

Appendix 7A

Timetables

Note: The days indicated in the “+Business day” column reflect completion of the event in the minimum (or maximum) time limit specified for that event.

1. Bonus issues

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making a +bonus issue. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the +bonus issue to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
<p>Entity announces +bonus issue under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX.</p> <p>If required to make the +bonus issue, entity also lodges a +disclosure document or +PDS with +ASIC and gives a copy to ASX.</p> <p>If the +bonus issue is conditional on +security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX.</p> <p>Note: Securities quoted on a “cum” basis.</p> <p>An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the bonus issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the bonus issue.</p>	<p>Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0</p> <p>Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to the commencement of trading, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	0
<p>“Ex” date.</p> <p>If agreed by ASX, bonus securities quoted on a deferred settlement basis from market open.</p>	1 +business day before the record date	3
<p>+Record date to identify +security holders entitled to participate in the issue.</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15.</p>	<p>At least 4 +business days after day 0</p> <p>Note: If the announced record date is later than 4 business days after day 0, the preceding date, this date and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	4

<p>Last day for entity to issue the bonus *securities and lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for quotation of the bonus *securities.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on that business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the business day after that.</p> <p>Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.</p>	<p>Before noon (Sydney time) no more than 5 *business days after *record date</p>	<p>9</p>
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Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rules 3D(1)(e), 3E(5)(a)(vi), 3E(13)(d) Procedures 1(c), 12 Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 01/09/99, 13/03/00, 01/07/00, 11/03/02, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

*Securities proposed to be issued in a *bonus issue may, at ASX's discretion, be traded on a *deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, *deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider *deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the issue that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement *securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the issue of the *securities that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin Listing Rule 3D(1B) Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

2. Standard pro rata issues (non renounceable)

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making a non renounceable *pro rata issue that is not a *bonus issue or an *accelerated pro rata issue. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the non renounceable *pro rata issue to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Event	Time Limits	*Business day
<p>Entity announces *pro rata issue under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX.</p> <p>Entity also lodges a *disclosure document or *PDS with *ASIC and gives a copy to ASX or gives a notice to ASX under section 708AA(2)(f) of the Corporations Act.</p> <p>If the *pro rata issue is conditional on *security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX.</p> <p>Note: Securities quoted on a "cum" basis.</p> <p>An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the issue.</p>	<p>Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0</p> <p>Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to the commencement of trading, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	<p>0</p>

“Ex” date.	1 *business day before the *record date	2
+Record date to identify *security holders entitled to participate in the offer. Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15.	At least 3 *business days after day 0 Note: If the announced record date is later than 3 business days after day 0, the preceding date, this date and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.	3
Entity sends offer documents and personalised entitlement and acceptance forms to persons entitled and announces that this has occurred. Last day for offer to open.	No more than 3 *business days after *record date Note: the offer documents can be sent to security holders as early as day 4 but must be sent no later than day 6.	6
Last day to extend the offer closing date. Note: At least 3 business days’ notice must be given to extend the offer closing date.	3 *business days before the offer closing date	10
Offer closes at 5 pm.	At least 7 *business days after the entity announces that the offer documents have been sent to holders	13
If agreed by ASX, *securities quoted on a *deferred settlement basis* from market open.	The next *business day after the offer closes	14
Announcement of results of issue.	No more than 3 *business days after offer closes	16
Last day for entity to issue the *securities taken up in the *pro rata issue and lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for quotation of the *securities. Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on that business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the business day after that. Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.	Before noon (Sydney time) no more than 5 *business days after offer closes	18

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rules 3D(1)(a), 3D(1A), 3E(5)(a)(vi), 3E(5)(b), 3E(12)(a)(i)a., 3E(12)(a)(iv)a., 3E(12)(a)(iv)b.1, 3E(13)(d), 3E(13)(e)(ii) Procedures 13(a) and (b) Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 01/09/99, 13/03/00, 01/07/00, 11/03/02, 31/03/04, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

*Securities proposed to be issued in a non renounceable *pro rata issue may, at ASX’s discretion, be traded on a *deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, *deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider *deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the issue that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX

may suspend trading in the deferred settlement *securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the issue of the *securities that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rule 3D(1B) Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 31/03/04, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

3. Standard pro rata issues (renounceable)

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making a renounceable *pro rata issue that is not a *bonus issue or an *accelerated pro rata issue. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the renounceable *pro rata issue to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Event	Time Limits	*Business day
<p>Entity announces *pro rata issue under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX.</p> <p>Entity also lodges a *disclosure document or *PDS with *ASIC and gives a copy to ASX or gives a notice to ASX under section 708AA(2)(f) of the Corporations Act.</p> <p>If the *pro rata issue is conditional on *security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX.</p> <p>Note: Securities quoted on a “cum” basis.</p> <p>An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the issue.</p>	<p>Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0</p> <p>Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to the commencement of trading, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	0
<p>“Ex” date.</p> <p>If agreed by ASX, rights are quoted on a *deferred settlement basis* from market open.</p>	1 *business day before the *record date	2
<p>*Record date to identify *security holders entitled to participate in the offer.</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15.</p>	<p>at least 3 *business days after day 0</p> <p>Note: If the announced record date is later than 3 business days after day 0, the preceding date, this date and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	3
<p>Entity sends the offer documents and either personalised entitlement and acceptance forms or serially numbered provisional letters of allotment on a “nil paid” basis to persons entitled and announces that this has occurred.</p> <p>Last day for offer to open.</p> <p>If applicable, *deferred settlement trading* in rights ends at the close of trading on this day.</p> <p>Note: Trading in rights on a normal (T+2) settlement basis will start from market open on the next business day (ie day 7) provided that the entity tells ASX by noon that the offer documents have been sent or will have been sent by the end of the day.</p>	no more than 3 *business days after *record date	6

Rights trading ends at close of trading.	5 *business days before offer closing date	8
If agreed by ASX, *securities quoted on a *deferred settlement basis* from market open.	The next *business day after rights trading ends	9
Last day to extend the offer closing date. Note: At least 3 business days' notice must be given to extend the offer closing date.	3 *business days before the offer closing date	10
Offer closes at 5 pm.	At least 7 *business days after the entity announces that the offer documents have been sent to holders	13
Announcement of results of issue.	No more than 3 *business days after offer closes	16
Last day for entity to issue the *securities taken up in the *pro rata issue and lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for quotation of the *securities. Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on that business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the business day after that. Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.	Before noon (Sydney time) no more than 5 *business days after applications closing date	18

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rules 3D(1)(a), 3D(1A), 3E(5)(a)(vi), 3E(5)(b), 3E(12)(a)(i)a., 3E(12)(a)(iii), 3E(13)(d), 3E(13)(e)(i) Procedures 1(a), 1(b), 15(a), 15(b) Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 01/09/99, 13/03/00, 01/07/00, 11/03/02, 31/03/04, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Rights and *securities proposed to be issued in a renounceable *pro rata issue may, at ASX's discretion, be traded on a *deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, *deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider *deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the issue for the *securities that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement rights or *securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the issue of the rights or *securities that ASX considers unacceptable.

ASX may also suspend trading in rights if the theoretical rights price is or becomes less than \$0.001, the minimum trading price on the ASX trading platform.

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rule 3D(1B) Amended 01/07/97, 01/02/99, 11/03/02, 31/03/04, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

4. Accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offers¹

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making an accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Note: ASX will consider a trading halt for an accelerated pro rata issue for between 1 and 4 business days (see section 2.3 of ASX Guidance Note 16 *Trading Halts and Voluntary Suspensions*). If an entity making an accelerated pro rata issue has exchange traded options quoted over its securities, Listing Rule 3.20.3 may apply. Expiry dates for exchange traded options are published on www.asx.com.au.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
Entity requests and is granted a +trading halt before market open.	<p>Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0</p> <p>Note: If the entity requests a trading halt after market close, day 0 will be the next business day).</p> <p>Once the request for a trading halt has been agreed by ASX, it is locked in and cannot be withdrawn.</p>	0
<p>Entity announces accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer² under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX.</p> <p>Entity also lodges a +disclosure document or +PDS with +ASIC and gives a copy to ASX or gives a notice to ASX under section 708AA(2)(f) of the Corporations Act.</p> <p>If the accelerated non-renounceable entitlement offer is conditional on +security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX.</p> <p>Note: Securities quoted on a "cum" basis.</p> <p>An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the issue.</p>	<p>Prior to noon (Sydney time) on day 0</p> <p>Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to noon, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	0

¹ Includes offers commonly known as JUMBO or ANREO offers.

² Entities must announce at this time:

- the fixed issue ratio and fixed issue (i.e. subscription) price; and
- whether or not the new securities will be entitled to any announced dividend or distribution and the ex-date for that dividend or distribution.

If the entity on day 0 is only in a position to announce an indicative issue ratio, and/or indicative issue price, then the entity must announce the final issue ratio and/or final issue price by no later than 9am on the day the trading halt is lifted and trading resumes on an ex-entitlement basis.

Entity conducts institutional offer.	Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt Note: this timetable assumes a trading halt of 2 trading days to conduct the institutional component of the offer. If the period of the halt differs, this timetable is to be adjusted accordingly.	0-2
Announcement of results of institutional offer.	Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt	2
Trading resumes on an ex-entitlement basis.	Following the lifting of the *trading halt	2
*Record date to identify *security holders entitled to participate in the offer. Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15.	2 *business days after day 0	2
Entity issues *securities to institutional investors, notifies ASX of the *issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and applies for quotation of the issued *securities using an Appendix 2A. Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day if DvP settlement applies and on the business day after that if DvP settlement does not apply. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.	After the *record date	-
Last date for entity to send offer documentation and personalised entitlement and acceptance forms to eligible retail holders. Entity announces that offer documents have been sent to eligible retail holders. Last date for retail offer to open.	Not more than 3 *business days after the *record date	5
Last day to extend retail offer close date. Note: At least 3 business days' notice must be given to extend the retail offer closing date.	3 *business days before the close of the retail offer	9
Retail offer close.	Not less than 7 *business days after offer documents are sent to holders	12
Announcement of results of retail offer.	No later than 3 *business days after retail offer closes	15

<p>Last day for entity to issue +securities to retail investors, notify ASX of the +issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and apply for quotation of issued +securities using an Appendix 2A.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.</p>	<p>Before noon (Sydney time) no later than 5 +business days after the close of the retail offer</p>	<p>17</p>
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Introduced 14/04/14 Amended 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Note:

Post-announcement transactions: For the purpose of determining security holders' entitlements, the entity may ignore changes in security holdings which occur after the implementation of the trading halt in its securities (other than registrations of transactions which were effected through a market licensee's trading platform before the implementation of the trading halt).

Nominee holdings: Where securities are held by a nominee, the nominee is treated as a separate security holder in respect of securities held for institutional security holders, and securities held for other security holders, and may receive both institutional offers in respect of securities held as nominee for institutional security holders and retail offers in respect of securities held as nominee for other security holders. Institutional offers will be treated as being made to the nominee, even where made directly to the institutional security holder for whom the nominee holds securities.

Reconciliation issues: Any additional securities issued to reconcile institutional security holders' entitlements so that all eligible security holders receive their full entitlement under the pro rata issue will be treated as part of the pro rata issue and not as a separate placement, provided that the total number of securities issued under the pro rata issue does not exceed the total number of securities that could be issued under a pro rata offer in the ratio of the pro rata issue.

Managed investment schemes: Where the timetable refers to securities issued under the institutional offer, this Managed investment schemes: Where the timetable refers to securities issued under the institutional offer, this includes for an entity that is or includes one or more managed investment schemes undertaking an accelerated pro rata issue relying on ASIC Corporations (Managed investment product consideration) Instrument 2015/847, the securities issued to retail investors who have accepted the offer by an early retail closing date. The institutional settlement date for these entities is likely to be later than in the indicative timetable set out above.

5. Accelerated renounceable entitlement offers and simultaneous accelerated renounceable entitlement offers³

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making an accelerated renounceable entitlement offer or a simultaneous accelerated renounceable entitlement offer. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the accelerated renounceable entitlement offer or a simultaneous accelerated renounceable entitlement offer to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Note: ASX will consider a trading halt for an accelerated pro rata issue for between 1 and 4 business days (see section 2.3 of ASX Guidance Note 16 *Trading Halts and Voluntary Suspensions*). If an entity making an accelerated pro rata issue has exchange traded options quoted over its securities, Listing Rule 3.20.3 may apply. Expiry dates for exchange traded options are published on www.asx.com.au.

³ Includes offers commonly known as RAPIDS, AREO and SAREO offers.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
Entity requests and is granted a *trading halt before market open.	Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0 Note: If the entity requests a trading halt after market close, day 0 will be the next business day). Once the request for a trading halt has been agreed by ASX, it is locked in and cannot be withdrawn.	0
Entity announces accelerated renounceable entitlement offer or simultaneous accelerated renounceable entitlement offer ⁴ under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX. Entity also lodges a *disclosure document or *PDS with *ASIC and gives a copy to ASX or gives a notice to ASX under section 708AA(2)(f) Corporations Act If the accelerated renounceable entitlement offer or simultaneous accelerated renounceable entitlement offer is conditional on *security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX. Note: Securities quoted on a “cum” basis. An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the issue.	Prior to noon (Sydney time) on day 0 Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to noon, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.	0
Entity conducts institutional entitlement offer and (if applicable) bookbuild for shortfall from institutional entitlement offer.	Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt Note: This timetable assumes a trading halt of 2 trading days to conduct the institutional component of the offer. If the period of the halt differs, this timetable is to be adjusted accordingly.	0-2
Announcement of results of institutional offer.	Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt	2
Trading resumes on an ex-entitlement basis.	Following the lifting of the *trading halt	2

⁴ Entities must announce at this time:

- the fixed issue ratio and fixed issue (i.e. subscription) price; and
- whether or not the new securities will be entitled to any announced dividend or distribution and the ex-date for that dividend or distribution.

If the entity on day 0 is only in a position to announce an indicative issue ratio, and/or indicative issue (i.e. subscription) price, then the entity must announce the final issue ratio and/or final issue price by no later than 9am on the day the trading halt is lifted and trading resumes on an ex-entitlement basis.

<p>+Record date to identify +security holders entitled to participate in the offer</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15.</p>	2 +business days after day 0	2
<p>Entity issues +securities to institutional investors, notifies ASX of the +issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and applies for quotation of the issued +securities using an Appendix 2A.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day if DvP settlement applies and on the business day after that if DvP settlement does not apply. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.</p>	After the +record date	-
<p>Last date for entity to send offer documentation and personalised entitlement and acceptance forms to eligible retail holders</p> <p>Entity announces that offer documents have been sent to eligible retail holders</p> <p>Last day for retail offer to open</p>	Not more than 3 +business days after the +record date	5
<p>Last day to extend retail offer close date</p> <p>Note: At least 3 business days' notice must be given to extend the retail offer closing date.</p>	3 +business days before the close of the retail offer	9
Retail offer close	Not less than 7 +business days after offer documents are sent to holders	12
Announcement of results of retail offer	Not later than 3 +business days after the close of the retail offer	15
Bookbuild for any shortfall (if applicable)	<p>Not later than 5 +business days after the close of the retail offer</p> <p>Note: The bookbuild can take place at any time after the results of the retail offer have been announced provided it is completed within this time limit.</p>	17
Entity announces results of bookbuild (including any information about the bookbuild expected to be disclosed under section 4.12 of Guidance Note 30)	Not later than 1 +business day after the close of the bookbuild	18
<p>Last day for entity to issue +securities to retail investors, notify ASX of the +issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and apply for quotation of issued +securities using an Appendix 2A.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.</p>	Before noon (Sydney time) not later than 8 +business days after the close of the retail offer	20

Introduced 14/04/14 Amended 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Note:

Post-announcement transactions: For the purpose of determining security holders' entitlements, the entity may ignore changes in security holdings which occur after the implementation of the trading halt in its securities (other than registrations of transactions which were effected through a market licensee's trading platform before the implementation of the trading halt).

Nominee holdings: Where securities are held by a nominee, the nominee is treated as a separate security holder in respect of securities held for institutional security holders, and securities held for other security holders, and may receive both institutional offers in respect of securities held as nominee for institutional security holders and retail offers in respect of securities held as nominee for other security holders. Institutional offers will be treated as being made to the nominee, even where made directly to the institutional security holder for whom the nominee holds securities.

Reconciliation issues: Any additional securities issued to reconcile institutional security holders' entitlements so that all eligible security holders receive their full entitlement under the pro rata issue will be treated as part of the pro rata issue and not as a separate placement, provided that the total number of securities issued under the pro rata issue does not exceed the total number of securities that could be issued under a pro rata offer in the ratio of the pro rata issue.

Managed investment schemes: Where the timetable refers to securities issued under the institutional offer, this includes for an entity that is or includes one or more managed investment schemes undertaking an accelerated pro rata entitlement offer relying on ASIC Corporations (Managed investment product consideration) Instrument 2015/847, the securities issued to retail investors who have accepted the offer by an early retail closing date. The institutional settlement date for these entities is likely to be later than in the indicative timetable set out above.

6. Accelerated renounceable entitlement offers with retail rights trading⁵

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when making an accelerated renounceable entitlement offer with retail rights trading. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the accelerated renounceable entitlement offer with retail rights trading to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Note: ASX will consider a trading halt for an accelerated pro rata issue for between 1 and 4 business days (see section 2.3 of ASX Guidance Note 16 *Trading Halts and Voluntary Suspensions*). If an entity making an accelerated pro rata issue has exchange traded options quoted over its securities, Listing Rule 3.20.3 may apply. Expiry dates for exchange traded options are published on www.asx.com.au.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
Entity requests and is granted a *trading halt before market open	<p>Prior to the commencement of trading on day 0</p> <p>Note: If the entity requests a trading halt after market close, day 0 will be the next business day).</p> <p>Once the request for a trading halt has been agreed by ASX, it is locked in and cannot be withdrawn.</p>	0

⁵ Includes offers commonly known as PAITREO offers.

<p>Entity requests and is granted a *trading halt before market open</p> <p>If it hasn't already done so, entity announces accelerated renounceable entitlement offer with retail rights trading⁶ under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and gives a completed Appendix 3B to ASX.</p> <p>Entity also lodges a *disclosure document or *PDS with *ASIC and gives a copy to ASX or gives to ASX a notice under section 708AA(2)(f) of the Corporations Act</p> <p>If the accelerated renounceable entitlement offer with retail rights trading is conditional on *security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX.</p> <p>Note: Securities quoted on a "cum" basis.</p> <p>An entity should also consider the rights of convertible security holders to participate in the issue and what, if any, notice needs to be given to them in relation to the issue.</p>	<p>Prior to noon (Sydney time) on day 0</p> <p>Note: If all of these steps have not been completed prior to noon, day 0 will be deemed to be the next business day and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.</p>	<p>0</p>
<p>Entity conducts institutional entitlement offer and (if applicable) bookbuild for shortfall from institutional entitlement offer</p>	<p>Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt</p> <p>Note: this timetable assumes a trading halt of 2 trading days to conduct the institutional component of the offer. If the period of the halt differs, this timetable is to be adjusted accordingly.</p>	<p>0-2</p>
<p>Announcement of results of institutional offer</p>	<p>Before the resumption of trading following the *trading halt</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>Trading resumes on an ex-rights basis</p> <p>If agreed by ASX, rights quoted on a *deferred settlement basis* from market open</p>	<p>Following the lifting of the *trading halt</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>*Record date to identify *security holders entitled to participate in the offer</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing Rules 7.13, 7.14 and 7.15</p>	<p>2 *business days after day 0</p>	<p>2</p>

⁶ Entities must announce at this time:

- the fixed issue ratio and fixed issue (i.e. subscription) price; and
- whether or not the new securities will be entitled to any announced dividend or distribution and the ex-date for that dividend or distribution.

If the entity on day 0 is only in a position to announce an indicative issue ratio, and/or indicative issue (ie subscription) price, then the entity must announce the final issue ratio and/or final issue price by no later than 9am on the day the trading halt is lifted and trading resumes on an ex-entitlement basis.

<p>Entity issues +securities to institutional investors, notifies ASX of the +issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and applies for quotation of issued +securities using an Appendix 2A.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day if DvP settlement applies and on the business day after that if DvP settlement does not apply. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.</p>	<p>After the +record date</p>	<p>-</p>
<p>Entity sends offer documents and either personalised entitlement forms or serially numbered provisional letters of allotment on a "nil paid" basis to persons entitled, and announces that this has been completed</p> <p>Last date for retail offer to open</p> <p>Note: The day that offer documents are sent is the last day of rights trading on a deferred settlement basis. Rights trading on a normal (T+2) settlement basis will commence on the next business day provided that the entity tells ASX by noon (Sydney time) that the offer documents have been sent or will have been sent by the end of the day.</p>	<p>Not more than 4 +business days after the +record date</p>	<p>6</p>
<p>Rights trading ends at close of trading</p> <p>Note: The underlying securities are quoted on a deferred settlement basis on the next business day after rights trading finishes (i.e. day 9).</p>	<p>5 +business days before applications closing date</p>	<p>8</p>
<p>If agreed by ASX, +securities quoted on a +deferred settlement basis* from market open.</p>	<p>The next +business day after rights trading ends</p>	<p>9</p>
<p>Last day to extend retail offer close date</p> <p>Note: At least 3 business days' notice must be given to extend the retail offer closing date.</p>	<p>3 +business days before retail offer close date</p>	<p>10</p>
<p>Retail offer close</p>	<p>Not less than 7 +business days after offer documents are sent to holders</p>	<p>13</p>
<p>Entity announces results of retail offer, including the number and percentage of +securities taken up by existing retail +security holders.</p>	<p>Not later than 3 +business days after the close of the retail offer</p>	<p>16</p>
<p>Bookbuild for any shortfall (if applicable)</p>	<p>Not later than 5 +business days after the close of the retail offer</p> <p>Note: The bookbuild can take place at any time after the results of the retail offer have been announced provided it is completed within this time limit.</p>	<p>18</p>
<p>Entity announces results of bookbuild (including any information about the bookbuild expected to be disclosed under section 4.12 of Guidance Note 30)</p>	<p>Not later than 1 +business day after the close of the bookbuild</p>	<p>19</p>

<p>Last day for entity to issue +securities to retail investors, notify ASX of the +issue date under Listing Rule 3.10.3 and apply for quotation of issued +securities using an Appendix 2A.</p> <p>Note: Provided these steps all take place before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, trading in the securities will commence at market open on the next business day. If any of these steps does not take place until after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, these deadlines will be deferred by one business day.</p>	<p>Before noon (Sydney time) not later than 8 +business days after the close of the retail offer</p>	<p>21</p>
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Introduced 14/04/14 Amended 07/03/16 01/12/19

Rights and +securities proposed to be issued in an accelerated renounceable entitlement offers with retail rights trading may, at ASX's discretion, be traded on a +deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, +deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider +deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the issue that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement rights or +securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the issue of the rights or +securities that ASX considers unacceptable.

ASX may also suspend trading in rights if the theoretical rights price is or becomes less than \$0.001, the minimum trading price on the ASX trading platform

Introduced 14/04/14 Amended 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Note:

Post-announcement transactions: For the purpose of determining security holders' entitlements, the entity may ignore changes in security holdings which occur after the implementation of the trading halt in its securities (other than registrations of transactions which were effected through a market licensee's trading platform before the implementation of the trading halt).

Nominee holdings: Where securities are held by a nominee, the nominee is treated as a separate security holder in respect of securities held for institutional security holders, and securities held for other security holders, and may receive both institutional offers in respect of securities held as nominee for institutional security holders and retail offers in respect of securities held as nominee for other security holders. Institutional offers will be treated as being made to the nominee, even where made directly to the institutional security holder for whom the nominee holds securities.

Reconciliation issues: Any additional securities issued to reconcile institutional security holders' entitlements so that all eligible security holders receive their full entitlement under the pro rata issue will be treated as part of the pro rata issue and not as a separate placement, provided that the total number of securities issued under the pro rata issue does not exceed the total number of securities that could be issued under a pro rata offer in the ratio of the pro rata issue.

Managed investment schemes: Where the timetable refers to securities issued under the institutional offer, this includes for an entity that is or includes one or more managed investment schemes undertaking an accelerated pro rata entitlement offer relying on ASIC Corporations (Managed investment product consideration) Instrument 2015/847, the securities issued to retail investors who have accepted the offer by an early retail closing date. The institutional settlement date for these entities is likely to be later than in the indicative timetable set out above.

7. Split/consolidation of securities

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when splitting or consolidating its +securities. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the split or consolidation to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

The timetable below assumes that the split or consolidation is being undertaken by an +Australian company under section 254H of the Corporations Act. A trust or +foreign company that is undertaking a split or consolidation of its +securities must consult with ASX on any changes to the timetable needed to accommodate the requirements in its constitution or under applicable law.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
<p>Entity announces split/consolidation using an Appendix 3A.3.</p> <p>Entity sends out notices for *security holders' meeting.</p> <p>Meeting of *security holders passes the necessary resolution approving the split/consolidation effective on the date of the resolution or a later date specified in the resolution.</p> <p>Entity announces effective date of split/consolidation (being the date of the resolution approving the split/consolidation or a later date specified in the resolution).</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing rule 3.10.1.</p>	before day 0	-
Effective date of split/consolidation (as specified in the resolution approving the split/consolidation)	Effective date	0
Last day for trading in pre-split/consolidation *securities.	1 *business day after effective date	1
If agreed by ASX, trading in post-split/consolidation *securities commences on a deferred settlement basis.	2 *business days after effective date	2
<p>*Record date.</p> <p>Last day for entity to register transfers on a pre-split/consolidation basis.</p>	3 *business days after effective date	3
First day for entity to update its register and to send holding statements to *security holders reflecting the change in the number of *securities they hold.	1 *business days after the *record date	4
<p>Last day for entity to update its register and to send holding statements to *security holders reflecting the change in the number of *securities they hold and to notify ASX that this has occurred.</p> <p>Provided this takes place before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at the close of trading on that business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from the commencement of trading on the next business day (ie day 9). If this does not take place until after noon (Sydney time), deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at the close of trading on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from commencement of trading on the business day after that.</p> <p>Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.</p>	5 *business days after the *record date	8

Introduced: 01/12/19

Cross reference: Appendix 3A.3.

*Securities affected by a split or consolidation may, at ASX's discretion, be traded on a *deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, *deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider *deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the split or consolidation that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement *securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the split or consolidation of the *securities that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/12/19

8. Cash return of capital

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when returning capital on its *securities by way of cash. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the return of capital to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

The timetable below assumes that the return of capital is being undertaken by an *Australian company under sections 256B and 256C of the Corporations Act. A trust or *foreign company that is undertaking a cash return of capital must consult with ASX on any changes to the timetable needed to accommodate the requirements in its constitution or under applicable law.

Event	Time Limits	*Business day
<p>Entity announces return of capital using an Appendix 3A.4.</p> <p>Meeting of *security holders passes the necessary resolution approving the return of capital.</p> <p>If the return of capital is a selective reduction, entity lodges a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC under section 256C(3) of the Corporations Act.</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing rule 3.10.1.</p>	before day 0	-
Entity announces the effective date for the return of capital, being in the case of an equal reduction, not earlier than the day after the resolution approving the return of capital and, in the case of a selective reduction, not earlier than 14 days after the date of lodgement of a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC.	on or before day 0	-
Effective date of the return of capital.	in the case of an equal reduction, not earlier than the day after the resolution approving the return of capital and, in the case of a selective reduction, not earlier than 14 days after the date of lodgement of a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC	0

<p>Last day for trading in “cum return of capital” +securities.</p> <p>If the entity has quoted options, last day for trading in pre-return of capital quoted options.</p> <p>Note: if the entity has quoted options in which case the exercise price will change and new holding statements will be issued to option holders</p>	<p>1 +business day after effective date</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>Trading in the re-organised +securities on an “ex return of capital” basis commences.</p> <p>If the entity has quoted options and ASX agrees, trading in the quoted options commences on a +deferred settlement basis.</p>	<p>2 +business days after effective date</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>+Record date.</p> <p>Last day for entity to register transfers on a pre-return of capital basis.</p>	<p>3 +business days after effective date</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>If the entity has quoted options, first day for the entity to send holding statements to +security holders notifying them of the change in exercise price for the quoted options they hold.</p>	<p>1 +business day after the +record date</p>	<p>4</p>
<p>Payment date for cash return of capital.</p> <p>If applicable and the entity has quoted options, +deferred settlement market in options ends.</p> <p>If the entity has quoted options, last day for entity to send holding statements to +security holders notifying them of the change in exercise price for the quoted options they hold and to notify ASX that this has occurred.</p> <p>Provided this takes place before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) in the quoted options will end at the close of trading on that business day and normal (T+2) trading in the quoted options will start from the commencement of trading on the next business day (ie day 9). If this does not take place until after noon (Sydney time), deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at the close of trading on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from commencement of trading on the business day after that.</p> <p>Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.</p>	<p>5 +business days after the +record date</p>	<p>8</p>

Introduced: 01/12/19

Cross reference: Appendix 3A.4.

+Quoted options affected by a cash return of capital may, at ASX’s discretion, be traded on a +deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, +deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider +deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the return of capital that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement +options if there is a delay in the timetable for the return of capital that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/12/19

9. Return of capital by way of in specie distribution of securities in another entity

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when returning capital on its *securities by way of an in specie distribution of *securities in another entity. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the return of capital to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

The timetable below assumes that the return of capital is being undertaken by an *Australian company under sections 256B and 256C of the Corporations Act. A trust or *foreign company that is undertaking a return of capital on its *securities by way of an in specie distribution of *securities in another entity must consult with ASX on any changes to the timetable needed to accommodate the requirements in its constitution or under applicable law.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
<p>Entity announces return of capital using an Appendix 3A.5.</p> <p>Meeting of *security holders passes the necessary resolution approving the return of capital.</p> <p>If the return of capital is a selective reduction, entity lodges a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC under section 256C(3) of the Corporations Act.</p> <p>Cross reference: Listing rule 3.10.1.</p>	before day 0	-
<p>Entity announces the effective date for the return of capital, being in the case of an equal reduction, not earlier than the day after the resolution approving the return of capital and, in the case of a selective reduction, not earlier than 14 days after the date of lodgement of a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC.</p>	on or before day 0	-
<p>Effective date of the return of capital.</p>	in the case of an equal reduction, not earlier than the day after the resolution approving the return of capital and, in the case of a selective reduction, not earlier than 14 days after the date of lodgement of a copy of the resolution approving the return of capital with ASIC	0
<p>Last day for trading in “cum return of capital” *securities.</p> <p>If the entity has quoted options, last day for trading in pre-return of capital quoted options.</p> <p>Note: if the entity has quoted options in which case the exercise price will change and new holding statements will be issued to option holders</p>	1 *business day after effective date	1

<p>Trading in the re-organised *securities on an “ex return of capital” basis commences.</p> <p>If the entity has quoted options and ASX agrees, trading in the quoted options commences on a *deferred settlement basis.</p> <p>If the *securities being distributed in specie are quoted on ASX and ASX agrees, trading in the *securities being distributed commences on a *deferred settlement basis</p>	<p>2 *business days after effective date</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>*Record date.</p> <p>Last day for entity to register transfers on a pre-return of capital basis.</p>	<p>3 *business days after effective date</p>	<p>3</p>
<p>If the entity has quoted options, first day for the entity to send holding statements to *security holders notifying them of the change in exercise price for the quoted options they hold.</p> <p>If the *securities being distributed in specie are, or are intended to be, quoted on ASX, first day for those *securities to be issued/transferred and for holding statements to be sent to *security holders notifying them of their holdings</p>	<p>1 *business day after the *record date</p>	<p>4</p>
<p>If the entity has quoted options, last day for entity to send holding statements to *security holders notifying them of the change in exercise price for the quoted options they hold and to notify ASX that this has occurred.</p> <p>If the *securities being distributed in specie are, or are intended to be, quoted on ASX, last day for those *securities to be issued/transferred, for holding statements to be sent to *security holders notifying them of their holdings and, if necessary, for the issuer to lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for their quotation.</p> <p>Note: Provided these steps take place before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) in the quoted options and/or securities being distributed will end at the close of trading on that business day and normal (T+2) trading in the quoted options and/or securities being distributed will start from the commencement of trading on the next business day (ie day 9). If this does not take place until after noon (Sydney time), deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at the close of trading on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from commencement of trading on the business day after that.</p> <p>Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts.</p>	<p>5 *business days after the *record date</p>	<p>8</p>

Introduced: 01/12/19

Cross reference: Appendix 3A.5.

*Quoted *securities issued in, and *quoted options affected by, an in specie return of capital may, at ASX’s discretion, be traded on a *deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX,

*deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider *deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the return of capital that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement *securities or *options if there is a delay in the timetable for the return of capital that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/12/19

Merger or takeover via a court approved scheme of arrangement

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity (target entity) must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when undertaking a merger with, or being taken over by, another entity (bidder entity) via a court approved scheme of arrangement between the target entity and its *security holders. The target entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the merger or takeover to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

The timetable below assumes that the target entity is an *Australian company undertaking a merger or being taken over via a scheme of arrangement under Part 5 of the Corporations Act. Where the target entity is a trust or a *foreign company, the target entity must consult with ASX on any changes to the timetable needed to accommodate the requirements in the target entity's constitution or under applicable law.

An entity undertaking any other form of reconstruction via a scheme or arrangement or its equivalent must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the reconstruction to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX

Event	Time Limits	*Business day
Target entity gives draft scheme documents to ASX for review. Cross reference: Listing Rule 15.1.3.	at least 5 *business days before scheme documents are due to be sent to holders	
After ASX indicates it has no objection to draft scheme documents, target entity sends scheme documents to *security holders. *Security holders approve the scheme. Target entity tells ASX of *security holders' decision. Court approves the scheme. Target entity tells ASX of court approval. If bidder entity is listed on ASX and bidder entity *securities are proposed to be issued under the scheme, bidder entity lodges an Appendix 3B giving details of the proposed issue. Cross reference: Listing Rule 3.10.1.	on or before day -1	
Target entity tells ASX of its intention to lodge the court order with *ASIC on the following *business day.	The *business day before the entity lodges the court order with the *ASIC	-1

<p>Effective date of scheme.</p> <p>Entity lodges the court order with +ASIC and tells ASX.</p> <p>Last day for trading in target entity +securities.</p> <p>Target entity +securities suspended from close of trading.</p>		0
<p>If the bidder entity +securities to be issued or transferred under the scheme are intended to be quoted on ASX and if agreed by ASX, trading in the bidder entity +securities on a +deferred settlement basis commences.</p>	the next +business day after the effective date	1
<p>+Record date.</p> <p>Last day for target entity to register transfers on a pre-merger or takeover basis.</p>	2 +business days after the effective date	2
<p>If the bidder entity +securities to be issued or transferred under the scheme are intended to be quoted on ASX, first day for bidder entity to issue/transfer the +securities, update its register and to send holding statements to +security holders reflecting the number of +securities issued or transferred to them under the scheme.</p>	1 +business day after the record date	3
<p>If the bidder entity +securities to be issued or transferred under the scheme are intended to be quoted on ASX, last day for bidder entity to issue/transfer the +securities, update its register, send holding statements to +security holders reflecting the number of +securities issued or transferred to them under the scheme and lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for quotation of the +securities issued or transferred under the scheme.</p> <p>Note: Provided the Appendix 2A is given to ASX before noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on that business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the next business day. If the Appendix 2A is given to ASX after noon (Sydney time) on a business day, deferred settlement trading (if applicable) will end at market close on the next business day and normal (T+2) trading will start from market open on the business day after that.</p> <p>Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts</p>	5 +business days after the record date	7

Introduced: 01/07/96 Origin: Listing Rules 3N(1)(f), 3N(1)(g), 3N(1)(h), Procedure 6(b) Amended 01/07/98, 01/02/99, 01/09/99, 24/10/05, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 22/09/14, 07/03/16

Note: In the case of a complex reorganisation ASX may suspend trading. For example, if the court order approving the reorganisation specifies a record date other than that provided for by the timetable ASX may suspend trading 5 business days before the record date specified in the court order.

Cross reference: Listing Rule 7.18.

+Securities to be issued or transferred under a scheme of arrangement may, at ASX's discretion, be traded on a +deferred settlement basis. Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, +deferred settlement trading will begin and end on the dates specified in the timetable above. ASX will only consider +deferred settlement trading if the entity has announced a timetable for the scheme that conforms to the timetable above. If the entity later becomes aware that it will not be able to meet the announced timetable, the

entity must immediately consult with ASX and announce a new timetable acceptable to ASX. ASX may suspend trading in the deferred settlement *securities if there is a delay in the timetable for the scheme that ASX considers unacceptable.

Introduced 01/12/19

Equal access buy backs

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when buying back shares under an equal access scheme. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the equal access buyback to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

The timetable below assumes the equal access buy back is being undertaken by an *Australian company under sections 257B of the Corporations Act. A trust or *foreign company that is undertaking an equal access buy back must consult with ASX on any changes to the timetable needed to accommodate the requirements in its constitution or under applicable law.

Event	Time Limits	*Business day
Entity announces equal access scheme. If the buy-back is conditional on *security holder approval or any other requirement, that condition must have been satisfied and the entity must have announced that fact to ASX before day 0. Note: Securities quoted on a "cum" basis.		0
*Record date to identify *security holders who may participate in the equal access scheme.	at least 4 *business days after day 0 Note: If the announced record date is later than 4 business days after day 0, this date and all subsequent dates in the timetable will be adjusted accordingly.	4
Entity sends serially numbered acceptance forms to persons entitled.	no more than 3 *business days after *record date	7
Last day to extend the offer closing date Note: At least 5 business days' notice must be given to extend the offer closing date.	5 *business days before the offer closing date	14
Unless extended, offer closes at 5 pm.	15 *business days after *record date	19
Entity lodges Appendix 3F (final notice) for the buy-back. Cross reference: Listing Rules 3.8A.	1 *business day after the offer closing date	20
Last day for entity to update its register to cancel the *securities bought back, to lodge an ASIC Form 484 with ASIC and to give a copy of that form to ASX notifying the number of *securities that have been cancelled due to the buy-back. Cross reference: Listing Rules 3.8A.	no more than 5 *business days after the offer closing date	24

Introduced 01/07/98 Amended 01/02/99, 04/03/13, 14/04/14, 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Cross reference: rules 3.8A, 3.9.

Note: If ASX agrees, an “equal access scheme” can include a selective buy-back which does not require shareholder approval as a result of a modification by ASIC of the Corporations Act.

12. Security Purchase Plans

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the following timetable for an issue of *securities under a *security purchase plan.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
Date to identify *security holders who may participate in the *security purchase plan. Note: the fact that an entity’s securities may be in a trading halt or otherwise suspended from trading on day -1 does not affect that being the date for identifying which security holders may participate in the security purchase plan.	1 *business day before the entity announces *security purchase plan.	-1
Entity announces *security purchase plan, including the closing date for the acceptance of offers under the plan, and lodges Appendix 3B with ASX.	Prior to the commencement of trading on the announcement date	0
*Security purchase plan closes	Closing date	Closing date
Announcement of results of *security purchase plan	No more than 3 *business days after the closing date	Closing date + 3
Last day for entity to issue the *securities purchased under the plan and lodge an Appendix 2A with ASX applying for quotation of the *securities	Before noon (Sydney time) no more than 7 *business days after the closing date	Closing date + 7

Introduced 01/06/10 Amended 14/04/14, 01/12/19

Note: Security purchase plans are not processed as corporate actions by CHESS and therefore do not have an ex date.

13. Transfer of securities – Section 444GA of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)

Unless otherwise agreed by ASX, an entity must follow the time limits set out in this timetable when undertaking a transfer of existing *securities in the entity under section 444GA of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) in accordance with a deed of company arrangement executed by the entity. The entity must consult with ASX prior to publishing a timetable for the transfer of *securities under section 444GA of the *Corporations Act* to ensure that the timetable is acceptable to ASX.

Event	Time Limits	+Business day
<p>Entity announces:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a deed of company arrangement has been entered into providing for, and the Court has made orders pursuant to section 444GA of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth) approving, the transfer of *securities from existing holders to or for the benefit of creditors; specific details of the number or percentage of *securities transferred from existing *security holders to or for the benefit of creditors under the deed of company arrangement and the number or percentage of *securities retained by existing *security holders; and the deed of company arrangement has been effectuated and the administration has therefore terminated. <p>Note: The entity may want to include a worked example of the number of securities held before and after the transfer.</p>	On or before day 0	-
Entity applies to ASX for re-instatement of *securities to official quotation on a *deferred settlement basis.	On or before day 0	-
<p>If the application is approved by ASX, entity announces that fact and that trading in its *securities will resume in 10 *business days.</p> <p>The announcement confirms the information previously announced about the number or percentage of *securities transferred from existing *security holders to or for the benefit of creditors under the deed of company arrangement and the number or percentage of *securities retained by existing *security holders, and warns *security holders to check their holdings before placing an order to sell them.</p>	Announcement of re-instatement of trading on a *deferred settlement basis	0
<p>Last day for entity to send a holding statement to *security holders whose holdings have changed (including where a new holding has been created) as a result of the transfer of existing *securities pursuant to the deed of company arrangement.</p> <p>Entity announces that the register has been updated and holding statements have been sent to each affected *security holder. The announcement again warns *security holders to check their holdings before placing an order to sell them.</p>	3 *business days after day 0	3
Trading in the entity's *securities on a *deferred settlement basis starts.	10 *business days after day 0	10

+Deferred settlement trading ends	14 +business days after day 0	14
Normal T+2 trading commences Note: Settlement of on-market trades conducted on a deferred settlement basis and the first settlement of trades conducted on a T+2 basis occurs 2 business days after T+2 trading starts (i.e. day 17).	15 +business days after day 0	15

Introduced 25/05/15 Amended 07/03/16, 01/12/19

Cross reference: Listing Rule 7.18.