# NATIONAL GUARANTEE FUND ABN 69 546 559 493

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2022

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# **Trustees' Report**

The directors of Securities Exchanges Guarantee Corporation Limited (SEGC), the trustee of the National Guarantee Fund (NGF or the Fund), present their report, together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the auditor's report thereon.

### **Trustee and Board of Directors**

The directors of SEGC, the trustee of the Fund, in office during the financial year and up until the date of this report were as follows:

Ms. Nancy J. Milne (Chairperson)

Ms. Susan M. Doyle

Mr. Colin R. Scully

Mr. David D. Trude

Mr. Michael T. Willcock

Mr. Colin R. Scully was appointed by ASX Limited (ASX). Mr David D. Trude was appointed by Cboe Australia Pty Ltd ('Cboe') (formerly known as Chi-X Australia Pty Ltd (Chi-X)). Mr. Trude was a director of Cboe during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

#### **Principal Activities**

The Fund's primary function is to provide investor compensation in the circumstances set out in Part 7.5 of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

SEGC administers the Fund and holds the Fund's assets on trust in accordance with Division 4 of Part 7.5 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

In accordance with sections 7.5.89 of the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, funds in excess of the minimum amount can be paid from the Fund for certain purposes approved by the Minister. During the financial year, the Board determined a new minimum amount of \$110 million. This became effective on approval by the Minister on 4 April 2022. The size of the Fund was and remains less than the new minimum amount. The Board has not resolved to raise a levy pursuant to Section 889J of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### **Review of Operations**

During the financial year, SEGC redeemed the Fund's investment in full in the UBS Short-Term Fixed Income Fund (UBS Fund) and \$10 million from the Schroder Real Return Fund (Schroder RRF) and reinvested it in units in the IFM Specialised Credit Floating Feeder Fund (IFM SCF).

The loss for the period was \$0.790m (2021: profit \$9.512m).

In the current financial year, revenue decreased by \$10.227m from \$10.585m in the prior financial year to \$0.358m. This was primarily due to two factors. The first was unrealised losses in each of the Schroders RRF and IFM SCF and the second was a smaller relative receipt of recoveries from the liquidators of BBY Limited as compared to the financial year ended 30 June 2021 (2022: \$1.211m/ 2021 \$4.475m).

The net unrealised loss on investment funds held was \$5.261m (2022: Schroders RRF loss of \$3.981m: IFM SCF loss of \$1.309m: UBS realised gain of \$0.029). This was offset by \$4.048 in distribution income as set out below. This compares to unrealised gains in the investment funds of \$3.394m in the prior financial year.

The Fund received an increase in distribution income of \$1.646m (2022: \$4.048m / 2021: \$2.402m).

Expenses for the year increased by \$0.075m to \$1.148m (2021: \$1.073m), primarily due to an increase in director fees, compulsory superannuation and insurance costs.

Occupancy costs reflect the effects of a new office licence which commenced on 1 November 2021 and, under AASB16 required adjusted accounting entries to reflect the right of use asset and lease liability for the next five year period.

Net assets decreased by \$0.790m to \$105.351m (2021: \$106.141m). This is primarily due to the unrealised losses in the Schroders RRF and IFM SCF.

# Trustees' Report - Continued

The following table summarises the number of compensation claims carried forward from prior year, received, disallowed, withdrawn, and paid in the current and prior year.

Number of	FY22	FY21
Open claims at start of period	4	3
Claims received	0	1
Claims disallowed	1	,
Claims withdrawn	0	0
Claims paid	0	0
Open claims at end of period	3	4
Determined or considered but not yet paid	3	3

During the financial year the Fund did not pay any claims. The Fund disallowed one claim that had been received in the prior period.

As at the end of the financial year, there are three outstanding claims on the Fund. Three of these claims were determined by the Claims Committee of the SEGC Board in a prior period but have yet to be paid prior to the date of this report. This is because either, the claimant entity has been deregistered or the claimant has failed to answer communication from SEGC relating to the payment. An outstanding claims provision of \$0.015m continues to be held in respect of these claims.

One claim has been received after 30 June 2022.

# **Financial Industry Development Account**

FIDA is administered by ASX under section 7.5.89 of the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Fund did not make any distributions to FIDA during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: \$nil).

There were no purposes approved by the Minister for payments to FIDA in the financial year.

# Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

During the financial year, the Board determined a new minimum amount of \$110 million. This became effective on approval by the Minister on 4 April 2022. The size of the Fund was and remains less than the new minimum amount.

SEGC redeemed the Fund's investment in full from the UBS Fund and \$10 million from the Schroder RRF and invested the proceeds into the IFM SCF.

The Fund received recoveries from the liquidators of BBY Limited of \$1.211m during the financial year.

# **Events Subsequent to Balance Date**

No other matters or circumstances other than those noted in the review of operations and significant changes in the state of affairs have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Fund.

### **Likely Developments**

There are currently no known likely developments that will affect the operations or state of affairs of the Fund.

### **Environmental Regulation**

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

# Trustees' Report - Continued

# Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

SEGC has paid insurance premiums out of NGF in respect of directors' and officers' liability for current and former directors and officers of SEGC and related entities. The insurance policies prohibit disclosure of the nature of the liabilities insured against and the amount of the premiums.

The constitution of SEGC provides that every person who is or has been an officer of SEGC is indemnified by SEGC, to the extent permitted by law, against any liability incurred in that capacity. The indemnity does not apply where the liability arises out of a lack of good faith or conduct contrary to SEGC's express instructions or where the liability is to SEGC or a related body corporate.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Board of SEGC consists of five non-executive directors. ASX and Cboe as the members of SEGC, each appoint one director and those directors appoint three independent directors while each of them:

- is not a director, officer, or employee of or a partner in a participant of ASX or Chi-X;
- is not a director, officer, or employee of ASX or Chi-X or a body corporate that operates another financial market, or their related bodies corporate;
- is not a professional adviser to ASX or Chi-X or a body corporate that operates another financial market, or their related bodies corporate;
- is not a spouse, parent, or child of a person in any of the previous categories; and
- otherwise has no interest in a participant of ASX or Chi-X or another financial market, or their related bodies corporate, which would enable the person to influence the management and policies of the participant's stockbroking business.

SEGC's constitution provides that the term of office of each director expires three years after the date the director's appointment takes effect. A retiring director is eligible to be reappointed to the Board. Directors' remuneration is determined from time to time by the members of SEGC.

Three executives, independent of both ASX and Cboe, perform the management and secretarial functions for SEGC.

#### **Non-Audit Services**

There were no non-audit services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers during the year.

### **Rounding of Amounts**

The Fund is of the kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 2016/191. In accordance with that class order, amounts in the directors' report and financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

# **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration, as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is included on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

Susan Doyle Director

Sydney, 17 August 2022



# Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of National Guarantee Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Matthew Lunn Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney 17 August 2022

# Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Revenue			
Unrealised Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments held at fair value	3	(5,261)	3,394
Distribution Income	4		
Miscellaneous Income	4	4,048	2,402
Government 'Cash Boost'		63	129
Member Contributions			50
Imputation Credits		141	30
Net Claims Recovery		157	106
oralinio ricacitaly		1,211	4,475
		358	10,585
Expenses			
Staff Related Costs			
Legal Expenses		(125)	(129)
Administration		(156)	(222)
Occupancy		(795)	(655)
Оссирансу		(73)	(67)
		(1,148)	(1,073)
(Loss)/profit before income tax expense		(790)	9,512
Income tax expense			-
Net (loss)/profit for the period attributable to members of			
the Fund		(790)	9,512
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		,	
Fotal comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(790)	9,512

The above Statement of comprehensive income should be read in accordance with the accompanying notes.

# **Balance sheet**

As at 30 June	Note	2022	2021
Current assets		\$'000	\$'000
Cash	E	<b>50</b>	
Receivables	5	584	1,348
Prepayments	*	1,750	1,327
Investments	0	72	24
	6	103,023	103,550
Total current assets		105,428	106,248
Non - current assets			
Fixed Assets		11	0
Right of Use Asset		325	2
Total Non - current assets			52
		337	54
Total assets		105,765	106,302
Current liabilities			
Sundry Creditors		_	
Lease Liability		5	33
Expense Accruals		332	61
Withholding Tax Payable		33	45
Unearned Member Contributions		10	8
Outstanding Claims Liability	7	19	ā
Total current liabilities		15 <b>414</b>	15 161
Non - current liabilities		714	101
Total Non - current liabilities		0	0
Total liabilities		414	161
let assets		105,351	106,141
Equity			
Retained Earnings		105,351	106,141
otal equity		105,351	106,141

The above Balance sheet should be read in accordance with the accompanying notes.

# Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30 June		2022	2021
Tor the year ended 50 June	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance of retained earnings at 1 July		106,141	96,629
(Loss)/profit for the period		(790)	9,512
Other comprehensive income for the period		(100)	9,512
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of tax		(790)	9,512
Closing balance of retained earnings at 30 June		105,351	106,141

The above Statement of changes in equity should be read in accordance with the accompanying notes.

# Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from the redemption of investments		53,426	_
Payments for applications to new investments Investment distribution income received Miscellaneous income Payments to suppliers (inclusive of GST) Proceeds from recovered GST Claims		(56,400) 1,975 266 (1,300) 69 1,211	(5,000) 2,302 196 (1,054) 45
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		(753)	4,475 <b>963</b>
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of PP&E		(11)	
Net cash (outflow) from investing activities	1 -	(11)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(764)	963
Cash at the beginning of the financial period		1,348	385
Cash at the end of the financial period		584	1,348

# Reconciliation of the operating (loss)/profit after income tax to the net cash flows from operating activities

Net (loss)/profit after tax	(790)	9,512
Adjustments for:		<b>-</b>
Depreciation and amortisation	3	4
Net(gain) / loss on financial instruments held at fair value	6,114	(3,394)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		,
Decrease/(increase) in investments	(5,587)	(5,129)
Decrease/(increase) in right of use asset	(273)	(0,129)
Increase/(decrease) in lease liability	271	
Increase (decrease) in unearned contributions	19	(65)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	(423)	(FE)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	(49)	(55) 24
Increase/(decrease) in payables		
Increase/(decrease) in expense accruals	(9) (29)	6
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(753)	963

The above Statement of cash flows should be read in accordance with the accompanying notes.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

National Guarantee Fund (the Fund) is a not-for-profit trust domiciled in Australia. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 were authorised for issue by the directors of the trustee, Securities Exchanges Guarantee Corporation (SEGC) on 17 August 2022. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

### (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that:

- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)
- have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investments, which have been measured at fair value
- are measured and presented in Australian dollars (being the Fund's functional and presentation currency) with all values rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated, in accordance with ASIC Class Order 2016/191.

# New and Amended Standards Adopted by the Fund

No new or revised standards have been adopted by the Fund.

# New Accounting Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted by the Fund

There are no other standards that are not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition

### Movements in the fair value of investment units

Investments in units of managed funds are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and are stated at fair value in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. Net gains and losses that result from fair value movements in investment units are included in revenue.

#### **Distributions**

Distribution revenue from investments in managed funds is recognised when the right to receive the distribution has been established.

#### Interest

Interest revenue on cash at bank is recognised using the effective interest method.

### Miscellaneous Income

Rebates of management fees associated with investments in managed funds are treated as miscellaneous income to differentiate this management fee offset.

#### **Refund of Imputation Credits**

The Australian Taxation Office (ATO) has endorsed the Fund as an income tax exempt charitable entity. As a result, imputation credits arising from distributions received during the year are recognised as revenue. Imputation credits not received by the end of the financial year are recognised as receivables.

#### (c) Claims

Claims are recognised on an accruals basis when they are considered by the Claims Committee of the SEGC Board as valid. Provisions for claims are recognised when the following conditions are met:

- (i) the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events;
- (ii) it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (iii) the amount can be reliably estimated.

If compensation is paid in respect of a claim, SEGC is subrogated to the extent of that payment to the claimant's rights and remedies in relation to the loss to which the claim relates (section 892F of the *Corporations Act 2001*).

#### (d) Income Tax

No provision is made for income tax as the Fund has received notification from the ATO of endorsement as an income tax exempt charitable entity.

### (e) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the item of expense to which it relates.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

### (f) Cash

Cash as presented on the balance sheet and statement of cash flows comprises the cash balance held with the National Australia Bank.

#### (g) Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less any provision for impairment.

### (h) Prepayments

Prepayments represent insurance premiums paid in advance for directors' and officers' liability insurance and investment manager's insurance. Prepayments are amortised over the period that the service is provided.

#### (i) Investments

The investments of the Fund are unit trust investments currently managed by two professional investment portfolio managers, IFM Investors Pty Limited (IFM) and Schroder Investment Management Limited (Schroders). During the year, the Fund redeemed its total holdings held investments in the UBS Short-Term Fixed Income Fund in addition to a partial drawdown of funds in the Schroders fund and subsequently invested in the IFM SCF in September 2021. The IFM SCF employs a range of credit and interest rate relative value strategies to enhance returns and minimise the risk of underperforming the Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index over any rolling three-year period. The Schroder RRF invests in a wide range of assets, including domestic and global equities. The main risks specifically with investing in this strategy are market risk, equities risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, derivatives risk and risks associated with international investing such as movements in exchange rates.

The fair value of the investments is established by referring to redemption prices quoted by both fund managers. The fund managers are responsible for using the relevant market bid prices of underlying instruments in the portfolios at balance date to calculate the redemption prices for the funds.

### (j) Payables

Payables are initially measured at invoice value and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Fund prior to the end of the reporting period which are unpaid. The amounts, which are stated at amortised cost, are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of the end of each quarter to which they relate.

# (k) Payments to Financial Industry Development Account (FIDA)

Requests for payment in relation to purposes approved for FIDA funding are recognised as a liability of the Fund once the request for payment has been submitted to and approved by the Board of Directors of SEGC.

# 2. Financial Risk Management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (comprising interest rate and foreign currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's overall risk management strategy seeks to manage potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Fund. Financial risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of SEGC, as trustee of the Fund. The Board has endorsed an Investment Policy Statement which is varied from time to time to meet the needs of the Fund. In developing the Investment Policy and investment strategy contained in the Investment Policy Statement, the Board has regard to several matters, including but not limited to, the purpose of the Fund as set out in the Division 4 or Part 7.5 of the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Fund's risks are managed in accordance with this Investment Policy Statement.

The Fund holds the following financial assets and liabilities by category.

As at 30 June 2022	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised	Total
	\$'000	cost	\$'000
		\$'000	
Financial assets			
Cash	140	584	504
Investments	103,023	304	584
Total financial assets	103,023	584	103,023 103,607
			103,007
Financial liabilities			
Sundry Creditors		-	
Lease Liability	≅.	5	5
Other Payables	₩.	332	332
Accrued Expenses		10	10
Unearned Member Contribution	(E)	33	33
	S=-	19	19
Outstanding Claims Liability		15	15
Total financial liabilities	*	414	414

2)	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised	Total	
As at 30 June 2021	\$'000	cost	\$'000	
Financial assets		\$'000		
Cash				
Investments	400.550	1348	1348	
Total financial assets	103,550		103,550	
Total Illiancial assets	103,550	1,348	104,898	
Financial liabilities				
Sundry Creditors		00		
Lease Liability	-	33	33	
Other Payables		61	61	
Accrued Expenses		8	8	
	-	45	45	
Outstanding Claims Liability	and the state of t	15	15	
Total financial liabilities		162	162	

#### (a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from movements in observable market variables such as interest rates and other market prices. The Fund is exposed to market risks, predominantly through the investment of Fund balances. For the years ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, the Fund balances were invested with UBS, IFM and Schroders in accordance with the NGF Investment Policy Statement as approved by the Board.

### (i) Interest Rate Risk

The Fund has exposure to interest rate risk which arises in relation to cash at bank and indirectly from investments. Cash at bank includes an amount of cash held for operational purposes and interest rate risk on this balance is considered to be low. Investments, represented by holdings in IFM SCF and Schroder RRF, have significant exposure to interest rate risk but are classified as non-interest bearing as the revenue generated from these investments is derived from variations in unit prices rather than directly from movements in interest rates. Unit prices, which are used to value the investments, may however be impacted by interest rate variations.

Interest rate risk is managed through diversifying the total investment portfolio between two professional investment portfolio managers as shown above and regular performance monitoring of both investments by the Board of SEGC. The IFM Specialised Credit Fund includes investments in credit assets. The Schroder Real Return Fund includes exposure to cash, domestic fixed interest, inflation linked securities, higher yielding credit, mortgage & floating rate credit, emerging market debt and global fixed income, and other securities that are exposed to interest rate risk.

The Fund's receivables and payables are non-interest bearing and not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate due to a change in market interest rates.

The maximum direct and indirect exposure to interest rate risk is represented by the below financial assets:

As at 30 June 2022	Interest - bearing	Non - interest - bearing	Total
9	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets			
Cash	584	524	504
Investments	-	103,023	584
Total financial assets	584	103,023	103,023
Weighted average earning rate for the year	0.00%	(1.2)%	103,607
•	Interest - bearing	Non - interest - bearing	Total
		- bearing	
	bearing		Total \$'000
Financial assets	bearing	- bearing	\$'000
As at 30 June 2021 Financial assets Cash Investments	bearing \$'000	- bearing \$'000	\$'000 1348
Financial assets Cash Investments	\$'000 1348	- bearing \$'000 - 103,550	\$'000
Financial assets Cash	bearing \$'000	- bearing \$'000	\$'000 1348

### **Sensitivity Analysis**

# Fair Value Sensitivity Analysis of Interest - Bearing Financial Assets:

At 30 June 2022, an increase/decrease of 25 basis points in interest rates from year end rates would have resulted in an immaterial change in profit or loss.

Variations in interest rates may also affect the unit prices of the Fund's non - interest - bearing financial assets (Investments), however the amount cannot be reliably measured.

# Fair Value Sensitivity Analysis of Non - Interest - Bearing Financial Assets:

At 30 June 2022, if investment redemption prices increased/decreased by 25 basis points from year end prices, profit would have been \$0.255m (2021: \$0.259m) higher/lower due to a change in the fair value of the investments.

### (ii) Foreign Currency Risk

The Fund has indirect exposure to foreign currency risk from its investment exposure to the Schroder Real Return Fund. Where managed funds have investments in underlying securities that are denominated in foreign currencies, the unit prices, which are used to value the investments, may be impacted by variations in exchange rates. The Board of SEGC manages this risk through regular review of the composition of both funds and the proportion of the total funds invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies.

#### (b) Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk which represents the potential loss that may arise from the failure of a counterparty to meet its obligation or commitments to the Fund or its administrator, SEGC.

The carrying amount of the Fund's financial assets represents the maximum exposure to credit risk. Credit risk relating to investments is managed by investing in two separate funds which have a diversified range of investments with different counterparties. Counterparty exposure and credit quality is managed by the individual portfolio managers of each fund.

The expected credit loss on Receivables as at 30 June 2022 amounted to zero (2021: zero).

#### (c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk associated with the need to pay claims or other expenses, as determined by SEGC, is mitigated by investing in funds that hold underlying liquid investments. It is considered that both the IFM SCF and Schroder RRF can be called upon at short notice to fund liquidity requirements.

The maturities of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities at 30 June are shown below.

At 30 June 2022	> Up to 1 mth \$'000	> 1 mth to 3 mths \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets			
Cash	584	720	584
Investments	103,023		103,023
Total financial assets	103,607	*	103,607
Financial liabilities			
Sundry Creditors	<b>.</b>	5	5
Lease Liability		332	332
Other Payables	-	10	10
Accrued Expenses		33	33
Unearned Member Contributions	2	19	
Outstanding Claims Liability		15	19 15
Total financial liabilities		414	15 414

At 30 June 2021	> Up to 1 mth \$'000	> 1 mth to 3 mths \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets			
Cash	1348	<u>=</u>	1,348
Investments	103,550	-	103,550
Total financial assets	104,898		104,898
Financial liabilities			
Sundry creditors		33	22
Lease liability		61	33
Other payables		8	61
Accrued expenses		_	8
Outstanding claims liability		45 15	45
Total financial liabilities	•	162	15 162

#### (d) Equity Market Risk

The Fund is exposed to equity market risk through its holdings in the Schroder Real Return Fund. Equity market risk relating to investments is managed by investing through a professional investment manager and exposure to that fund is to be maintained within the allocation range set in the NGF Investment Policy Statement.

#### (e) Capital Management

The SEGC Board's policy is broadly to maintain the assets of the Fund at a level at or above the minimum amount to meet claims and administration costs of SEGC and the Fund, and where the assets of the Fund fall below that level to consider what action is required. This may include developing a plan to return the assets of the Fund to the minimum amount within a five-year timeframe. The minimum amount may be determined by the Board from time to time with the approval of the Minister in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*. The minimum amount of the Fund is currently \$110 million, however the Board has not at this stage determined to raise a levy pursuant to Section 889J of the *Corporations Act 2001*. The minimum amount is subject to regular review with the assistance of independent professional advisers appointed by the Board of SEGC.

The Board has an investment strategy in place to invest available financial assets, totalling \$103.023m at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: \$103.550m), into funds managed by professional investment portfolio managers in order to appropriately manage the financial assets of the Fund.

The Board monitors the Fund by receiving and reviewing quarterly investment reports from the fund managers and regular reports from the Capital and Investment Committee with respect to capital management, investment strategy and portfolio risk analysis.

If the total fair value amount of the Fund falls below the minimum amount, the Board is able to undertake certain measures to manage the financial position, including taking insurance against claims liability, paying claims in instalments, external borrowings or imposing levies on members or member participants. The Board periodically reviews the need for these measures to be undertaken in accordance with the SEGC capital management plan.

During the year the size of the Fund was below the minimum amount. The Board has not had to undertake any of the measures above at this stage as the amount in the NGF is within an acceptable range under the SEGC Capital Management Plan.

SEGC continues to monitor the amount in the Fund and the minimum amount in accordance with its capital management plan. Levies may be required if the Fund remains under or falls further below the minimum amount.

If the amount in the Fund exceeds the minimum amount, the Board may pay the excess or part of the excess to the FIDA, for purposes approved by the Minister or his delegate. FIDA is administered by ASX.

### (f) Fair value measurements

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy to categorise its financial instruments measured and carried at fair value:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2)

 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

All of the Fund's assets measured and recognised at fair value on 30 June 2022 are categorised as 'level 2' in the fair value hierarchy. The Fund did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

# (ii) Valuation Techniques used to Determine Fair Values

Fair values of investments are established by referring to redemption prices, as quoted by the two fund managers, which are based on the relevant market prices of underlying instruments in the portfolios at balance sheet date. As the fair values of the investments are not determined directly by reference to quoted prices in active markets, they are designated in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

There are no financial instruments designated within level 1 or 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2022 or 30 June 2021. The carrying amounts of receivables approximates their fair value as the impact of discounting is not significant.

The Fund did not measure any assets or liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

# 3. Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments held at fair value

	2022	2021
UDO OL COMPANIONE DE LA	\$'000	\$'000
UBS Short-Term Fixed Income Fund	29	61
Schroder Real Return Fund – Professional Class	(3,981)	3,332
IFM Specialised Credit Floating Feeder Fund	(1,309)	0,002
Total net gain/(loss) financial instruments held at fair value	(5,261)	3,394

### 4. Distribution income

		2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	hort-Term Fixed Income Fund	-	162
	er Real Retum Fund – Professional Class	1,475	2,239
IFM Sp	ecialised Credit Floating Feeder Fund	2,572	2,200
Total d	istribution income	4,048	2,402
5.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000

584

584

1,348

1,348

Total cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank

# 6. Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss

2022	2021
\$'000	\$'000
	43,380
46.235	60,170
56,788	-
103,023	103,550
	\$'000 46,235 56,788

# 7. Outstanding claims accruals

4	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Claims (including interest)	15	15
Total expense accruals	15	15

### 8. Payments to FIDA

Section 7.5.89(1) of the *Corporations Regulations 2001* confers on the Board of SEGC, being the administrator of the Fund, discretion to pay amounts from the excess above the minimum amount, currently \$110.0 million, for purposes approved by the Minister or his delegate under regulation 7.5.88 of the *Corporations Regulations 2001*. Excess money paid from the Fund must be paid into FIDA and may only be used for approved purposes.

No payments to FIDA were made in the financial year and there were no approved purposes.

# 9. Related Party Transactions - Directors

The directors of SEGC in office during the financial year and up until the date of this report were as follows:

Ms. Nancy J. Milne (Chairperson)

Ms. Susan M. Doyle

Mr. Colin R. Scully

Mr. David D. Trude

Mr. Michael T. Willcock

Mr Colin R. Scully was appointed by ASX Limited (ASX). Mr David D. Trude was appointed by Cboe Australia Pty Ltd (Cboe). Mr. Trude was a director of Cboe during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

# 10. Key Management Personnel Compensation

The key management personnel comprised the five directors of SEGC.

Key management personnel compensation provided during the financial years ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, is as follows:

90	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Short-term benefits	390,334	330,290
Post-employment benefits	39,033	31,452
Total Key Management Personnel compensation	429,367	361,742

Directors' fees and superannuation are paid to the directors of SEGC out of the Fund.

### 11. Auditor's remuneration

The auditor provided the following services to the Fund in relation to the year.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia	2022 \$	2021 \$
Statutory audit services:		
Audit of the financial statements under the Corporations Act 2001	26,520	25,500
Total remuneration to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia	26,520	25,500

In accordance with section 889H of the *Corporations Act 2001*, auditor's remuneration is paid by the Fund. In addition, the Fund is to cover costs to the auditor of \$5,720 for the audit of the SEGC financial statements (2021: \$5,500).

The auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, provided no other services to the Fund during the year to the value of \$ nil (2021: \$nil).

# 12. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

There are no other contingent liabilities or commitments.

### 13. Subsequent Events

In the period between 30 June 2022 and 17 August 2022, one claim for compensation has been received.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen which have significantly affected the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund.

# Trustees' declaration

In the directors' opinion:

- a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 21 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and its cash flows, for the period ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- c) the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Susan Doyle Director

Sydney, 17 August 2022



# Independent auditor's report

To the Trustee of National Guarantee Fund

#### Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of National Guarantee Fund (the Fund) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the Balance sheet as at 30 June 2022;
- the Statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- the Notes to the Financial Statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information; and
- the Trustees' declaration.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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#### Other information

Securities Exchanges Guarantee Corporation Limited (SEGC) is the trustee of the Fund. The directors of SEGC (the directors) are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the trustees' declaration is responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.



A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

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Matthew Lunn

Partner

Sydney 17 August 2022