

28 February 2022

The Manager Company Announcements Office ASX Limited Exchange Centre 20 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Sir,

Preliminary Final Report - Listing Rule 4.3A

The Preliminary Final Report/ Appendix 4E for the year ended 31 December 2021 is attached.

The signed audited Financial Reports for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been included in this release.

Yours faithfully,

Jan

Ian Dennis Director



Preliminary Final Report of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021

ACN 094 384 273

This Preliminary Final Report is provided to the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) under ASX Listing Rule 4.3A.

Current Reporting Period:

Financial Year ended 31 December 2021

Previous Corresponding Period:

Financial Year ended 31 December 2020



Results for Announcement to the Market

		Percentage Change		Amount
		%		\$
Revenue from ordinary activities	down	43.2	to	108,691
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	down	72.7	to	(3,309,869)
Net (loss) attributable to members	down	72.7	to	(3,309,869)
		Amount per security		Franked amount per security
Final dividend		Nil		Nil
Interim dividend		Nil		Nil

Net Tangible assets as at 31 December 2021(\$1,909,200)Number of ordinary shares outstanding at year end28,698,663NTA per ordinary share at 31 December 2021(0.07 cents)NTA per ordinary share at 31 December 202011.4 cents

A review of operations is included on pages 3 to 5 of The Directors' Report in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 which are attached.

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

AUDIO PIXELS HOLDINGS LIMITED

ACN 094 384 273

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors

 Fred Bart (Chairman) Ian Dennis Cheryl Bart AO

Company Secretary

Ian Dennis

Registered Office

Suite 3, Level 12 75 Elizabeth Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 Australia

Telephone:- +61(2) 9233 3915 Facsimile:- +61(2) 9232 3411 E-Mail:- <u>iandennis@audiopixels.com.au</u>

Web site

www.audiopixels.com.au

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Chartered Accountants Brindabella Circuit Brindabella Business Park Canberra Airport ACT 2609 Australia

Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited Level 3 60 Carrington Street Sydney NSW 2000

GPO Box 7045 Sydney NSW 1115 Australia

Telephone Facsimile 1300 855 080 or +613 9415 5000 outside Australia 1300 137 341

Israel Office

3 Pekris Street Rehovot ISRAEL 76702

Telephone:- + 972 73 232 4444 Facsimile:- + 972 73 232 4455 E-Mail:- <u>danny@audiopixels.com</u>

Bankers

St George Bank 200 Barangaroo Avenue Barangaroo SYDNEY NSW 2000 Australia

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited submit herewith the financial report of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the directors report as follows:

The names and particulars of the directors of the company during or since the end of the financial year are:

Name	Particulars
Fred Bart	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. A director since 5 September 2000. He has been Chairman and Managing Director of numerous private companies since 1980, specialising in manufacturing, property and marketable securities. He is a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
Ian Dennis	Non-executive director and Company Secretary. Ian is an accountant with experience as director and secretary in various public listed and unlisted technology companies. He has been involved in the investment banking industry and stockbroking industry for the past thirty years. Prior to that, Ian was with KPMG, Chartered Accountants in Sydney. Appointed to the Board on 5 September 2000. He is a Chairman of the Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
Cheryl Bart AO	Non-executive director. Appointed to the Board on 26 November 2001. Cheryl Bart is a lawyer and company director. She is Chairman of Tilt Renewables and Ted X Sydney. Cheryl is a non-executive director of SG Fleet Australia Limited, ME Bank, and the Invictus Games.
	She is a fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, Patron of SportsConnect and a member of Chief Executive Women.

She is a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the

Nominations and Remuneration Committee.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Directorships of other listed companies

Directorships of other listed companies held by directors in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

Name	Company	Period of directorship
Fred Bart	Electro Optic Systems Holdings Limited Weebit Nano Limited	May 2000 to 27 July 2021 Since March 2018
	Noxopharm Limited	Since 8 May 2020
Ian Dennis Cheryl Bart	Electro Optic Systems Holdings Limited SG Fleet Australia Limited	May 2000 to 28 May 2021 Since February 2014

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is an investment in Audio Pixels Limited of Israel. Audio Pixels Limited is engaged in the development of digital speakers.

Results

The net loss for the financial year ended to 31 December 2021 was 3,309,869 (31 December 2020 – 12,102,367).

Dividends

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid and no amount has been paid or declared by way of dividend since the end of the previous financial year and up to the date of this report.

Review of operations

As has been reported throughout the period, achievements were technical in nature, focused on advancing the Company and its technologies toward achieving its commercial objectives. The main focus of the period has been the comprehensive effort to transition of devices, systems and techniques to mass produced product demonstrators and engineering samples.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Review of operations (cont)

The primary highlights of the year and to the date of this report involve:

- Demonstration of fully functioning packaged chips operating reliably outside the cleanroom
- Demonstration of functioning full range speaker chips
- Onboarding of additional fabrication partner to prepare for mass production of the MEMS and chip packaging
- Transition of MEMS fabrication processes from development to mass production lines and techniques
- Completion of proprietary multiphysics simulation models that enable predictive acoustic output
- Development of new method to control chip volume as to enable near-ear (headphone) applicability
- Design and fabrication of systems that permit independently operated demonstration systems
- Porting of software and algorithms from development to embedded code
- Development of customer supporting software applications and controls
- Upgrading and expansion of chip characterization systems to permit higher throughput

Unquestionably the accomplishments of the period are anchored in the successful completion of the multiyear effort to develop our patented MEMS transducer in a manner that can be reliably mass produced using commercially viable surface micromachining techniques. This accomplishment of the period is in no small part attributable to the highly productive multiyear collaboration with EarthMountain. The combination of formidable resources and skillset brought forth by EarthMountain, together with the company's extensive process knowledge and real-world experience, is considered to be a winning formula that enabled the company to successfully deliver the desired short and long term manufacturing capabilities. During the period this alliance was memorialized in a comprehensive manufacturing agreement that secures significant and expanding production capacity at a time where the industry worldwide is struggling with capacity shortages.

The successful integration and packaging of the MEMS transducer, together with our proprietary ASIC controller, enabled countless advancements in algorithms, signal processing, and multichip functionality, as well as the design and production of the electronic circuitry and software required to demonstrate and operate the devices outside of the cleanroom. Our current packaging capabilities and capacity will be further augmented later this quarter as EarthMountain brings their dedicated chip packaging capabilities online.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Review of operations (cont)

Packaged EarthMountain devices were measured and demonstrated to reproduce a near flat frequency response from 100Hz through 50KHz. This pioneering achievement for the first time makes it possible for a single device to reproduce crystal clear sound throughout the audible spectrum - without imposing the tradeoffs required by conventional speaker technologies to achieve quality sound through the utilization of separate drivers to reproduce the low, mid, and high frequencies.

The completion of our proprietary multiphysics simulation models enabled computational simulations and exploration of the acoustic output of our transducers under varying parameters. This capability proved instrumental not only in optimizing the MEMS transition to mass-fabrication, but also in the exploration of methods to improve acoustic performance and output to further enhance the commercial appeal of the product.

Ongoing influence of the global COVID-19 pandemic throughout the period negatively impacted the countless engineering tasks and timelines associated with the aforementioned accomplishments. This was most consequential in preventing direct and hands-on interaction with vendors, subcontractors and customers that are traditionally utilized for effective collaboration. Contending with this reality is the impetus behind the decision to expedite production and engage in the design and fabrication of systems that permit demonstration devices and systems that can be independently operated and assessed by customers and market influencers. These systems are for the most part completed and awaiting production chips, anticipated by the vendor to be supplied prior to the end of Q1-22.

Overall, the magnitude of accomplishments achieved during the reporting period present a positive outlook on the company's ability to achieve its next critical milestone involving public exposure of the company's industry altering technology to the marketplace.

Further information concerning the operations and financial condition of the entity can be found in the financial report and in releases made to the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) during the year.

Changes in state of affairs

There was no significant change in the state of affairs of the company or the consolidated entity other than that referred to in the financial statements or notes thereto.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Significant events after balance date

There has not been any matters or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year which is not otherwise dealt with in this report or in the financial statements, that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company or the consolidated entity, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company or the consolidated entity in subsequent financial years.

Future developments

The consolidated entity will continue to focus on the development of its digital speaker technology.

Environmental regulations

In the opinion of the directors the company and the consolidated entity is in compliance with all applicable environmental legislation and regulations.

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditors

The Company has agreed to indemnify the current Directors, Company Secretary and Executive Officers against all liabilities to other persons that may arise from their position as Directors or Officers of the Company and its controlled entities, except where to do so would be prohibited by law. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

The Company has not, during or since the financial year indemnified or agreed to indemnify an auditor of the company or of any related body corporate against any liability incurred as such an auditor.

Directors' interests and benefits

The relevant interest of each director in the share capital of the Company as notified by the directors to the Australian Stock Exchange in accordance with Section 205G(1) of the Corporations Act as at the date of this report are:

Name	Ordinary Shares
Fred Bart	5,819,122
Ian Dennis	320,167
Cheryl Bart	1,282,777

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Remuneration report (audited)

Since the end of the previous financial year no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by directors as shown in the financial statements) because of a contract made by the Company or related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest. There are no employment contracts for any of the directors.

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and key management personnel of the Company. The Directors are responsible for remuneration policies and packages applicable to the Board members of the Company. The entire Board makes up the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Board remuneration policy is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the person's duties and responsibilities.

There are currently no performance-based incentives to directors or executives based on the performance of the Company. There are no employment contracts in place with any Director of the Company. There are standard employment contracts for the executives of Audio Pixels Limited including at will employment and a notice period of three months for termination.

The key management personnel of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited during the year were:

Fred Bart – Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Cheryl Bart – Non executive director Ian Dennis – Non executive director and company secretary Danny Lewin – CEO and director of Audio Pixels Limited Yuval Cohen – Chief Technical Officer of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited

The Directors fees are not dependent on the earnings of the Company and the consequences of the Company's performance on shareholder wealth. On 24 September 2010, the maximum total director's fees were increased to a total of \$250,000 per annum in line with the increased activities of the company. The actual director's fees paid were within the approved limit of \$250,000 per annum approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 24 September 2010.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Remuneration report (cont)

The table below sets out summary information about the Company's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth for the last 5 financial years.

	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	31	31	31	31	31
	December	December	December	December	December
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	108,691	191,434	272,520	86,961	65,624
Net (loss)					
before tax	(3,309,869)	(12,102,367)	(6,231,930)	(4,519,721)	(5,914,957)
Net (loss) after					
tax	(3,309,869)	(12,102,367)	(6,231,930)	(4,519,721)	(5,914,957)

	Year ended 31				
	December	December	December	December	December
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Share price at					
start of					
year/period	\$24.05	15.35	20.22	16.82	14.15
Share price at					
end of					
year/period	22.50	24.05	15.35	20.22	16.82
Dividend Paid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Remuneration report (cont)

The following table sets out each key management personnel's equity holdings (represented by holdings of fully paid ordinary shares in Audio Pixels Holdings Limited).

	Balance at 1/1/21	Granted as remuneration	Received on exercise of options	Net other change	Balance at 31/12/21
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Mr Fred Bart*	5,819,122	-	-	-	5,819,122
Mrs Cheryl Bart*	1,282,777	-	-	-	1,282,777
Mr Ian Dennis	320,167	-	-	-	320,167
Mr Danny Lewin	1,438,619	-	-	-	1,438,619
Mr Yuval Cohen	1,400,636	-	-	-	1,400,636

* Included in the above shareholdings in respect to both Fred Bart and Cheryl Bart are 782,777 (2020: 782,777) shares in Audio Pixels Holdings Limited held by the Bart Superannuation Fund, in respect to which each has a relevant interest.

Transactions with related entities

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company paid a total of \$108,104 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$107,857) to 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Fred Bart in respect of directors fees and superannuation for Mr Fred Bart and Mrs Cheryl Bart.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company paid a total of \$41,156 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$41,063) to Dennis Corporate Services Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Ian Dennis in respect of directors fees and superannuation.

During the year, the Company paid 30,000 (31 December 2020 - 30,000) to Dennis Corporate Services Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Ian Dennis in respect of consulting fees for company secretarial and accounting services.

During the year, the company entered into unsecured loan facilities with 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Fred Bart, totalling \$2m at an interest rate of 6%. The loan facility was drawn to \$1m at 31 December 2021 and is repayable by 30 June 2022. Interest to 31 December 2021 of \$9,136 has been accrued in the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Remuneration report (cont)

On 1 June 2018, the company exercised an option to renew a lease in respect of office premises at Suite 3, Level 12, 75 Elizabeth Street Sydney for a period of forty eight months to 30 March 2022. The Company recharged \$18,970 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$31,598) of the rent and other tenancy charges to Electro Optic Systems Holdings Limited, a company of which Fred Bart and Ian Dennis were directors of until 27 July 2021 and 28 May 2021 respectively and \$40,488 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$22,289) to 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company controlled by Fred Bart.

The following table sets out the remuneration of each key management personnel of the Company:

	Short	Term	Post Employment		Total
December 2021	Directors fees/ Salary \$	Non- monetary \$	Super annuation \$	Social Security \$	\$
Fred Bart	61,000	_	5,948	-	66,948
Cheryl Bart	37,500	-	3,656	-	41,156
Ian Dennis	67,500*	-	3,656	-	71,156
Danny					
Lewin	177,226	43,467	-	63,550	284,243
Yuval Cohen	220,008	<u>16,923</u>	<u>18,996</u>		<u>255,927</u>
	<u>563,234</u>	<u>60,390</u>	<u>32,256</u>	<u>63,550</u>	<u>719,430</u>
December 2020					
Fred Bart	61,000		5,794	_	66,794
Cheryl Bart	37,500	-	3,563	-	41,063
Ian Dennis	67,500*	-	3,563	-	71,063
Danny					,
Lewin	168,624	41,414	-	60,303	270,341
Yuval Cohen	220,008	12,692	<u>18,996</u>		251,686
	<u>554,632</u>	<u>54,106</u>	<u>31,916</u>	<u>60,303</u>	700,957

* The amounts disclosed for Ian Dennis include directors fees of \$37,500 and consulting fees of \$30,000.

Other non-monetary benefits include annual leave provision increases during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was formally constituted on 29 August 2014 with all three directors appointed to the Audit Committee. Ian Dennis was appointed chair of the Audit Committee.

Directors' meetings

During the year the Company held three meetings of directors, two meetings of the Audit Committee and no meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The attendances of the directors at meetings of the Board were:

	Remu		Audit committee		Remur	ition and ieration nittee
Directors	Held	Attended	Held Attended		Held	Attended
Mr Fred Bart	3	3	2	2	-	-
Mrs Cheryl Bart	3	3	2	2	-	-
Mr Ian Dennis	3	3	2	2	-	-

All current board members are on the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Non-audit services

Details of amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor are outlined in Note 4 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services, during the year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf) is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditors' independence for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor, and
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Code of Conduct APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration is included on page 13.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to s.298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

Jan

I A Dennis Director

Dated at Sydney this 28 day of February 2022



Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ABN 74 490 121 060 477 Collins Street Melbourne, VIC, 3000 Australia

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28 February 2022

The Board of Directors Audio Pixels Holdings Limited Level 12 75 Elizabeth Street Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Board of Directors

Auditor's Independence Declaration to Audio Pixels Holdings Limited

In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully

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DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Chris Biermann Partner Chartered Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Consolidated Entity") which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the Consolidated Entity incurred a net loss of \$3,309,869 and had a net cash outflow from operating activities of \$5,031,424 during the year ended 31 December 2021. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Our procedures in relation to going concern included, but were not limited to:

- Challenging the underlying assumptions reflected in management's cash flow forecasts;
- Assessing the accuracy of the forecasts prepared by management. This included agreeing assumptions to underlying documentation, sensitising key judgmental inputs and assessing cash inflows and outflows in relation to commercialisation of the product;

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- Assessing the historical accuracy of the cash flow forecasts;
- Inquiring with management and the board as to knowledge of events and conditions that may impact the assessment on the Consolidated Entity's ability to pay its debts as and when they fall due; and
- Assessing the appropriateness of the disclosures in Note 1(d) to the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How the scope of our audit responded to the Key Audit Matter
 Recoverability of goodwill and intangible assets As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of goodwill totaled \$2,289,128 and the intangible asset, \$224,487 as disclosed in Notes 7 and 8. The goodwill and intangible asset are subject to impairment testing annually and whenever an impairment indicator is identified. The determination of the recoverable amount is subject to management judgement including: Likelihood of the successful commercialisation of the digital speaker technology; Expected future growth in the product market; Cash flow forecasts; and Discount rates applied. 	 Our procedures included, but were not limited to: Assessing the status of the technology development based on discussions with management; Challenging the underlying assumptions reflected in management's cash flow forecasts. This included agreeing assumptions to underlying documentation, sensitising key judgemental inputs and assessing the reasonableness of forecast cash flows; Assessing the historical accuracy of cash flow forecasts; Assessing the recoverable amount of net assets of the company in the context of the current market capitalisation (considering trading volumes); and Engaging with our valuation experts to assess the appropriateness of management's processes and policies in the development of the cash flow model as well as testing the mathematically accuracy and the reasonableness of assumptions used. We also assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures in Notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated Entity's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2021, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and use our professional judgement to determine the appropriate action.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Consolidated entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Consolidated entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Consolidated Entity's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 7 to 10 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited, for the year ended 31 December 2021, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Debitte Touche Tohmatou

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Chris Biermann Partner Chartered Accountants Melbourne, 28 February 2022

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors declare that:

- (a) in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the company and the consolidated entity;
- (c) the directors have been given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (d) the attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in note 1 to the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

Jail

I A Dennis Director

Dated at Sydney this 28 day of February 2022.

<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER</u> <u>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021</u>

D	Note	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2021	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2020
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	108,691	<u>191,434</u>
Administrative expenses Amortisation Depreciation Directors fees and superannuation Foreign exchange (losses)/ gains Interest expense Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment Marketing Research and development expenses (Loss) before income tax	2	(1,438,864) $(78,860)$ $(422,554)$ $(149,260)$ $2,378,191$ $(22,202)$ 689 (416) $(3,685,284)$ $(3,309,869)$	(426,583) (148,920)
Income tax benefit	3		
(Loss) for the year		<u>(3,309,869)</u>	(12,102,367)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	16	<u>(2,390,147)</u>	<u>3,259,780</u>
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax		<u>(2,390,147)</u>	<u>3,259,780</u>
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year		<u>(5,700,016)</u>	<u>(8,842,587)</u>

<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER</u> <u>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021</u>

)	Note	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2021 \$	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2020 \$
	(Loss) attributable to: Owners of the company		<u>(3,309,869)</u>	<u>(12,102,367)</u>
	Total comprehensive (loss) attributable to: Owners of the company		<u>(5,700,016)</u>	<u>(8,842,587)</u>
)	Earnings per share			
)	Basic and diluted (cents per share)	21	(11.53)	(42.50)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Consolidated December 2021 \$	Consolidated December 2020 \$
CURRENT ASSETS		Ŷ	Ŷ
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS NON CURRENT ASSETS	5 6	748,373 <u>56,431</u> <u>804,804</u>	4,750,888 <u>48,861</u> <u>4,799,749</u>
Goodwill Intangible asset Right of use asset Property, plant and equipment Trade and other receivables TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS CURRENT LIABILITIES	7 8 9 10 6	2,289,128 $224,487$ $327,517$ $476,746$ $9,080$ $3,326,958$ $4,131,762$	2,207,058 $288,698$ $249,320$ $422,145$ $5,699$ $3,172,920$ $7,972,669$
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Unsecured loans Provisions TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	11 12 13 14	1,522,467 237,555 1,400,000 <u>270,205</u> <u>3,430,227</u>	1,630,684 241,577 <u>295,683</u> <u>2,167,944</u>
Lease liabilities TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES NET ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)	12	<u>96,120</u> <u>96,120</u> <u>3,526,347</u> <u>605,415</u>	<u>27,863</u> <u>27,863</u> <u>2,195,807</u> <u>5,776,862</u>
EQUITY			
Issued capital Reserves Accumulated losses Equity attributable to owners of the company	15 17 18	73,092,487 (22,815,775) (49,671,297) <u>604,415</u>	73,092,487 (20,954,197) (46,361,428) <u>5,776,862</u>
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>605,415</u>	<u>5,776,862</u>

<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR</u> <u>ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021</u>

~	<u>December 2021 – Consolidated</u>	Issued	Equity Settled Option	Exchange translation reserve	Minority Acquisition Reserve	Accumul- ated Losses	
		Capital	Reserve	Teser ve	Kesel ve		Total
1		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Balance at 1 January 2021	73,092,487	5,552,761	(968,266)	(25,538,692)	(46,361,428)	5,776,862
)	Other comprehensive income for the year			<u>(2,390,147)</u>			<u>(2,390,147)</u>
	(Loss) for the year					<u>(3,309,869)</u>	<u>(3,309,869)</u>
)	Recognition of share based payments		<u>528,569</u>				<u>528,569</u>
)	Balance at 31 December 2021	73,092,487	<u>6,081,330</u>	<u>(3,358,413)</u>	<u>(25,538,692)</u>	(49,671,297)	<u>605,415</u>
	<u>December 2020 – Consolidated</u>	Issued Capital	Equity Settled Option Reserve	Exchange translation reserve	Minority Acquisition Reserve	Accumul- ated Losses	Total
	<u>December 2020 – Consolidated</u>		Settled Option	translation	Acquisition		Total \$
	Balance at 1 January 2020	Capital	Settled Option Reserve	translation reserve	Acquisition Reserve	ated Losses	
		Capital \$	Settled Option Reserve \$	translation reserve \$	Acquisition Reserve \$	ated Losses	\$
	Balance at 1 January 2020 Other comprehensive income for	Capital \$	Settled Option Reserve \$ 5,041,902	translation reserve \$ (4,228,046)	Acquisition Reserve \$	ated Losses	\$ 7,233,536
	Balance at 1 January 2020 Other comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year Issue of shares for cash	Capital \$	Settled Option Reserve \$ 5,041,902	translation reserve \$ (4,228,046)	Acquisition Reserve \$ (25,538,692)	ated Losses \$ (34,259,061)	\$ 7,233,536 <u>3,259,780</u>
	Balance at 1 January 2020 Other comprehensive income for the year (Loss) for the year	Capital \$ 66,217,433	Settled Option Reserve \$ 5,041,902	translation reserve \$ (4,228,046)	Acquisition Reserve \$ (25,538,692)	ated Losses \$ (34,259,061)	\$ 7,233,536 <u>3,259,780</u> (12,102,367)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2021 \$	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2020 \$
Receipts from customers		107,263	96,133
Government grants		-	76,692
Payments to suppliers and employees		(5,127,820)	(7,629,840)
Interest paid		(12,295)	(19,253)
Interest received		<u>1,428</u>	<u>18,609</u>
Net cash (used by) operating activities	19	<u>(5,031,424)</u>	<u>(7,457,659)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities Payment for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant		(158,471)	(105,038)
and equipment		<u>2,480</u>	
Net cash (used by) investing activities		<u>(155,991)</u>	(105,038)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share placement	15	-	6,875,054
Proceeds from unsecured loans	13	1,400,000	-
Repayment of lease liabilities		<u>(297,044)</u>	<u>(338,782)</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>1,102,956</u>	<u>6,536,272</u>
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and			
cash equivalents held		(4,084,459)	(1,026,425)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Effects of exchange rate fluctuations		4,750,888	5,823,291
on the balances of cash held in foreign currencies		<u>81,944</u>	<u>(45,978)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	<u>748,373</u>	<u>4,750,888</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1(a) Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations, and complies with other requirements of the law. Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("AASBs"). Compliance with AASBS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). For the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for profit entity.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 28 February 2022.

1(b) Basis of preparation

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are expressed in Australian dollars.

1(c) Adoption of new and revised Standards

New and amended IFRS Standards that are effective for the current year

In the current year, the consolidated entity has applied a number of amendments to AASB Standards and Interpretations issued by the IASB that are effective for an annual period that begins on or after 1 January 2021. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

• AASB 2020-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – in benchmark reform – Phase 2

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Adoption of new and revised Standards (cont)

New and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations on issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the consolidated entity has not applied the following new and revised Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Standard/amendment	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after
AASB 17 Insurance Contracts (as amended) (summary, illustrative disclosure)	1 January 2023
AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture, AASB 2015-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128, AASB 2017-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections	1 January 2022
AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current and AASB 2020-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Deferral of Effective Date	1 January 2023
AASB 2020-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Removal of Special Purpose Financial Statements for Certain For-Profit Private Sector Entities	1 July 2021
AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments	I January 2022
AASB 2021-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021
AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
AASB 2021-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023

The Directors do not expect these new and revised standards issued but not effective to have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(d) Going Concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes the continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The consolidated entity incurred a net loss during the year of \$3,309,869 (2020: \$12,102,367) and used net cash in operating activities of \$5,031,424 (2020: \$7,457,659). As at 31 December 2021, the consolidated entity had a net current asset deficiency of \$2,625,423 (2020: surplus of \$2,631,805) and cash of \$748,373 (31 December 2020: \$4,750,888) of which \$64,374 (31 December 2020: \$58,662) is restricted as it secures future lease payments. During the year, the Company secured two unsecured finance facilities, \$2 million from a company associated with one of the Company's directors, Mr Fred Bart, and \$1 million from a significant shareholder. These facilities have a term expiring on 30 June 2022 at an interest rate of 6%. The facilities were drawn to a value of \$1,400,000 at balance date. Subsequent to balance date a further \$800,000 had been drawn down on these facilities.

Further testing and enhancement of the technology is continuing as the consolidated entity works towards achievement of the demonstrator milestone to begin the transition to volume production. As a result, it is anticipated that the available net working capital will be consumed in the coming 12 months.

In the opinion of the directors, the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern and pay its debts as and when they fall due and payable is dependent upon:

- The successful completion of the current testing phase of the technology, enabling the consolidated entity to demonstrate the technology's capabilities and negotiate commercial contracts with interested parties; and
- The ability of the company to secure additional funding from existing or new investors to fund the completion of the testing and enhancement of the technology and, following this phase, secure further funding as the consolidated entity gears up for production; and
- The ability of the company to extend the maturity date of the abovementioned unsecured finance facilities or to raise additional funding to repay the maturing facilities.

If the consolidated entity is unable to achieve successful outcomes in relation to the above matters, material uncertainty would exist that may cast significant doubt as to the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern and therefore, it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different from those stated in the financial report.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(d) Going Concern (cont)

No adjustments have been made to the financial report relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the consolidated entity not continue as a going concern.

1(e) Revenue Recognition

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Recharged revenue is recognised on an accrual basis.

1(f) Financial assets

Classification

The consolidated entity classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- Those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the consolidated entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the consolidated entity has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The consolidated entity reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the consolidated entity measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(f) Financial Assets (cont)

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the consolidated entity's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the consolidated entity classifies its debt instruments:

• Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

• Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit or loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. No such assets are currently held by the consolidated entity.

Equity instruments

The consolidated entity subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the consolidated entity's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the consolidated entity's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other expenses in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(f) Financial Assets (cont)

Impairment

The consolidated entity assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, and lease receivables, the consolidated entity applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

1(g) Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid for goods or services received. Trade payables are settled on terms aligned with the normal commercial terms in the consolidated entity's countries of operation.

Unsecured loans

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held-for trading, or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The unsecured loans are held at amortised cost.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The consolidated entity derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the consolidated entity's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in the profit and loss.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and investments in money market instruments maturing within less than 3 months at the date of acquisition, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

1(i) Employee benefits

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, and long service leave when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Provisions made in respect of short term employee benefits are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Provisions made in respect of long term employee benefits are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the consolidated entity in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Defined contribution plans – Contributions to defined benefit contribution superannuation plans are expensed when incurred.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(j) Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

All foreign currency transactions during the financial year are brought to account using the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items at reporting date are translated at the exchange rate existing at reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at historic cost that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated using historic rates.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit and loss in the period they arise.

Foreign operations

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of the consolidated entity's overseas operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve, and recognised in profit and loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(k) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

1(l) Goodwill

Goodwill arising in a business combination is recognised as an asset at the date that control is acquired (the acquisition date). Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquire, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment, the consolidated entity's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually. For the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, there was one cash-generating unit, relating to the digital speakers segment. The cash-generating unit is tested for impairment annually. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(m) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cashgenerating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

1(n) Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(n) Income Tax (cont)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the assets and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company intends to settles its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when it relates to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(o) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill where they satisfy the definition of an intangible asset and their fair value can be measured reliably. Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately. The intangible asset acquired is written off on a straight line basis. Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

1(p) Leases

The consolidated entity assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. The consolidated entity recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease agreements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the consolidated entity recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the consolidated entity uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(p) Leases (cont)

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The consolidated entity remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- the lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used).
- a lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Whenever the consolidated entity incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognised and measured under AASB 137. The costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the consolidated entity expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(p) Leases (cont)

The consolidated entity applies AASB 136 Impairment of Assets to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss per the accounting policy disclosed in note 1(m).

Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs and are included in the line "administrative expenses" in the statement of profit or loss.

As a practical expedient, AASB 16 permits a lessee not to separate non-lease components, and instead account for any lease and associated non-lease components as a single arrangement. The consolidated entity has not used this practical expedient.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

Office premises Motor vehicle 2 to 4 years 3 years

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a present obligation as a result of a past event, the future sacrifice of economic benefits is probable, and the amount of the provision can be measured reliably.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that recovery will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

1(r) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company:

- Has power over the investee;
- Is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the consolidated entity are eliminated in full on consolidation.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(s) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straightline method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sales in the present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

Computers and related equipment	5 to 15 years
Leasehold improvements	3 to 5 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 to 15 years

Depreciation in relation to right-of-use-assets is outlined in Note 1(p).

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(t) Share based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of the grant. Fair value is measured by use of a Black-Scholes Option Pricing model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management best estimates, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the consolidated entity's estimate of shares that will eventually vest.

1(u) Critical accounting judgements

In the application of the consolidated entity's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making these judgements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

Intangible asset/Goodwill

The directors made a critical judgement in relation certain assumptions used in the impairment model used to test the value of the intangible asset included in Note 8 and the impairment model used in assessing the carrying amount of the goodwill (see Note 7) for impairment.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

1(u) Critical accounting judgements (cont)

Deferred tax

The directors made a critical judgement in relation to not recognising the deferred tax balances described in Note 3(a). Given the current stage of development, the directors do not currently consider it's probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Functional Currency

The directors made a critical judgement in relation to the functional currency of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited. The directors consider AUD to be the appropriate functional currency, as financing activities of the entity occur in AUD.

Investment in subsidiary and intercompany receivable

The directors made a critical judgement in relation to the recoverability of the investment in subsidiary – Audio Pixels Limited and the receivable from this subsidiary. The assessment of the recoverability of these assets is considered concurrently with the recoverability of the intangible asset/goodwill. These assets are discussed in Note 25 as part of current and non-current assets:

- Investment in subsidiary - \$3,996,641 (31 December 2020: \$3,468,072 (non-current assets)

- Intercompany receivable - \$44,579,258 (31 December 2020: \$37,498,377 (included in non-current assets)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

			Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2021 \$	Consolidated Year ended 31 December 2020 \$
1	2.	(Loss) from operations		
)		(a) Revenue		
		Interest received – other entities	1,428	18,609
		Recharge income	107,263	96,133
)		Cash boost		76,692
/		Total revenue	<u>108,691</u>	<u>191,434</u>
)		(b) Expenses		
)		Amortisation	78,860	83,257
/		Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	128,866	115,323
		Depreciation of right-of-use assets	293,688	311,260
1		Interest expense	22,202	19,253
1		Employee benefits expense:		
)		Salary and other employee benefits	2,577,636	2,175,652
1		Share based payments	528,569	510,859
		Superannuation	<u>32,256</u>	<u>31,916</u>
]			<u>3,138,461</u>	<u>2,718,427</u>

3. Income taxes

(a) Income tax recognised in profit or loss

The Company is in a loss-making position and therefore does not pay income tax in both Australia and Israel. Therefore income tax payable is nil (2020: nil).

The Company does not recognise any deferred tax assets on balance sheet as management does not believe that there will be sufficient taxable profits in the foreseeable future that deferred tax assets can be utilised against. The amount of unrecognised deferred tax assets at reporting date is \$11,460,905 (2020: \$9,124,087).

A corporate tax rate of 30% is payable by Australian corporate entities on taxable profits under Australian tax law and 23% (2020:23%) under Israeli law. There has been no change in the corporate tax rate when compared with the previous reporting period

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

			31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
D	3.	Income taxes (Cont)		
		(b)Franking account balance		
		Adjusted franking account balance	<u>86,721</u>	<u>86,721</u>

(c) Israeli Tax Ruling

On July 16th 2012 a Tax Ruling was issued by the Israeli Tax Authorities (ITA) under which the ITA confirmed that the Merger carried out between Audio Pixels Ltd, a private Israeli company (P.C 513853606) and Audio Pixels Holdings Limited, a public Australian company, complied with the conditions stipulated in Section 103T of the Israeli Ordinance. Consequently, the transfer of the rights by the transferring rights holders in exchange for the issuance of shares in the Australian company is not taxable at the date of the Merger pursuant to the provisions of Section 103T of the Israeli Ordinance.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
4.	Remuneration of auditors		
	Deloitte and related network firms*		
	Audit or review of the financial reports - Group - Subsidiary Other services - Taxation consulting service	42,368 <u>33,787</u> <u>76,155</u> <u>9,178</u> <u>85,333</u>	53,699 <u>32,595</u> <u>86,294</u> <u>9,056</u> <u>95,350</u>
	*The auditor of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited is 1 ("Deloitte Australia").	Deloitte Touche	Fohmatsu
5.	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand and at bank	<u>748,373</u>	<u>4,750,888</u>
	Weighted average interest rate received on cash	0.00%	<u>0.07%</u>
6.	Trade and other receivables		
	Current GST receivable Prepayments and other debtors	6,286 <u>50,145</u> <u>56,431</u>	9,826 <u>39,035</u> <u>48,861</u>
	Non Current Other debtors	<u>9,080</u>	<u>5,699</u>
	Other debtors comprise security deposits with government bodies.		

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

7		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
1.	Goodwill		
	Being goodwill acquired on the acquisition of Audio Pixels Limited. The goodwill is allocated to the cash generating unit of digital speakers by Audio Pixels Limited of Israel.) <u>2,289,128</u>	<u>2,207,058</u>
	Balance at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange Balance at 31 December	2,207,058 <u>82,070</u> 2,289,128	2,334,763 (127,705) 2,207,058

The recoverable amount of this cash generating unit is determined based on a fair value less costs of disposal calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the directors covering a 10-year period, with forecast revenue growth rates based on the directors of the consolidated entity's best estimate of the market development and with a terminal rate of 2%, and a discount rate of 33% per annum. The assumed growth rate is based on the forecast future global MEMS market. Given the nature of the product, the forecast cash flows are managements' best estimate and reflect the risks inherent in the initial take up of the product. The cash flow projections used in the impairment model extend beyond 5 years as the intangible assets generating the cash flows within relate to new technology and hence reflect a longer operating cycle and time to market. Cash flow projections during the budget period are based on the same expected gross margins and raw materials price inflation during the budget period and factor in a probability of the viability of the product. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is sensitive to changes in the percentage likelihood of completion. Increases in the percentage likelihood of completion increases the recoverable amount and vice versa. Movements in the value of the goodwill are a result of the retranslation of the goodwill from the functional currency of the cash generating unit to which it is attributed.

8. Intangible asset

Being the independent valuation of In Process		
Research determined at the acquisition date of 24		
September 2010 by Ernst & Young, Israel in their		
report dated 17 August 2011.	868,000	868,000
Exchange differences on translation	188,543	173,893
Less accumulated amortisation	(832,056)	<u>(753,195)</u>
	224,487	288,698

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

31 December	31 December
2021	2020
\$	\$

8. Intangible asset (cont)

The intangible asset is allocated to the digital speaker cash-generating unit being the only cash generating unit, when assessed for impairment. Refer to Note 7 for commentary on the cash-generating unit.

9. **Right of use assets**

Office premises – at cost Less accumulated depreciation	1,209,833 (918,978) 290,855	857,829 (608,509) 249,320
Motor vehicle – at cost Less accumulated depreciation Total net book value of Right of use assets	43,619 (6,957) <u>36,662</u> <u>327,517</u>	249,320
Cost Office premises		
Balance at 1 January Additions Net foreign currency exchange differences Balance as at 31 December Accumulated depreciation	857,829 318,959 <u>33,045</u> <u>1,209,833</u>	895,297 (<u>37,468)</u> <u>857,829</u>
Office premises		
Balance as at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange differences Depreciation expense Balance at 31 December	(608,509) (23,531) <u>(286,938)</u> (918,978)	(320,144) 22,895 (311,260) (608,509)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
Right of use assets (cont)	Ψ	Ψ
Cost		
Motor vehicle		
Balance as at 1 January	-	-
Additions	42,320	-
Net foreign currency exchange differences	1,299	-
Balance at 31 December	43,619	
Accumulated depreciation		
Motor vehicle		
Balance as at 1 January	-	-
Net foreign currency exchange differences	(207)	-
Depreciation expense	(6,750)	
Balance at 31 December	(6,957)	

On 1 June 2018, the parent company exercised an option to renew a lease in respect of office premises at Suite 3, Level 12, 75 Elizabeth Street Sydney for a period of forty-eight months from 31 March 2018 to 30 March 2022.

On 1 January 2019, the subsidiary company, Audio Pixels Limited exercised an option to renew a lease in respect of facilities at 3 Pekris Street Rehovot, Israel for a period of twenty-eight months to 31 May 2021.

Effective on 1 June 2021, the subsidiary company, Audio Pixels Limited exercised an option to renew a lease in respect of facilities at 3 Pekris Street Rehovot, Israel for a period of twenty-four months to 31 May 2023.

On 8 August 2021, the subsidiary company, Audio Pixels Limited entered into a new car lease for a period of thirty-six months until 7 August 2024.

Amounts recognised in profit and loss

Depreciation expense on right of use assets	293,688	311,260
Interest expense on lease liabilities	12,295	19,253

The total cash outflow for leases amount to \$297,044 (Year ended 31 December 2020 -\$338,782).

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
10.	Property, Plant and Equipment		
	Computers and related equipment – at cost Less accumulated depreciation	557,823 (502,232) <u>55,591</u>	483,675 (424,185) <u>59,490</u>
	Leasehold improvements – at cost Less accumulated depreciation	354,269 <u>(262,354)</u> <u>91,915</u>	333,768 (234,998) <u>98,770</u>
	Office furniture and equipment – at cost Less accumulated depreciation	1,475,731 <u>(1,146,491)</u> <u>329,240</u>	1,280,719 (1,016,834) <u>263,885</u>
	Total net book value of Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>476,746</u>	422,145
	Cost Computers and related equipment		
	Balance at 1 January Additions Disposals Net foreign currency exchange differences Balance as at 31 December	483,675 45,595 (2,480) <u>31,033</u> <u>557,823</u>	507,937 21,477 <u>(45,739)</u> <u>483,675</u>
	Leasehold improvements		
1	Balance at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange differences Balance as at 31 December	333,768 <u>20,501</u> <u>354,269</u>	366,797 (33,029) 333,768

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
10. Property, Plant and Equipment (cont)		
Office furniture and equipment		
Balance at 1 January Additions Net foreign currency exchange differences Balance as at 31 December	1,280,719 112,876 <u>82,136</u> 1,475,731	1,315,628 83,562 <u>(118,471)</u> <u>1,280,719</u>
Accumulated depreciation		
Computers and related equipment – at cost		
Balance as at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposal Depreciation expense Balance at 31 December	$(424,185) \\ (28,705) \\ 1,791 \\ (51,133) \\ (502,232)$	(421,385) 39,866 - (42,666) (424,185)
Leasehold improvements		
Balance as at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange differences Depreciation expense Balance at 31 December	(234,998) (14,820) (12,536) (262,354)	(244,875) 22,624 (12,747) (234,998)
Office furniture and equipment		
Balance as at 1 January Net foreign currency exchange differences Depreciation expense Balance at 31 December	(1,016,834) (64,461) <u>(65,196)</u> (<u>1,146,491)</u>	(1,054,585) 97,661 <u>(59,910)</u> <u>(1,016,834)</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
11.	Trade and other payables	*	*
	Current		
	Trade payables and accruals	1,522,467	<u>1,630,684</u>
	The payables are non-interest bearing and have a days.	an average credit per	riod of 30
12.	Lease liabilities		
	Analysed as: Current Non-Current	237,555 <u>96,120</u> <u>333,675</u>	241,577 <u>27,863</u> <u>269,440</u>
	Disclosure required by AASB 16 Maturity Analysis		
	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Less: unearned interest	237,693 106,828 (10,846) <u>333,675</u>	248,039 28,137 <u>(6,736)</u> <u>269,440</u>

The consolidated entity does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities. All lease obligations in Australia are denominated in Australian dollars and the leases in Israel are denominated in Israeli shekels.

13. Unsecured loans

Related party – director	1,000,000	-
Other party	400,000	
	<u>1,400,000</u>	

On 29 June 2021, 4F Investments Pty Limited (a company controlled by Fred Bart – Chairman) and Link Enterprises Group each agreed to provide an unsecured loan facility of up to \$1m each for the period to 31 December 2021 at an interest rate of 6%. The term of these loan facilities was extended on 31 December 2021 by six months to 30 June 2022 at the same interest rate. On 31 December 2021, 4F Investments Pty Limited agreed to increase its loan facility from \$1m to \$2m on the same terms and conditions. As at 31 December 2021, there were available unused facilities of \$1.6m.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
14.	Provisions	Ŧ	*
	Employee benefits	270,205	295,683
15.	Issued capital		
	Issued and paid up capital		
	Fully paid Ordinary Shares		
	Balance at the beginning of the financial year	73,092,487	66,217,433
	Placement for cash at \$17.32 per share	-	<u>6,875,054</u>
	Balance at the end of the financial year	73,092,487	73,092,487
		Number	<u>Number</u>
	Fully paid Ordinary Shares		
	Balance at the beginning of the financial year	28,698,663	28,301,720
	Placement for cash at \$17.32 per share		<u>396,943</u>
	Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>28,698,663</u>	<u>28,698,663</u>

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the rights to dividends.

Changes in the Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefor the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and issued shares do not have a par value.

16. Employee Share Option Plan

The consolidated entity has an ownership-based compensation scheme for employees (including directors) of the company. In accordance with the provisions of the scheme, as approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting, employees with more than three months service with the company may be granted options to purchase ordinary shares at exercise prices determined by the directors based on market prices at the time the issue of options were made.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

16. Employee Share Option Plan (cont)

Each share option converts to one ordinary share in Audio Pixels Holdings Limited. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the options. The options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of expiry.

The number of options granted is determined by the directors and takes into account the company's and individual achievements against both qualitative and quantitative criteria.

On 13 January 2011, shareholders approved the adoption of an Employee Share Option Plan.

(a) Unlisted Options issued under the Employee Share Option Plan

	2021		2020	
	Number	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number	Weighted average exercise price \$
Polonce at the heginning				
Balance at the beginning of the financial year (i)	203,000	16.20	203,000	16.20
Granted during the year	203,000	10.20	203,000	10.20
(ii)	122,000	27.70	-	-
Exercised during the	,			
year (iii)	-	-	-	-
Lapsed during the year				
(iv)	(30,000)	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the				
financial year (v)	295,000	22.60	203,000	16.20
Exercisable at end of the				
year	173,000	-	-	-

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

16. Employee Share Option Plan (cont)

(i) Balance at the beginning of the year

	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Fair value at grant date
2021	203,000	17/12/18	17/12/21*	16.20	\$1,421,406
2020	203,000	17/12/18	17/12/21*	16.20	\$1,421,406

Staff options carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights.

* These options commence to vest after 17 December 2020 and continuous employment on the basis of one twelfth of the total number each month in the twelve month period to 17 December 2021. The expiry date of the 173,000 options was extended by the Directors to 17 June 2022. All the 173,000 options were fully vested at 31 December 2021.

(ii) Granted during the year

	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Fair value at grant date
2021					
Staff options	122,000	16/4/21	16/4/25	<u>27.70</u>	<u>\$1,241,960</u>
2020					
Staff options					

The following inputs were used in the model for the option grants made on 16 April 2021:

0.00%
55.00%
0.43%
1,460 days
\$26.50
\$27.20

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

16. Employee Share Option Plan (cont)

(v) Exercised during the year

There were no options exercised during the year.

(iv) Lapsed during the year

30,000.

(v) Balance at the end of the financial year

	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Fair value at grant date
2021					
Staff options Staff options	122,000 <u>173,000</u>	16/4/21 <u>17/12/18</u>	16/4/25 <u>17/06/22*</u>	\$27.70 <u>\$16.20</u>	\$1,241,960 <u>\$1,316,876</u>
2020					
Staff options	203,000	<u>17/12/18</u>	<u>17/12/21*</u>	<u>\$16.20</u>	<u>\$1,421,406</u>

Staff options carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights.

*All options granted to staff on 17 December 2018 have a vesting condition that the employee must be employed by the consolidated entity at the time of vesting. These options vest after 17 December 2020 and continuous employment on the basis of one twelfth of the total number each month in the twelve month period to 17 December 2021. The expiry date of the 173,000 options was extended by the Directors from 17 December 2021 to 17 June 2022.

As a result of the extended expiry date, the options value increased by \$105,530 which has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The difference between the total fair value of the options issued during the financial year, at the date of issue, and the total amount received from the employees (nil) is recognised in the financial statements over the vesting period as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

17.]	Reserves	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
]	Foreign currency translation		
r	Balance at the beginning of the financial year Translation of foreign operations Balance at end of financial year	(968,266) (2,390,147) (3,358,413)	(4,228,046) <u>3,259,780</u> (968,266)
]	Foreign currency translation		
6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the consolidated entity's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the consolidated entity's presentation currency (i.e. Australian dollars) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences previously accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve are reclassified to profit and loss on the disposal of the foreign operation.		
]	Equity settled option reserve		
]	Balance at the beginning of the financial year Add share based payments in respect of options Balance at end of financial year	5,552,761 <u>528,569</u> <u>6,081,330</u>	5,041,902 <u>510,859</u> <u>5,552,761</u>
	The above equity-settled option reserve relates to share options granted by the Company.		
I	Minority acquisition reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of the financial year Balance at end of financial year	(25,538,692) (25,538,692)	(25,538,692) (25,538,692)
r	Total Reserves	(22,815,775)	<u>(20,954,197)</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

		31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
18.	Accumulated losses		
	Balance at the beginning of the financial year (Loss) for the year attributable to owners of the	(46,361,428)	(34,259,061)
	company Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>(3,309,869)</u> (49,671,297)	<u>(12,102,367)</u> (46,361,428)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

31 December	31 December
2021	2020
\$	\$

19. Notes to the statement of cash flows

(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investments in money market instruments maturing within less than 3 months at the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>748,373</u>	4,750,888
(b) Restricted cash		
Cash held as security for future lease payments	<u>64,374</u>	<u>58,662</u>

Restricted cash amounts are included in the cash and cash equivalents amounts above.

(c) Reconciliation of (loss) for the period to net cash outflows from operating activities

(Loss) after related income tax	(3,309,869)	(12,102,367)
Amortisation	78,860	83,257
Depreciation	422,554	426,583
Foreign exchange (gains)/ losses	(2,606,203)	3,515,277
(Gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(689)	-
Share based payments	528,569	510,859
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in assets		
Current trade and other receivables	(7,570)	93,453
Non-current trade and other receivables	(3,381)	261
Increase /(decrease) in liabilities		
Provisions	(25,478)	32,899
Current trade payables	(108,217)	(17,881)
1 5 6 6 6	<u>, </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(5,031,424)	(7,457,659)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

20. Related Party Transactions

(a) Directors

The Directors of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited in office during the year were Fred Bart, Ian Dennis and Cheryl Bart.

(b) KMP Remuneration

The aggregate compensation of the key management personnel of the company is set out below:

	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
Short-term employee benefits	623,624	608,738
Post employment benefits	<u>95,806</u>	<u>92,219</u>
	<u>719,430</u>	<u>700,957</u>

The remuneration above relates to directors fees, consultancy fees and superannuation paid to entities associated with Fred Bart, Cheryl Bart and Ian Dennis and the remuneration of one senior executive of Audio Pixels Limited in Israel and one senior executive of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited.

(c) Transactions with related entities

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company paid a total of \$108,104 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$107,857) to 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Fred Bart in respect of directors fees and superannuation for Mr Fred Bart and Mrs Cheryl Bart.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company paid a total of \$41,156 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$41,063) to Dennis Corporate Services Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Ian Dennis in respect of directors fees and superannuation.

During the year, the company entered into unsecured loan facilities with 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Fred Bart, totalling \$2m at an interest rate of 6%. The loan facility was drawn to \$1m at 31 December 2021 and is repayable by 30 June 2022. Interest to 31 December 2021 of \$9,136 has been accrued in the financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

31 December 31 December 2021 2020

20. Related Party Transactions (cont)

During the year ended 31December 2021, the Company paid 30,000 (31 December 2020 – 30,000) to Dennis Corporate Services Pty Limited, a company associated with Mr Ian Dennis in respect of consulting fees for company secretarial and accounting services.

On 1 June 2018, the company exercised an option to renew a lease in respect of office premises at Suite 3, Level 12, 75 Elizabeth Street Sydney for a period of forty eight months to 30 March 2022. The Company recharged \$18,970 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$31,598) of the rent and other tenancy charges to Electro Optic Systems Holdings Limited, a company of which Fred Bart and Ian Dennis were directors of until 27 July 2021 and 28 May 2021 respectively and \$40,488 (year ended 31 December 2020 - \$22,289) to 4F Investments Pty Limited, a company controlled by Fred Bart.

21. Earnings per Share

Basic (loss) per share Diluted (loss) per share (b)	<u>(11.53) cents</u> (11.53) cents	(42.50) cents (42.50) cents
(Loss) (a)	(3,309,869)	(12,102,367)
Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares	28,698,213	<u>28,475,722</u>

- (a) (Loss) used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are the same as the net (loss) in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- (b) There are potential ordinary shares to be issued in relation to the issue of 173,000 unlisted employee options issued on 17 December 2018 at an exercise price of \$16.20. These options expire on 17 June 2022. The unlisted employee options have not been included in dilutive EPS, as they are anti-dilutive.
- (c) There are potential ordinary shares to be issued in relation to the issue of 122,000 unlisted employee options issued on 16 April 2021 at an exercise price of \$27.70. These options expire on 16 April 2025. The unlisted employee options have not been included in dilutive EPS, as they are anti-dilutive.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

22. Segment Information

AASB 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the consolidated entity that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess performance.

The identification of the consolidated entity's reportable segments has not changed from those disclosed in the previous 2020 report.

The consolidated entity operates in Australia and Israel.

Products and services within each segment

Digital speakers

The subsidiary company in Israel is developing a digital speaker and has not reached the stage of generating any revenue from the technology.

	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
Segment Revenues		
Digital speakers Total of all segments	<u>108,691</u> <u>108,691</u>	<u>191,434</u> <u>191,434</u>
Segment Results		
Digital speakers (Loss) before income tax Income tax gain/ (expense)	(3,309,869) (3,309,869)	$(12,102,367) \\ (12,102,367) \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ $
(Loss) for the period	<u>(3,309,869)</u>	(12,102,367)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

22. Segment Information (cont)

Segment Assets and Liabilities

	Assets		Liabilities	
	31	31	31	31
	December	December	December	December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Digital speakers	4,131,762	7,972,669	<u>3,526,347</u>	2,195,807
Total all segments	4,131,762	7,972,669	3,526,347	2,195,807
Unallocated				
Consolidated	4,131,762	7,972,669	<u>3,526,347</u>	2,195,807

Assets used jointly by reportable segments are allocated on the basis of the revenue earned by the individual reportable segments.

Other Segment Information

	Depreciation and amortisation of segment		Acquisition of segment assets	
	asse	ets		
	31	31	31	31
	December	December	December	December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Digital speakers	501,414	<u>509,836</u>	<u>158,471</u>	105,038
Total all segments	501,414	509,836	158,471	105,038
Unallocated				
Consolidated	<u>501,414</u>	<u>509,836</u>	<u>158,471</u>	<u>105,038</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

22. Segment Information (cont)

Information on Geographical Segments 31 December 2021

Geographical	Revenue from	Segment Assets	Acquisition of
Segments	External		Segment Assets
	Customers		
	\$	\$	\$
Australia	108,691	2,681,583	-
Israel		<u>1,450,179</u>	<u>158,471</u>
Total	108,691	<u>4,131,762</u>	<u>158,471</u>

31 December 2020

Geographical	Revenue from	Segment Assets	Acquisition of
Segments	External		Segment Assets
	Customers		
	\$	\$	\$
Australia	191,434	6,875,673	-
Israel		<u>1,096,996</u>	<u>105,038</u>
Total	<u>191,434</u>	<u>7,972,669</u>	<u>105,038</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

23. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The consolidated entity's principal financial instruments held during the year comprise receivables, payables, cash and short term deposits.

Due to the small size of the consolidated entity significant risk management decisions are taken by the board of directors. These risks include market risk (including fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Directors do not plan to eliminate risk altogether, rather they plan to identify and respond to risks in a way that creates value for the company and its shareholders. Directors and shareholders appreciate that in order for the consolidated entity to compete and grow, a long term strategy needs to involve risk taking for reward.

The consolidated entity does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge these risk exposures.

Risk Exposures and Responses

(a) Interest rate risk

The consolidated entity's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to the consolidated entity's cash holdings and short term deposits.

At balance date, the consolidated entity had the following mix of financial assets exposed to Australian interest rate risk that are not designated in cash flow hedges:

	31 December	31 December	
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	748,373	4,750,888	

The consolidated entity constantly analyses its interest rate exposure. Within this analysis consideration is given to potential renewals of existing positions, alternative financing and the mix of fixed and variable interest rates.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

23. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)(a) Interest rate risk (cont)

At 31 December 2021, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax (loss) and equity would have been affected as follows:

Judgements of reasonably possible movements	Post Tax Loss Higher/(Lower)		Equit Higher/(L	•
	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$	31 December 2021 \$	31 December 2020 \$
Consolidated entity +1% (100 basis points) -0.004% (0.00%)	7,510	50,944 (3,435)	7,510	50,944 (3,435)

The movements in losses are due to higher/lower interest rates on cash and cash equivalents balances. The cash and cash equivalents balances were lower in December 2021 than in December 2020 and interest rates were lower – accordingly the sensitivity is lower.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The consolidated entity has a foreign currency risk since the acquisition of Audio Pixels Limited. Audio Pixels Limited operates in Israel and all transfer of funds to Audio Pixels Limited are denominated in US dollars. The consolidated entity does not hedge its US dollar exposure.

The carrying amounts of the consolidated entity's foreign currency (US\$) denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Liabilities			Assets
	31 31		31	31
	December	December	December	December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash				
equivalents	-	-	623,508	1,344,060
Trade and other				
receivables	-	-	50,145	44,733
Trade and other payables	1,475,787	1,590,070	-	-

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

23. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)

All US\$ denominated financial instruments were translated to A\$ at 31 December 2021 at the exchange rate of 0.7261 (2020: 0.7707).

At 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, had the Australian Dollar moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax loss and equity would have been affected as follows:

Judgements of reasonably possible movements		Post Tax Loss Higher/(Lower)		ity Lower)
	2021 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
Consolidated AUD/USD +10% AUD/USD -5%	434,749 <u>(251,797)</u>	685,606 <u>(396,931)</u>	434,749 (251797)	685,606 <u>(396,931)</u>

Management believes the balance date risk exposures are representative of risk exposure inherent in financial instruments.

(c) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties which are continuously monitored.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are major banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit agencies.

(d) Liquidity risk management

The consolidated entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The consolidated entity's investments in money market instruments all have a maturity of less than 3 months.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

23. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)

(d) Liquidity risk management (cont)

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, who have built an appropriate risk management framework for the management of the consolidated entity's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity requirements. The consolidated entity manages liquidity by maintaining adequate cash reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and managing maturity profiles of financial assets.

The following tables detail the consolidated entity's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial assets and non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets and financial liabilities including interest that will be earned on these assets except where the consolidated entity anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month \$	1-3 months \$	3 months to 1 year \$	1-5 years \$
31 December 2021					
Assets					
Non interest bearing	0.00%	683,264	-	-	-
Fixed rate					
instruments	0.004%	65,111	-	-	-
Liabilities					
Non interest bearing	0.00%	1,522,467	-	-	-
Unsecured loans	6.00%	-	1,400,000	-	-
31 December 2020					
Assets					
Non interest bearing	0.00%	506,192	-	-	-
Fixed rate					
instruments	0.1%	3,976,637	-	-	-
Liabilities					
Non interest bearing	0.00%	1,630,684	-	-	-

All financial liabilities are expected to be settled under commercial terms of within 12 months.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

23. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont)

(e) Commodity price risk

The consolidated entity has no exposure to commodity price risk.

(f) Other price risks

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

24. Subsequent events

The Directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

25. Parent entity disclosures

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020 \$
Financial position		Ϋ́
Assets		
Current assets	131,151	4,195,859
Non-current assets	48,612,716	41,150,507
Total assets	48,743,867	45,346,366
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,584,168	295,721
Non-current liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>27,863</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,584,168</u>	323,584
Net assets	47,159,699	45,022,782
Equity		
Issued capital	73,092,487	73,092,487
Reserves	(19,457,362)	(19,985,932)
(Accumulated losses)	<u>(6,475,426)</u>	<u>(8,083,773)</u>
Total equity	<u>47,159,699</u>	45,022,782
Financial performance		
Profit/ (Loss) for the period	1,608,347	(4,477,441)
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>	
	1,608,347	<u>(4,477,441)</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 (Continued)

26. Controlled Entity

Name of Entity	Country of Incorporation	31 December 2021 %	31 December 2020 %
Parent Entity Audio Pixels Holdings			
Limited	Australia		
Controlled Entities Audio Pixels Limited Audio Pixels Technologies Pty	Israel	100.00	100.00
Limited	Australia	100.00	100.00

27. Commitments

The subsidiary company, Audio Pixels Limited of Israel has entered into various purchase orders and commitments of \$258,841 (2020: \$122,808) with various strategic partners which will become payable once qualified products are delivered to the company.

On 17 December 2021, the Consolidated entity announced to the Australian Stock Exchange Limited that it had entered into an agreement with Earth Mountain (Shanghai) Intelligent Technology Co., Limited to mass produce Audio Pixels' transformational digital loudspeaker products.

28. Additional company information

Audio Pixels Holdings Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and operating in Australia.

Registered Office and Principal Place of Business

Suite 3, Level 12 75 Elizabeth Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia Tel: (02) 9233 3915 Fax: (02) 9232 3411 www.audiopixels.com.au

The Company has 15 (2020: 15) employees.

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report.

HOME EXCHANGE

The Company's ordinary shares are quoted on the Australian Stock Exchange Limited under the trading symbol "AKP". The Home Exchange is Sydney. The Company also has a Level 1 American Depositary Receipts (ADR) program and quotation on the OTC market in the United State of America under the code "ADPXY" which is under the NASDAQ International Designation program.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At 16 February 2022 the following substantial shareholders were registered:

	Ordinary Shares	Percentage of total Ordinary Shares
Fred Bart Group	5,819,122	20.28%
Link Traders (Aust) Pty Ltd	1,970,588	6.87%
Lee Ka Lau	1,537,374	5.36%

VOTING RIGHTS

At 16 February 2022 there were 2,457 holders of fully paid ordinary shares.

Rule 74 of the Company's Constitution stipulates the voting rights of members as follows:

"Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares and to this Constitution:

(a) on a show of hands every person present in the capacity of a Member or a proxy, attorney or representative (or in more than one of these capacities) has one vote; and

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Cont)

(b) On a poll every person present who is a Member or proxy, attorney or representative has member present has:

(i) For each fully paid share that the person holds or represents - one vote; and

(ii) For each share other than a fully paid share that the person holds or represents – that proportion of one vote that the amount paid (not credited) on the shares bears to the total amount paid and payable on the share (excluding amounts credited)."

OTHER INFORMATION

In accordance with Listing Rule 4.10.19, the Company has used the cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission in a way consistent with its business objectives.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

At 16 February 2022 the distribution of ordinary shareholdings were:

Range	Ordinary Shareholders	Number of Shares	Percentage of Shares
1-1,000	1,466	497,817	1.73%
1,001 - 5,000	579	1,475,379	5.14%
5,001 - 10,000	192	1,532,083	5.34%
10,001 - 100,000	186	5,067,148	17.66%
100,001 and over	34	20,126,236	70.13%
	2,457	28,698,663	100.00%

There were 129 ordinary shareholders with less than a marketable parcel.

There is no current on-market buy-back.

TWENTY LARGEST ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS

At 16 February 2022 the 20 largest ordinary shareholders held 63.28% of the total issued fully paid quoted ordinary shares of 28,698,663.

Shareholder	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	Percentage of Total
1. N & J Properties Pty Limited	3,565,000	12.42%
2. Altshuler Shacham Trusts Ltd	2,997,585	10.45%
3. BNP Paribus Nominees Pty Ltd	1,780,942	6.21%
4. Link Traders (Aust) Pty Limited	1,678,626	5.85%
5. HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Pty Ltd	1,416,228	4.93%
6. Frederick Bart	874,325	3.05%
7. Bart Superannuation Pty Limited	782,777	2.73%
8. James John Bart	716,013	2.49%
9. Kam Superannuation Fund Pty Limited	650,000	2.26%
10. Jamber Investments Pty Ltd	590,000	2.06%
11. Cheryl Bart	500,000	1.74%
12. Arvada Pty Limited	387,000	1.35%
13. Citicorp Nominees Pty Ltd	361,646	1.26%
14. Emichrome Pty Limited	353,843	1.23%
15. Brent McCarty, Yvonne McCarty and		
Zeljan Unkovich	304,014	1.06%
16. Decante Pty Ltd	300,000	1.05%
17. Brigadier Pty Limited < Ian Dennis Super Fund A/C>	257,600	0.90%
18. Nicole Bart	250,000	0.87%
19. Norlip Pty Ltd < Norbert Lipton S/F A/C>	205,320	0.71%
20. BNP Paribus Nominees Pty Ltd	189,709	0.66%
	<u>18,160,628</u>	<u>63.28%</u>