WHERE ARE WE NOW?



>>> Treasury consulting on exposure draft legislation



AASB consulting on exposure draft standards



Regime expected to commence for very large entities for financial years commencing 1 July 2024 (possibly 1 Jan 2025)



DRAFT LEGISLATION

WHO AND WHEN?

Phased approach, commencing with largest

Medium entities (excl NGER reports and asset owners with ≥ \$5b assets) that do not have material climate risks and opportunities only required to state that

	Entity	Thresholds at the end of the relevant financial year	Report from first FY commencing on/after
-	Very large	Any two of:Consolidated revenue of \$500mConsolidated assets of \$1bn500 employees	1 July 2024
-	Large	Any two of:Consolidated revenue of \$200mConsolidated assets of \$500m250 employees	1 July 2026
	Medium	Any two of:Consolidated revenue of \$50mConsolidated assets of \$25m100 employees	1 July 2027
	Asset owners: registered schemes and RSEs	\$5 billion of assets	1 July 2026
	National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act reporters	Main thresholds:50kt of emissions, or200TJ of energy produced, or200TJ of energy consumed	1 July 2024
	NGER reporters	All others	1 July 2026

WHAT AND HOW?

Contents for climate statements include:

- Material climate risks and opportunities
- Governance arrangements
- Scope 1 and 2 emissions
- Scope 3 emissions from second reporting year
- Impacts on cash flows, revenues and asset values (incl for long term)
- Scenario planning against at least 2 scenarios (one 1.5°C)

WHAT?



HOW?



Climate statements and notes required by sustainability standards, and any additional statements required under Ministerial rules



In an annual sustainability report



Consolidated group may elect to prepare single report for group



Plus a directors' declaration declaring whether statements in accordance with Corporations Act



Limited review for years commencing before 1 July 2030 (beginning with Scope 1 and 2 only); graduating to full audit from 1 July 2030



DRAFT LEGISLATION

LIMITED IMMUNITY FROM SUIT



Proposed to apply only to statements made in sustainability reports about scope 3 emissions and scenario analysis



In reports prepared for FYs commencing on or after 1 July 2024 and before 1 July 2027



No immunity from criminal prosecutions or from civil actions brought by ASIC if the action involves a fault element and / or the only remedy sought is a declaration or injunction

CONSIDERATIONS FOR LISTED COMPANIES

CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE

- The proposed mandatory reporting requirements are periodic, but listed companies will still need to comply with their continuous disclosure obligations
- The limited immunity will not apply to statements made outside the sustainability report, including continuous disclosure announcements

DIRECTOR DECLARATIONS

- Directors will need to make declarations without receiving CEO and CFO declarations, as they would for financial reporting
- And, until 1 July 2030, without a full audit

DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS

The limited immunity will not apply to statements made outside the sustainability report, including disclosure documents

