smelter return Cut-off: Taylor (US$90/t); Clark (US$175/t); UG- Underground

As at 30 June 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deposit</th>
<th>Ore Type</th>
<th>Measured Resources</th>
<th>Indicated Resources</th>
<th>Inferred Resources</th>
<th>Total Resources</th>
<th>South32 Interest</th>
<th>Total Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mt % Cu Zn Pb g/t Ag</td>
<td>g/t Au</td>
<td>Mt % Cu Zn Pb g/t Ag</td>
<td>g/t Au</td>
<td>Mt % Cu Zn Pb g/t Ag</td>
<td>g/t Au</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambler</td>
<td>Arctic</td>
<td>OC Sulphide</td>
<td>33 3.14 4.43 0.80 49 0.63 4.7 2.55 3.44 0.57</td>
<td>37 0.38 37 3.06 4.30 0.77 47 0.60</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bornite</td>
<td>OC Sulphide</td>
<td>40 1.06 48 0.63 49 0.63 5.7 2.55 3.44 0.57</td>
<td>37 0.38 37 3.06 4.30 0.77 47 0.60</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>UG Sulphide</td>
<td>70 2.29 70 2.29</td>
<td>70 2.29</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cut-off: Arctic (Net Smelter return of US$63.4/t); Bornite (OC Sulphide - 0.5% Cu, UG Sulphide- 1.5% Cu); OC- Open cast, UG- Underground