

## 30 JUNE 2022 FINANCIAL REPORT

### ASX RELEASE

28 September 2022

### DIRECTORS / MANAGEMENT

**Russell Davis**  
Chairman

**Daniel Thomas**  
Managing Director

**Ziggy Lubieniecki**  
Non-Executive Director

**David Church**  
Non-Executive Director

**Mark Pitts**  
Company Secretary

**Mark Whittle**  
Chief Operating Officer

### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

#### ASX Code: HMX

Share Price (28/9/2022)	\$0.048
Shares on Issue	820m
Market Cap	\$39m
Options Unlisted	21m
Performance Rights	8m

**Hammer Metals Limited** (ASX:HMX) ("Hammer" or the "Company") attaches the Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

*This announcement has been authorised for issue Mark Pitts, Company Secretary, Hammer Metals Limited in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 15.5.*

For further information please contact:

**Daniel Thomas**  
Managing Director

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**HAMMER METALS LIMITED**

**ABN 87 095 092 158**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**30 JUNE 2022**

HAMMER METALS LIMITED  
and its Controlled Entities

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**Competent Person Statements**

The information in this report as it relates to exploration results and geology was compiled by Mr. Mark Whittle, who is a Fellow of the AusIMM and an employee of the Company. Mr. Whittle, who is a shareholder and option-holder, has sufficient experience which is relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposit under consideration and to the activities which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Whittle consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Hammer Metals Limited ("the Company" or "Hammer") and of the Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the auditor's report thereon.

### 1. DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year or since the end of the financial year are set out below.

**Russell Davis** – Non-Executive Chairman  
BSc (Honours) MBA MAusIMM, MAICD

Russell Davis is a Geologist with over 30 years' experience in the mineral resources business. He has worked on the exploration and development of a range of commodities for a number of international and Australian companies, holding senior technical and corporate positions including Chief Mine Geologist, Exploration Manager and Managing Director. Mr Davis was a founding Director of Gold Road Resources Limited and also Syndicated Metals Limited where he was Managing Director from December 2007 to March 2012. Mr Davis has been a Director of Hammer Metals (Australia) Pty Ltd since its inception in 2012.

**Daniel Thomas** – Managing Director  
BSc, MBA

Daniel Thomas has over 20 years' experience in operations, corporate development, project management and project finance having completed undergraduate studies in Chemistry and Geology as well as attaining an MBA from the Melbourne Business School. During his career, Mr Thomas has worked across Australia, North America, Asia and Africa, in a wide range of commodities, including base and precious metals. Mr Thomas' most recent role before joining the Company was as Business Development Manager at Sandfire Resources (ASX:SFR), where he was instrumental in utilising cash-flows generated by the DeGrussa Copper-Gold Mine to grow the Company both organically through exploration and through business development initiatives, including several acquisitions, investments and joint ventures. Prior to his time at Sandfire Resources Limited, Mr Thomas held roles with Wesfarmers, PTT Asia Pacific Mining and Mitsui E&P Australia.

**Zbigniew Lubieniecki** – Non-Executive Director  
BSc (Applied Geology), MAIG

Zbigniew ("Ziggy") Lubieniecki holds a Bachelor of Science (Applied Geology) and is an experienced exploration geologist with more than 30 years' experience in exploration, mining, management, property acquisition and company listings. Mr Lubieniecki has held senior positions including Chief Mine Geologist for Plutonic Resources Limited and exploration Manager for Australian Platinum Mines and was most recently an Executive Director of Gold Road Resources Limited. Mr Lubieniecki has had a successful exploration career including the discovery of the 6.2-million-ounce Gruyere gold deposit.

**David Church** – Non-Executive Director  
LLB

David Church is currently the non-executive Chairman of Caprice Resources Limited and a consultant to the Hong-Kong Stock Exchange-listed Regent Pacific Group Limited, performing the functions of General Counsel and Head of Mergers and Acquisitions. Mr Church is a qualified solicitor and has practiced in Australia with Clayton Utz, and in the UK and Hong Kong with Linklaters.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 2. DIRECTORSHIPS OF OTHER LISTED COMPANIES

Directorships of other ASX listed companies held by Directors in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

Name	Company	Period of Directorship
Russell Davis	M3 Mining Limited	July 2021 – current <sup>1</sup>
Daniel Thomas	None	-
Zbigniew Lubieniecki	Cosmo Metals	August 2021 - current
David Church	Caprice Resources Limited	October 2019 - current

<sup>1</sup> – Mr Davis was a director of M3 Mining Limited prior to its listing on the Australian Securities Exchange in July 2021.

### 3. COMPANY SECRETARY

**Mark Pitts** – Company Secretary  
B.Bus, FCA, GAICD

Mr Pitts is a Chartered Accountant with over 30 years' experience in statutory reporting and business administration. He has been directly involved with, and consulted to, a number of public companies holding senior financial management positions. Mr Pitts is a Director in the corporate advisory firm Endeavour Corporate providing secretarial support, corporate and compliance advice to a number of ASX listed public companies.

### 4. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' meetings held, and the number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during their term in office in the financial year is as follows.

Director	Meetings held while in office	Meetings attended
Mr R Davis	7	7
Mr D Thomas	7	7
Mr Z Lubieniecki	7	7
Mr D Church	7	7

The Company does not have any committees. Matters usually considered by an audit, remuneration or nomination committee were dealt with by the whole Board during regular Board meetings.

### 5. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was mineral exploration in Australia.

### 6. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group incurred an after-tax loss for the year of \$645,270 (2021: \$611,525).

#### **Corporate:**

The following issues of ordinary shares were completed during the year:

- On 15 July 2021, following approval granted at the general meeting of shareholders held in July 2021, 6,842,104 shares were issued to directors raising \$650,000 before costs. These shares represented participation of the Company's Directors in the share placement completed during the previous financial year.
- On 21 December 2021, 1,500,000 shares were issued upon the exercise of performance rights held by the Company's managing director which had vested in October 2021.
- On 27 May 2021, 400,000 shares were issued upon the exercise of options at 3.2 cents each (\$ 0.032), raising \$17,600 before costs.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

A total of 2,000,000 unquoted options exercisable at \$0.04 on or before 13 May 2025 were issued to a corporate advisor in accordance with a mandate agreement.

During the financial year no options expired or lapsed unexercised.

Since the end of the financial year, no options have been granted or expired.

The following performance rights were exercised during the year:

- 750,000 performance rights, vesting on 21 October 2021.
- 750,000 performance rights, vesting on 21 October 2021, subject to achieving a minimum share price of \$0.036 for a period of 30 days.

No performance rights were issued or expired during, or since the end of the financial year. Subsequent to the end of the financial year, on 4 August 2022, a total of 7,650,000 options exercisable at 3.2 cents each (\$0.032) were exercised. These options were exercised utilising a cashless exercise facility, and therefore a total of 4,664,633 new ordinary shares were issued.

### **Exploration Activities:**

Hammer is currently exploring in two great minerals provinces, focused on the discovery of copper and gold deposits. In the Mount Isa region, the Company has embarked on an aggressive exploration program looking to build upon its existing JORC compliant copper/gold resources. Hammer continues to advance its gold exploration activities in the Yandal Belt in WA, focusing on targets near the former Bronzewing gold mine.

### **Queensland - Mount Isa Region Projects**

In the Mount Isa base metals district, Hammer has four projects with established copper gold JORC resources. The company is committed to growing its metal inventory near these existing resources, in addition to exploring the district for large iron oxide copper-gold (IOCG) deposits of the Ernest Henry style (approximately 220 million tonnes at 1.1% Cu and 0.5g/t Au). The Group holds approximately 2,600 km<sup>2</sup> of tenure in the Mt. Isa region. A systematic IOCG targeting exercise within the Mount Isa region is ongoing through the Mt Isa East JV and 100% funded activities.

#### Mount Isa Project – wholly-owned projects

Hammer's activities in the Mount Isa region are predominantly focused on the Trafalgar to Jubilee copper/gold mineralisation trend. The company completed 7,792m of Reverse Circulation ("RC") drilling (52 holes) and 800m of Diamond Drilling (two holes) at ten distinct targets (Ajax, Ajax East, Overlander South, Kalman, Lakeview, Sirius, Morning Star and Lady Kate). The highlights from these drilling programs were the identification of the Ajax East sulphide trend and multiple shallow intersections in the northern part of the Kalman project opening up the potential for resource upgrades at the project.

Several significant geophysical, geochemical and mapping programs were completed during the year with numerous new targets being generated. A drilling program is ongoing at the time of this report focusing on the Ajax East Sulphide trend before a return to extensional testing at the Kalman project which will look to increase the copper/gold/molybdenum and rhenium resource of the project.

#### Mt Isa East Joint Venture ("MIEJV")

Following a formal sale process, JOGMEC sold their interest in the MIEJV to Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania. Work on the MIEJV continued throughout the year, including 2,121m of RC drilling and 631m of Diamond Drilling at six distinct targets.

### **Western Australia - Bronzewing South Project**

Hammer's tenements cover prospective structural trends in the core of the Yandal Greenstone Belt. This region has reported greater than 24Moz of current and historical gold production from deposits such as Bronzewing, Jundee, Mt McClure, Darlot and Thunderbox.

During the year the company completed the first deep RC drilling program on the tenement immediately south of the 3million ounce Bronzewing gold mine. A total of 13 holes for 3,554m of RC drilling was completed (See ASX announcement 23 December 2021).

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Work continued on Hammer's North Orelia prospect with the reporting of results from a 9,700m, 309-hole air core drilling program. An extensive 5000 sample soil geochemical program was completed with results awaited at the time of this report. Separate air core and reverse circulation drilling programs have been designed for this project area and will be considered for testing in the upcoming financial year.

### *Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic*

During the first half of the financial year, Hammer was impacted by COVID-19 related border closures, however the Board has instituted several measures to ensure that delays and disruptions from these closures were kept to a minimum. Minor disruptions with COVID illnesses on site in early 2022 were experienced, however ongoing disruptions are not expected.

## 7. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared by the Company during the financial year.

## 8. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

Subsequent to year end the following events have occurred:

- On 4 August 2022, a total of 7,650,000 options exercisable at 3.2 cents each (\$0.032) were exercised. These options were exercised utilising a cashless exercise facility, and therefore a total of 4,664,633 new ordinary shares were issued.

Other than the above, there has not been any other matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.

The COVID-19 pandemic is ongoing and while it has yet to have a significant financial impact on the Group, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is constantly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

## 9. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Company will continue planning and executing exploration and development work on its existing projects in Australia as well as projects under review in Australia to complement and expand on existing tenement holdings.

## 10. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each Director in the shares and options of the Company as notified by the Directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with S205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Ordinary shares	Unlisted options	Performance Rights
Mr R Davis	41,244,013	2,000,000	-
Mr D Thomas	4,000,000	7,000,000	8,000,000
Mr Z Lubieniecki	64,493,551	1,500,000	-
Mr D Church	1,052,631	1,000,000	-

The above table includes indirect shareholdings held by related parties to the directors.

## 11. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

In the course of its normal mining and exploration activities Hammer adheres to environmental regulations imposed on it by the various regulatory authorities, particularly those regulations relating to ground disturbance and the protection of rare and endangered flora and fauna. Hammer has complied with all material environmental requirements up to the date of this report. The Board believes that Hammer has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to it.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 12. REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED

#### 12.1 Principles of compensation

Remuneration levels for key management personnel and other staff of Hammer are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced personnel and therefore includes a combination of cash paid and the issuance of options and rights. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and senior executives for Hammer. Staff remuneration is reviewed annually.

#### *Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth*

In establishing performance measures and benchmarks to ensure incentive plans are appropriately structured to align corporate behaviour with the long-term creation of shareholder wealth, the Board has regard for the stage of development of the Company's business, share price, operational and business development achievements (including results of exploration activities) that are of future benefit to the Company. In considering Hammer's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board have regarded the following indices in respect to the current and previous four financial years:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Loss per share (cents)	(0.08)	(0.08)	(0.40)	(0.29)	(0.26)
Net loss (\$)	(645,270)	(611,525)	(1,978,610)	(852,517)	(673,062)
Share price at 30 June	\$0.045	\$0.092	\$0.043	\$0.023	\$0.025

#### *Service contracts*

##### **Daniel Thomas** – Managing Director:

The Company entered into an Executive Service agreement with Mr Thomas on 1 August 2021. An Executive service fee of \$275,000 (plus superannuation at 10%) per annum is payable with an indefinite term. Either Party can terminate the agreement subject to a three-month notice period. Mr Thomas is not entitled to any termination payments other than for services rendered at time of termination.

##### **Mark Pitts** – Company Secretary

Mr Pitts is a Director in the corporate advisory firm Endeavour Corporate providing secretarial support and corporate and compliance advice, pursuant to a contract between Endeavour Corporate and the Company. The contract with Endeavour Corporate has no fixed term with the option of termination by either party with two months' written notice. Mr Pitts is not entitled to any termination payments other than for services rendered at time of termination.

##### **Non-executive directors**

All non-executive Directors receive a fixed annual Directors' fee of \$50,000 (inclusive of superannuation benefits as required under the applicable legislation). The Chair receives a fixed annual fee of \$75,000 (inclusive of superannuation benefits as required under the applicable legislation).

The maximum aggregate amount of non-executive Directors' fees payable by the Company as approved by the shareholders at the 2011 annual general meeting is \$300,000 per annum.

#### *Share trading policy*

In December 2010, Hammer introduced a share trading policy which sets out the circumstances in which directors, executives, employees and other designated persons may deal with securities held by them in the Company. This includes any shares or any other securities issued by the Company such as options. The policy includes restriction on key management personnel and other employees from entering into arrangements that limit their exposure to losses that would result from share price decreases. Entering into such arrangements has been prohibited by law since 1 July 2011.



**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

**12.2 Directors' and senior executives' remuneration**

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of each director of the Company and other key management personnel of the Group are:

Year Ended 30 June 2022	Short term			Long term		Total	Proportion of remuneration performance related %	Value of options and rights as proportion of remuneration %
	Salary & fees \$	Consulting fees \$	Movement in leave accruals <sup>1</sup> \$	Superannuation benefits \$	Options and Rights \$			
<b>Directors</b>								
<b>Executive</b>								
Mr D Thomas	270,417	-	10,158	27,041	62,492 <sup>2</sup>	370,108	16.9	16.9
<b>Non-executive</b>								
Mr R Davis	57,955	8,500	-	5,796	-	72,251	-	-
Mr Z Lubieniecki	38,636	42,375	-	3,864	-	84,875	-	-
Mr D Church	41,364	-	-	4,136	-	45,500	-	-
<b>Total - Directors</b>	<b>408,372</b>	<b>50,875</b>	<b>10,158</b>	<b>40,837</b>	<b>62,492</b>	<b>572,734</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>10.9</b>
<b>Other Key Management Personnel</b>								
<b>Executives</b>								
Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-	-
<b>Total – all key management personnel</b>	<b>468,372</b>	<b>50,875</b>	<b>10,158</b>	<b>40,837</b>	<b>62,492</b>	<b>632,734</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>9.9</b>

<sup>1</sup> – Represents the accounting value of the movement in accrued leave liabilities, and not amounts paid to the member of Key Management Personnel.

<sup>2</sup> – Includes both instruments issued during the current period and the vesting expense of options and rights issued during a previous period.

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

Year Ended 30 June 2021	Short term			Long term		Total	Proportion of remuneration performance related	Value of options and rights as proportion of remuneration
	Salary & fees	Consulting fees	Movement in leave accruals <sup>1</sup>	Superannuation benefits	Options and Rights			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
<b>Directors</b>								
<b>Executive</b>								
Mr D Thomas	220,000	-	8,723	20,900	81,045 <sup>2</sup>	330,668	14.6%	24.5%
<b>Non-executive</b>								
Mr R Davis	60,000	-	-	5,463	47,000	112,463	-	41.8%
Mr Z Lubieniecki	40,000	40,708	-	3,800	35,250	119,758	-	29.4%
Mr D Church	40,000	-	-	3,800	23,500	67,300	-	34.9%
<b>Total - Directors</b>	<b>360,000</b>	<b>40,708</b>	<b>8,723</b>	<b>33,963</b>	<b>186,795</b>	<b>630,189</b>	<b>7.67%</b>	<b>29.6%</b>
<b>Other Key Management Personnel</b>								
<b>Executives</b>								
Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)	58,500	-	-	-	-	58,500	-	-
<b>Total – all key management personnel</b>	<b>418,500</b>	<b>40,708</b>	<b>8,723</b>	<b>33,963</b>	<b>186,795</b>	<b>688,689</b>	<b>7.02%</b>	<b>27.1%</b>

<sup>1</sup> – Represents the accounting value of the movement in accrued leave liabilities, and not amounts paid to the member of Key Management Personnel.

<sup>2</sup> – Represents the vesting expense of options and rights issued during a previous period.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 12.3 Value of options to executives

The value of options will only be realised if and when the market price of the Company shares, as quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange, rises above the Exercise Price of the options. Further details of the options are contained below.

### 12.4 Options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation

No options were granted to key management personnel during the year. 4,500,000 options were granted to the Non-Executive Directors during the previous financial year. The terms of these options and rights are noted in the table below.

### 12.5 Analysis of options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation

#### Granted during the current financial year

No options were granted as remuneration to key management personnel during the year.

#### Granted during previous financial years

The following options were granted as remuneration to key management personnel during the prior year.

Key Management Personnel	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
Russell Davis	2,000,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-
Zbigniew Lubieniecki	1,500,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-
David Church	1,000,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Directors
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.037
Exercise price	\$0.05
Grant date	30 November 2020
Expiration date	30 November 2024
Vesting date	Immediate
Life (years)	4
Volatility	100%
Risk free rate	0.20%
Dividend Yield	-
Number of options	4,500,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0235
Remaining life (years)	3.4
Total value	\$105,750
Value recognised to date	\$105,750
Value still to be recognised	-

The following performance rights, which all expire on 21 December 2024, were issued to the Company's Managing Director during the year:

- 1,000,000 Tranche 6 performance rights, vesting upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board;

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

- 1,000,000 Tranche 7 performance rights, vesting upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board; and
- 1,000,000 Tranche 8 performance rights, vesting upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

The number of rights under each tranche on issue during the current and previous financial year are as follows:

	30 June 2022 No.	30 June 2021 No.
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 3	-	750,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 4	-	750,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 5	5,000,000	5,000,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 6	1,000,000	-
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 7	1,000,000	-
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 8	1,000,000	-
	<b>8,000,000</b>	<b>6,500,000</b>

The fair value of the performance rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue. These fair values have not been adjusted as there exist no market-based performance conditions attached to the rights. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 6	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 7	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 8
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044
Grant date	29 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2021
Expiration date	21 Dec 2024	21 Dec 2024	21 Dec 2024
Vesting date	-	-	-
Life (years)	3	3	3
Discount applied (Note 1)	-	-	-
Number of rights	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Value per right	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044
Remaining life (years) (Note 2)	2.4	2.4	2.4
Total value	\$44,000	\$44,000	\$44,000
Value recognised to date	\$8,551	\$8,551	\$8,551
Value still to be recognised	\$35,449	\$35,449	\$35,449

Note 1 – all three tranches of performance rights issued during the year contain no market-based vesting conditions and therefore no discount has been applied.

Note 2 – the remaining life represents the time, in years, left until the expiry of the right.

### 12.6 Option holdings

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally-related entities, is as follows:

Key Management Personnel	Held at beginning of period/on appointment	Held at			Lapsed or Expired	Held at end of period / on resignation	Vested and exercisable at end of period
		Granted	Purchased	Exercised			
Mr R Davis	3,500,000	-	-	-	-	3,500,000	3,500,000
Mr D Thomas	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	7,000,000	7,000,000
Mr Z Lubieniecki	4,500,000	-	-	-	-	4,500,000	4,500,000
Mr D Church	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Mr M Pitts	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 12.7 Equity holdings and transactions

During the year, no shares were issued to key management personnel in lieu of fees for the prior year (2021: nil). The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally related entities, is as follows:

	Held at beginning of period/on appointment	Purchases	Sales	Granted in lieu of fees	Exercise of Options and Performance Rights	Held at end of period/on resignation
Mr R Davis	39,152,973	1,026,316	-	-	-	40,179,289
Mr D Thomas	2,241,407	258,593	-	-	1,500,000	4,000,000
Mr Z Lubieniecki	57,401,125	5,263,158	-	-	-	62,664,283
Mr D Church	-	1,052,631	-	-	-	1,052,631
Mr M Pitts	1,424,581	-	-	-	-	1,424,581

### 12.8 Performance right holdings

The movement during the reporting period in the number of performance rights over ordinary shares in Hammer Metals Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally-related entities, is as follows:

	Held at beginning of period/on appointment	Granted	Exercised	Other movements	Held at end of period / on resignation	Vested and exercisable at end of period
Mr R Davis	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr D Thomas	6,500,000	3,000,000	(1,500,000)	-	8,000,000	-
Mr Z Lubieniecki	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr D Church	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr M Pitts	-	-	-	-	-	-

### 12.9 Key management personnel transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions which have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year exclusive of GST:

Key management Personnel	Transaction	Transaction value year ended		Balance outstanding as at	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Mr Z Lubieniecki	Consulting Fees	42,375	40,708	-	-
Mr R Davis	Consulting Fees	8,500	-	8,500	-
Mr M Pitts	Accounting services	48,790	41,520	5,780	3,670

The Company paid fees to Zbigniew Lubieniecki and Russell Davis, as consulting fees for geological services provided. The Company paid fees to Endeavour Corporate, a company associated with Mark Pitts, for accounting and financial reporting services provided to the Group.

## END OF REMUNERATION REPORT

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 13. SHARE OPTIONS

#### *Unissued shares under option*

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

	Expiry Date	Exercise price	Number of options
Director/Executive/Employee Options	30 November 2021	\$0.032	700,000
Corporate Advisor Options – Tranche 1	13 December 2022	\$0.035	1,000,000
Managing Director Options – Tranche 1	21 October 2023	\$0.05	3,000,000
Managing Director Options – Tranche 2	21 October 2023	\$0.06	4,000,000
Corporate Advisor Options – Tranche 2	30 June 2023	\$0.035	3,000,000
Employee and Consultant Options	30 June 2024	\$0.05	2,600,000
Director Options	30 November 2024	\$0.05	4,500,000
Corporate Advisor Options – Tranche 3	13 May 2025	\$0.04	2,000,000
			<u>20,800,000</u>

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### *Shares issued on exercise of options*

During the financial year, the Company issued 400,000 ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of unquoted options exercisable at 3.2 cents on or before 30 November 2021 (2021: 1,250,000).

During the previous financial year, the Company issued 167,105,021 ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of HMXOD quoted options (exercisable at 3 cents on or before 21 September 2020).

Subsequent to year end on 4 August 2022, a total of 7,650,000 options exercisable at 3.2 cents each (\$0.032) were exercised. These options were exercised utilising a cashless exercise facility, and therefore a total of 4,664,633 new ordinary shares were issued.

### 14. PERFORMANCE RIGHTS

#### *Unissued shares under performance rights*

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under performance rights are:

	Expiry Date	Number of rights
Managing Director Rights – Tranche 5	13 December 2023	5,000,000
Managing Director Rights – Tranche 6	21 December 2024	1,000,000
Managing Director Rights – Tranche 7	21 December 2024	1,000,000
Managing Director Rights – Tranche 8	21 December 2024	1,000,000
		<u>8,000,000</u>

The terms of these rights are summarised in section 12.5 above.

#### *Shares issued on exercise of performance rights*

During the financial year, the Company issued 1,500,000 ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of performance rights (2021: 1,500,000).

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **15. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviours and accountability, the Directors support and have adhered to the principles of sound corporate governance. The Board recognises the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council and considers the Company is in compliance with those guidelines which are of importance to the operations of the Company. Where a recommendation has not been followed, that fact has been disclosed together with the reasons for the departure.

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement and disclosures available on the Company's website at [www.hammermetals.com.au](http://www.hammermetals.com.au).

### **16. INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS**

The Company has entered into Deeds of Access and Indemnity (Deed) with each Director and the Company Secretary (officers). Under the Deed, the Company indemnifies the officers to the maximum extent permitted by law and the Constitution against legal proceedings, damage, loss, liability, cost, charge, expense, outgoing or payment (including legal expenses on a solicitor/client basis) suffered, paid or incurred by the officers in connection with the officers being an officer of the Company, the employment of the officer with the Company or a breach by the Company of its obligations under the Deed.

Also pursuant to the Deed, the Company must insure the officers against liability and provide access to all board papers relevant to defending any claim brought against them in their capacity as officers of the Company.

The Company has paid insurance premiums during the year in respect of liability for any past, present or future Directors, secretary, officers and employees of the Company or related body corporate. The insurance policy does not contain details of the premium paid in respect of individual officers of the Company. Disclosure of the nature of the liability cover and the amount of the premium is subject to a confidentiality clause under the insurance policy.

The Company has not provided any insurance or indemnification for the Auditor of the Company.

### **17. NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

During the year PKF Perth, the Company's auditor, provided no non-audit services to the Company.

### **18. LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001**

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 13 and forms part of the Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

### **19. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS**

In the opinion of Directors, other than that disclosed elsewhere in this report, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year under review.

This report is made with a resolution of the Directors:



**R Davis**  
Chairman  
Perth  
28 September 2022

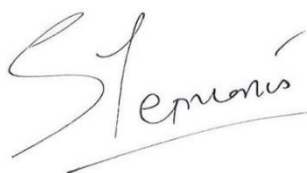
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

TO THE DIRECTORS OF HAMMER METALS LIMITED

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Hammer Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 or any applicable code of professional conduct.

*PKF Perth*

PKF PERTH



SIMON FERMANIS  
PARTNER

28 SEPTEMBER 2022  
WEST PERTH,  
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
AS AT 30 JUNE 2022**

	Note	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	5,193,673	9,706,093
Trade and other receivables	11	501,762	140,842
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>5,695,435</b>	<b>9,846,935</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Other financial assets	12	370,695	484,299
Right-of-use assets	13	268,662	303,302
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	21,337,979	17,429,445
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>21,977,336</b>	<b>18,217,046</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>27,672,771</b>	<b>28,063,981</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	15	691,567	1,171,283
Lease liabilities	16	63,997	63,997
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>755,564</b>	<b>1,235,280</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Lease liabilities	16	169,940	232,595
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>169,940</b>	<b>232,595</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>925,504</b>	<b>1,467,875</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>26,747,267</b>	<b>26,596,106</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	17	62,965,503	62,277,335
Reserves	18	1,399,364	1,291,101
Accumulated losses		(37,617,600)	(36,972,330)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>26,747,267</b>	<b>26,596,106</b>

The consolidated statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

	Note	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$
Other income	4	214,863	308,019
Sale of tenement		322,727	-
Marketing expenses		(102,143)	(114,839)
Administrative expenses		(735,505)	(765,502)
Share based payments	5	(140,492)	(186,795)
Occupancy expenses		(40,191)	(45,878)
Depreciation and amortisation	5	(42,458)	(26,906)
Fair value adjustment on financial assets		(113,604)	213,202
Other expenses		-	(1,915)
<b>Loss from operating activities</b>		<b>(636,803)</b>	<b>(620,614)</b>
Finance income		1,303	14,006
Finance expenses		(9,770)	(4,917)
<b>Net finance income / (expense)</b>	6	<b>(8,467)</b>	<b>9,089</b>
<b>Loss before income tax</b>		<b>(645,270)</b>	<b>(611,525)</b>
Income tax benefit	8	-	-
<b>Net loss for the year from continuing operations</b>		<b>(645,270)</b>	<b>(611,525)</b>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive loss for the year</b>		<b>(645,270)</b>	<b>(611,525)</b>
Loss per share:			
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	9(a)	(0.08)	(0.08)

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

	Share capital	Share based payment reserve	Option issue reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
<b>Balance at 1 July 2020</b>	<b>51,429,354</b>	<b>1,144,698</b>	<b>650,225</b>	<b>(36,374,981)</b>	<b>(16,849,296)</b>
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(611,525)	(611,525)
Other comprehensive income / loss	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the period</b>	-	-	-	<b>(611,525)</b>	<b>(611,525)</b>
Exercise of options	5,704,199	(15,000)	(636,049)	-	5,053,150
Shares issued for cash	5,349,994	-	-	-	5,349,994
Shares issued to acquire tenements	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Shares issued in lieu of fees	23,500	-	-	-	23,500
Conversion of performance rights	25,392	(25,392)	-	-	-
Lapse of listed options	-	-	(14,176)	14,176	-
Share based payments	-	186,795	-	-	186,795
Share issue costs	(305,104)	-	-	-	(305,104)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2021</b>	<b>62,277,335</b>	<b>1,291,101</b>	-	<b>(36,972,330)</b>	<b>(26,596,106)</b>
<b>Balance at 1 July 2021</b>	<b>62,277,335</b>	<b>1,291,101</b>	-	<b>(36,972,330)</b>	<b>(26,596,106)</b>
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(645,270)	(645,270)
Other comprehensive income / loss	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the period</b>	-	-	-	<b>(645,270)</b>	<b>(645,270)</b>
Exercise of options	17,600	(4,800)	-	-	12,800
Shares issued for cash	650,000	-	-	-	650,000
Conversion of performance rights	27,429	(27,429)	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	140,492	-	-	140,492
Share issue costs	(6,861)	-	-	-	(6,861)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2022</b>	<b>62,695,503</b>	<b>1,399,364</b>	-	<b>(37,617,600)</b>	<b>(26,747,267)</b>

The consolidated statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

	Note	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Interest received		1,303	14,006
Receipts from other parties to joint operations		-	100,000
COVID-related government assistance received		-	38,500
Fuel rebate received		8,197	4,667
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,010,887)	(776,845)
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	23	<b>(1,001,387)</b>	<b>(619,672)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for exploration expenditure		(4,926,844)	(3,868,940)
Sale of tenements		322,727	-
Management fees received from farm-in and joint arrangement partners		233,500	197,170
Receipt of research and development grant		615,195	384,209
Government exploration grants received		-	377,224
Cash calls received from farm-in and joint venture partners		175,000	-
Purchase of plant and equipment		-	(5,946)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(3,580,422)</b>	<b>(2,916,283)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issue of share capital		150,000	5,349,994
Share funds received in advance		-	500,000
Proceeds from issue of options		12,800	5,053,150
Share fund oversubscriptions returned		(14,125)	-
Transaction costs from issue of shares and options		(6,861)	(305,104)
Lease payments made		(72,425)	(34,527)
<b>Net cash from financing activities</b>		<b>69,389</b>	<b>10,563,513</b>
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(4,512,420)	7,027,558
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		9,706,093	2,678,535
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	10	<b>5,193,673</b>	<b>9,706,093</b>

The consolidated statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Hammer Metals Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The Company's registered office is Unit 1, 28-30 Mayfair Street, West Perth, Western Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The Group is a for profit entity and is primarily involved in the exploration and extraction of mineral resources.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The consolidated financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 28 September 2022.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The financial report is prepared on the historical cost basis except for share based payments and other financial assets which are measured at their fair value.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

Set out below is information about:

- critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements; and
- assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year.

#### Critical judgements

##### *i. Going concern*

A key assumption underlying the preparation of the financial statements is that the Group will continue as a going concern. An entity is a going concern when it is considered to be able to pay its debts as and when they are due, and to continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up its operations. A significant amount of judgement has been required in assessing whether the Group is a going concern, as set out in note 2(f).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

##### Estimates and assumptions

##### *ii. Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources*

Economically recoverable reserves represent the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable economic conditions. The Group determines and reports ore reserves and mineral resources under the standards incorporated in the Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, 2012 edition (the JORC Code). The determination of ore reserves or mineral resources includes estimates and assumptions about a range of geological, technical and economic factors, including: quantities, grades, production techniques, recovery rates, production costs, transport costs, commodity demand, commodity prices and exchange rates. Changes in ore reserves and mineral resources impact the assessment of recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, provisions for site restoration and the recognition of deferred tax assets, including tax losses.

##### *iii. Exploration and evaluation assets*

Determining the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy (refer note 3(n)), requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. Critical to this assessment is estimates and assumptions as to ore reserves (refer note 2(d)(ii)), the timing of expected cash flows, exchange rates, commodity prices and future capital requirements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions as new information about the presence or recoverability of an ore reserve becomes available, may impact the assessment of the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. If, after having capitalised the expenditure under accounting policy 3(n), a judgement is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, an impairment loss is recorded in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income in accordance with accounting policy 3(f). The carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets are set out in note 14.

##### *iv. Share based payments*

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model considering the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity. Refer to note 20 for further information.

##### *v. Lease term*

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Group's operations; comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates; incurrance of significant penalties; existence of significant leasehold improvements; and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(e) Adoption of new and revised standards

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

(f) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group has incurred a consolidated loss before tax of \$645,270 and net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of \$4,581,809. As at 30 June 2022, the Group had \$5,193,673 in cash and cash equivalents and net current assets of \$4,939,871.

On the above basis, the Directors are of the view that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate.

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has consistently applied the accounting policies set out in note 3 to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

(a) Basis of consolidation

*i. Subsidiaries*

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

*ii. Investments in associates*

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Group holds between 20 percent and 50 percent of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognised initially at cost. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of the investment, including any long-term interest that form part thereof, is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

*iii. Joint arrangements*

The Group classifies its interests in joint arrangements as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the Group's rights to the assets and obligation for the liabilities of the arrangements. When making this assessment, the Group considers the structure of the arrangements, the legal form of any separate vehicles, the contractual terms of the arrangements and other facts and circumstances.

*iv. Transactions eliminated on consolidation*

Intragroup balances, and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

*v. Business combinations*

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

For every business combination, the Group identifies the acquirer, which is the combining entity that obtains control of the other combining entities or businesses. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The acquisition date is the date on which control is transferred to the acquirer. Judgement is applied in determining the acquisition date and determining whether control is transferred from one party to another.

*vi. Contingent liabilities*

A contingent liability of the acquiree is assumed in a business combination only if such a liability represents a present obligation and arises from a past event, and its fair value can be measured reliably.

*vii. Non-controlling interest*

The Group measures any non-controlling interest at its proportionate interest in the identifiable net assets of the acquiree.

(b) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to Australian dollars at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Australian dollars at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including fair value adjustments arising on consolidation, are translated to Australian dollars at foreign exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Australian dollars at rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on retranslation are recognised directly in a separate component of equity.



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (c) Plant and equipment

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses (see accounting policy 3(f)). Depreciation is charged to the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives in the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- Office equipment 3 to 4 years
- Plant and equipment 3 to 5 years

The residual value, if significant, is reassessed annually.

#### (d) Financial instruments

##### *Recognition and derecognition*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

##### *Classification and initial measurement of financial assets*

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

#### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

##### *Subsequent measurement of financial assets*

###### Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets to collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

##### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorised at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL.

The category also contains an equity investment. The Group accounts for the investment at FVTPL and did not make the irrevocable election to account for the investment in unlisted and listed equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The fair value was determined in line with the requirements of AASB 9, which does not allow for measurement at cost. Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

##### Trade and other receivables and contract assets

The Group makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables as well as contract assets and records the loss allowance as lifetime expected credit losses. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial instrument. In calculating, the Group uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix.

The Group assess impairment of trade receivables on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics they have been grouped based on the days past due.

##### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

#### (f) Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

##### *Financial assets at amortised cost*

Trade receivables are initially recognised at their transaction price and other receivables at fair value. Receivables that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest are classified and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Receivables that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (f) Impairment (continued)

The group assesses on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Group always recognises the lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables carried at amortised cost.

The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated based on the Group's historic credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as forecast conditions at the reporting date.

For all other receivables measured at amortised cost, the Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to expected credit losses within the next 12 months.

The Group considers an event of default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due or external sources indicate that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group. A financial asset is credit impaired when there is evidence that the counterparty is in significant financial difficulty or a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event has occurred. The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

#### *Non-financial assets*

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets (see accounting policy 3(k)) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (g) Share capital

##### *Ordinary shares*

Transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit.

#### (h) Interest bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

#### (i) Employee benefits

##### *Defined contribution plans*

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income as incurred.

##### *Share based payment transactions*

The grant-date fair value of equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to employees is generally recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period of the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcome.

##### *Wages, salaries, annual leave, sick leave and non-monetary benefits*

Liabilities for employee benefits for wages, salaries, annual leave and sick leave represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date, calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Group expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs, such as, workers compensation insurance and payroll tax.

#### (j) Finance income and expenses

##### *Net finance income*

Net finance income comprises interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, interest receivable on funds invested and realised foreign exchange gains and losses. Interest income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

#### (k) Income tax

Income tax on the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (k) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The Company and its Australian resident wholly owned subsidiaries adopted the tax consolidation legislation with effect from 1 July 2014 and are therefore taxed as a single entity from that date. Hammer Metals Ltd is the head entity within the tax-consolidated group. Any current tax liabilities (or assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses of the subsidiaries are assumed by the head entity in the tax-consolidated group.

#### (l) Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A provision for site restoration in respect of contaminated and disturbed land, and the related expense, is recognised when the land is contaminated or disturbed. Such activities include dismantling infrastructure, removal and treatment of waste material, and land rehabilitation, including restoring, topsoiling and revegetation of the disturbed area.

#### (m) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### (n) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources is the search for mineral resources after the Group has obtained legal rights to explore in a specific area, as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resources. Accordingly, exploration and evaluation expenditures are those expenditures incurred by the Group in connection with the exploration for and evaluation of minerals resources before the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources are demonstrable.

Accounting for exploration and evaluation expenditure is assessed separately for each area of interest. An area of interest is an individual geological area which is considered to constitute a favourable environment for the presence of a mineral deposit or has been proved to contain such a deposit.

Expenditure incurred on activities that precede exploration and evaluation of mineral resources, including all expenditure incurred prior to securing legal rights to explore an area, is expensed as incurred.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (n) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

For each area of interest, the expenditure is recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset where the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- b) At least one of the following conditions is also met:
  - i. The expenditure is expected to be recouped through successful development and commercial exploitation of an area of interest, or alternatively by its sale; and
  - ii. Exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not, at reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise 'economically recoverable reserves' and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing. Economically recoverable reserves are the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable conditions.

Exploration and evaluation assets include

- Acquisition of rights to explore;
- Topographical, geological, geochemical and geophysical studies;
- Exploratory drilling, trenching, and sampling and
- Activities in relation to evaluating the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource.

General and administrative costs are allocated to, and included in, the cost of exploration and evaluation assets only to the extent that those costs can be related directly to the operational activities in the area of interest to which the exploration and evaluation assets relate. In all other instances, these costs are expensed as incurred.

Exploration and evaluation assets are transferred to Development Assets once technical feasibility and commercial viability of an area of interest is demonstrable. Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment, and any impairment loss is recognised prior to being reclassified.

The carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective area of interest.

#### *Impairment testing of exploration and evaluation assets*

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability or facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment when any of the following facts and circumstances exist:

- The term of exploration licence in the specific area of interest has expired during the reporting period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- Substantive expenditure on further exploitation for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area are not budgeted or planned;
- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the decision was made to discontinue such activities in the specified area; or
- Sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development of by sale.

Where a potential impairment is indicated, an assessment is performed for each cash generating unit which is no larger than the area of interest. The Group performs impairment testing in accordance with accounting policy 3(f).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

*Farm-in arrangements (in the exploration and evaluation phase)*

For exploration and evaluation asset acquisitions (farm-in arrangements) in which the Group has made arrangements to fund a portion of the selling partner's (farmor's) exploration and/or future development expenditures (carried interests), these expenditures are reflected in the financial statements as and when the exploration work progresses.

*Farm-out arrangements (in the exploration and evaluation phase)*

The Group does not record any expenditure made by the farmee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements but redesignates any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained.

Monies received pursuant to farm-in agreements are treated as a liability (advanced cash call) on receipt and until such time as the relevant expenditure is incurred.

(o) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that (a) the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them; and (b) the grants will be received; they are then recognised in profit or loss as other income or as a deduction against the carrying value of an underlying asset.

The Group recognises the refundable research and development tax incentive (received under the tax legislation passed in 2011) as a government grant. This incentive is refundable to the Group regardless of whether the Group is in a tax payable position and is presented by deducting the grant from the carrying amount of the related exploration asset.

(p) Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Group expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Group has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

(q) Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
<b>4. OTHER INCOME</b>	\$	\$
Management fee from farm-in partners	189,294	141,780
COVID-related government assistance	-	38,500
Fees received from preparation of exploration information	-	100,000
Other income	25,569	27,739
	<b>214,863</b>	<b>308,019</b>
<b>5. RESULT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	\$	\$
Net loss for the year before tax has been arrived at after the charging the following expenses:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7,818	5,946
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	34,640	20,960
	<b>42,458</b>	<b>26,906</b>
Salary and wages	226,142	239,315
Superannuation expense	18,627	17,982
Share based payments	140,492	186,795
Other employee expenses	750	-
<b>Total employee costs</b>	<b>386,011</b>	<b>444,092</b>
<b>6. FINANCE INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS</b>	\$	\$
Recognised in loss for the year:		
Interest income	1,303	14,006
Finance costs / lease interest expense	(9,770)	(4,917)
<b>Net finance income</b>	<b>8,467</b>	<b>9,089</b>
<b>7. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION</b>	\$	\$
Auditors of the Company – KPMG (resigned 11 March 2022)		
Audit services:		
Audit and review of financial reports	28,166	37,000
Auditors of the Company – PKF (appointed 11 March 2022)		
Audit services:		
Audit and review of financial reports	19,000	-
	<b>47,166</b>	<b>37,000</b>



**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
<b>8. INCOME TAX</b>		
(a) Income tax benefit		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
<b>Total income tax benefit</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit to pre-tax accounting loss:		
Loss before income tax	(645,270)	(611,525)
Income tax benefit using the Company's domestic tax rate of 25% (2021: 27.5%)	(177,449)	(168,169)
Adjusted for:		
Non-deductible expenses / (Non-Assessable Income)	35,869	(820)
Under/over from prior year	-	-
Temporary differences and tax losses not recognised	141,580	168,989
<b>Income tax benefit</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(b) Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:		
Temporary timing differences related to:		
Property, plant and equipment	3,443	539
Investments	222,016	212,976
Accrued expenses and provisions	42,217	73,772
Capital raising costs	78,997	131,500
Income tax losses	8,099,807	7,566,723
	<u>8,446,480</u>	<u>7,985,510</u>
(c) Recognised deferred tax assets & liabilities		
Temporary timing differences related to:		
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(5,334,495)	(4,793,097)
Income tax losses	5,334,495	4,793,097
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits from.

(d) Movement of temporary differences recognised during the year ended 30 June 2022:

	Balance 1 July 2021	Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive income	Equity	Balance 30 June 2022
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(4,793,097)	(541,398)	-	-	(5,334,495)
Carried-forward tax losses	4,793,097	541,395	-	-	5,334,495
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**8. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)**

(e) Movement of temporary differences recognised during the year ended 30 June 2021:

	Balance 1 July 2020	Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive income	Equity	Balance 30 June 2021
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(3,880,462)	(912,635)	-	-	(4,793,097)
Carried-forward tax losses	3,880,462	912,635	-	-	4,793,097
	-	-	-	-	-

**9. LOSS PER SHARE**

(a) Basic and dilutive loss per share calculated using the weighted average number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue at the reporting date.

30 June 2022	30 June 2021
\$	\$

(0.08) cents	(0.08) cents
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Options disclosed in Note 17(b) are potential ordinary shares which are considered anti-dilutive, therefore diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share.

(b) Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of basic and dilutive earnings per share

814,035,632	721,519,795
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**10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash at bank and on hand

30 June 2022	30 June 2021
\$	\$

<b>5,193,673</b>	<b>9,706,093</b>
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The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis for financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in Note 25.

**11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

*Current*

GST receivable

Security deposit

Other receivables

30 June 2022	30 June 2021
\$	\$

53,463	23,733
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25,150	25,150
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423,149	91,959
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<b>501,762</b>	<b>140,842</b>
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Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing.

**12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS**

Non - Current

Investments in other entities

Listed shares in TSXV and ASX-listed companies - at fair value

30 June 2022	30 June 2021
\$	\$

<b>370,695</b>	<b>484,299</b>
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The Group's exposure to equity price risk and sensitivity analysis is disclosed in Note 25. Listed shares recognised as non-current assets have been recognised at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
<b>13. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS</b>		
Plant and equipment – right of use	324,262	324,262
Less: accumulated depreciation	(55,600)	(20,960)
<b>Total right-of-use assets</b>	<b>268,662</b>	<b>303,302</b>
Movements in right-of-use assets for the period:		
Opening balance at the beginning of the period	303,302	71,570
Additions for the period	-	252,592
Depreciation	(34,640)	(20,960)
Disposals	-	-
<b>Closing balance at the end of the period</b>	<b>268,662</b>	<b>303,302</b>
<b>14. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE</b>		
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Balance at 1 July	17,429,445	14,110,772
Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred	4,523,729	4,030,106
Tenements acquired	-	50,000
Exploration grants received	-	(377,224)
Research and development grant received	(615,195)	(384,209)
<b>Balance at 30 June</b>	<b>21,337,979</b>	<b>17,429,445</b>

The ultimate recovery of costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas of interest at an amount greater than or equal to carrying value. Refer note 3 (n).

Expenses capitalised to Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure assets for the year include direct exploration costs (drilling, rock chip programs and surveys including magnetic and SAM), laboratory costs (assaying, analysis and review), geological and geochemical consultants as well as allocated administration costs (including salary and wages) where those costs can be directly attributed to the exploration or evaluation activities upon a given area of interest.

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## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Trade payables and accruals	612,132	623,965
Employee Leave Accruals	79,435	47,318
Share issue funds received in advance – Note 1	-	500,000
	<b>691,567</b>	<b>1,171,283</b>

All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and payable on normal commercial terms.  
The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 25.

Note 1 – relates to funds received for the subscription of shares in the Company by a director, which was subject to shareholder approval. Approval was obtained after balance date and therefore these funds were subsequently reallocated to issued capital.

16. LEASE LIABILITIES	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Current lease liabilities	63,997	63,997
Non-current lease liabilities	169,940	232,595
	<b>233,937</b>	<b>296,592</b>

The nature of the Group's leasing activities includes office leases and the lease of motor vehicles.

17. ISSUED CAPITAL	30 June 2022 No.	30 June 2021 No.	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
(a) Share capital				
<i>Ordinary shares</i>				
On issue at 1 July	806,652,519	578,356,565	62,277,335	51,429,354
Exercise of HMXOD listed options	-	167,105,021	-	5,649,199
Shares issued to acquire tenements	-	1,250,000	-	50,000
Shares issued for cash at \$0.095 per share <sup>1</sup>	6,842,104	56,315,727	650,000	5,349,994
Shares issued in lieu of fees	-	875,206	-	23,500
Conversion of performance rights	1,500,000	1,500,000	27,429	25,392
Exercise of unlisted options	400,000	1,250,000	17,600	55,000
Share issue costs	-	-	(6,861)	(305,104)
<b>On issue at 30 June – fully paid</b>	<b>815,394,623</b>	<b>806,652,519</b>	<b>62,965,503</b>	<b>62,277,335</b>

1 – A portion (\$500,000) of the total share funds received for the year ended 30 June 2022 was received during the year ended 30 June 2021 and was recorded as a liability as at 30 June 2021. Refer to Note 15.

### *Terms and conditions*

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings. The company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares.

In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

### *Dividends*

No dividends were paid or declared for the year (2021: Nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17. ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTINUED)	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
(b) Options outstanding over ordinary shares	No.	No.
<i>Listed options (Option issue reserve)</i>		
Listed HMXOD options exercisable at \$0.03 on or before 30 Sep 2020	-	-
<i>Unlisted options (Share-based payment reserve)</i>		
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.032 on or before 30 Nov 2022	8,350,000	8,750,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.05 expiring 21 Oct 2023	3,000,000	3,000,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.06 expiring 21 Oct 2023	4,000,000	4,000,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.035 expiring 13 Dec 2022	1,000,000	1,000,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.035 expiring 30 Jun 2023	3,000,000	3,000,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.05 expiring 30 Jun 2024	2,600,000	2,600,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.05 expiring 30 Nov 2024	4,500,000	4,500,000
Unlisted options exercisable at \$0.04 expiring 13 May 2025	2,000,000	-
	<b>28,450,000</b>	<b>26,850,000</b>

No listed options were issued during the year (2021: Nil).

No unlisted options were granted to directors, executives and employees during the year (2021: 4,500,000).

400,000 unlisted options were exercised during the year (2021: 1,250,000).

2,000,000 unlisted options were granted to consultants during the year (2021: Nil)

No listed options were exercised during the year (2021: 167,105,021), and none lapsed unexercised (2021: 3,724,428).

No fully vested unlisted options expired unexercised during the period (2021: 2,676,078).

Options carry no voting rights until converted to fully paid ordinary shares. All unlisted options were granted for no cash consideration.

(c) Performance rights outstanding	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
<i>Performance rights (Share-based payment reserve)</i>	No.	No.
<i>Performance rights (Share-based payment reserve)</i>		
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 3	-	750,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 4	-	750,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 5	5,000,000	5,000,000
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 6	1,000,000	-
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 7	1,000,000	-
Managing Director Performance Rights – Tranche 8	1,000,000	-
	<b>8,000,000</b>	<b>6,500,000</b>

The following performance rights were granted during the period (refer note 20):

	Number of options	Vesting Date	Vesting Condition	Expiry Date
Managing Director Performance Rights				
- Tranche 6	1,000,000	N/A	Refer below	13/12/2023
- Tranche 7	1,000,000	N/A	Refer below	13/12/2023
- Tranche 8	1,000,000	N/A	Refer below	13/12/2023

All performance rights require the managing director to remain employed until vesting date. The tranches outstanding at balance date contain the following non-market based vesting conditions:

- Tranche 5 performance rights vest upon the satisfactory completion of a transaction in accordance with the terms outlined in the Company's Notice of AGM dated 8 October 2019;
- Tranche 6 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board;
- Tranche 7 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board; and
- Tranche 8 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

18. RESERVES	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Share-based payment reserve <sup>(1)</sup>		
Balance at beginning of period	1,291,101	1,144,698
Options issued to Directors and executives	-	105,750
Options issued to Corporate advisor	78,000	-
Performance rights issued to Managing Director	25,653	-
Options exercised during the period	(4,800)	(15,000)
Performance rights exercised during the period	(27,429)	(25,392)
Further vesting expense of options and rights issued in previous periods	36,839	81,045
	<b>1,399,364</b>	<b>1,291,101</b>
Option issue reserve <sup>(2)</sup>		
Balance at beginning of period	-	650,225
Options exercised during the period	-	(636,049)
Lapse of unexercised options	-	(14,176)
	-	-
	<b>1,399,364</b>	<b>1,291,101</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The share-based payment reserve is used to record the fair value of options and rights issued to Directors and employees and consultants under various share-based payment schemes and options issued for the acquisition of assets.

<sup>(2)</sup> The option issue reserve was used to record the value of listed options issued under an entitlement issue during a previous financial year, less the costs of that issue. All listed options either were exercised or lapsed during the period, therefore the balance of the reserve is now nil.

**19. COMMITMENTS**

a) Exploration Expenditure Commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements the Company is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements specified by various State Governments within Australia. These obligations may be reset when application for a mining lease is made and at other times. As a result, exploration expenditure commitments beyond twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

The Group has a minimum expenditure commitment on tenure under its control.

The Group can apply for exemption from compliance with the minimum exploration expenditure requirements.

These obligations are not provided for in the financial report and are payable:

	Consolidated		Company	
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Annual minimum exploration expenditure	2,927,546	2,325,718	-	-

The annual minimum exploration expenditure disclosed above includes \$1,518,264 which falls under tenements related to the joint arrangements as set out in Note 22. Of this amount, \$112,009 is related to the tenement held within the Mt Frosty Joint Venture, under which the Group is responsible for 51% of expenditures on the joint arrangement, and \$1,406,255 relates to twelve tenements that are held by the Group and fall under, either partially or in full, the Mt Isa East Joint Venture. This is a joint arrangement between the Group and Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania Pty Ltd ("SMMO"), the full details of which are disclosed in Note 22.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

#### *Incentive Option Plan*

The Hammer Metals Incentive Option Plan was approved by shareholders on 14 November 2019. The key features of this plan are:

- (a) The plan will be available to directors, employees and other permitted persons of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- (b) Options are granted for no consideration.
- (c) The options are issued at an exercise price as determined by the Board from time to time.
- (d) The number of shares the subject of options issued under this plan and other similar plans will not exceed 5% of the Company's issued capital from time to time.
- (e) If a holder ceases to be an eligible participant of the plan during the exercise period of a vested option, the holder may exercise the options within 30 days of ceasing to be an eligible participant and thereafter the options will lapse.
- (f) The options issued under this plan shall not be quoted on ASX.
- (g) The options' terms are at the discretion of the Directors.

The number and weighted average exercise price of unlisted share options on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2022		30 June 2021	
	No of unlisted options	Weighted average exercise price	No of unlisted options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at 1 July	26,850,000	\$0.045	26,276,078	\$0.044
Granted during the period	2,000,000	\$0.04	4,500,000	\$0.050
Exercised during the period	400,000	\$0.032	(1,250,000)	\$0.032
Expired / lapsed during the period	-	-	(2,676,078)	\$0.070
Outstanding at 30 June	<u>28,850,000</u>	<u>\$0.043</u>	<u>26,850,000</u>	<u>\$0.045</u>
Exercisable at 30 June	<u>28,850,000</u>		<u>22,850,000</u>	

The options outstanding at year end have exercise prices ranging from \$0.032 to \$0.07 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.335 years.

The following options were granted during the year.

	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
Corporate Advisor Options	2,000,000	13 May 2022	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the year to corporate advisors was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Corporate Advisor
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.062
Exercise price	\$0.04
Grant date	13 May 2022
Expiration date	13 May 2025
Vesting date	Immediate
Life (years)	3
Volatility	80%
Risk free rate	2.83%
Dividend Yield	-
Number of options	2,000,000
Valuation per option	\$0.039
Remaining life (years)	2.87

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Granted during previous financial year

The following options were granted during the prior year.

	Number of options granted	Date granted	% Vested	% Forfeited / Lapsed	Financial year in which grant vested / will vest
<b>Key Management Personnel</b>					
Russell Davis	2,000,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-
Zbigniew Lubieniecki	1,500,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-
David Church	1,000,000	30 November 2020	100%	-	-

The fair value of the options issued during the previous year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	<b>Directors</b>
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.037
Exercise price	\$0.05
Grant date	30 November 2020
Expiration date	30 November 2024
Vesting date	Immediate
Life (years)	4
Volatility	100%
Risk free rate	0.20%
Dividend Yield	-
Number of options	4,500,000
Valuation per option	\$0.0235
Remaining life (years)	3.4

The number of performance rights on issue is as follows:

	30 June 2022 No.	30 June 2021 No.
Outstanding at 1 July	6,500,000	8,000,000
Granted during the period	3,000,000	-
Exercised during the period	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
Expired / lapsed during the period	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June	<u>8,000,000</u>	<u>6,500,000</u>
Vested and exercisable at 30 June	-	-

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## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the performance rights issued during the year to Key Management Personnel was determined by reference to the underlying security on the date of issue, adjusted as necessary for any market-based performance conditions. The key inputs and valuations are summarised as follows:

	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 6	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 7	Mr D Thomas – Tranche 8
Underlying security spot price on grant date	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044
Grant date	29 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2021
Expiration date	21 Dec 2024	21 Dec 2024	21 Dec 2024
Vesting date	-	-	-
Life (years)	3	3	3
Discount applied (Note 1)	-	-	-
Number of rights	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Value per right	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044
Remaining life (years) (Note 2)	2.4	2.4	2.4
Total value	\$44,000	\$44,000	\$44,000
Value recognised to date	\$8,551	\$8,551	\$8,551
Value still to be recognised	\$35,449	\$35,449	\$35,449

Note 1 – all three tranches of performance rights issued during the year contain no market-based vesting conditions and therefore no discount has been applied.

Note 2 – the remaining life represents the time, in years, left until the expiry of the right.

All performance rights require the managing director to remain employed until vesting date. The vesting conditions attached to each tranche issued during the year are as follows:

- Tranche 6 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 50,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board;
- Tranche 7 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 100,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board; and
- Tranche 8 performance rights vest upon the Company announcing a new JORC 2012 compliant mineral resource estimate of 200,000 tonnes Cu or equivalent KPI at the sole discretion of the Board.

### 21. RELATED PARTIES

*Key Management Personnel Compensation:*

The following were key management personnel of the Group at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr D Thomas

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr R Davis

Mr Z Lubieniecki

Mr D Church

#### **Executives**

Mr M Pitts (Company Secretary)

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
The key management personnel compensation comprised:	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	529,405	489,208
Post-employment benefits	40,837	37,050
Share-based payments	62,492	186,794
	<b>632,734</b>	<b>713,052</b>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 21. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced Directors and executives. Remuneration packages include a mix of fixed remuneration and equity-based remuneration.

Information regarding individual Directors and executive's compensation and some equity instruments disclosures as permitted by Corporations Regulations 2M.3.03 and 2M.6.04 is provided in the remuneration report section of the Directors' report.

Certain key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities. Some of these entities (as detailed below) transacted with the Group during the reporting period.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to this entity were as follows:

	Transaction	Transaction value year ended		Balance outstanding as at	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Mr Z Lubieniecki	Consulting Fees	42,375	40,708	-	-
Mr R Davis	Consulting Fees	8,500	-	8,500	-
Mr M Pitts	Accounting services	48,790	41,520	5,780	3,670

The Company paid fees to Endeavour Corporate, a company associated with Mark Pitts, for accounting and financial reporting services provided to the company. The Company also paid fees to Zbigniew Lubieniecki and Russell Davis as consulting fees for geological services provided.

### 22. INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES

Name	Country of Incorporation	Percentage held 2022	Percentage held 2021
<b>Parent and ultimate controlling entity</b>			
Hammer Metals Limited			
<b>Subsidiaries</b>			
Hammer Metals Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Mt. Dockerell Mining Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Carnegie Exploration Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Hammer Bulk Commodities Pty Ltd <sup>(i)</sup>	Australia	100%	100%
Midas Metals Asia Pty Ltd <sup>(i)</sup>	Australia	85%	85%

(i) These subsidiaries are dormant and have not traded during the year.

The investments held in controlled entities are included in the financial statements of the parent at cost.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 22. INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES (CONTINUED)

#### *Joint arrangements*

The Group has the following farm-in / farm-out arrangements:

#### **Mt Frosty – Mt Isa Mines (Glencore)**

During a previous financial year the Group (through its wholly owned subsidiary Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd ('Mulga')) completed the acquisition of a 51% interest in the Mt. Frosty prospect and agreed terms for a new joint venture agreement with Mount Isa Mines Limited ('MIM') (a 100% owned subsidiary of Glencore PLC). Each party to the joint arrangement contributes exploration expenditure according to their participating interest (Hammer – 51% and MIM – 49%). Dilution provisions apply if a party elects not to contribute to a programme. If a party's participating interest falls below 10% their interest will convert to a 3% Net Profits Royalty. Mulga acts as the initial manager of the joint arrangement. The Group's interest in the above arrangement includes capitalised exploration phase expenditure totalling \$597,665 at 30 June 2022 and is included in exploration and evaluation assets (note 14).

#### **Mt Isa East JV – JOGMEC/SMMO**

The Agreement with Japan Oil, Gas and Metals National Corporation ("JOGMEC") was signed in November 2019 and covers sections of the Even Steven, Mount Philp, Dronfield West and Malbon targets for a total area of approximately 290km<sup>2</sup> of the 2,200km<sup>2</sup> Mount Isa Project. The arrangement is referred to as the Mount Isa East Joint Venture, however in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards is a joint arrangement by nature. During the Farm-in period, JOGMEC can achieve a 60% interest in the project areas by expending \$6,000,000 by 31 March 2024. The Farm-in Period is staged as follows, noting that JOGMEC earns its interest after the completion of the Fifth and final Farm-in Period:

- The First Farm-in Period is a minimum expenditure of \$1,000,000 by 31 March 2020 before JOGMEC can withdraw from the agreement;
- The Second Farm-in Period is an aggregate expenditure of \$2,000,000 by 31 March 2021;
- The Third Farm-in Period is an aggregate expenditure of \$3,000,000 by 31 March 2022;
- The Fourth Farm-in Period is an aggregate expenditure of \$4,500,000 by 31 March 2023; and
- The Fifth and final Farm-in Period is an aggregate expenditure of \$6,000,000 by 31 March 2024.

Upon completion of the Fifth Farm-in Period, each company can elect to contribute its pro-rata share of future funding. If either party does not contribute and is diluted to an ownership of less than 10% of the Mt Isa East JV, the Group's equitable interest will convert to a 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty. At any time, the Net Smelter Royalty Return Rate can be reduced to 1% via the payment of A\$2,000,000. The areas of interest are all 100% held by the Company's subsidiaries Mt Dockerell Mining Pty Ltd and Mulga Minerals Pty Ltd. During the previous financial year, JOGMEC and Sumitomo Metal Mining Oceania Pty. Ltd. ("SMMO") signed an agreement whereby JOGMEC would transfer its position within the Mt Isa East JV to SMMO. The terms of the agreement remain unchanged.

During the year, the Third Farm-in Period was completed and the Mt Isa East JV has continued to operate in line with the terms of the agreement noted above.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
<b>23. RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Loss for the year	(645,270)	(611,525)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	42,458	26,906
Share based payments	140,492	186,795
Fair value adjustment on financial assets	113,604	(213,202)
Sale of tenements	(322,727)	-
Interest expense	9,770	4,917
Management fee from farm-in partners	(189,649)	(141,780)
Shares issued in lieu of fees	-	23,500
Movements attributable to operating activities:		
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(62,229)	(41,504)
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(212,294)	146,221
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,001,387)</u>	<u>(619,672)</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has three reportable segments, being mineral exploration in Queensland and Western Australia, and corporate activities.

The Group's operating segments have been determined with reference to the monthly management accounts, program budgets and cash flow forecasts used by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions regarding the Group's operations and allocation of working capital.

#### *Segment information*

The following tables represent revenue and profit information and certain asset and liability information regarding geographical segments for the year ended 30 June 2022.

	Queensland Exploration \$	Western Australia Exploration \$	Corporate \$
<i>30 June 2022</i>			
Segment income	-	-	214,863
Segment profit / (loss) before income tax expense	318,639	(271)	(963,638)
Segment assets	15,734,221	5,603,758	6,334,792
Segment liabilities	(52,344)	(9,215)	(863,945)
<i>30 June 2021</i>			
Segment income	-	-	308,019
Segment loss before income tax expense	(17,782)	(273)	(593,470)
Segment assets	12,914,534	4,514,911	10,634,536
Segment liabilities	(139,607)	(22,842)	(1,305,426)

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES

#### *Overview*

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through regular reviews of the risks.

#### *Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities.

#### *Trade and other receivables*

As the Company operates in the mining exploration sector it does not have significant trade receivables and is therefore not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables. The Group receives advanced cash calls from its farm-in / joint arrangement partner which are classified as liabilities. The cash call amounts are reduced as and when expenditure in terms of the farm-in/ joint arrangement agreement is incurred.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Presently, the Group undertakes exploration and evaluation activities in Australia. At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

#### *Exposure to credit risk*

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Note	Carrying amount	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	10	5,193,673	9,706,093
Trade and other receivables	11	501,762	140,842

#### *Impairment losses*

None of the Group's trade and other receivables are past due and impaired (2021: Nil).

#### *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due (refer Note 2(f)). The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. Typically, the Group ensures it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 90 days, this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The expected settlement of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

Consolidated	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash-Flows	< 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years
30 June 2022						
Trade and Other Payables	691,567	691,567	691,567	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	233,937	247,904	36,201	36,201	72,401	103,101
	<u>925,504</u>	<u>939,471</u>	<u>715,059</u>	<u>36,201</u>	<u>72,401</u>	<u>103,101</u>
30 June 2021						
Trade and Other Payables	1,171,283	1,171,283	1,171,283	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	296,592	320,305	36,201	36,201	72,401	175,502
	<u>1,467,875</u>	<u>1,491,588</u>	<u>1,207,484</u>	<u>36,201</u>	<u>72,401</u>	<u>175,502</u>

#### *Market risk*

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

#### *Currency risk*

The Group has no exposure to currency risk on investments and transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The Group has not entered into any derivative financial instruments to hedge such transactions and anticipated future receipts or payments that are denominated in a foreign currency.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### *Interest rate risk*

The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk on borrowings as it has no borrowings subject to variable interest. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash balances.

#### *Profile*

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's and the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Fixed rate instruments		
Cash and cash equivalents	22,256	22,256
Weighted average interest rates	0.25%	0.25%
Variable rate instruments		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,171,417	9,683,837
Weighted average interest rates	0.20%	0.01%

#### *Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments*

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss or equity (2021: Nil)

#### *Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments*

A sensitivity of 50 basis points has been used and considered reasonable given current interest rates. A 0.5% movement in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis for 2021 was performed on the same basis.

Consolidated	Loss		Equity	
	50bp increase	50bp decrease	50bp increase	50bp decrease
30 June 2022				
Variable rate instruments	\$25,857	(\$25,857)	\$25,857	(\$25,857)
30 June 2021				
Variable rate instruments	\$48,419	(\$48,419)	\$48,419	(\$48,419)

#### *Carrying amounts versus fair values*

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities materially equates to the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
<i>Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Equity securities – listed on ASX and TSXV at quoted prices	370,695	484,299
<i>Financial assets carried at amortised costs</i>		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,193,673	9,706,093
Trade and other receivables	501,762	140,842
<i>Financial liabilities carried at amortised costs</i>		
Trade and other payables	(691,567)	(1,171,283)
Lease liabilities	(233,937)	(296,592)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

*There are no off-balance sheet financial asset and liabilities at year-end.*

All financial assets and liabilities were denominated in Australian dollars during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

#### *Fair value risk*

The group uses three different methods in estimating the fair value of a financial investment. The methods comprise:

- Level 1 – the fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets; and
- Level 2 – the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices)
- Level 3 – the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices.

Quoted market price represents the fair value determined based on quoted prices on active markets as at the reporting date without any deduction for transaction costs.

The fair value of derivatives that do not have an active market are based on valuation techniques. Level 2 derivatives include market observable inputs whilst level 3 derivatives do not include market observable inputs.

#### *Transfer between categories*

There were no transfers between levels during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments as well as the methods used to estimate the fair value are summarised in the table below.

Consolidated	Quoted Market Price Level 1 \$	Valuation Technique: Market Observable Inputs Level 2 \$	Valuation Technique: Non-market Observable Inputs Level 3 \$	Total \$
30 June 2022				
Equity securities – listed on ASX and TSXV at quoted prices	370,695	-	-	370,695
	<u>370,695</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>370,695</u>
30 June 2021				
Equity securities – listed on ASX and TSXV at quoted prices	484,299	-	-	484,299
	<u>484,299</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>484,299</u>

#### *Other Market Price Risk*

Other Equity price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. Investments are managed on an individual basis and material buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors. The primary goal of the Group's investment strategy is to maximise investment returns.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### *Fair value sensitivity analysis for equity securities (listed investments)*

A sensitivity of 10% has been used and considered reasonable given current market rates. A 10% movement in market prices at the reporting date would have increased equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis for 2021 was performed on the same basis.

Consolidated	Loss		Equity	
	10% increase	10% decrease	10% increase	10% decrease
30 June 2022				
Equity securities – listed on TSXV	\$37,695	(\$37,695)	\$37,695	(\$37,695)
30 June 2021				
Equity securities – listed on TSXV	\$48,430	(\$48,430)	\$48,430	(\$48,430)

#### *Commodity Price Risk*

The Group operates primarily in the exploration and evaluation phase and accordingly the Group's financial assets and liabilities are subject to minimal commodity price risk at this stage.

#### *Capital Management*

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain a strong capital base sufficient to maintain future exploration and development of its projects. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group's focus has been to raise sufficient funds through equity to fund exploration and evaluation activities.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. Risk management policies and procedures are established with regular monitoring and reporting.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### 26. PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

	Company	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Financial Position	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets	20,982,882	21,241,534
Non-current assets	6,624,615	6,729,891
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>27,607,497</b>	<b>27,971,425</b>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	690,290	1,200,479
Non-current liabilities	169,940	174,840
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>860,230</b>	<b>1,375,319</b>
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>26,747,267</b>	<b>26,596,106</b>
Equity		
Issued capital	62,965,503	62,277,335
Accumulated losses	(37,617,600)	(36,972,330)
Reserves	1,399,364	1,291,101
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>26,747,267</b>	<b>26,596,106</b>



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 26. PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

	Company	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Financial Performance	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(645,270)	(597,349)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>(645,270)</b>	<b>(597,349)</b>

There were no contingent liabilities of the parent entity at 30 June 2022 (2021: None), nor were there any commitments of the parent entity (2021: None).

### 27. CONTINGENCIES

The Group has no contingencies as at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

### 28. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

Subsequent to year end the following events have occurred:

- On 4 August 2022, a total of 7,650,000 options exercisable at 3.2 cents each (\$0.032) were exercised. These options were exercised utilising a cashless exercise facility, and therefore a total of 4,664,633 new ordinary shares were issued.

Other than the above, there has not been any other matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.

The COVID-19 pandemic is ongoing and while it has yet to have a significant financial impact on the Group, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is constantly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

## DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

1. In the opinion of the Directors of Hammer Metals Limited ("the Company"):
  - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes and the remuneration report in the Directors' report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
    - i. *giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and*
    - ii. *complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;*
  - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
2. The Directors have been given the declarations by the managing director and company secretary for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 pursuant to Section 295A of the Corporation Act 2001.
3. The Directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:



R Davis  
Chairman

Perth

Dated 28 September 2022

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF HAMMER METALS LIMITED

#### Report on the Financial Report Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Hammer Metals Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' Declaration of the Company and the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Hammer Metals Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code

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## Key Audit Matter

A key audit matter is a matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context

### Carrying value of capitalised exploration expenditure

#### Why significant

As at 30 June 2022 the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets was \$21,337,979 (2021: \$17,429,445), as disclosed in notes 3 and 15.

The consolidated entity's accounting policy in respect of exploration and evaluation expenditure is outlined in notes 3 and 15.

Significant judgement is required:

- in determining whether facts and circumstances indicate that the exploration and evaluation assets should be tested for impairment in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources ("AASB 6"); and
- in determining the treatment of exploration and evaluation expenditure in accordance with AASB 6, and the consolidated entity's accounting policy. In particular:
  - whether the particular areas of interest meet the recognition conditions for an asset; and
  - which elements of exploration and evaluation expenditures qualify for capitalisation for each area of interest.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of impairment trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including:
  - assessing whether the rights to the tenure of the areas of interest remained current at reporting date as well as confirming that rights to tenure are expected to be renewed for tenements that will expire in the near future;
  - holding discussions with the Directors and management as to the status of ongoing exploration programmes for the areas of interest, as well as assessing if there was evidence that a decision had been made to discontinue activities in any specific areas of interest; and
  - obtaining and assessing evidence of the consolidated entity's future intention for the areas of interest, including reviewing future budgeted expenditure and related work programmes;
- considering whether exploration activities for the areas of interest had reached a stage where a reasonable assessment of economically recoverable reserves existed;
- testing, on a sample basis, exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred during the year for compliance with AASB 6 and the consolidated entity's accounting policy; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related disclosures in Notes 3 and 15.

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## Other Information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the consolidated entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Directors' for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the consolidated entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the consolidated entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the consolidated entity to express an opinion on the group financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on the Remuneration Report Opinion

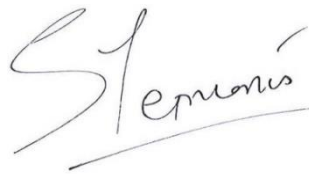
We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Hammer Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

### Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

*PKF Perth*  
PKF PERTH



SIMON FERMANIS  
PARTNER

28 SEPTEMBER 2022  
WEST PERTH,  
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

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