

20 April 2023

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

EXPLORATION UPDATE KANGAROO HILLS LITHIUM PROJECT

Highlights

- Phase 2 reverse circulation (RC) drilling at Kangaroo Hills Lithium Project (KHLP) has partially delineated a thick shallow pegmatite unit which hosts the previously reported stand out intercept result in drill hole KHRC011 of
 - 29m @ 1.36% Li₂O from 38m. \circ
- Target pegmatite has been identified width of 200m, strike length of >300m and maximum thickness of 30m which outcrops at surface.
- Very shallow dip of approximately -20 degrees to the North where it remains open.
- Nineteen (19) RC holes for over 2,200m completed to date in Phase 2.
- Diamond drilling (DD) to commence on 24 April 2023.
- Remaining Phase 1 drilling assays confirms LCT Pegmatites throughout the project area, including;
 - o 3m @ 1.23% Li2O, from 0m (KHRC013)
 - 1m @ 0.7% Li2O, 706ppm Cs, 68ppm Ta from 204m (KHRC006) 0
 - 1m @ 0.82% Li2O, 255ppm Cs, 141.5ppm Ta from 262m (KHRC006) 0

Cautionary Statement – pegmatites identified in Phase 2 RC drilling are no confirmation of lithium (Li) grade as assays are yet to be received.

Future Battery Minerals Ltd (ASX:FBM) (FBM or the Company) is pleased to announce that the Phase 2 reverse circulation (RC) drilling programme has partially delineated a highly prospective interpreted Lithium–Caesium–Tantalum (LCT) Pegmatite unit at the Kangaroo Hills Lithium Project (KHLP) in Western Australia (WA) (FBM 80%, Lodestar Minerals Ltd 20%).

The Phase 1 exploration drilling programme at KHLP discovered the outstanding result of a spodumene bearing pegmatite grading 29m @ 1.36% Li₂O from 38m¹ within drill hole KHRC011, which at completion of Phase 1 was open to the east, north and south. The Phase 2 programme, which commenced approximately a fortnight ago, has now intercepted what is interpreted to be the same host pegmatite in numerous drill holes which were designed to step out from KHRC011 to delineate the strike length and width of this significant intercept.

Similar thicknesses have been intercepted in holes KHRC015, KHRC017, KHRC021, KHRC022, KHRC029, KHRC030, KHRC031 and KHRC033 (Cross Sections 1-3). Importantly, the Company has modelled the

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¹ Refer to 20 March 2023 ASX Announcement – <u>LCT-PEGMATITE DISCOVERY CONFIRMED AT KANGAROO HILLS</u>



interpreted pegmatite which shows an identified width of 200m, strike length of >300m and dip of -20 degrees to the north. The thickness of the pegmatite ranges between 5-30m (interpreted true thickness) and exhibits a consistent thickness >20m over a 100m width at its core. A Sill like unit has been modelled that is relatively flat lying and gently dipping to the north. The pegmatite outcrops at its southern extent as defined by the Company's geological mapping (Figure 5) remains open to the north, which will be subject to further exploration.

Nineteen (19) holes for over 2,200m have been completed from the RC component of Phase 2. The planned depths of the drilling has been 120m down hole, highlighting the shallow nature of the targeted pegmatite. A small number of wide step-out holes are currently being drilled and this is expected to be completed in the coming days. **Given the geological outcome of the programme to date, the Company is now mobilising a diamond drill (DD) rig to the KHLP to commence a series of core holes.** This selective drilling will test the modelled thick (>20m) portions of the prospective pegmatite. The purpose of the diamond core is to provide the Company with a confirmation of the orientation of the pegmatite and also provide a suitable bulk sample for mineralogy scanning and potential metallurgical assessments.

FBM Technical Director Robin Cox commented:

"The geological interpretation of the Phase 2 RC drilling programme has now answered some very important questions for the FBM team. We believe that the shallow thick LCT pegmatite intercepted in KHRC011 is not an isolated occurrence as wide step-out holes have proven that this pegmatite is continuous within a well defined east-west width and north-south strike orientation. Importantly, the dip has been defined as very shallow of minus 20 degrees and remains open to the north where there is significant potential for strike extension. While we wait for the Phase 2 assay results, FBM will push ahead with diamond drilling to provide important, structural and mineralogical results to further advance the KHLP. Pleasingly, the remaining assays received from the Phase 1 programme have highlighted that the LCT potential of the greater project area which will be subject to further exploration".

The Phase 2 pegmatite intercepts have been submitted for assay and the Company will eagerly await the results. In addition, the assay results for the remaining 10 holes of Phase 1 have now been received. These results importantly confirm the presence of LCT pegmatites across the project area and require further follow up to test for potential further thick Li_2O results. Significant intercepts returned include:

- 3m @ 1.23% Li₂O, from 0m (KHRC013);
- 1m @ 0.7% Li₂O, 706ppm Cs, 68ppm Ta from 204m (KHRC006);
- 1m @ 0.82% Li2O, 255ppm Cs, 141.5ppm Ta from 262m (KHRC006);
- 1m @ 0.4% Li2O, 627ppm Cs from 129m (KHRC006);
- 2m @ 117ppm Ta from 2m (KHRC005); and
- 1m @ 462ppm Cs from 27m (KHRC007).





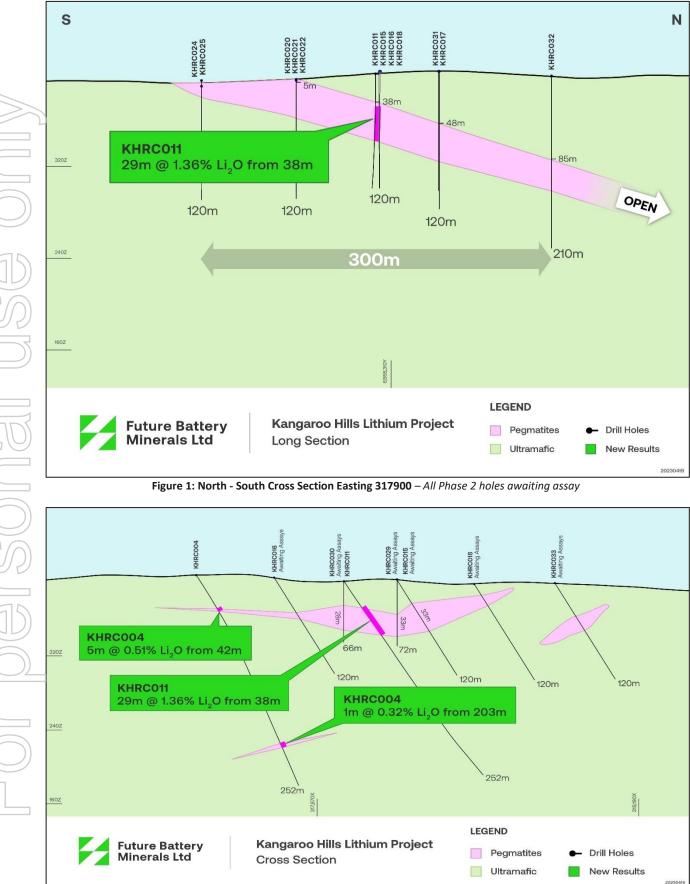


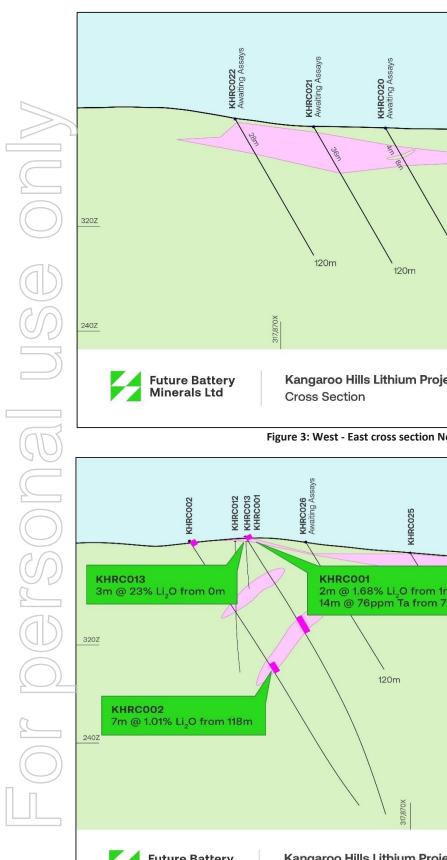
Figure 2 West- East Cross Section – Northing 6558300

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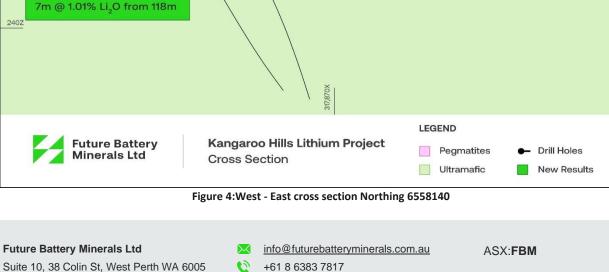
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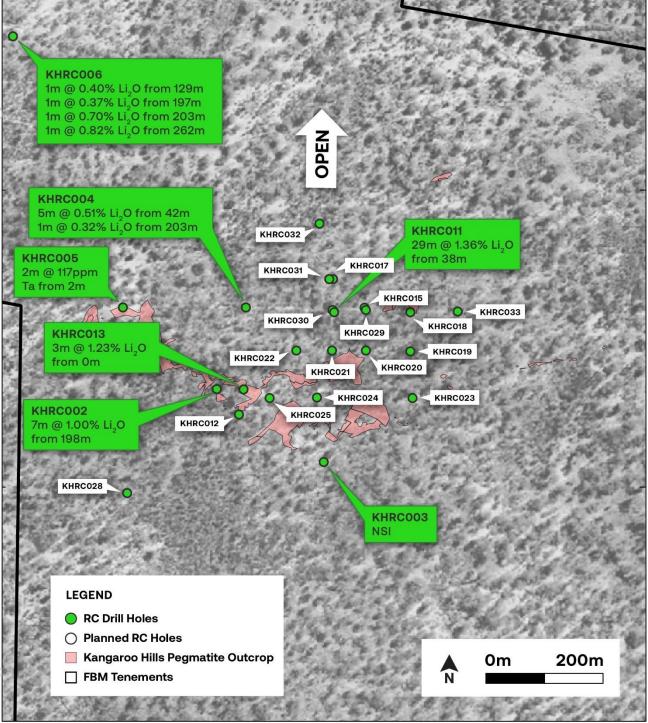


Figure 5: Plan View Phase 2 RC Drilling at KHLP

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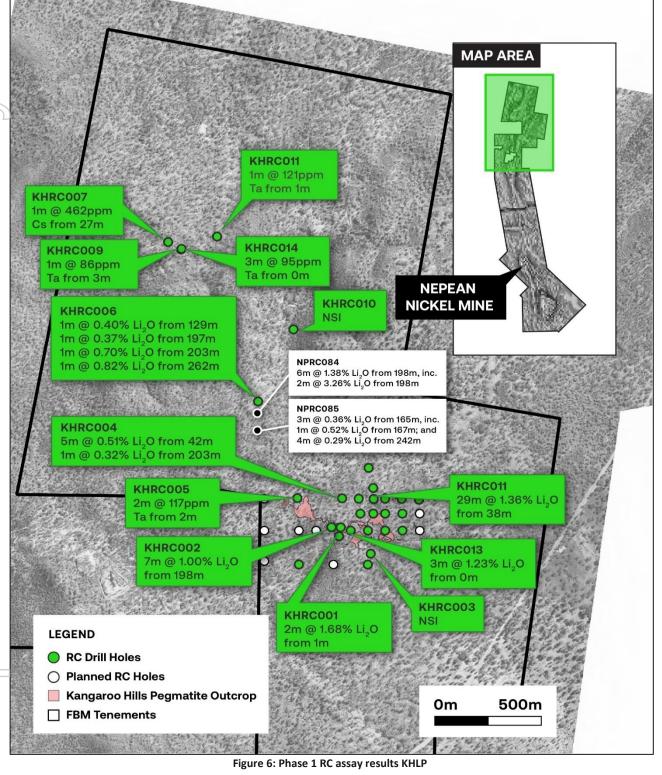
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This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board of Directors of the Company.

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For further information visit <u>www.futurebatteryminerals.com</u> or contact:

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Competent Persons Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to exploration results is based on and fairly represents information compiled by Mr Robin Cox BSc (E.Geol), a Competent Person, who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Cox is the Company's Chief Geologist and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Cox consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document may include forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning Future Battery Minerals Limited's planned exploration program and other statements that are not historical facts. When used in this document, the words such as "could," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may", "potential", "should," and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Future Battery Minerals Limited believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

Previously Reported Results

There is information in this announcement relating to exploration results which were previously announced on 20 March 2023. Other than those disclosed in the announcement, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement.

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width	Li₂O (%)	Ta (ppm)	Cs (ppm)
KHRC001	1	3	2	1.68	90	-
KHRC001	77	91	14	-	77	-
KHRC001	93	94	1	-	-	389
KHRC002	118	125	7	1	106	-
KHRC003			N	SI		
KHRC004	42	47	5	0.51	-	-
KHRC004	89	90	1	-	118	-
KHRC004	201	206	5	-	76	-
KHRC005	2	4	2	-	117	-
KHRC005	12	14	2	-	108	-
KHRC005	83	84	1	-	97	-
KHRC006	129	130	1	0.4	-	627
KHRC006	197	198	1	0.37	77	706
KHRC006	203	204	1	0.7	68	708
KHRC007	3	4	1	-	90	-
KHRC007	27	28	1	-	-	462
KHRC008	1	2	1	-	121	-
KHRC009	3	4	1	-	86	-
KHRC010	NSI					
KHRC011	38	67	29	1.36	70	-
KHRC012	99	100	1	-	86	-
KHRC013	0	3	3	1.23		
KHRC014	0	3	3	-	95	-

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Phase	
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Table 2 – Drill hole location table, RC drilling at Kangaroo Hill Lithium Project, project MGA 94 UTM Zone 51

	Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth
	KHRC001	317744	6558165	409	252	-60	90
	KHRC002	317701	6558166	409	252	-60	90
	KHRC003	317883	6558041	412	252	-60	25
	KHRC004	317750	6558302	408	250	-60	90
	KHRC005	317543	6558303	409	252	-60	90
	KHRC006	317361	6558759	407	270	-60	90
Phase 1	KHRC007	316944	6559511	432	252	-60	90
Filase I	KHRC008	317171	6559537	444	250	-60	90
	KHRC009	317004	6559476	438	252	-60	90
	KHRC010	317525	6559099	417	252	-60	90
	KHRC011	317897	6558297	403	252	-60	90
	KHRC012	317736	6558123	404	252	-60	90
	KHRC013	317744	6558165	409	252	-60	0
	KHRC014	317006	6559479	446	150	-60	0
	KHRC015	317949.3	6558301	403	120	-60	90
	KHRC016	317827.4	6558300	405	120	-60	90
	KHRC017	317894.7	6558350	402	120	-60	90
	KHRC018	318026.4	6558299	398	120	-60	90
	KHRC019	318030	6558230	394	120	-60	90
	KHRC020	317950	6558230	394	120	-60	90
	KHRC021	317895	6558230	396	120	-60	90
	KHRC022	317835	6558230	401	120	-60	90
	KHRC023	318030	6558150	391	120	-60	90
Phase 2	KHRC024	317950	6558150	391	120	-60	90
	KHRC025	317870	6558150	395	120	-60	90
	KHRC026	317790	6558150	405	120	-60	90
	KHRC027	317869.3	6557990	395	120	-60	90
	KHRC028	317550	6557990	405	120	-60	90
	KHRC029	317949.8	6558300	402	72	-90	0
	KHRC030	317896.7	6558299	401	66	-90	0
	KHRC031	317894.3	6558351	402	120	-90	0
	KHRC032	317873.3	6558446	399	210	-60	90
	KHRC033	318106.6	6558295	398	120	-60	90

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JORC Code, 2012 Edition, Table 1 (Kangaroo Hills)

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data

Se	Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data				
C	RITERIA	EXPLANATION	COMMENTARY		
	ampling techniques	 Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from which 3kg was pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	 Drilling Future Battery Minerals Limited: LCT mineralisation at the Kangaroo Hills Lithium Project (KHLP) has been sampled from the following drilling techniques. RC drilling creates 1m samples of pulverised chips, approximately 3kg's is collected in individual calico bags Rock Chip samples are collected from out crop, sub crop in the field. 		
	rilling techniques	 Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open- hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face- sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Reverse circulation (RC) drilling was conducted on reported results in this announcement 		
_	rill sample ecovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited. Sample recovery is noted in the field for each individual sample. Sample is collected via a cyclone and cone splitter attached to the drill rig, which is considered standard for RC sampling. No relationship between sample recovery 		

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	loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	and grade has been yet observed and no sample bias is believed to have occurred.
Logging	 Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Drill chips are lithologically logged by Geologists in the field Logging is qualitative, recording rock type and mineral abundance Logging of RC chips is conducted on a 1 metr
	in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	sample size.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: 1m RC percussion, sample is split via a cyclon and cone splitter attached to the drill rig to produce a bagged 3kg sample. Certified reference material and blank material are inserted every 20 samples as per company QA/QC procedure for both DD & RC Field duplicates collected from the Cyclone and cone splitter are inserted every 60 samples Sample weights per metre range between 1- 3kg.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: ALS Minerals, multi element analysis method ME-ICP61 utilised for all samples, consisting of multi acid digestion with HF and ICP-AES analysi Over limit method Ni-OG62H for ore grade Ni consisting of four acid digestion with ICP-AES analysis. PGM-ICP23 fire assay ICP-AES finish method used selectively for samples considered to contain Pt, Pd & Au. All methods are considered suitable for the style of mineralisatio targeted. Certified Reference Material (CRM's)and quartz blank (Blanks) samples are inserted 1:20 for DD & RC and 1:30 for AC as part of Future Battery's QA/QC procedure. Accuracy and performance of CRM's and Blanks are considered after results are received. Field duplicates collected from the Cyclone and cone splitter are inserted every 60 samples Rock Chip samples and RC pulps for Lithium

Rock Chip samples and RC pulps for Lithium

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COMMENTARY

CRITERIA	EXPLANATION
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Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verificate either indepute personnel. The use of temperson tempers
Location of data points	 Accuracy an drill holes (o trenches, m used in Min Specification Quality and
Data coacina and	Data spacing

CRITERIA	EXPLANATION	COMIMENTARY
		 Investigation have been fused with Na2O2 and digested in hydrochloric acid, the solution is analysed by ICP by Nagrom Mineral Processors ICP004&ICP005 & ALS Minerals Laboratories ME-MS81 ICP-AES, ME-MS91. The method is considered a whole rock analysis. A stoichiometric conversion of Li to Li₂O is applied consisting of a factor 2.153. X-Ray Difraction Semi Quantitative X-Ray Difraction was caried out on rock chip samples by ALS Laboratories. The analysis provides both a qualitative assessment of the mineralogy and a quantitative result. Raman Spectrometer Bruker Raman Spectrometer was utilised on all pegmatite RC chip samples from with returned laboratory assays. Raman spectroscopy is a spectroscopic tool that enables rapid raw material identification. With the aid of custom-built reference libraries, it can be used to verify or identify unknown materials in a matter of minutes. It is a non-destructive technique that requires limited to no sample preparation in order to perform analysis. Qualitative mineralogical identification Laser excitation wavelength 700-100nm
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: No third-party verification has been completed to date Drill holes have not been twinned All primary paper data is held on site, digitised data is held in a managed database off site. No adjustments to assays have occurred.
Location of data points	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Drill collars were surveyed in GDA94/MGA Zone 51 datum by handheld GPS +-5m accuracy At completion of programme drill collars will be surveyed using a Differential GPS +- 0.1m accuracy. Rock Chip samples are recoded with handheld GPS.
Data spacing and distribution	 Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Drill data spacing is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for this stage of exploration and understanding of mineralisation

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	 Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Drill holes azimuth is perpendicular to stratigraphic strike Drill hole dip is regarded suitable for subvertical stratigraphy and provides a near too true width intersection to minimise orientation bias. The geometry of drill holes relative to the mineralised zones achieves unbiased sampling of this deposit type. No orientation-based sampling bias has been identified.
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	 Future Battery Minerals Limited: Drill samples are collected in labelled polyweave bags and closed with tight zip ties. Samples are transported within 1-2days of hole completion by field staff directly to ALS laboratories.
Audits or reviews	 The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	 No independent audit or review has been undertaken.

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results

ection 2. Reporting of Exploration Results				
CRITERIA	EXPLANATION	COMMENTARY		
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	 The Kangaroo Hill Lithium Project consists of 8 prospecting leases. P15/5740, P15/5741, P15/5742, P15/5743, P15/5749, P15/5750, P15/5963, P15/5965 All leases are held by Eastern Coolgardie Goldfields Pty Ltd (ECG), a joint venture company of Future Battery Minerals Ltd (80%) and Lodestar Resources Ltd (20%). No known royalties exist on the leases. There are no material issues with regard to access. The tenement is in good standing and no known impediments exist. 		
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	 Exploration drilling has been conducted by the previous lease holders, Metals Exploration NL, Endeavour, St Francis Mining, Anaconda, Spinifex Nickel, Ausminex NL - Consolidated Nickel Pty Ltd. Focus Minerals owned the project between 2007-2020. Data collected by these entities has been reviewed in detail by Future Battery. 		
Geology	 Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	 The Kangaroo Hills Lithium Project is regarded as a Lithium Caesium Tantalum enriched pegmatite which intrudes older archaen aged greenstone lithologies. 		
Drill hole Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results	A Drill hole location table has been included in this announcement.		

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CRITERIA	EXPLANATION	COMMENTARY
	 including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	 Exploration Results were reported by using the weighted average of each sample result by its corresponding interval length, as is industry standard practice. Grades >0.3% Li2O are considered significant for mineralisation purposes. A lower cut-off grade of 0.3% Li2O has been used to report the Exploration results. Top-cuts were deemed not applicable. Metal equivalent values have not been used.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	 Most drill holes were angled to the East so that intersections are orthogonal to the orientation of stratigraphy.
Diagrams	 Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	 Relevant diagrams have been included within the announcement.
Balanced reporting	 Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	 All results related to mineralisation at Kangaroo Hills have been reported in the Significant Intercepts Table.
Other substantive exploration data	 Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and 	No other substantive data exists.

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CRITERIA	EXPLANATION	COMMENTARY
method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.		
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	 Future Battery is currently reviewing data to determine if further drilling is warranted. If it is determined that additional drilling is required, the Company will announce such plans in due course. Refer to diagrams in the main body of text.

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